

ARC SUB10/DS-10

Powered Subwoofer

SERVICE MANUAL





JBL Consumer Products Inc. 250 Crossways Park Drive Woodbury, N.Y. 11797 1-800-336-4JBL in the USA

H A Harman International Company

Rev A 10/2000

SAFETY INFORMATION

Warning

Any person performing service of this unit will be exposed to hazardous voltages and the risk of electric shock. It is assumed that any person who removes the amplifier from this cabinet has been properly trained in protecting against avoidable injury and shock. Therefore, any service procedures are to be performed by qualified service personnel ONLY!

Caution

This unit does not have a power switch. Hazardous voltages are present within the unit whenever it is plugged in.

Before the amplifier is plugged in, be sure its rated voltage corresponds to the voltage of the AC power source to be used. Incorrect voltage could cause damage to the amplifier when the AC power cord is plugged in. Do not exceed rated voltage by more than 10%: operation below 90% of rated voltage will cause poor performance or may shut the unit off.

Leakage/Resistance Check

Before returning the unit to the customer, perform a leakage or resistance test as follows:

Leakage Current. Note there is no power switch on this unit. When the power plug is plugged in, the unit is live. Connect the unit to its rated power source. Using an ammeter, measure the current between the neutral side of the AC supply and chassis ground of the unit under test. if leakage current exceeds 0.5mA, the unit is defective. Reverse the polarity of the AC supply and repeat.

Resistance. Measure the resistance from either side of the line cord to chassis ground. If it is less than 500k ohms, the unit is defective.

WARNING! DO NOT return the unit to the customer if it fails one of these tests until the problem is located and corrected.

Critical Components



All components identified with the IEC symbol in the parts list and the schematic diagram designate components in which safety can be of special significance when replacing a component identified with \triangle . Use only the

replacement parts designated in the parts list or parts with the same rating of resistance, wattage or voltage.

List of Safety Components Requiring Exact Replacements

F1 Fuse SLO BLO 0.63A 250V T type.

UL approved

PWRCORD SPT-2 or better with polarized plug, UL

approved wired with the hot side to fused side. Use with factory replacement panel

strain relief only.

TRX Transformer. Use only factory replacement.

DBR Bridge diode. Use only factory replacement.

C1, 2 3300uF, 50V electrolytic filter caps. Be sure

replacement part is at least the same working voltage and capacitance rating. Also the lead spacing is important. Incorrect spacing may cause premature failure due to internal cabinet pressure and

vibration.

C6 10uF 50V ±20% Elect. Radial NP Safety Part

See Page 15 Service Bulletin

R29 470 0.25W ±5% METAL OXIDE Safety Part

S53AMI Power Amp module. Use only factory

replacement

CMC1 mc4438 Safety Part

L1 mc4436 Safety Part

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GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Amplifier Power (RMS)	100 watts			
Driver 10"	High-Polymer Laminate			
Inputs	Line Level and Speaker Level			
Outputs	Speaker Level (only active if Speaker Level Inputs are used)			
High-Pass Frequency	High-Pass filter at 180Hz (only active if Speaker Level Inputs are used)			
Frequency Response	50Hz - 150Hz (determined by crossover setting)			
	ARC SUB10	DS-10		
Dimensions (H x W x D)	11-1/2 x 17-1/8 x 16-1/2" (292 X 435 X 419mm)	14-1/4 x 14-1/4 x 16" (362 x 362 x 406mm)		
Weight	27 lbs/12.3 kg	27 lbs/12.3kg		

DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

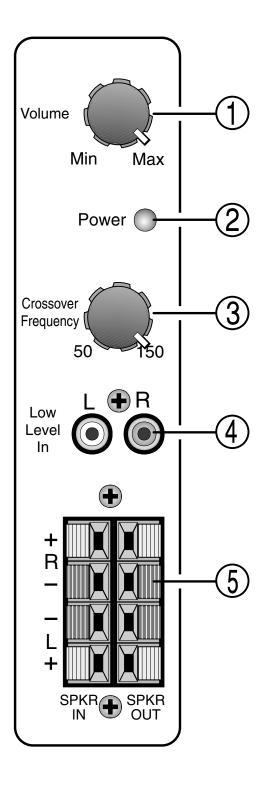
LINE VOLTAGE	Yes/No	Hi/Lo Line	Nom.	Unit	Notes
US 120vac/60Hz	Yes	108-132	120	Vrms	Normal Operation
EU 230vac/50-60Hz	Yes	207-264	230	Vrms	Normal operation, MOMS required
20 200740/00 00/12	100	207 204	200	Viiiio	Tromai operation, memo required
Parameter	Specificatio n	Unit	QA Test Limits	Conditions	Notes
Amp Section					
Type (Class AB, D, other)	D	n/a	n/a		Class D PreferredSink required for Class AB
Load Impedance (speaker)	4	Ohms	n/a	Nominal	Z-curve required
Rated Output Power	100	Watts		1 input driven	Peak power
THD @ Rated (RMS) Power	0.3	%	1	22k filter	50 Watts
THD @ 1 Watt	0.1	%	0.5	22k filter	
DC Offset	10	mV-DC	20	@ Speaker Outputs	
Damping factor	50	DF	40	Measured at amplifier board	Measure at amp board THD < 0.1% 50 Watts @ 50Hz
Input Sensitivity					
Input Frequency	40	Hz	50	Nominal Freq.	
Line input	100	mVrms	2dB	To Rated power/Vol @ Max	Single input driven Un-Balanced GND Zo=600
Speaker/Hi Level Input	2.6	Vrms	2dB	To Rated power/Vol @ Max	Single input driven Un-Balanced GND Zo=600
Signal to Noise					
SNR-A-Weighted	100	dBA	70	relative to rated power	A-Weighting filter
SNR-unweighted	80	dBr	70	relative to rated power	22k filter
SNR rel. 1W-unweighted	65	dBr	55	relative to 1W Output	22k filter
Residual Noise Floor	1	mVrms	2	Volume @max, using DVM or A/P (E	3W=20 KHz)
Residual Noise Floor	1.5	mVrms(max)	2		Volume @max, w/ A/P Swept Bandpass Measurement (Line freq.+ harmonics) (BW=20 Khz)
Input Impedance					
Line Input	10K	ohms	n/a	Nominal	Zin Minimum, (test frequency 1 Khz)
Speaker/Hi Level Input	4.7K	ohms	n/a	Nominal	Zin Minimum, (test frequency 1 Khz)
Filters					
Speaker in LP 2nd order variable	50-150	Hz	10	-3db Point	
Subsonic filter (HPF) 2nd order	25	Hz			
Speaker out HP filter					
Left & Rigth	200	Hz	10	Speaker input - Spkr out 4 Ohms	
Left & Rigth	100	Hz	10	Speaker input - Spkr out 8 Ohms	

		1	1		
Limiter					
THD at Max. Output Power	n/a	n/a	functional	Maximum Output Power	Maximum THD as a result of limiting.
Factures					
Features Volume pot Taper	LOG	+			
(lin/log)	LOG	_	functional		
HP Speaker out			functional		Refer to filter section
Input Configuration					
Line In & LFE	YES	1_	functional		LR dual RCA jack
Spkr/Hi Level In	YES	_	functional		Spring type connector
Signal Sensing (ATO)					
Auto-Turn-On	YES		functional	Auto - on selection switch in Auto	Bicolor LED (Green=signal/ red= No signal)
ATO Input test frequency	40	Hz	functional	ű	
ATO Line level in	5	mV	functional	"	
ATO Level Speaker in	50	mV	functional	"	
ATO Turn-on time	5	ms	functional		Amp connected and AC on, then input signal applied
Auto Mute/ Turn-OFF Time	15	minutes	17	T before muting, after signal is removed	Auto turn of time (T) must be $3 > T < 15$ Minutes
Pausay an Palau tima	0.1			AO Davier Areliad	
Power on Delay time	0.1	sec.	5	AC Power Applied	
Transients/Pops					
ATO Transient	5	mV-peak	50		
Turn-on Transient	2	Vpk-pk	2	@ Speaker Outputs	AC Line cycled from OFF to ON
Turn-off Transient	2	Vpk-pk	2	@ Speaker Outputs	AC Line cycled from ON to OFF
Efficiency					
Efficiency Efficiency	65	%	64		Nominal Line voltage 120 VAC / 230 VAC
	15		18	@ nom. line voltage	Auto turn of time (T) must be 3 > T < 15
Stand-by Input Power		Watts	ļ .	-	Minutes
Power Cons. @ rated power	76	Watts	80	@ nom. line voltage	75 Watts @ 4 Ohms nominal line voltage
Protection					
	YES	+		Direct short at output	Amplifier should resume operation after short
Short Circuit Protection	IES		functional	Direct short at output	circuit condition removal
Thermal Protection	YES		functional	@1/8 max unclipped Power IEC Noise using driver load	Temperature rise in accessible metal parts should not exceed 35K rise for 120v version or 30K rise for European versions (refer to requirements sheet).
Line Fuse Rating					
US (120v) version		Amps	0.6	Type-T or Slo Blo-250 V	Internal fuse
EU		Amps	TBD	Type-T or Slo Blo-250 V	External fuse with UL/SEMKO rated holder

ARC SUB10/DS-10 CONTROLS AND THEIR FUNCTION

- **1. Volume Control** adjusts the level of volume of the subwoofer relative to the rest of the system.
- 2. Power LED This light will be RED when the unit is plugged in and not receiving a signal; when the unit receives a signal, the light will cycle to GREEN. If no signal is received after 5 minutes the light will cycle back to RED (standby) until a signal is present again.
- 3. Crossover Frequency This controls the highest frequency the subwoofer will reproduce. It allows a seamless transition from the subwoofer to the satellite speakers. When the control is at the "50" position, very few high frequencies will be heard. This position is best suited to large main speakers. For most applications, the control should be set somewhere near the mid position. For listeners using very small speakers, best results will be obtained with the control at the "150" position.
- 4. Low Level Input Jacks These left and right Line Level Inputs are normally used when the receiver/ processor has line-level "pre-amp out" or "subwoofer out" jacks.
- 5. High Level Inputs These High Level Inputs are for receivers that do not have line-level "pre-amp out" or "subwoofer out" jacks. When a pair of main or satellite speakers are attached to the OUTPUT terminals, frequencies below 180 Hz are attenuated by the high-pass filter.

Note: DS-10 controls are shown here



CAUTIONS AND WARNINGS

BEFORE THIS AMPLIFIER IS PLUGGED IN, make sure its rated voltage corresponds to the voltage of the AC power source to be employed. Failure to use the correct voltage could cause damage to the amplifier when the AC power cable is plugged in. Do not exceed the rated voltage by more than 10%; operation below 90% will degrade performance or cause the unit to shut off.

1. TROUBLE SHOOTING BEFORE OPENING

Check connections, control settings, driver and other possible external problems. If there is Output, determine if all controls and Inputs function properly. Rotate Pots over full range while applying lateral and vertical oscillating forces to locate possible intermittent function. High Level Inputs should be tested individually both differentially (signal from "-" to "+" with normal output) and in common mode (signal from low level ground to both "+" and "-" shorted together, giving virtually no output). While passing a signal, corner drop the enclosure a few inches to expose possible intermittent problems. Check woofer for rubbing of voice coil or tears in cone or surround. Check cabinet for loose extraneous articles which may have been pushed into port.



There are voltages and hot components at many points in the amplifier which can, if contacted, cause personal injury. Be extremely careful. Any adjustments or service procedures that require operation of the amplifier out of its enclosure should be performed only by trained service personnel. Refer to PCB drawings for locations of hazards and familiarize yourself with their locations before starting.

- **A.** Remove the subwoofer grille.
- **B.** Remove the (4) 1" Black PPH screws attaching the woofer to the cabinet.
- C. Remove the woofer, unplug the two connecting wires.
- **D.** Remove the (8) 3/4" screws black pph screws attaching the ampifier assembly to the cabinet.
- **E.** Remove the ampifier assembly.
- F. For access to the input panel, first remove the three outer screws. Remove knob and nuts from potentiometers. Cut away the sealant securing the cover to the faceplate. The input PCB should now pull out completely.
- 3. TROUBLE SHOOTING AFTER REMOVAL

Verify AC plug is disconnected. See WARNINGS in section 2.

WARNING

To prevent loose hardware from reducing safety spacings, it is essential that all hardware be replaced in the same manner as it was removed, with lock washers under all nuts, proper torque on screws and thread locking sealer on the transformer nuts.

CAUTION

If line core or strain relief are replaced, it is necessary to seal them completely to panel with an approved conformal coating to prevent air "whistling" through any openings from woofer pressure.

WARNING

To reduce the risk or electric shock and/or fire, replace items as marked on schematic with the safety marking only with the exact replacements listed in the safety component list, page 2. If exact replacements are not available, order them from the factory or an authorized service center.

- **A.** Check fuse F1. If blown visually check transformer for discoloration, and large capacitors (C1, C2) for bulges or venting. Check for shorts with an Ohmmeter, (see schematic).
- **B.** With ohmmeter, verify voice coil of woofer is 3.9 ohms, and windings of transformer are continuous.
- **C.** Examine board and wiring for obvious damage, broken or poorly soldered connections, or discoloration.
- **D.** Repair or replace items identified above.
- **E.** For live power testing, attach a 4 ohm 100 watt resistor to the output wires.
- **F.** If the LED is not on, check for fuse continuity and then for cold solder joints on CMC1 and bridge diode.
- G. With a signal present at the input, the output to the power amp is at pin #8 of U1. If the signal is not present at pin 8, there is a problem with preamp section. Most likely, a cold solder joint will be the



problem. Track back the signal path to locate problem.

- H. If signal present at pin 8, but still no sound, check for cold solder joints on all power resistors, R4a and R4b and the the power amp module. If C24 is blown, C6 is not soldered or is defective. Check the signal at R2. On the down signal side, the voltage signal should be very small. If signal is similar on both sides of R2, the amp module is likely defective.
- I. If you hear a mechanical clicking noise from the amp module, this indicates that the short circuit protection has been engaged. Check that Q3, Q4 and Q5 are soldered correctly. Also check that Q3 is not shorted to power amp case.
- J. If you have to replace the power module, be very, very patient with the solder removal from this single sided PCB. COMPLETELY REMOVE SOLDER BEFORE TRYING TO REMOVE THE MODULE! (See page 23)
- **K.** Assembly notes. Top side soldering as below:

J5: solder both ends

J3: solder both ends

J1: solder both ends

R48: solder GND end

At junction of C7a/C7b: Pin to GND

Crossover pot Gnd wire from PDB pad to POT barrel. (Only physical contact required between pot body and faceplate).



After repair, inspect for possible safety hazards, including loose hardware, missing lock washers, correct fuse and lead dress of primary wires (these must be held in position with cable ties so that they cannot touch secondary components). With ohmmeter, check that panel is connected to signal ground.

WARNING

It is essential that the following safety insulation test be performed prior to returning the Power SubWoofer to the customer, using one of the following methods.

A) Insulation Resistance Test

With a 500VDC Insulation Tester, Check insulation from the outer metal contact of the

RCA jack (chassis) to the line neutral of AC cord. Resistance should be >100M.

B) Hi-Pot Test

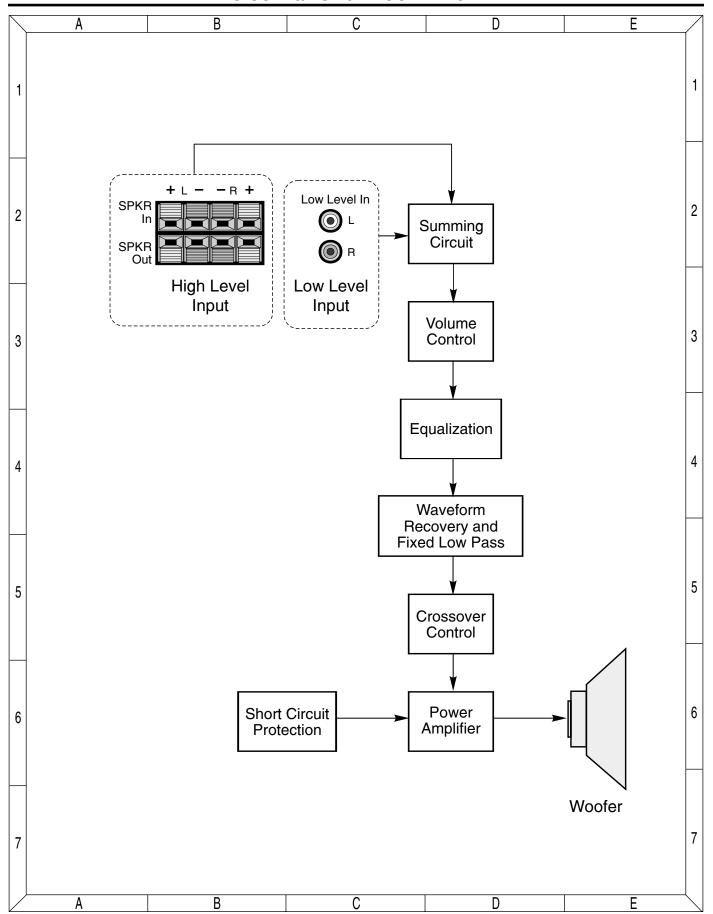
If a UL approved Hi-Pot tester is available, test line & neutral of AC cord to outer shell of RCA jack (chassis) at 1100VAC for 2 seconds. Observe all of instrument manufacturer's instructions and safety warnings in performing this test.

Connect subwoofer system to a music source. Play at high level while checking for air leaks around panel edge, driver, panel jacks and controls, and voice coil problems such as rubbing or loose turns. With the crossover "frequency" set to 50Hz, very little of the voice content should be heard.

4. REASSEMBLY

Follow all disassembly instructions in reverse order. If the input plate has been removed, it must be re-sealed with a small bead of silicon seal or air leaks may result.

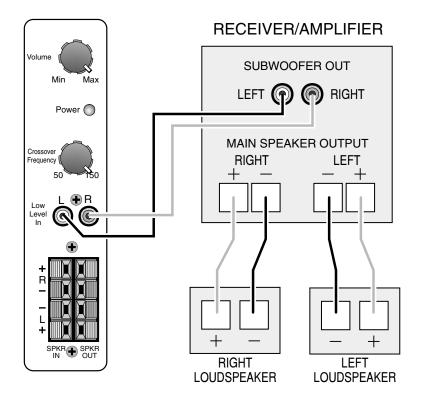
ARC SUB10/DS-10 BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note: DS-10 controls are shown here

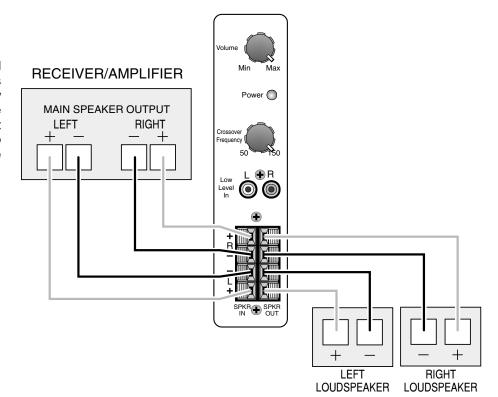
Line Level

Note: Some receivers/amplifiers have a single (mono) subwoofer output. In this case, it is recommended that you use a "Y"-connector (not included) to connect to both right & left inputs and maximize the subwoofers performance.



Speaker Level

Note: When using the speaker-level connections, the built-in high-pass filter will also limit the low frequencies being sent to the satellite speakers. This means that your satellites won't have to try to reproduce the information the subwoofer is playing.



TROUBLESHOOTING

If you used the high-level (speaker) inputs and there is no sound from any of the speakers, check the following:

- Receiver/amplifier is on and a source is playing.
- Powered subwoofer is plugged in.
- Check all wires and connections between receiver/amplifier and speakers. Make sure all wires are connected. Make sure none of the speaker wires are frayed, cut or punctured.
- Review proper operation of your receiver/amplifier.

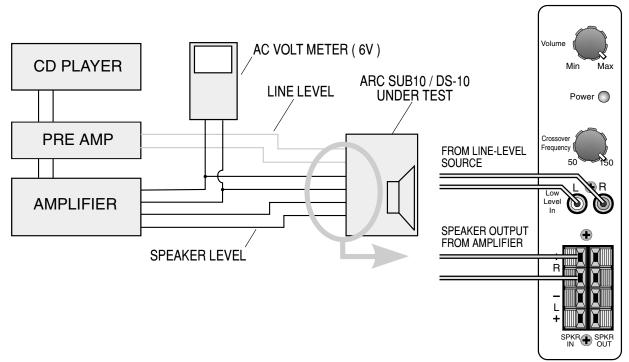
If there is low bass output, check the following:

- Make sure the connections to the left and right "Speaker Inputs" have the correct polarity (+ and -).
- Make sure that the subwoofer is plugged into an active electrical outlet.
- Adjust the crossover point.
- If you are using a Dolby* Digital/DTS® receiver or processor, make sure that the subwoofer adjustments on the receiver/processor are set up correctly.
- Slowly turn the level Control clockwise until you begin to hear the desired amount of bass.

If you used the line-level inputs and there is no sound from the subwoofer, check the following:

- Receiver/amplifier is on and a source is playing.
- Powered subwoofer is plugged in.
- Check all wires and connections between receiver/ amplifier and subwoofer. Make sure all wires are connected. Make sure none of the wires are frayed, cut or punctured.
- Review proper operation of your receiver/amplifier.

ARC SUB10 / DS-10 TEST SET UP AND PROCEDURE



General Function

UUT = Unit Under Test

- Connect both right and left line level inputs (RCA) to signal generator and UUT. Use Y-cable if necessary from mono source. VOLUME control should be full counterclockwise.
- 2. Turn on generator, adjust to 50mV, 50 Hz.
- 3. Plug in UUT; red LED should be ON. Turn VOLUME control full clockwise.
- 4. LED should turn Green; immediate bass response should be heard and felt from port tube opening.
- 5. Turn off generator, turn VOLUME control fully counterclockwise, disconnect RCA cables.
- 6. Connect one pair of speaker cables to either high level input terminal on UUT. Cables should be connected to an integrated amplifier fed by the signal generator.
- 7. Turn on generator and adjust so that speaker level output is 2.0V, 50 Hz. Turn VOLUME control full clockwise.
- 8. Green LED should light, immediate bass response should be heard and felt from the port tube opening.

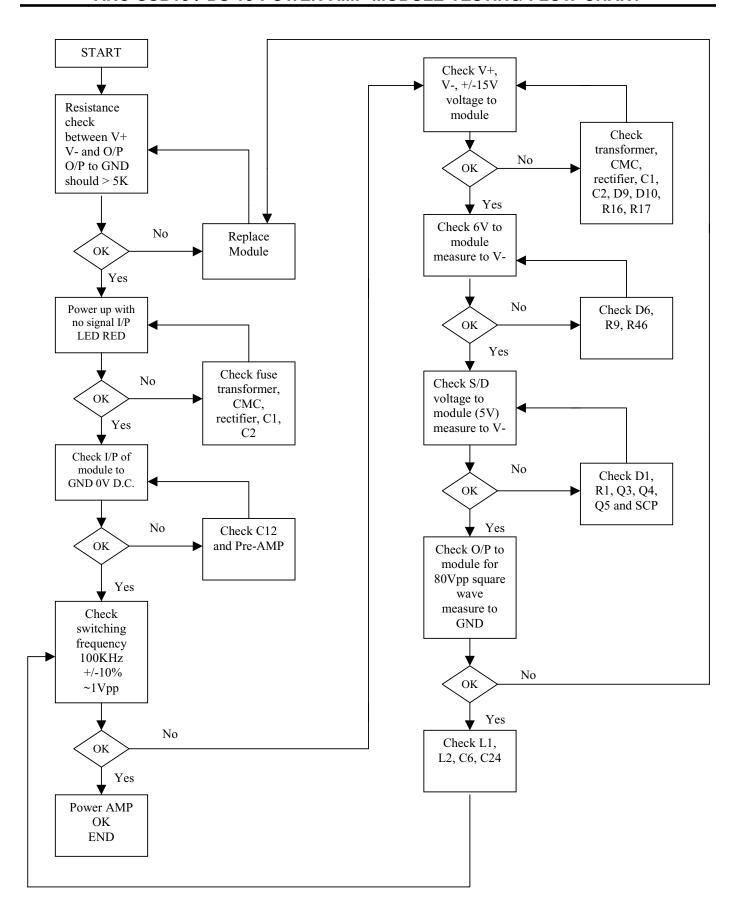
Sweep Function

- 1. Follow steps 1-4 above, using a sweep generator as a signal source.
- Sweep generator from 20Hz to 300Hz. Listen to the cabinet and drivers for any rattles, clicks, buzzes or any other noises. If any unusual noises are heard, remove driver and test.

Driver Function

- Remove driver from cabinet; detach + and wire clips.
- 2. Check DC resistance of driver; it should be 3.2 to 3.9 ohms.
- 3. Connect a pair of speaker cables to driver terminals. Cables should be connected to an integrated amplifier fed by a signal generator and adjust so that speaker level output is **5.0V**.
- 4. Sweep generator from 20Hz to 1kHz. Listen to driver for any rubbing, buzzing, or other unusual noises.

ARC SUB10 / DS-10 POWER AMP MODULE TESTING FLOW CHART



SERVICE BULLETIN JBL9903 - APRIL 1999

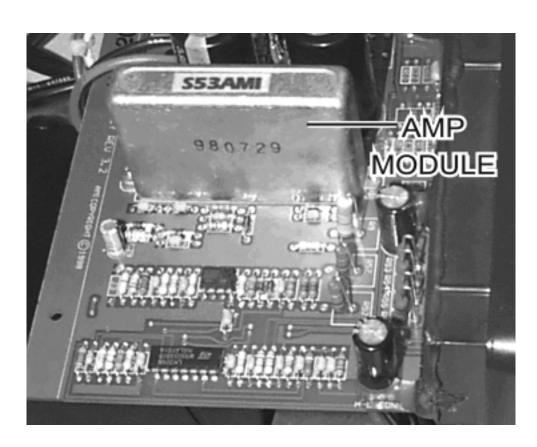
To all JBL Service Centers Model: ARC SUB10 / DS-10 This considered a Minor repair

Subject: Check Solder Joints in Event of Failure

Some performance related complaints in the ARC SUB10 / DS-10 powered subwoofer may be caused by cold Solder connections between the 28 pins of the Power Amp Module and the main circuit board. When troubleshooting, failure to check these joints can result in erroneous conclusions or wasted time.

In the event you receive a ARC SUB10 / DS-10 Subwoofer with the complaints "Dead, or No Output, or Motorboating (Oscillation)", perform the steps listed below first before any further troubleshooting takes place:

- 1) Unplug all cables, lay the subwoofer on a padded surface.
- 2) Remove all Philips screws around the outer perimeter of the amplifier faceplate.
- **3)** Remove amplifier assembly; you should be able to remove the amplifier far enough out of the cabinet to service it without removing the woofer wires.
- 4) Locate the Power Amp Module; it is the large gray component with a metal case. On the Solder side of the circuit board are the 28 Solder connections to the Module.
- 5) Regardless of whether you can visibly see breaks in any of the connections or not, carefully re-Solder all 28 pin connections, adding 60/40 rosin core Solder. Take care not "bridge" any connections on the board with Solder.
- 6) Inspect the Solder joints to the main filter capacitors C1 and C2 on the main PCB and re-Solder if needed.
- 7) Replace the amplifier assembly back into the cabinet; replace the screws.
- **8)** Test the unit by applying a signal from a music source, adjust the volume to a moderate level and confirm the original problem has been corrected.

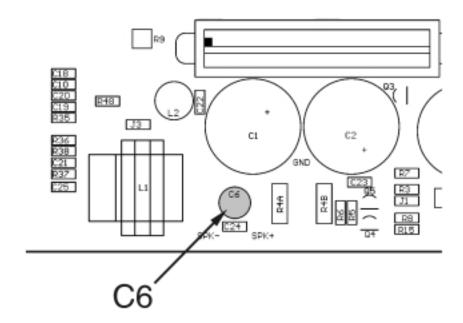


SERVICE BULLETIN JBL2000-01 - JANUARY 2000

To all JBL Service Centers Model: ARC SUB10 / DS-10 Warranty labor rate: MINOR repair

Subject: Failure of C6

In the event you receive a JBL subwoofer corresponding to one of the above models with the complaint "no output" and capacitor C6 (10uf 50v NPE) is damaged in the amplifier, replace with the following part: JBL part# 30712 (10uf 100v NPE)



General reference for location only; not all parts or designators may conform to these drawings

It is also recommended following the repair that the instructions included in bulletin #JBL9903 are followed.

Models	Serial number 120/230V	Status	Action
ARC SUB10 / DS-10	All serial numbers affected	Replace if damaged	Replace C6 with JBL part# 30712

TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS AND SOLUTIONS TO COMMON SERVICE PROBLEMS

For models: ARC SUB 8, ARC SUB 10 TIP# JBLTT2000-01

Complaint:

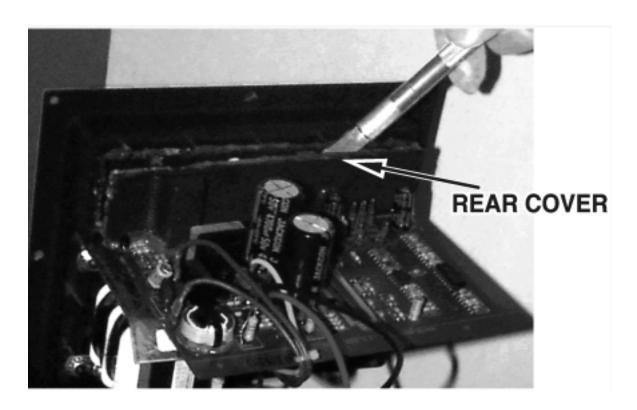
How do you replace or service any of the front panel components on the Subwoofer faceplate for model ARC SUB 10 ?

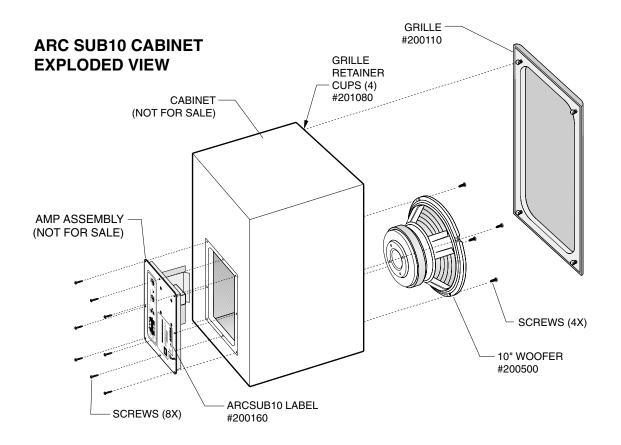
Probable Cause:

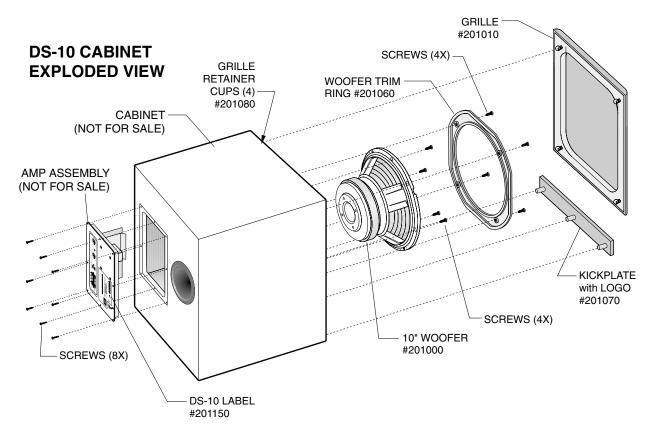
The High level Input terminals, potentiometers, RCA jack, and switch(es) are behind a sealed cover to protect the air-tight integrity of the cabinet enclosure.

Solution:

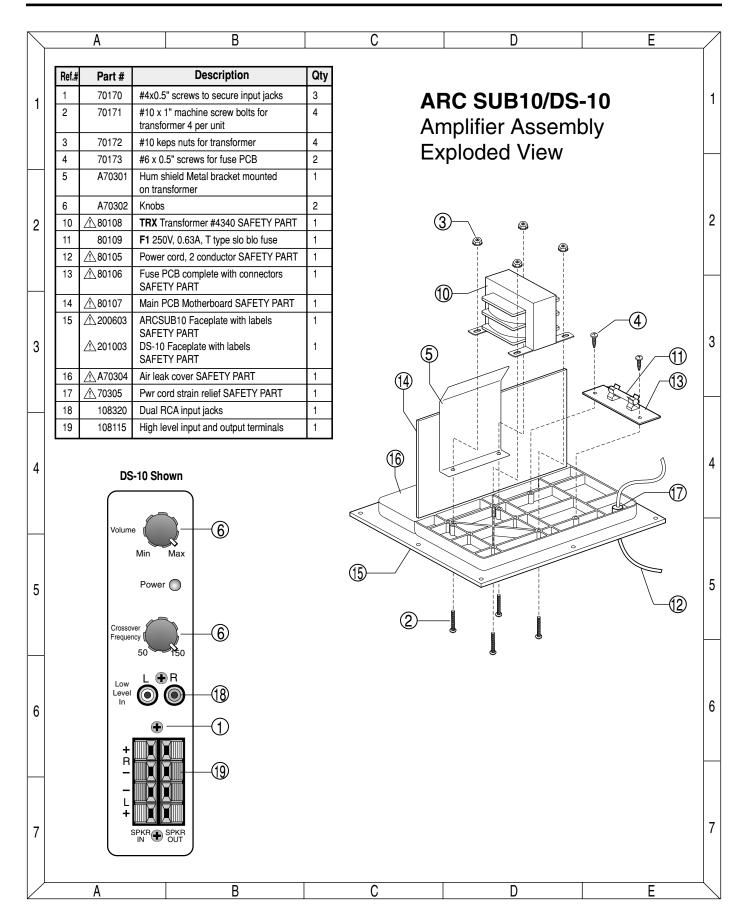
- 1) Unplug all external cables from the subwoofer; place the cabinet on a padded surface.
- 2) Remove any subwoofer grille; remove the woofer from the cabinet. Detach the two connections from the woofer terminals.
- 3) Remove all Phillips screws holding the amplifier to the cabinet; remove the amplifier.
- 4) Remove all knobs, nuts, and Philips screws from the outer control section of the amplifier faceplate.
- 5) Locate the sealed cover on the inside of the amplifier faceplate (see illustration); the bead of adherent must be broken to remove the main PCB with front panel components from the plastic faceplate. This is most easily accomplished by CAREFULLY using a box cutter, exacto knife, or similar sharp instrument. First scrape all excess material from the three surfaces; then force the blade into the groove between the rear cover and the faceplate. DO NOT attempt to remove the rear cover from the main PCB.
- **6)** When enough material is removed, the main PCB with cover can be pulled away from the faceplate, exposing the components.
- **7)** After servicing, a bead of "silicon seal" or similar adherent must be applied to all surfaces where it was removed. Reassemble the rest of the components in reverse order.

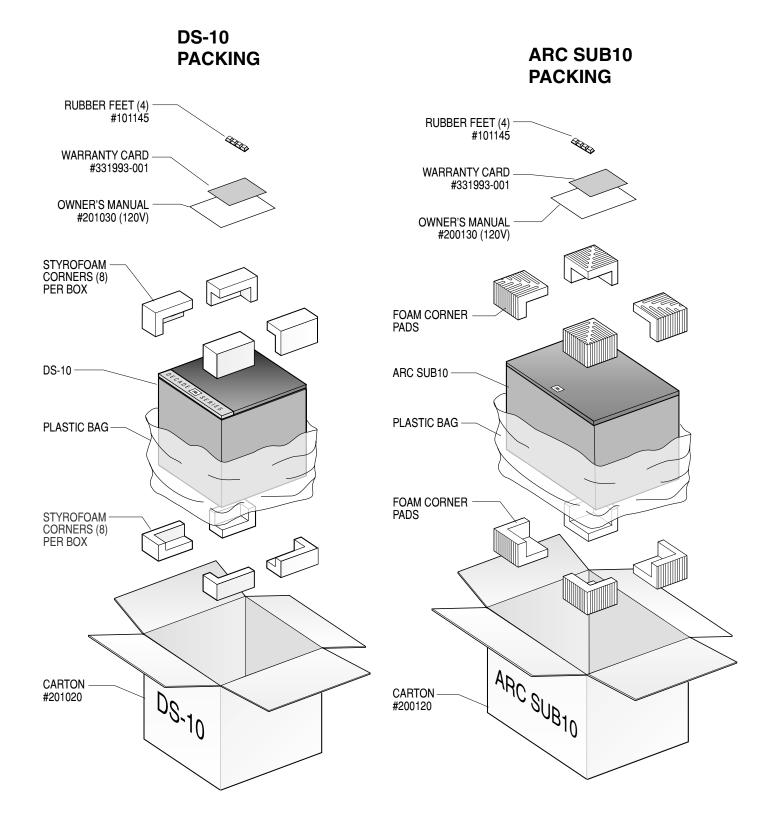




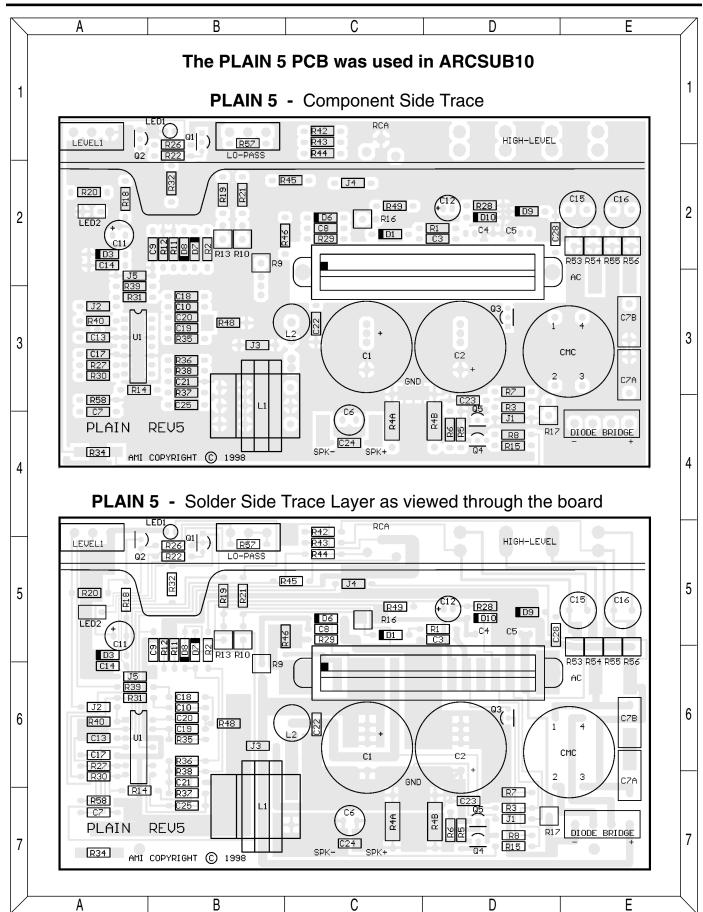


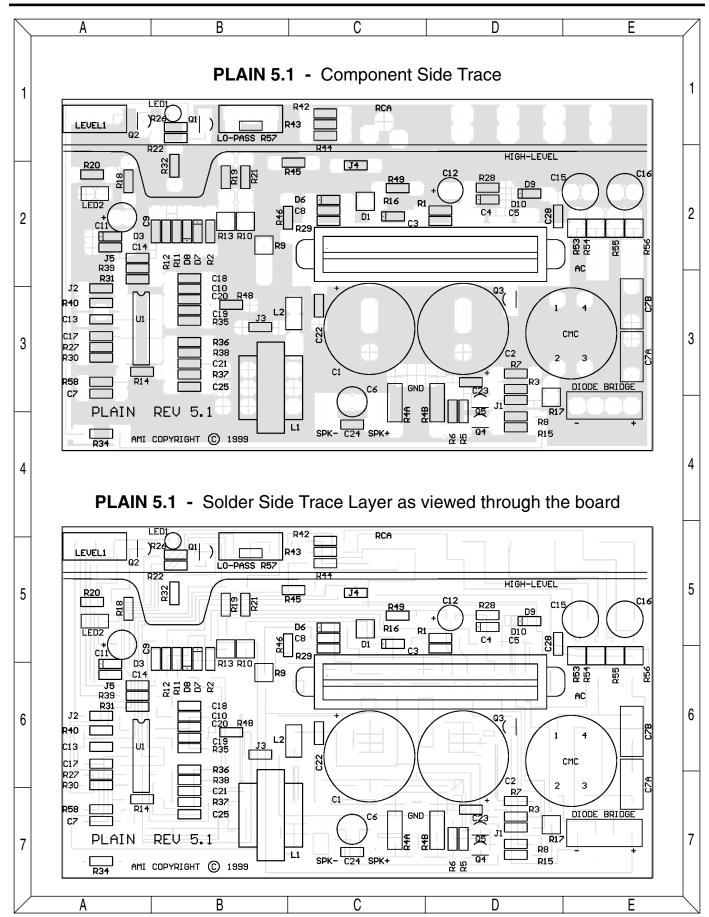
AMPLIFIER EXPLODED VEIW





ARC SUB10 Version 5 PCB





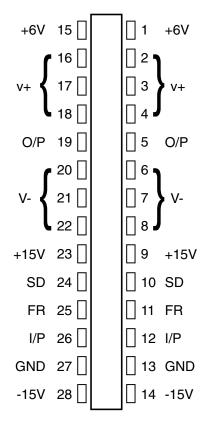
IJBL

ARC SUB10/DS-10 ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

Product Safety Notice: Components identified by the IEC symbol in the part list and on the schematic designate safety components in which safety can be of special significance. When replacing a Active component with the symbol △_Use only replacement parts with the same rating hardware designated in the parts list. R15, 42, 43, 57 40406 100k 0.25W ±5% carbon film Capacitors R16 40101 820 2W ±5% carbon film C1, C2 30701 △ 33000F 50V ±20% Elect. Radial Safety Part 2 R19 40422 1k 0.5W ±5% carbon film C3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24 30705 △ 100 F 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 12 R22 40410 2.2k 0.5W ±5% carbon film C6 30705 △ 100 F 100V ±20% Elect. Radial NP Safety Part 1 See Page 15 Service Bulletin R26 40701 1.0M 0.25W ±5% carbon film C7 30509 2.7nF 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 R30 40413 274k 0.25W ±5% carbon film C11 30702 100uF 35V ±20% Electrolytic Radial 1 R31 40414 49.9k 0.25W ±5% carbon film C12 30714 10uF 50V ±20% Mono-ceramic axial 1	4 2
Sepecial significance. When replacing a Active component with the symbol \(\text{\(\)}}}\(\text{\(\text{\) \text{\(\	2
Capacitors R17 40407 330 W 2.25W ±5% carbon film of the film of	
C1, C2 30701	1
R22	1
10, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24 C6 30705 ⚠ 10uF 100V ±20% Elect. Radial NP Safety Part 1 See Page 15 Service Bulletin C7A, B 30505 100nF 100V ±20% Metal Polyester Rad 2 R30 40103 ⚠ 470 0.25W ±5% METAL OXIDE Action of the Metal of the Metal Flow of the Metal Flow of the Metal Radial NP Safety Part 1 R29 40103 ⚠ 470 0.25W ±5% METAL OXIDE Action of the Metal Radial NP Safety Part 1 R29 40103 ⚠ 470 0.25W ±5% METAL OXIDE Action of the Metal Flow o	1
19, 20, 24 R26 40701 1.0M 0.25W ±5% carbon film of See Page 15 Service Bulletin R27 40411 24.9k 0.25W ±5% carbon film of See Page 15 Service Bulletin R29 40103	1
See Page 15 Service Bulletin R29 40103	1
R29	1
C7 30509 2.7nF 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 C10 30504 100nF 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 C11 30702 100uF 35V ±20% Electrolytic Radial 1 C12 30714 10uF 35V ±20% Electrolytic Radial 1 C13 30506 1nF 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 C15, 16 30704 or 30707 220uF 50V ±20% Electrolytic Radial Bipolar 2 C21, 28 30503 10nF 50V ±20% Mono-ceramic axial 2 C25 30503 2.2nf 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 Diodes Diodes Diodes Diodes D1 1N5256B 30V ±5% 0.5W Zener 1 D1 50101 1N5256B 30V ±5% 0.5W Zener 1 D1 50101 1N5256B 30V ±5% 0.5W Zener 1 D1 30504 100nF 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 D1 30504 100nF 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 D1 30504 100nF 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 D1 30505 2.2nf 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 D1 30506 30507 100nF 50V ±20% Mono-ceramic axial 1 D1 50101 1N5256B 30V ±5% 0.5W Zener 1 D1 30506 30507 100nF 50V ±20W 4A Safety Part 1 D1 50101 1N5256B 30V ±5% 0.5W Zener 1 D1 30506 30507 100nF 50V ±20W 4A Safety Part 1 D1 30508 30507 100nF 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 D1 30508 30507 100nF 50V ±20W 4A Safety Part 1 D1 30508 30507 100nF 50V ±5% 0.5W Zener 1 D1 30509 40410 49.9k 4041 49.9k 40417 47k 47k 40.25W ±5% carbon film 49.9k 40418 22k 40419 6.0k 40.25W ±5% carbon film 49.9k 40419 6.0k 40419 6.0k 40.25W ±5% carbon film 49.9k 40431 68k 40419 6.0k 40419	Safety Part 1
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C11 30702 100uF 35V ±20% Electrolytic Radial 1 R35 40424 332k 0.25W ±1% metal film C12 30714 10uF 35V ±20% Electrolytic Radial 1 R36, 38, 40 40417 47k 0.25W ±5% carbon film C13 30506 1nF 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 R37 40418 22k 0.25W ±5% carbon film C15, 16 30704 or 30707 220uF 50V ±20% Electrolytic Radial Bipolar 2 R39, 48 40419 6.04k 0.25W ±1% metal film C21, 28 30507 10nF 50V ±20% Mono-ceramic axial 2 R46 40111 4.7 0.25W ±5% carbon film C25 30503 2.2nf 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 R49 40431 68k 0.25W ±5% carbon film Diodes Diode	1
C12 30714 10uF 35V ±20% Electrolytic Radial 1 C13 30506 1nF 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 C15, 16 30704 or 30707 220uF 50V ±20% Electrolytic Radial Bipolar 2 C21, 28 30507 10nF 50V ±20% Mono-ceramic axial 2 C25 30503 2.2nf 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 C3 R39, 48 40419 6.04k 0.25W ±5% carbon film 4.7 0.25W ±5% carbon film 6.04k 0.25W ±5	1
C13	1
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R39, 48 40419 6.04k 0.25W ±1% metal film	1
C25 30503 2.2nf 50V ±10% Mono-ceramic axial 1 R46 40111 4.7 0.25W ±5% carbon film Diodes R53, 54, 55, 56 40106 100 2W ±5% carbon film DBR 50100 ⚠ Bridge Rect 200V 4A Safety Part 1 1 Transistors Q1 MPS A13 30V NPN(Darl) Transist	2
Diodes R53, 54, 55, 56 40106 100 2W ±5% carbon film DBR 50100	1
DBR 50100	1
D1 50101 1N5256B 30V ±5% 0.5W Zener 1 Transistors Q1 60151 MPS A13 30V NPN(Darl) Transist	4
Q1 60151 MPS A13 30V NPN(Darl) Transist	
	or 1
D3 50102 1N4749A 24V ±5% 1W Zener 1 Q2 60152 2N3906 40V PNP Transistor	1
D6 50103 1N5234B 6.2V ±5% 0.5W Zener 1 Q3 60156 2N4401 40V NPN Transistor	1
D7, 8 50104 1N4148 100V ±5% 0.1A 2 Q4, 5 60154 MPS A56 80V PNP Transistor	2
D9,10 50105 1N4744A 15V ±5% 1W Zener 2 LED 1 or 2 50106 Dual Cir LED (2 legged) Miscellaneous	
LED 1 or 2 50106 Dual Cir LED (2 legged) Wiscertaineous S53AMI 60301 A Power Amp module Safety Part	1
Integrated Circuit CMC1 80100 2.2mH Choke Safety Part	1
U1 60100 LM324 Quad OpAmp +/-15 1 L1 80101 \(\triangle	1
Resistors L2 80102 2.2uH Ferrite Bead	1
FRQ pot 40401 100k 0.25W ±10% Single Log Pot 1 TRX 80108 A TRANSFORMER #4338 Safety F	
VOL Level pot 40402 5k 0.25W ±10% Single Linear Pot 1 F1 80109 ⚠ FUSE 250V, 0.63A, T type Slo-Ble	
R1 40403 2.2M 0.25W ±5% carbon film 1	Sujety Turi
R2 40408 8.45k 0.25W ±1% metal film 1	
R3 40412 33.2k 0.25W ±1% metal film 1	
R4A, B 40105 0.1 0.5W ±5% 2pcs. 2	
R5, 6 40420 1k 0.25W ±5% carbon film 2	
R7 40718 3.3k 0.25W ±5% carbon film 1	
R8 40417 47k 0.25W ±5% carbon film 1	
R9 40421 3.9k 5W ±5% 3W can be used 1	
R10, 13 40748 2k 2W ±5% carbon film 2	
R11, 12 40112 665 0.5W ±5% carbon film 2	
R14, 20 40405 4.7k 0.25W ±5% carbon film 2	

ARC SUB10/DS-10 INTEGRATED CIRCUITS & TRANSISTORS

S53AMI/S64AMI - Power Amp module SAFETY PART



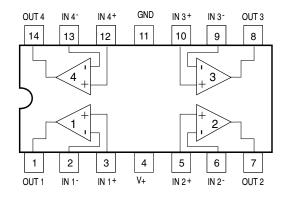
NOTE: THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES MUST BE FOLLOWED WHEN INSTALLING NEW \$53AMI/\$64AMI AMP MODULES: FAILURE TO FOLLOW ONE OR MORE OF THESE STEPS MAY RESULT IN THE INSTANT DESTRUCTION OF THE MODULE WHEN POWERED UP.

- 1) Align white indent marker on Amp Module with indent marker on main PCB; alternately observe position of label on the top of the module; incorrectly replacing the Module 180 in the PCB slot will result in its destruction.
- **2)** All AC powered test instruments (meters, oscilloscopes, etc.) must have a floating ground, i.e. be connected to an isolation transformer.
- 3) Align and position the Amp Module before soldering.
- **4)** Attach the amp Module with the mounting screws <u>before soldering</u> or powering up.
- **5)** Use only rosin-core or non-acid core solder; thoroughly de-flux the surfaces after soldering.

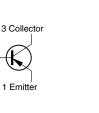
If the new S53AMI/S64AMI Amp Module has larger mounting hole(s) in the case, and the stock screws no longer will fit, and screws of the proper type cannot be obtained locally order:

- (2) part# 60301S (screws)
- (2) part# 60301N (nuts)

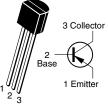
U1 - (LM324) Quad Op Amp



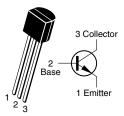
Q4, 5 - (MPS A56) 80V PNP Transistor



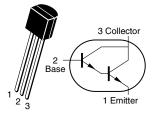
Q2 - (2N3906) 40V PNP Transistor



Q3 - (2N4401) 40V NPN Transistor



Q1 - (MPS A13) 30V NPN(Darl) Transistor



ARC SUB10/DS-10 SCHEMATIC

