2. BIAS SETTING

- 2.1 The bias current is set by resistors R809, R811 (L.Ch) and R810, R812 (R.Ch). The original resistors must be removed from the PCB before re-biasing. New resistor values are chosen by measuring the voltage across dual emitter resistors R493 (L.Ch) and R494 (R.Ch). Resistors are selected to give a voltage reading of 22mV for a bias current of 50mA.
- 2.2 Ensure driver heatsinks (Driver heatsink 207/209) securely fixed with thermally conducting grease (eg. Dow Corning DC340).
- 2.3 Connect bias test leads by temporarily soldering to the PCB test pads (TP1-TP8). See drawing CST207-036.

LEFT CHANNEL

TP1 to +ve DC voltmeter

TP2 to +ve DC voltmeter

TP3 to -ve DC voltmeter

TP4 to -ve DC voltmeter

TP5 to R809, R811

TP6 to R810, R812

TP7 to R809, R811

TP8 to R810, R812

Note: Voltmeter inputs must not be grounded, use high input impedance meter.

- 2.4 Amplifier baseplate and cover should be in place, fixing screws need not be fitted. Test leads can be passed out under rear of cover or through slots in baseplate.
- 2.5 Select range on DC voltmeter to read 22mV ±20%
- 2.6 Resistors R809/R810 are generally selected from the range 2KO, 2K4, 2K7, 3K3, 3K9, 4K7, 6K8, 12K. R811/R812 are selected from the range 16K to 150K or O/C. Use good quality metal film resistors.
- 2.7 When changing bias resistors do not let the bias current exceed 100mA a voltmeter reading of 44mV.
- 2.8 Connect correct voltage mains supply and switch on power.
- 2.9 After about 1 minute the bias current should be set to 100mA (44mV), after a few minutes it will fall to a steady value. Select resistors R809/R811 (L.Ch) and R810/R812 (R.Ch) to give a bias current of 50mA (Voltage reading 22mV). Generally the voltage can be set quite close to 22mV, but a tolerance of 20% is acceptable. Any sudden variations in bias current caused by changing the resistors must be allowed to stabilise before choosing the final resistor values.

- 2.10 Ensure bias current remains stable for 4-5 mins.
- 2.11 Disconnect mains power. Remove baseplate and cover. Disconnect test leads. Solder selected resistors onto rear of amplifier PCB.