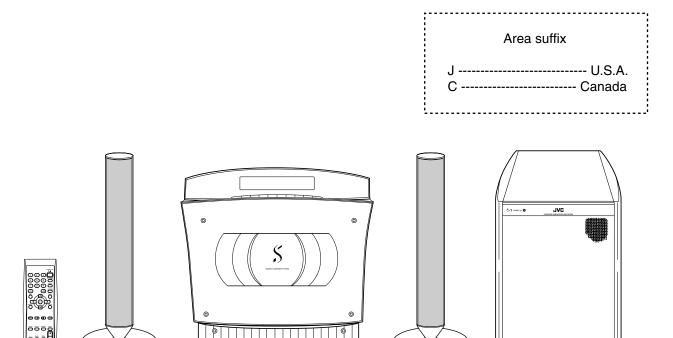
JVC

SERVICE MANUAL

COMPACT COMPONENT SYSTEM

VS-DT2000





SP-PW2000

SP-VSDT2000

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SP-VSDT2000

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CA-VSDT2000R

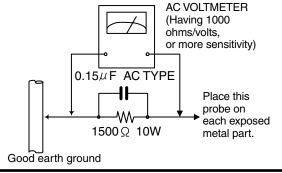
Safety Precautions

- 1. This design of this product contains special hardware and many circuits and components specially for safety purposes. For continued protection, no changes should be made to the original design unless authorized in writing by the manufacturer. Replacement parts must be identical to those used in the original circuits. Services should be performed by qualified personnel only.
- 2. Alterations of the design or circuitry of the product should not be made. Any design alterations of the product should not be made. Any design alterations or additions will void the manufacturer's warranty and will further relieve the manufacture of responsibility for personal injury or property damage resulting therefrom.
- 3. Many electrical and mechanical parts in the products have special safety-related characteristics. These characteristics are often not evident from visual inspection nor can the protection afforded by them necessarily be obtained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. Replacement parts which have these special safety characteristics are identified in the Parts List of Service Manual. Electrical components having such features are identified by shading on the schematics and by (1) on the Parts List in the Service Manual. The use of a substitute replacement which does not have the same safety characteristics as the recommended replacement parts shown in the Parts List of Service Manual may create shock, fire, or other hazards.
- 4. The leads in the products are routed and dressed with ties, clamps, tubings, barriers and the like to be separated from live parts, high temperature parts, moving parts and/or sharp edges for the prevention of electric shock and fire hazard. When service is required, the original lead routing and dress should be observed, and it should be confirmed that they have been returned to normal, after re-assembling.
- 5. Leakage currnet check (Electrical shock hazard testing)
 After re-assembling the product, always perform an isolation check on the exposed metal parts of the product (antenna terminals, knobs, metal cabinet, screw heads, headphone jack, control shafts, etc.) to be sure the product is safe to operate without danger of electrical shock.
 Do not use a line isolation transformer during this check.
 - Plug the AC line cord directly into the AC outlet. Using a "Leakage Current Tester", measure the leakage current from each exposed metal parts of the cabinet, particularly any exposed metal part having a return path to the chassis, to a known good earth ground. Any leakage current must not exceed 0.5mA AC (r.m.s.).
 - Alternate check method

Plug the AC line cord directly into the AC outlet. Use an AC voltmeter having, 1,000 ohms per volt or more sensitivity in the following manner. Connect a 1,500 Ω 10W resistor paralleled by a 0.15 μ F AC-type capacitor between an exposed metal part and a known good earth ground.

Measure the AC voltage across the resistor with the AC voltmeter.

Move the resistor connection to each exposed metal part, particularly any exposed metal part having a return path to the chassis, and meausre the AC voltage across the resistor. Now, reverse the plug in the AC outlet and repeat each measurement. Voltage measured any must not exceed 0.75 V AC (r.m.s.). This corresponds to 0.5 mA AC (r.m.s.).



Warning

- 1. This equipment has been designed and manufactured to meet international safety standards.
- 2. It is the legal responsibility of the repairer to ensure that these safety standards are maintained.
- 3. Repairs must be made in accordance with the relevant safety standards.
- 4. It is essential that safety critical components are replaced by approved parts.
- 5. If mains voltage selector is provided, check setting for local voltage.

A CAUTION -

Burrs formed during molding may be left over on some parts of the chassis. Therefore, pay attention to such burrs in the case of preforming repair of this system.

In regard with component parts appearing on the silk-screen printed side (parts side) of the PWB diagrams, the parts that are printed over with black such as the resistor (—), diode (—) and ICP (—) or identified by the "\(\Lambda\)" mark nearby are critical for safety.

(This regulation does not correspond to J and C version.)

Preventing static electricity

1. Grounding to prevent damage by static electricity

Electrostatic discharge (ESD), which occurs when static electricity stored in the body, fabric, etc. is discharged, can destroy the laser diode in the traverse unit (optical pickup). Take care to prevent this when performing repairs.

2. About the earth processing for the destruction prevention by static electricity

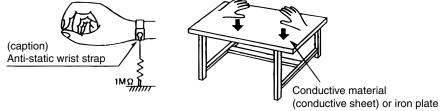
Static electricity in the work area can destroy the optical pickup (laser diode) in devices such as CD players. Be careful to use proper grounding in the area where repairs are being performed.

2-1 Ground the workbench

Ground the workbench by laying conductive material (such as a conductive sheet) or an iron plate over it before placing the traverse unit (optical pickup) on it.

2-2 Ground yourself

Use an anti-static wrist strap to release any static electricity built up in your body.



3. Handling the optical pickup

- 1. In order to maintain quality during transport and before installation, both sides of the laser diode on the replacement optical pickup are shorted. After replacement, return the shorted parts to their original condition. (Refer to the text.)
- 2. Do not use a tester to check the condition of the laser diode in the optical pickup. The tester's internal power source can easily destroy the laser diode.

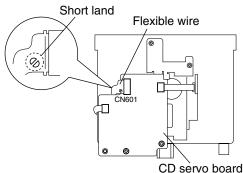
4. Handling the traverse unit (optical pickup)

- 1. Do not subject the traverse unit (optical pickup) to strong shocks, as it is a sensitive, complex unit.
- 2. Remove solder of the short land on the flexible wire after replacing the optical pickup. For specific details, refer to the replacement procedure in the text. Remove the anti-static pin when replacing the traverse unit. Be careful not to take too long a time when attaching it to the connector.
- 3. Handle the flexible wire carefully as it may break when subjected to strong force.
- 4. It is not possible to adjust the semi-fixed resistor that adjusts the laser power. Do not turn it.

5. Attention when traverse unit is decomposed

*Please refer to "Disassembly method" in the text for the CD pickup unit.

- Apply solder to the short land before the flexible wire is disconnected from the connector on the CD pickup unit.
 (If the flexible wire is disconnected without applying solder, the CD pickup may be destroyed by static electricity.)
- In the assembly, be sure to remove solder from the short land after connecting the flexible wire.



Important for laser products

1.CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

2.DANGER: Invisible laser radiation when open and inter lock failed or defeated. Avoid direct exposure to beam.

3.CAUTION: There are no serviceable parts inside the Laser Unit. Do not disassemble the Laser Unit. Replace the complete Laser Unit if it malfunctions.

4.CAUTION: The compact disc player uses invisible laserradiation and is equipped with safety switches whichprevent emission of radiation when the drawer is open and the safety interlocks have failed or are de feated. It is dangerous to defeat the safety switches.

5.CAUTION: If safety switches malfunction, the laser is able to function.

6.CAUTION: Use of controls, adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

↑ CAUTION Please use enough caution not to see the beam directly or touch it in case of an adjustment or operation check.

VARNING: Osynlig laserstrålning är denna del är öppnad och spårren är urkopplad. Betrakta ej strålen.

VARO : Avattaessa ja suojalukitus ohitettaessa olet alttiina näkymättömälle lasersäteilylle.Älä katso

säteeseen.

ADVARSEL: Usynlig laserstråling ved åbning, når

sikkerhedsafbrydere er ude af funktion. Undgå

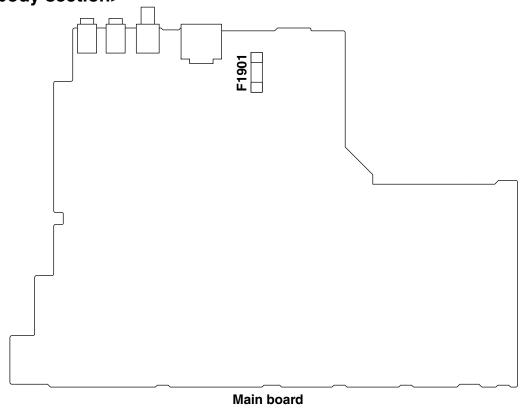
udsættelse for stråling.

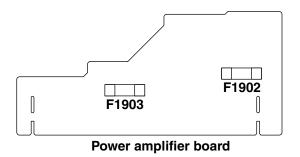
ADVARSEL: Usynlig laserstråling ved åpning,når

sikkerhetsbryteren er avslott. unngå utsettelse

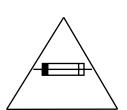
for stråling.

Importance administering point on the safety <Main body section>





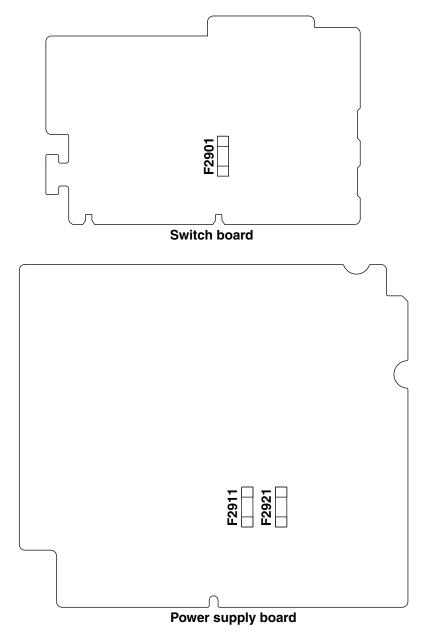
For USA and Canada / pour États - Unis d' Amérique et Canada



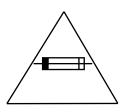
Caution: For continued protection against risk of fire, replace only with same type 1A/125V for F1901, 8A/125V for F1902, 3.15A/125V for F1903. This symbolspecifies type of fast operating fuse.

Precaution: Pour eviter risques de feux, remplacez le fusible de sureté de F1901 comme le meme type que 1A/125V, F1902 comme le meme type que 8A/125, et 3.15A/125V pour F1903. Ce sont des fusibles suretes qui functionnes rapide.

<Speaker section>



For USA and Canada / pour États - Unis d' Amérique et Canada



Caution: For continued protection against risk of fire, replace only with same type 2A/125V for F2901, 1.6A/125V for F2911, 1.6A/125V for F2921. This symbolspecifies type of fast operating fuse.

Precaution: Pour eviter risques de feux, remplacez le fusible de sureté de F2901 comme le meme type que 2A/125V, F2911 comme le meme type que 1.6A/125, et 1.6A/125V pour F2921.

Ce sont des fusibles suretes qui functionnes rapide.

Disassembly method

<Main body section>

■ Removing the top lens (See Fig. 1.)

From the top side of the main body, remove the four screws **A** attaching the top lens.

■ Removing the bottom panel (See Figs. 2 and 3.)

- From the rear side of the main body, remove the three screws B attaching the bottom panel.
- 2. From the bottom side of the main body, remove the two screws **C** attaching the bottom panel.
- 3. Remove the bottom panel in an upward direction.

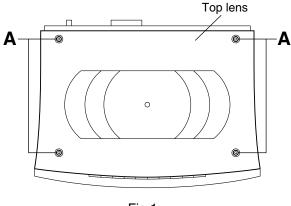
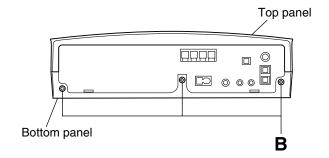


Fig.1



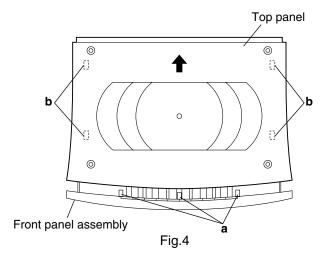
C Bottom panel

Fig.3

■ Removing the top panel (See Fig. 4.)

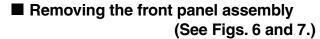
- Remove the top lens.
- Remove the bottom panel.
- Slide the top panel toward the rear (direction of the arrow), disengage it from the engagement sections

 a of the front panel assembly and engagement sections
 b of the bottom chassis.
- 2. Remove the top panel in an upward direction.



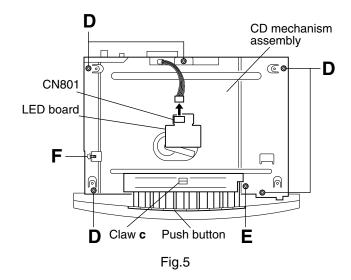
Removing the CD mechanism assembly (See Fig. 5.)

- Remove the top lens.
- Remove the bottom panel.
- Remove the top panel.
- From the top side of the main body, disengage the claw c of the CD mechanism assembly and then remove the push button.
- 2. Remove the five screws **D**, screw **E** and screw **F** attaching the CD mechanism assembly.
- 3. Disconnect the wire from connector CN801 on the LED board.
- 4. Remove the CD mechanism assembly in an upward direction.



- Remove the top lens.
- Remove the bottom panel.
- Remove the top panel.
- Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- 1. Remove the tie band bundling the wires of the front panel assembly.
- 2. Disconnect the wires from connectors CN106 and CN182 on the main board.
- 3. Disconnect the card wires from connectors CN171 and CN183 on the main board.
- 4. Remove the wire holder holding the card wire of the front panel assembly.
- 5. From the front side of the main body, remove the two screws **G** attaching the front panel assembly.
- 6. Disengage the claws **d** of the front panel assembly from the bottom chassis and then remove the front panel assembly in the direction of arrow.

- Before attaching the front panel assembly, pass the card wire of the front panel assembly through the hole on the bottom chassis.
- After attaching the front panel assembly, bundling the card wire and wires of the front panel assembly using a wire holder and tie band.



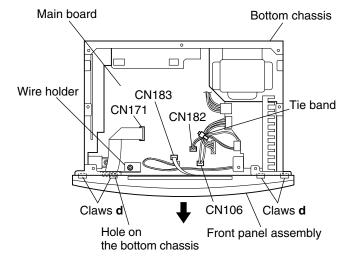
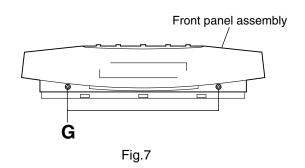


Fig.6



Removing the tuner board (See Figs. 8 and 9.)

- Remove the top lens.
- Remove the bottom panel.
- Remove the top panel.
- Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- 1. Disconnect the card wire from connector CN111 on the main board.
- 2. From the rear side of the main body, remove the two screws H attaching the FM/AM antenna terminals on the tuner board.
- 3. Take out the tuner board from the bottom chassis.

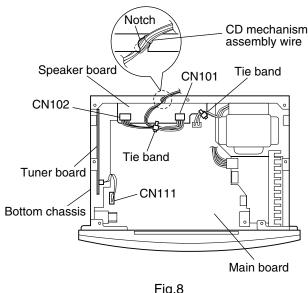


Fig.8

Removing the speaker board (See Figs. 8 and 9.)

- Remove the top lens.
- Remove the bottom panel.
- Remove the top panel.
- Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- 1. Remove the tie bands bundling the wires on the speaker board.
- 2. Disconnect the wires from connectors CN101 and CN102 on the speaker board.
- 3. From the rear side of the main body, remove the three screws J attaching the speaker/digital out terminals on the speaker board.
- 4. Take out the speaker board from the bottom chassis.

- After connecting the wires to the speaker board, bundle them using a tie band.
- Insert the CD mechanism assembly wire into the notch on the bottom chassis. (See Fig. 8.)

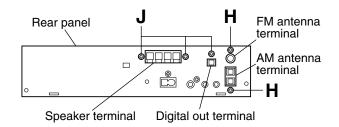


Fig.9

■ Removing the main board (See Figs. 10 and 11.)

- Remove the top lens.
- Remove the bottom panel.
- Remove the top panel.
- Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- Remove the front panel assembly.
- Remove the tuner board.
- Remove the speaker board.
- Disconnect the wire from connector CN192 on the power amplifier board.
- 2. Disengage the wire clamp bundling the wire of the power transformer.
- Disconnect the wires from connectors CN181, CN191 and CN194 on the main board.
- 4. Remove the screw **K**, which retains the main board, together with the wire holder.
- Remove the two screws L, screw L' and screw M attaching the main board.
- 6. Remove the two screws **N** attaching the main board and then remove the rear panel.
- 7. Take out the main board from the bottom chassis.

[Reference] Attaching the main board

- When attaching the screw L', attach the earth wire of the main board at the same time.
- When attaching the screw K, also attach the wire holder together with it.
- After connecting the wires to the connectors CN192 and CN193 on the power amplifier board, bundle them using wire holder.

■ Removing the power amplifier board (See Fig. 12.)

- Remove the top lens.
- Remove the bottom panel.
- Remove the top panel.
- Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- 1. Disconnect the wires from connectors CN192 and CN193 on the power amplifier board.
- 2. Remove the two screws **P** attaching the fan motor.

- It is not necessary to remove the wire from the fan motor.
- Remove the two screws Q attaching the power amplifier board.
- 4. Lift the power amplifier board, disengage the two hooks **e** from the heat sink of the main board and take out the power amplifier board.

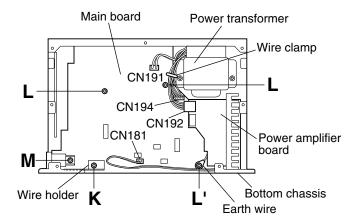


Fig.10

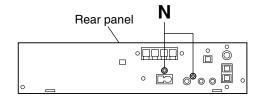


Fig.11

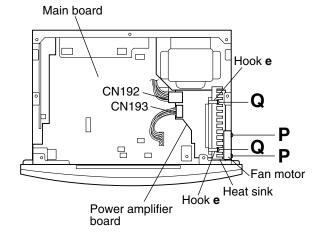


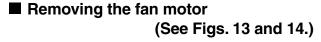
Fig.12

■ Removing the power transformer (See Fig. 13.)

- Remove the top lens.
- Remove the bottom panel.
- Remove the top panel.
- Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- 1. Disengage the wire clamp and tie band bundling the wires of the power transformer.
- 2. Disconnect the wire from connector CN192 on the power amplifier board.
- 3. Disconnect the wires from connectors CN191 and CN194 on the main board.
- 4. Remove the two screws **R** and two washers attaching the power transformer.

[Reference]

- After connecting the wires, bundling them using a wire clamp and tie band.



- Remove the top lens.
- Remove the bottom panel.
- Remove the top panel.
- Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- Remove the front panel assembly.
- 1. Disconnect the wire from connector CN181 on the main board.
- From the right side of the main body, remove the two screws P attaching the fan motor.

[Reference]

After mounting the fan motor, treat the wire from the fan motor as shown in fig. 13.

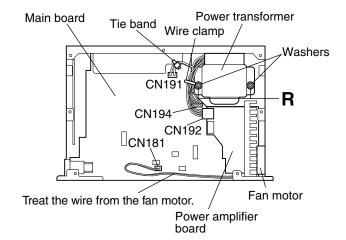


Fig.13

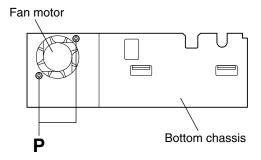


Fig.14

<Front panel assembly section>

- Remove the top lens.
- Remove the bottom panel.
- Remove the top panel.
- Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- Remove the front panel assembly.

Removing the switch board

(See Fig. 15.)

From the back side of the front panel assembly. remove the four screws S attaching the switch board.

Removing the open/close board (See Figs. 15 and 16.)

- 1. From the back side of the front panel assembly. remove the two screws T attaching the door motor assembly.
- 2. Remove the screw W attaching the open/close board of the door motor assembly.

■ Removing the door motor (See Fig. 16.)

- Remove the door motor assembly.
- 1. Remove the stop washers attaching the clutch assembly and gear 2.
- 2. Remove the clutch assembly, washer and Gear 2.
- 3. Remove the two screws X attaching the door motor.

■ Removing the front board (See Figs. 17 to 20.)

- 1. While widening section f of the front base in the direction of the arrow, remove the rod gear assembly.
- 2. Slide the moving panel assembly all the way in the direction of the arrow.
- 3. While slightly widening sections **q** toward the front, take out the moving panel assembly in the direction of the arrow.
- 4. Remove the two screws Y attaching the moving base of the moving panel assembly.
- 5. Disengage the engagement sections **h** on the inside of the moving base and at the inside of the moving panel assembly and remove the moving base.
- 6. Remove the screw Z and screw Z' attaching the front board.
- 7. Disengage the claws i of the moving panel and remove the front board.

- Before attaching the moving base, pass the card wire of the front board through the hole on the moving base. (See Fig.19.)
- ·When attaching the screw Z', attach the wire at the same time.

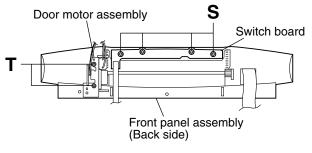


Fig.15

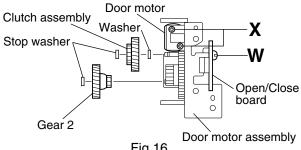


Fig.16

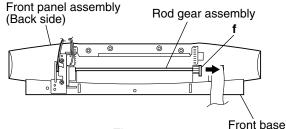


Fig.17

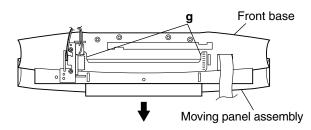


Fig.18

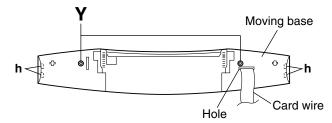
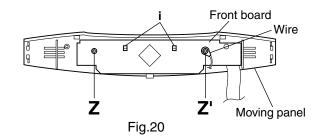


Fig.19



<CD mechanism assembly section>

■ Removing the LED board (See Fig. 1.)

From the top side of the CD mechanism assembly, disengage the claw **a** of the top chassis attaching the LED board and then remove the LED board.

■ Removing the CD mechanism assembly (See Fig. 2.)

- From the back side of the CD mechanism assembly, remove the three screws A attaching the CD mechanism assembly on the top chassis.
- 2. Raise the protector in the direction of arrow and then remove the CD mechanism assembly.

■ Removing the CD servo board (See Fig. 3.)

[Caution] - Be sure to solder the short land section b on the flexible wire before disconnecting the flexible wire from connector CN601 on the CD servo board.

If the flexible wire is disconnected without attaching solder, the pickup unit may be destroyed by static electricity.

- 1. From the back side of the CD mechanism assembly, attach solder to the short land section b of the flexible wire that is connected to the connector CN601 of the CD servo board.
- Disconnect the flexible wire from connector CN601 on the CD servo board.
- 3. Disconnect the card wires from connectors CN611 and CN612 on the CD servo board.
- Remove the two screws **B** attaching the CD servo board.
- 5. Lift the front edge of the CD servo board slightly and disengage it from the projection **c** and then from the engagement section **d**.

[Caution] • In the assembly, be sure to remove solder from the short land section b after connecting the flexible wire.

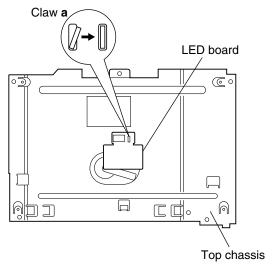


Fig.1

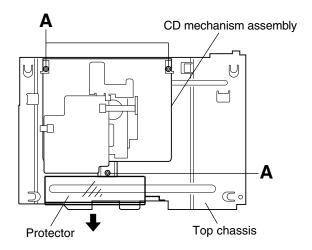


Fig.2

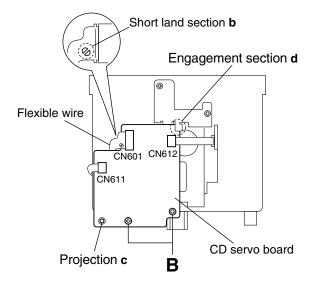


Fig.3

■ Removing the traverse mechanism assembly (See Fig. 4.)

- Remove the CD servo board.
- 1. Remove the two screws **C** attaching the CD servo board bracket.
- 2. Remove the two screws **D** attaching the traverse mechanism assembly.
- 3. Disengage the claw **e** attaching the traverse mechanism assembly and then take out the traverse mechanism assembly.

■ Removing the pickup unit (See Figs. 5 and 6.)

- Remove the CD servo board.
- Remove the traverse mechanism assembly.
- 1. From the top side of the traverse mechanism assembly, remove the two screws **E** attaching the shaft.
- 2. From the traverse mechanism assembly, disengage the section **f** of the pickup unit and then remove the pickup unit with the shaft.
- 3. Pull the shaft out of the pickup unit.
- 4. Remove the screw **F** attaching the rack plate from the pickup unit.
- 5. Remove the screw **G** attaching the P.S. spring from the pickup unit.

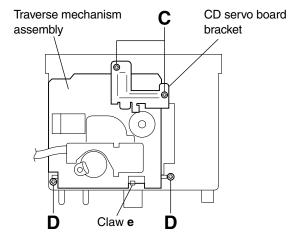


Fig.4

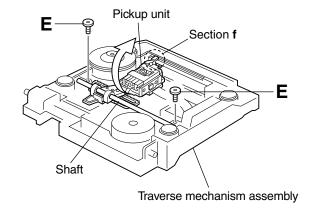


Fig.5

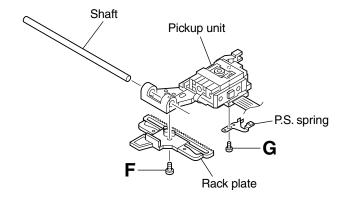


Fig.6

■ Attaching the pickup unit (See Figs. 7 and 8.)

[Reference]

Refer to the explanation of "Removing the pickup unit" on the preceding page.

- Attach the P.S. spring and rack plate to the pickup unit.
- 2. Insert the shaft into the pickup unit.
- 3. Engage the section **f** of the pickup unit with the traverse mechanism assembly first, and set the both ends of the shaft in the grooves **g** and **h**.
- 4. After making sure that the section j of the rack plate is meshed correctly with the middle gear, attach the shaft using the two screws E.

■ Removing the traverse mechanism board (See Fig. 9.)

- Remove the CD servo board.
- Remove the traverse mechanism assembly.
- From the back side of the traverse mechanism assembly, disconnect the spindle motor wires and feed motor wires that are soldered on the traverse mechanism board.
- 2. Remove the two screws **H** attaching the traverse mechanism board.

■ Removing the feed motor (See Fig. 9.)

- Remove the CD servo board.
- Remove the traverse mechanism assembly.
- 1. From the back side of the traverse mechanism assembly, disconnect the feed motor wires that are soldered on the traverse mechanism board.
- 2. Remove the two screws **J** attaching the feed motor.

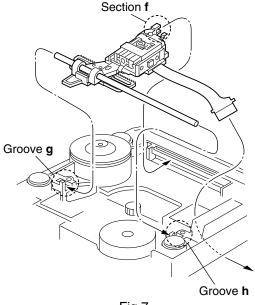


Fig.7

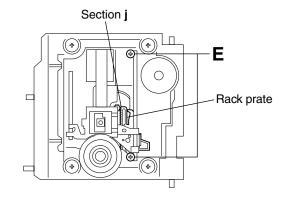


Fig.8

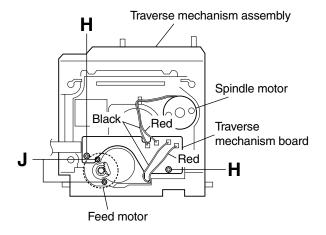


Fig.9

■ Removing the CD switch board (See Fig.10.)

- Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- 1. From the top side of the CD mechanism assembly, remove the screw **K** attaching the CD switch board.
- Lift the CD switch board slightly and then remove the wire from connector CN101 on the CD switch board.

■ Removing the loading motor assembly (See Figs.3, 10 to 12.)

- Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- From the back side of the CD mechanism assembly, disconnect the card wire from connector CN612 on the CD servo board. (See Fig.3.)
- From the top side of the CD mechanism assembly, remove the two screws L attaching the clamper base assembly.
- Disconnect the wire from connector CN101 on the switch board while lifting the clamper base assembly slightly and remove the clamper base assembly.
- 4. Remove the three screws **M** attaching the roller holder assembly and take out the roller holder assembly.
- 5. Disconnect the wires from connectors CN103 and CN104 on the loading motor assembly.
- 6. Remove the belt of the loading motor assembly.
- Remove the two screws N attaching the loading motor assembly and take out the loading motor assembly.

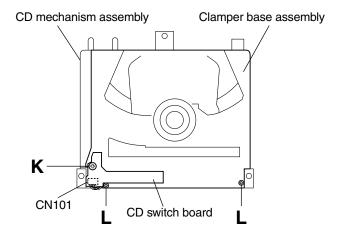
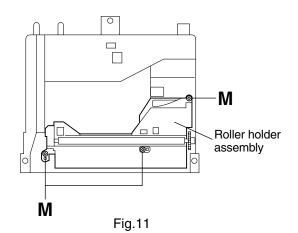


Fig.10



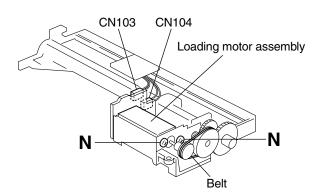


Fig.12

<Speaker section>

■ Removing the amplifier assembly (See Figs. 1 and 2.)

- From the rear side of the speaker main body, remove the eleven screws A attaching the amplifier assembly.
- 2. Remove the connectors from the speaker.

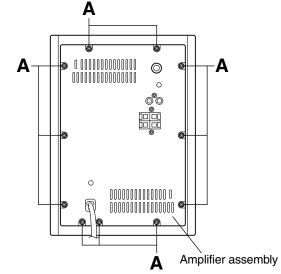
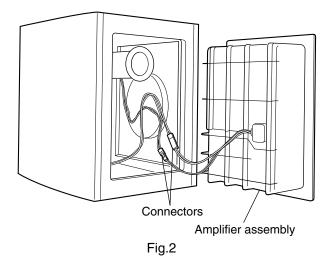


Fig.1



■ Removing the back panel (See Fig. 3.)

- Remove the amplifier assembly.
- 1. Pull out the knob and remove it.
- 2. Remove the three screws **B** attaching the back panel.

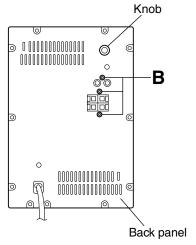


Fig.3

■ Removing the pre-amplifier board (See Fig. 4.)

- Remove the amplifier assembly.
- Remove the back panel.
- 1. Remove the two screws **C** attaching the preamplifier board from the volume bracket.
- 2. Disengage the tie band bundling the wires from the power transformer.
- 3. Disconnect the connector CN211 on the preamplifier board from the power supply board.
- 4. Disconnect the wire from connector CN251 on the pre-amplifier board.



- Remove the amplifier assembly.
- Remove the back panel.
- Remove the pre-amplifier board.
- 1. Remove the five screws **D** attaching the power supply board.
- 2. Remove the screw **E** attaching the power supply board and wire holder.
- 3. Disconnect the wires from connectors CN281 and CN291 on the power supply board.



- Remove the amplifier assembly.
- Remove the back panel.
- Remove the pre-amplifier board.
- Remove the power supply board.
- 1. Remove the three screws **F** attaching the AC bracket.
- 2. Disengage the tie band bundling the wires from the power transformer.
- 3. Disconnect the wire from connector CN299 on the switch board.

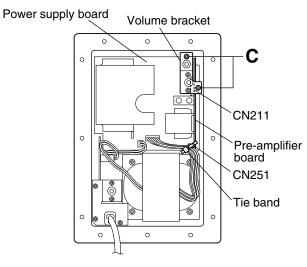


Fig.4

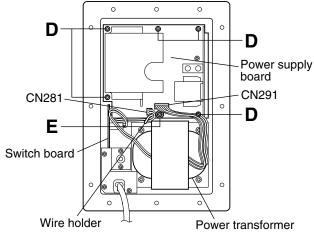


Fig.5

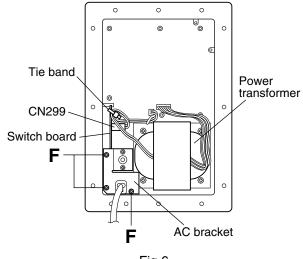


Fig.6

■ Removing the power transformer (See Figs. 7 and 8.)

- Remove the amplifier assembly.
- Remove the back panel.
- Remove the pre-amplifier board.
- Remove the power supply board.
- 1. Remove the two screws **G** attaching the cord cover.
- 2. Remove the four screws **H** and four washers attaching the power transformer.

■ Removing the LED board (See Figs. 9 and 10.)

- 1. From the top of the speaker main body, insert the tip of a flat-blade screwdriver or a similar tool into the gap between the speaker main body and the ornament window (sections a) in order to lift the ornament window little by little so that it is separated from the speaker main body. Then, remove the ornament window in the direction of the arrow.
- 2. From the back side of the ornament window, remove the two screws **J** attaching the LED board.
- Disconnect the wire from connector CN061 on the LED board.

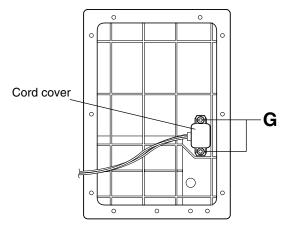


Fig.7

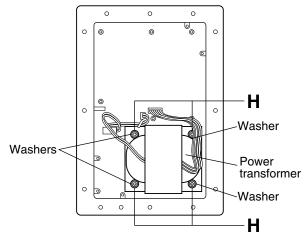


Fig.8

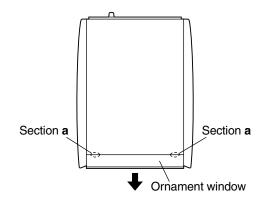


Fig.9

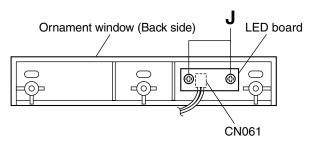
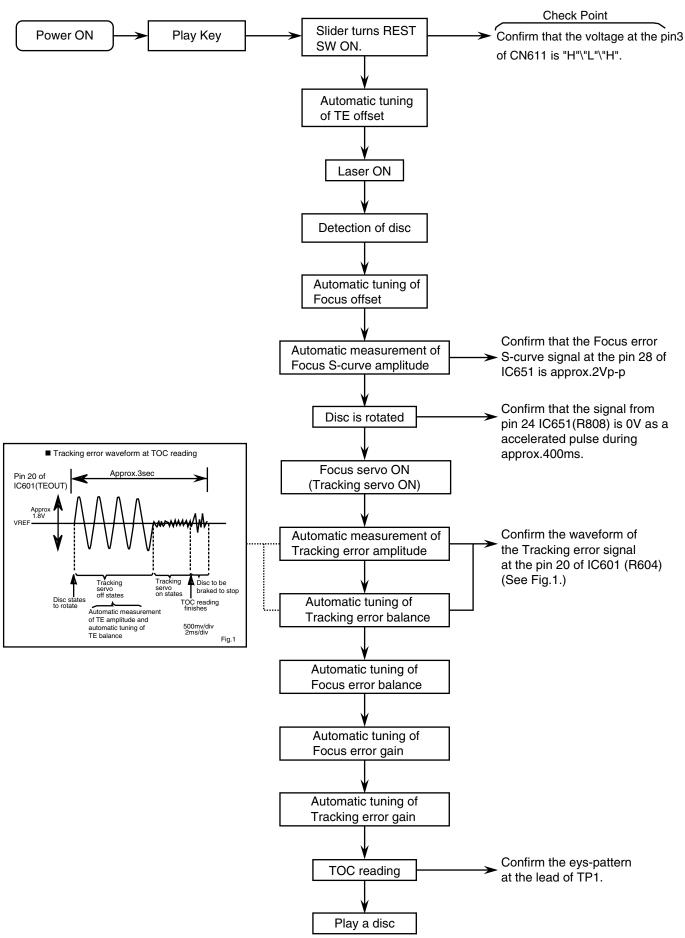


Fig.10

Flow of functional operation until TOC read

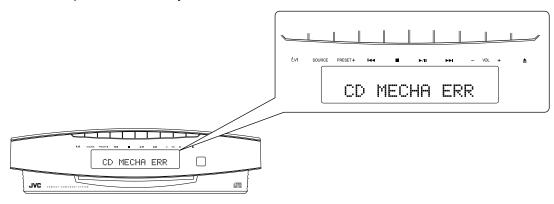


Error code

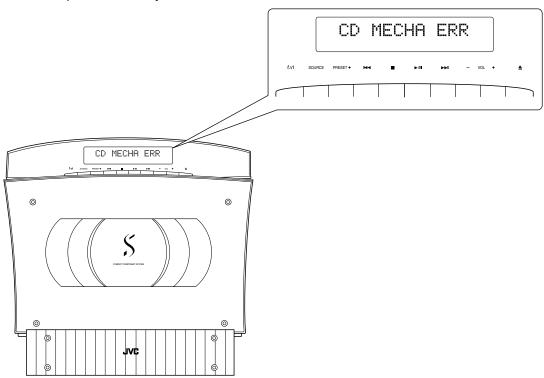
■ Error code indication

Error code is indicated on the FL display.

• This unit is placed horizontally.



• This unit is placed vertically.



■ Error code contents

FL indication	Phenomenon
CD INIT ERR.	Mechanism initialize error
CD EJECT ERR	Eject error / DISC abnormal equipment
CD MECHA ERR	Chucking switch error
CD LOAD ERR.	Load error

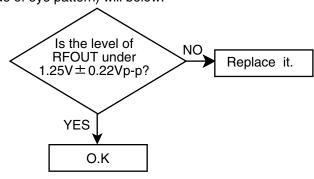
Maintenance of laser pickup

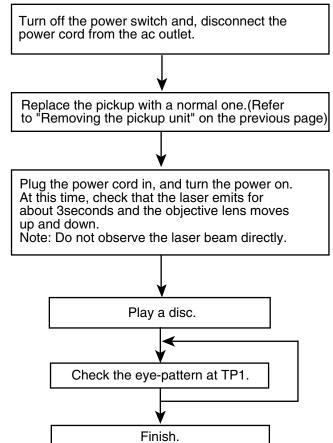
Replacement of laser pickup

- Cleaning the pick up lens
 Before you replace the pick up, please try to clean the lens with a alcohol soaked cotton swab.
- (2) Life of the laser diode

 When the life of the laser diode has expired,
 the following symptoms will appear.

The level of RF output (EFM output : amplitude of eye pattern) will below.





(3) Semi-fixed resistor on the APC PC board

The semi-fixed resistor on the APC printed circuit board which is attached to the pickup is used to adjust the laser power. Since this adjustment should be performed to match the characteristics of the whole optical block, do not touch the semi-fixed resistor.

If the laser power is lower than the specified value, the laser diode is almost worn out, and the laser pickup should be replaced.

If the semi-fixed resistor is adjusted while the pickup is functioning normally, the laser pickup may be damaged due to excessive current.

Description of major ICs

■ MN101C35DKB (IC811) : FL driver microcomputer

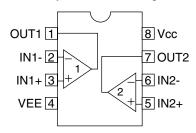
1. Terminal layout

2. Pin function

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	NC	-	Not connect
2	FLDATA		FL driver communication data input/output
3	FLCLK	1/0	FL driver communication data input/output
4	NC	-	Not connect
5	FLCS		FL driver communication chip select input
6,7	NC		Not connect
8	B5V		VDD(B5V)
9	OSC2	0	8MHz main clock output
10	OSC1	ī	8MHz main clock output
11,12	GND	<u> </u>	Ground
13	NC	_	Not connect
14~23		_	Ground
24	VREF	_	Reference voltage
25	NC	_	Not connect
26	FLRST	ı	FL reset input
27~30		-	Not connect
31	REMCON HO	0	Switching signal for receiver part of remote controller
32	NCV70	-	Not connect
33~38		_	Ground
39,40	NCV70	_	Not connect
41	KEYLEDH	_	Not use
42	KEYLEDV	_	Not use
43	KEYDIMMER	-	Not use
44~46		-	Not connect
47	G1	-	Not connect
48~60	G2~G14	0	Grid signal outputs
61	G15	-	Not connect
62~64		-	Not connect
65~99	S1~ S35	0	Segment signal outputs
100	-VPP	-	VPP

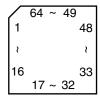
■ BA15218F (IC102) : Dual operational amplifier

1. Terminal layout & Block diagram



■ MN101C30AKJ1 (IC701) : System control microcomputer

1. Terminal layout



Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	
1	THERM	ı	Temperature detection, ON/OFF control of FAN_SW signal(pin 57)	
2	KEY1	ı	Key switch input of the main body	
3	KEY2	I	Key switch input of the main body	
4	VERSION	ı	Switching signal for destination	
5	GND	-	Ground	
6	VREF+	-	Reference voltage for A/D converter (Connect to VDD.)	
7	VDD	-	Power supply for microcomputer	
8	OSC2	0	8MHz main clock output	
9	OSC1	ı	8MHz main clock input	
10	VSS	-	Ground for microcomputer	
11	ΧI	ı	32.768kHz sub clock input	
12	XO	0	32.768kHz sub clock output	
13	GND	-	Ground	
14	CDTX	0	CD(FMU-F1) communication	
15	CDRX	ı	CD(FMU-F1) communication	
16	FLRST	0	FL reset output	
17	FLDATA	I/O	FL driver communication data input/output	
18	FLCS	0	FL driver communication chip select output	
19	FLCLK	0	FL driver communication clock output	
20	STBLEDH	0	Standby LED for horizontal establishment (POWER_OFF/ON=H)	
21	RST	ı	Microcomputer reset input	
22	STBLEDV	0	Standby LED for vertical establishment (POWER_OFF/ON=H)	
23	FTU	0	Power supply for tuner	
24	TUDATA	I/O	PLL input/output data (Connect to tuner.)	
25	TUST	0	PLL strobe output (Connect to tuner.)	
26	TUCK	0	PLL clock output (Connect to tuner.)	
27	MPX	ı	Stereo detection (Connect to tuner.), STEREO=L	
28	RDSCK	-	Not use	
29	RDSI	-	Not use	
30	REM	I	Remote controller input	
31	GND	-	Ground	
32	SMUTE	0	Mute signal, MUTE=L	
33	AHB	0	Bass boost, ON=L, POWER_OFF=L	
34	VOLDI	0	Data output (Connect to VOLUME_IC.)	
35	VOLCE	0	Enable output (Connect to VOLUME_IC.)	
36	VOLCL	0	Clock output (Connect to VOLUME_IC.)	
37	LOMUTE	0	Line out mute signal, MUTE=L	
38	TREMCONT	I	Remote controller effective signal for horizontal establishment, L : effective state	
39		-	Connect to ground	
40	H-V		Detecting signal for horizontal or vertical establishment	

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
41		-	Connect to ground
42		-	Connect to ground
43		-	Connect to ground
44	CDRSI	0	CD reset output (Connect to FMU-F1.)
45		-	Connect to ground
46	BLCTL	-	Not connect
47	PSAVE	0	Power save mode ON/OFF signal, SAVE=H
48	FCD	-	CD power supply ON/OFF, not use
49	POUT	0	Main power supply ON/OFF
50	TOPLED1	0	LED color control (Software PWN output)
51	TOPLED2	0	LED color control (Software PWN output)
52	STBDIM	ı	Dimmer control for STBYLED_H/V
53	DOOR1	ı	Moving panel position detecting signal, CLOSE=L
54	DOOR2	ı	Moving panel position detecting signal, OPEN=L
55	+BCTL	0	Unnecessary power supply cut-off signal for outage, Outage=H
56	BUP	ı	Outage detecting signal (Backup mode)
57	FANSW	0	Fan motor ON/OFF signal
58	MT0	0	Panel open (Motor driver)
50	MT1	0	Panel close (Motor driver)
60	MTS	0	Panel action speed (Not use)
61	VREF-	-	Reference voltage for A/D converter (Connect to VSS.)
62	LOCK	ı	Detection signal for panel action load
63	SAFETYCD	1	Detecting signal for CD abnormal voltage
64	SAFETY	I	Detecting signal for abnormal voltage

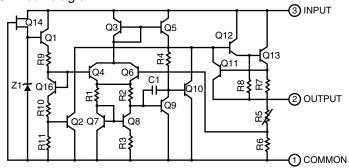
■ KIA78S06P (IC702) : Regulator

1. Terminal layout



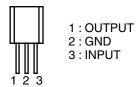
Pin No.	Function
1	Output
2	Common
3	Input

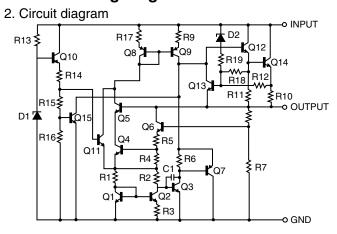
3. Block diagram



■ UPC78L05J (IC191, IC261) : Three terminal voltage regulator

1. Terminal layout





■ MN662790RSC (IC651) : Digital servo & Digital signal prossesor

1. Terminal layout

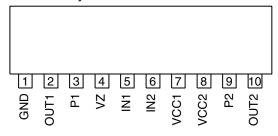


Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	
1	BCLK	0	Bit clock output for SRDATA	
2	LRCK	0	LR signal separation output	
3	SRDATA	0	Serial data output	
4	DVDD1	-	Power supply for digital circuit	
5	DVSS1	-	GND for digital circuit	
6	TX	0	Digital audio ineterface output	
7	MCLK	-	Micro computer command clock signal input	
8	MDATA	I	Micro computer command data input	
9	MLD	1	Micro computer command load signal input (L:Load)	
10	SENSE	-	Not use	
11	FLOCK	-	Not use	
12	TLOCK	-	Not use	
13	BLKCK	0	Sub code block signal output	
14	SQCK	ı	External clock input for sub code Q register input	
15	SUBQ	0	Sub code Qdata output	
16	/DMUTE	ı	Muting input (H:Mute)	
17	STAT	0	Status signal input	
18	DSP_RST	ı	Reset signal input (L:Reset)	
19	SMCK	-	Not use	
20	CSEL	I	Connect to DVDD1 (H fix)	
21	TEST2	-	Not use	
22	TVD	0	Traverse drive output	
23	PC	-	Not use	
24	ECM	0	Spindle motor drive signal (Enforced mode output)	
25	ECS	0	Spindle motor drive signal (Servo error signal output)	
26	VDETMON	-	Not use	
27	TRD	0	Tracking drive output	
28	FOD	0	Focus drive output	
29	VREF	ı	Reference voltage for D/A output block	
30	FBAL	0	Focus balance adjust signal output	
31	TBAL	0	Tracking balance adjust signal output	
32	FE	ı	Focus error signal input (Analog input)	
33	TE		Tracking error signal input (Analog input)	
34	RF ENV	ı	RF envelope signal input (analog input)	
35	TEST3	ı	Connect to GND	
36	OFT	I	Off track signal input (H:Off track)	
37	TRCRS	ı	Track crosssignal input	
38	/RFDET	ı	RF detect signal input (L:Detect)	
39	BDO	ı	Drop out signal input (H:Drop out)	
40	LDON	-	Not use	

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
41	PLLF2	-	Not use
42	DSLBDA	-	Not use
43	WVEL	-	Not use
44	ARF	ı	RF signal input
45	IREF	ı	Referrence current input
46	DRF	ı	Bias pin for DSL
47	DSLF	I/O	Loop filter pin for DSL
48	PLLF	I/O	Loop filter pin for PLL
49	VCOF	I/O	Loop filter pin for VCO
50	AVDD2	-	Power supply for analog circuit
51	AVSS2	-	GND for analog circuit
52	EFM	-	Not use
53	DSLB	0	DSL balance output
54	VCOF2	I/O	Loop filter pin for Digtal servo VCO
55	SUBC	-	Not use
56	SBCK	-	Not use
57	VSS	-	GND for crystal oscillation circuit
58	X1	ı	Input for crystal oscillation circuit (f=16.9344MHz)
59	X2	0	Output for crystal oscillation circuit (f=16.9344MHz)
60	VDD	-	Power supply for crystal oscillation circuit
61	BYTCK	-	Not use
62	LD	0	Laser ON signal output (H : ON)
63	GAIN	0	Gain control output (H : CD-RW)
64	IPFLAG	-	Not use
65	FLAG	0	Flag signal output
66	CLVS	-	Not use
67	CRC	-	Not use
68	DEMPH	-	Not use
69	RESY	-	Not use
70	IOSEL	ı	Mode select pin , Connect to DVDD1 (H fix)
71	/TEST	ı	Test pin ,Connect to DVDD1 (H fix)
72	AVDD1	-	Power supply for analog circuit
73	OUTL	0	L-channel audio output
74	AVSS1	-	GND for analog circuit
75	OUTR	0	R-channel audio output
76	DQSY	-	Not use
77	Vcc5V	-	Connect to power supply
78	PSEL	ı	IOSEL=H , Test pin , Connect to GND (L fix)
79	MSEL	ı	IOSEL=H , SMCK output , Frequency select pin
80	SSEL	ı	IOSEL=H, SMCK output, SUBQ output mode select pin

■ LB1641 (IC108) : DC motor driver

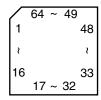
1. Terminal layout



In	Input		tput	Mada
IN1	IN2	OUT1	OUT2	Mode
0	0	0	0	Brake
1	0	1	0	Clockwise
0	1	0	1	Counterclockwise
1	1	0	0	Brake

■ UPD780024AGKB62 (IC251) : Unit microcomputer

1. Terminal layout

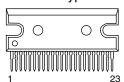


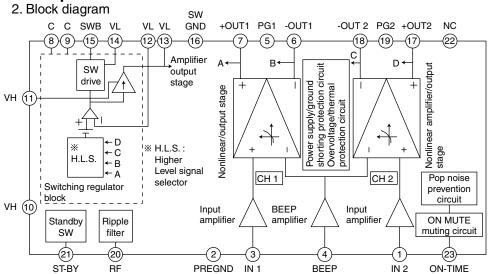
Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function		
1	P50/A8	-	Connect to ground		
2	P59/A9	-	Not use		
3	MCS	0	Synchronous/asynchronous output		
4	MRDY	Ι	Ready signal input		
5	CDINDEX	-	Not use		
6	CDEMP	-	Not use		
7	CDTNO	-	Not use		
8	CDCOPY	-	Not use		
9	VSSO	-	Ground terminal		
10	VDDO	-	Power supply terminal		
11	P30	-	Not use		
12	P31	-	Not use		
13	P32	-	Not use		
14	/DRMUTE	0	Mute signal output		
15	SUBQ	ı	Sub code Q data input		
16	P35/SO31	-	Not use		
17	SQCK	0	Clock output for sub code Q register		
18	KCMND	ı	Command signal input		
19	MSTAT	0	CD control status output		
20	KCLK	ı	CD control command clock input		
21	RXDO	ı	Command input		
22	TXDO	0	Status output		
23	P25/SCKO	-	Connect to ground		
24	VDD1	-	Power supply terminal		
25	AVSS	-	Ground terminal		
26	VDTLV	I	Sensitivity adjustment for vibrating detection		
27	P16/ANI6	-	Not use		
28	PCHK	1	Voltage monitor (for safety)		
29	P14/ANI4	-	Connect to ground		
30	P13/ANI3	-	Connect to ground		
31	P12/ANI2	-	Connect to ground		
32	/REST		Rest switch input		
33	SW1		Mechanism switch (Photo sensor)		
34	AVREF	-	Reference voltage for analog circuit		
35	AVDD	-	Power supply terminal for analog circuit		
36	/RESET		CD control reset input		
37	XT2	-	Not use		
38	XT1	-	Connect to power supply		
39	IC	-	Connect to ground		
40	X2	-	Connect to external crystal oscillator		

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
41	X1	-	Connect to external crystal oscillator
42	VSS1	-	Ground terminal
43	FLAG	ı	Flag signal input
44	BLKCK	ı	Sub code block clock signal input
45	/RFDET	ı	RF signal amplitude detecting signal input
46	EQx2	ı	Equalizer select signal input
47	EQx4	ı	Equalizer select signal input
48	P71/TIO1	-	Not use
49	FWD	0	Loading (EJECT) output
50	REW	0	Loading (LOAD) output
51	IREFx4	0	Switching signal for IREF current (4x mode : L)
52	P75/BUZ	-	Not use
53	/RESET	0	Reset signal output (L: reset)
54	STAT	ı	Status signal input
55	/DMUTE	0	Muting output
56	/P.ON	0	Power ON/OFF switching signal output
57	MLD	0	Microcomputer command load signal output
58	MDATA	0	Microcomputer command data output
59	MCLK	0	Microcomputer command clock signal output
60	P43/AD3	-	Not use
61	P44/AD4	-	Not use
62	P45/AD5	-	Not use
63	/SW2	I	Mechanism switch (Loading switch)
64	/SW3	ı	Mechanism switch (Chucking completion)

■ LA4905 (IC301) : 2ch BTL power IC

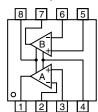






■ NJM4580D-D (IC101,IC211,IC212,IC213): Dual operational amplifier

1. Terminal layout & Block diagram

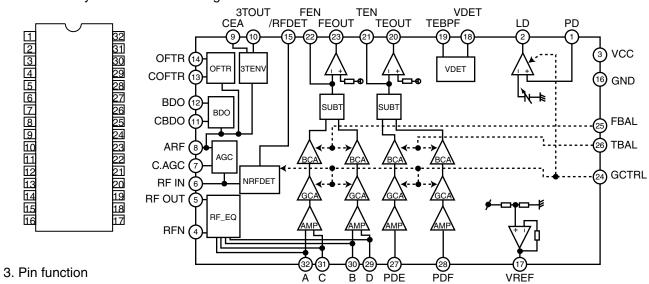


- 1. A OUTPUT
- 2. A -INPUT
- 3. A +INPUT
- 4. V
- 5.B +INPUT
- 6. B -INPUT
- 7. B OUTPUT
- 8. V+

■ AN22000A (IC601) : RF & Servo amplifier

1. Terminal layout

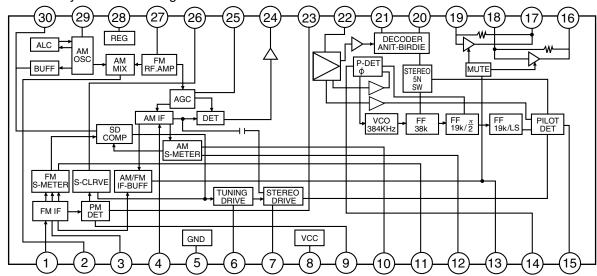
2. Block diagram



Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	PD	APC Amp. Input terminal
2	LD	APC Amp.Output terminal
3	VCC	Power supply terminal
4	RFN	RF addition Amp.Reversing input terminal
5	RF OUT	RF addition Amp.Output terminal
6	RF IN	AGC input terminal
7	C.AGC	Terminal of connection of capacity of AGC loop filter.
8	ARF	AGC output terminal
9	CEA	Capacity connection terminal for HPF-Amp.
10	3TOUT	3TENV output terminal
11	CBDO	Capacity connection terminal for RF shade side envelope detection
12	BDO	BDO output terminal
13	COFTR	Capacity connection terminal for RF discernment side envelope detection
14	OFTR	OFTR output terminal
15	/RFDET	RFDET output terminal (Negative logic)
16	GND	Earth terminal
17	VREF	VREF output terminal (Not use)
18	VDET	VDET output terminal (Not use)
19	TEBPF	VDET input terminal
20	TEOUT	TE Amp. output terminal
21	TEN	TE Amp. reversing input terminal
22	FEN	FE Amp. reversing input terminal
23	FEOUT	FE Amp. output terminal
24	GCTRL	Terminal GCTL & APC
25	FBAL	FBAL control terminal
26	TBAL	TBAL control terminal
27	PDE	Tracking signal input terminal 1
28	PDF	Tracking signal input terminal 2
29	D	Focus signal input terminal 4
30	В	Focus signal input terminal 2
31	С	Focus signal input terminal 3
32	Α	Focus signal input terminal 1

■ LA1838 (IC1): FM AM IF amplifier & Detector, FM MPX Decoder

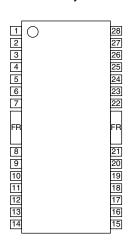
1. Terminal layout & Block diagram

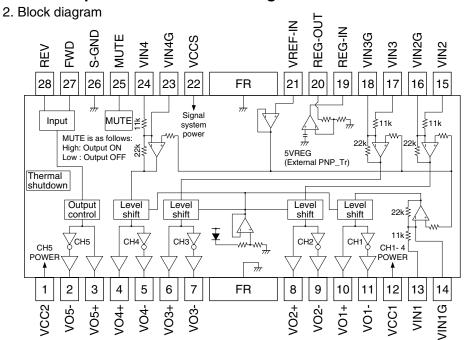


Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	FM IN	1	This is an input terminal of FM IF signal.
2	AM MIX	0	This is an out put terminal for AM mixer.
3	FM IF	ı	Bypass of FM IF
4	AM IF	ī	Input of AM IF Signal.
5	GND	-	This is the device ground terminal.
6	TUNED	0	When the set is tunning,this terminal becomes "L".
7	STEREO	0	Stereo indicator output. Stereo "L", Mono: "H"
8	VCC	-	This is the power supply terminal.
9	FM DET	-	FM detect transformer.
10	AM SD	-	This is a terminal of AM ceramic filter.
11	FM VSM	0	Adjust FM SD sensitivity.
12	AM VSM	0	Adjust AM SD sensitivity.
13	MUTE/IFOUT	I/O	When the signal of IF REQ of IC121(LC72131) appear, the signal of FM/AM IF output.
			Muting control input.
14	FM/AM	1	Change over the FM/AM input. "H" :FM, "L" : AM
15	MONO/ST	0	Stereo : "H", Mono: "L"
16	LOUT	0	Left channel signal output.
17	ROUT	0	Right channel signal output.
18	LIN	ı	Input terminal of the Left channel post AMP.
19	RIN	ı	Input terminal of the Right channel post AMP.
20	RO	0	Mpx Right channel signal output.
21	LO	0	Mpx Left channel signal output.
22	MPX IN	ı	Mpx input terminal
23	FM OUT	0	FM detection output.
24	AM DET	0	AM detection output.
25	AM AGC	1	This is an AGC voltage input terminal for AM.
26	AFC	-	This is an output terminal of voltage for FM-AFC.
27	AM RF	1	AM RF signal input.
28	REG	0	Register value between pin 26 and pin28 besides the frequency width of the input signal.
29	AM OSC	-	This is a terminal of AM Local oscillation circuit.
30	OSC BUFFER	0	AM Local oscillation Signal output.

■ LA6575H (IC801): Focus & Spindle & Feed & Tracking BTL driver

1. Terminal layout



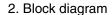


3. Pin function

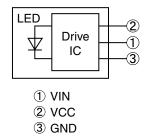
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	VCC2	Power supply for CH3/CH4/CH5	15	VIN2	Not use
2	VO5-	Loading output (-)	16	VIN2G	Spindle drive input
3	VO5+	Loading output (+)	17	VIN3	Not use
4	VO4+	Tracking output (+)	18	VIN3G	Focus drive input
5	VO4-	Tracking output (-)	19	REG-IN	Connect to power supply
6	VO3+	Focus output (+)	20	REG-OUT	Not use
7	VO3-	Focus output (-)	21	VREF-IN	Reference voltage input terminal
8	VO2+	Spindle output (+)	22	VCCS	Signal system power
9	VO2-	Spindle output (-)	23	VIN4G	Tracking drive input
10	VO1+	Traverse output (+)	24	VIN4	Not use
11	VO1-	Traverse output (-)	25	MUTE	Mute for CH1/CH2/CH3/CH4
12	VCC1	Power supply for CH1/CH2	26	S-GND	Signal system ground
13	VIN1	Not use	27	FWD	Loading input (EJECT)
14	VIN1G	Traverse drive input	28	REW	Loading input (LOAD)

■ GP1FA550TZ (J3601) : Fiber optic transmitter/Receiver

1. Terminal layout



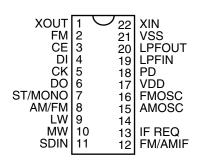


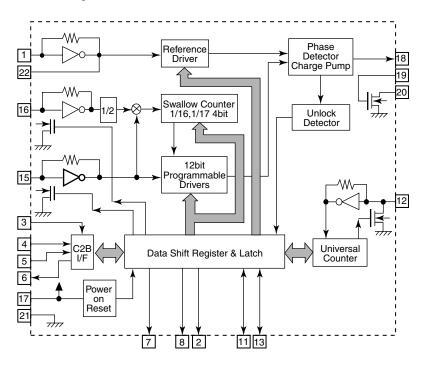


■ LC72136N (IC2): PLL frequency synthesizer

1. Terminal layout

2. Block diagram



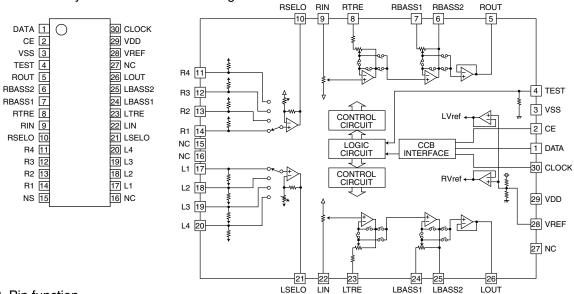


Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	
1	XOUT	I	X'tal oscillator connect (75kHz)	
2	FM	0	LOW:FM mode	
3	CE	I	Chip enable, When data output/input for 4pin(input) and 6pin(output): H	
4	DI	ı	Input for receive the serial data from controller	
5	CK	1	Sync signal input use	
6	DO	0	Data output for Controller, Output port	
7	ST/MONO	0	"Low": MW mode	
8	AM/FM	0	Open state after the power on reset	
9	LW	I/O	Input/output port	
10	MW	I/O	Input/output port	
11	SDIN	I/O	Data input/output	
12	FM/AM IF	Ι	IF counter signal input	
13	IF REQ	0	IF signal output	
14		-	Not use	
15	AMOSC	ı	AM Local OSC signal output	
16	FMOSC	ı	FM Local OSC signal input	
17	VDD	-	Power supply(VDD=4.5-5.5V), When power ON:Reset circuit move	
18	PD	0	PLL charge pump output(H: Local OSC frequency Height than Reference	
			frequency. L: Low Agreement: Height impedance)	
19	LPFIN	1	Input for active low pass filter of PLL	
20	LPFOUT	0	Output for active low pass filter of PLL	
21	VSS	-	Connected to GND	
22	XIN		X'tal oscillator connect (75KHz)	

■ LC75342M (IC501): E. volume

1. Terminal layout

2. Block diagram



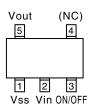
3. Pin function

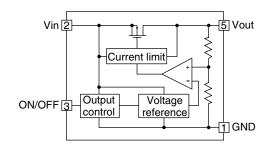
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	DATA	Serial data and clock input for IC	17	L1	Input signal connections
		control	18	L2	Input signal connections, not use
2	CE	Chip enable	19	L3	Input signal connections
3	VSS	Connect to GND	20	L4	Input signal connections
4	TEST	Electric volume connection for test	21	LSELO	Input selector output
5	ROUT	Volume control and equalizer input	22	LIN	Volume control and equalizer input
6	RBASS2	Connection for resistor and capacitor	23	LTRE	Connection for capacitor that from
7	RBASS1	that from the bass band filter			the treble band filter
8	RTRE	Connection for capacitor that from	24	LBASS1	Connection for resistor and capacitor
		the treble band filter	25	LBASS2	that from the bass band filter
9	RIN	Volume control and equalizer input	26	LOUT	Volume control and equalizer input
10	RSELO	Input selector output	27	NC	Not use
11	R4	Input signal connections	28	VREF	Connection to the 0.5X VDD voltage
12	R3	Input signal connections			generator circuit used as the analog
13	R2	Input signal connections, not use			signal ground
14	R1	Input signal connections	29	VDD	Power supply
15	NC	Not use	30	CLOCK	Serial data and clock input for IC
16	NC	Not use			control

■ XC62HR3502P (IC291) : Regulator

1. Terminal layout

2. Block diagram

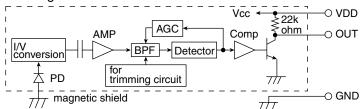




Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	VSS	GND
2	Vin	Power supply input
3	ON/OFF	ON/OFF control
4	(NC)	Not use
5	Vout	Regulator output

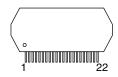
■ RPM6938-SV4 (IC801,IC812) : Remote control receiver

1. Block diagram

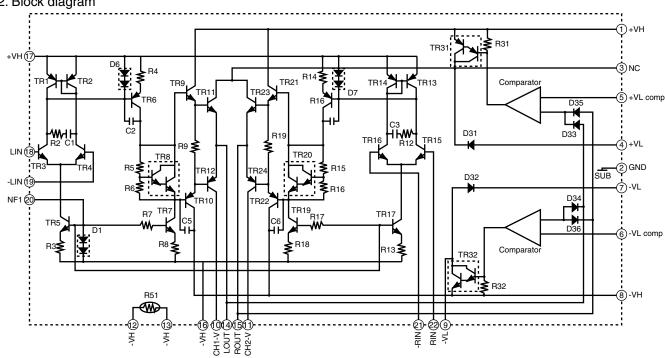


■ STK411-290E (IC221) : Power amplifier

1. Terminal layout

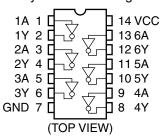


2. Block diagram



■TC74HCU04AP (IC251) : Inverter

1. Terminal layout & Block diagram



2. Truth table

INPUT A	INPUT Y
L	Н
Н	L



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