

The dial is calibrated with each band covering 340 degrees of tuning scale length and are each concentric with the center of the dial face. The innermost scale is calibrated from 150 to 375 K.C. (2000 to 800 meters) and covers the range necessary for receiving governmental time and weather reports. The second band from the center is for standard broadcasts covering from 550 to 1700 K.C. (175 to 545 meters). The third band from the center covers the intermediate short wave length broadcasts of Police, Amateur, Aircraft and ships and extends from 1700 to 5400 K.C. (55 to 180 meters). The fourth band covers all of the principle short wave channels for reception from countries all over the world. This band carries a calibration of from 5.5 to 18 megacycles (16.4 to 55 meters.) This short wave scale is the one which includes the five internationally assigned bands—the 19, 25, 31, 39 and 49 meter channels.

MODELS A9788, A9789, A9852 A9854

# ALLIED RADIO CORP.

Chassis AM7 Alignment, Perts

### GENERAL DATA

operating and giving false readings.

# PROCEDURE

properly as the first step. After the LF, transformers have been properly adjusted and peaked, the Broad POLICE BAND cast Band should always be the next procedure: after which, either or both of the Short Wave Bands ment of this band, connect a 400 ohm carbon resis- p 522 may be aligned.

### I.F. ALIGNMENT

connect the output to the grid of the first detector ment. tube (6A8) through a .05 or .1 mid. condenser. The Set the receiver pointer to 4000 KC (also test oscilground on the test oscillator can be connected to peak or maximum reading on the output meter, trimmer to peak. As there are two stages of LF, in this receiver, there Atter this has been carefully done, the next step is will be consequently three I.F. transformers to align. to adjust the Police Band antenna trimmer to peak. Pliss

#### BROADCAST BAND **ALIGNMENT**

nect the output to the

6A8 tube. (See drawing for position of Broadcas KC. R. F. trimmer). Next, re-set the dial pointer on the II it is found that in returning to 4000 KC the pointer and forth across the signal with the receiver until the maximum reading is obtained on the output meter. This adjustment may seem a little complicated but is the easiest way to adjust the oscillator to the R.F. section. (For location of B.C. padding condenser see drawing.) Return to 1400 KC and again go over the adjustments of this frequency to be certain that they were not put slightly out of alignment when adjustment was made at 600 KC.

This completes the correct sequence of operations in properly aligning the receiver for the Broadcast Bond.

#### FOREIGN BAND ALIGNMENT

The Foreign Band of 19 to 49 meters can be posts is an

trimmers marked and illustrated in the drawing as S.W. oscillator and S.W. trimmer. In preparing the filter it out. It is to be used only it such interference test oscillator for alignment of this band, connect a is experienced in broadcast reception. It's use pre-400 ohm carbon resistor in series with the .0001 mfd. vents code transmitters operating on a frequency condensor on the quintt lead of the test oscillator, around 456 K. C. from being received by the I. F. condenser on the output lead of the test oscillator. Set the receiver pointer to 14,000 KC (also test oscilictor).

Then proceed to adjust these two trimmers for peak at 14,000 KC (adjust oscillator trimmer first) and as
This receiver is designed to operate from a power
the inherent design of the circuit has been expressly
developed for simplicity in servicing, only these two
current (AC). Never plug into a DC outlet.

The alignment of this adjustments are necessary for aligning this band. receiver requires the NOTE: Always start this procedure by having the Part No. use of a test oscillator which will cover the frequencies oscillator coil trimmer loose (out all the way), and of 456, 500, 1400, 1800, 4000, 5000, and 14,000 KC and the antenna coil trimmer fairly tight (in all the way): P 124 Pilot Light an output meter which is to be connection across the otherwise it is possible to make a false alignment plass Knob Large primary of secondary of the output transformer. If on the image frequency. In order to prevent align. P1040 possible, all alignments should be made with the ment on the image frequency, it is suggested that the P1047 volume control on maximum and the test oscillator following check be made: Readjust the pointer to P1046 output as low as possible, to prevent the AVC from 13,100 KC where the image frequency should be P1162 found. If properly aligned the image frequency will Pilso be found to be weaker. If, however, the signal at P1149 CORRECT ALIGNMENT The intermediate fre- 13,100 KC is found to be stronger than the signal PIISI quency (I.F.) stages at 14,000 KC, it signifies that alignment was incor-P1152 should be aligned rectly made on the image frequency.

In preparing the test P 907 oscillator for align-p 493

tor in series with a .0001 mid. condenser on the out- P 489 put lead of the test oscillator. This resistor is used P 488 Adjust the test oscil- with the test oscillator only on the Short Wave Bands later to 456 KC and and should not be used for Broadcast Band align-

the chassis ground. Align all five I.F. trimmers to lator) and adjust the Police Band oscillator circuit Pliss

Adjust the oscillator to 1400 KC and con-

antenna post marked "A" through a .001 md. mica Slowly increase or decrease the oscillator padding condenser to give the equivalent of an antenna condenser and at the same time continuously tune about 60 feet. Set the receiver pointer to 1400 KC back and forth across the signal with the receiver p1156 and adjust the broadcast oscillator trimmer to peak. until the maximum reading is obtained on the output P 142 (See drawing for location.) After this has been care- meter. This adjustment may seem a little compli- P 278 fully done, the next step is to adjust the front trim-cated, but is the easiest way to correctly adjust the P 334 mer of the gang condenser to peak. The front con-oscillator to the R.F. or antenna section. Return to denser section tunes the pre-amplifier stage. Then 4000 KC and again go over the adjustments of this adjust the Broalcast Band R. F. trimmer to peak. frequency to be certain that they were not put slight. PLOSS This trimmer aligns the grid or input circuit of the ly out of alignment when adjustment was made 1800 P 480

receiver and the test oscillator to 600 KC. Slowly is accurately on scale, no further adjustment should P 162 1 Meg. 14 Watt Resistor increase or decrease the B. C. oscillator padding con-be necessary (in this recheck). If the pointer is found P 756 denser and at the same time continuously tune back off scale, it may be corrected and put on scale by readjustment of the police band oscillator trimmer. Alignment of the pointer can only be corrected by adjustment of the oscillator trimmer.

> IMPORTANT: The Police Band Oscillator Trimmer. Police Band Pad-Police Band Antenna Trimmer ding Trimmer are the only three adjustments re- G1125 12" Speaker Complete (Less Output) quired in aligning this band.

#### WAVE TRAP ADJUSTMENT

At the rear of the chassis near the Antenna and Ground adjustment screw connected to a trap

adjusted by the two circuit for elimination of code interference whon operating on the broadcast band. If code interierence is encountered adjustment of this screw will amplifier which is tuned to 456 K. C.

# AM 7, II Tube Radio

DESCRIPTION

Knob Small

Broadcast Interstage Coil Broadcost Antenna Coil

Wave Trap Coil

AC Cord and Plug

let I.F. Transformer

2nd I.F. Transformer Double Tuned LF, Transformer

P1129 3 Gang Variable Condenset

Tilt Dial Complete P1146

Escutcheon Plate and Glass

6H6 Tube Socket

6F6 Tube Socket

6C5 Tube Socket

658 Tube Socket

6G5 Tube Socket P1041

P 945 Speaker Socket

Speaker Plug P1157 Gong Candohm Resistor

Volume Control and Switch P1158 Tone Control

Wave Switch

6 Gang Trimmer Condenser

P 617 500 Mmid. Padding Condenses

1500 Mmid. Padding Condenses

Straight Digi Complete

Volume Control and Switch (S. Dial

Tone Control (S. Dict) Wave Switch (S. Dial) P1143

Escuicheon Plate (S. Dial)

P1154 30 Mid. 300 V. Electrolytic Con-

12 Mfd. 300 V. Electrolytic Con.

25 Mid. 450 V. Electrolytic Con. .10-200 V. Condenser

.05-400 V. Condenser

.02-400 V. Condenses P 671 .01-200 V. Condenses

.01-600 V. Condenses .00275 Mico 5% Conde

.0001 Mica Condenser

500,000 ¼ Watt Resist

50,080 ¼ Watt Resistor P 147

1.000 ¼ Watt Resistor P 278

2,000 1/4 Watt Resistor

P 136 250 ¼ West Resistor

P 280 100,000 1/4 Watt Resistor 800 ¼ Watt Resistor

G1187 Short Wave Antenna Coll Comp

Short Wave Oscillator Coil Comp. G1189 Middle Band Antenna Coll Comp.

G1180 Middle Band Oscillator Coll Comp.

plate tube 6A8 oscillator and grid COD E den count metallic oscillator usual whether t rop in stator ಕ has shorting the sta accomplished but to the frame the ad that the oscillator by to the presence of the is suggested that the ascertain ទីផ្ទ 5 g ground rotor ≝ B the grid will cause an voltage. Grounding components should by checked. it is suspected to doubtful due to condenser). noise level, ii oltage be chec oscillating, q stator (short gang