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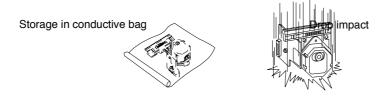
SECTION 1. GENERAL

SERVICING PRECAUTIONS

[NOTES REGARDING HANDLING OF THE PICK-UP]

• Notes for transport and storage

- 1) The pick-up should always be left in its conductive bag until immediately prior to use.
- 2) The pick-up should never be subjected to external pressure or impact.



Repair notes

- 1) The pick-up incorporates a strong magnet, and so should never be brought close to magnetic materials.
- 2) The pick-up should always be handled correctly and carefully, taking care to avoid external pressure and impact. If it is subjected to strong pressure or impact, the result may be an operational malfunction and/or damage to the printed-circuit board.
- 3) Each and every pick-up is already individually adjusted to a high degree of precision, and for that reason the adjustment point and installation screws should absolutely never be touched.
- 4) Laser beams may damage the eyes!

 Absolutely never permit laser beams to enter the eyes!

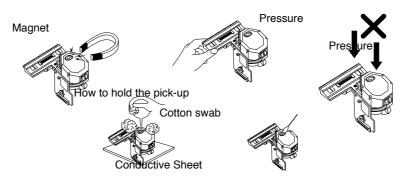


NEVER look directly at the laser beam, and don't let contact fingers or other exposed skin.

Also NEVER switch ON the power to the laser output part (lens, etc.) of the pick-up if it is damaged.

5) Cleaning the lens surface

If there is dust on the lens surface, the dust should be cleaned away by using an air bush (such as used for camera lens). The lens is held by a delicate spring. When cleaning the lens surface, therefore, a



cotton swab should be used, taking care not to distort this.

6) Never attempt to disassemble the pick-up.

Spring by excess pressure. If the lens is extremely dirty, apply isopropyl alcohol to the cotton swab. (Do

[NOTES REGARDING COMPACT DISC PLAYER REPAIRS]

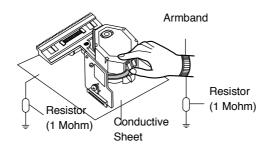
O Preparations

- 1) Compact disc players incorporate a great many ICs as well as the pick-up (laser diode). These components are sensitive to, and easily affected by, static electricity. If such static electricity is high voltage, components can be damaged, and for that reason components should be handled with care.
- 2) The pick-up is composed of many optical components and other high-precision components. Care must be taken, therefore, to avoid repair or storage where the temperature of humidity is high, where strong magnetism is present, or where there is excessive dust.

Notes for repair

- 1) Before replacing a component part, first disconnect the power supply lead wire from the unit
- 2) All equipment, measuring instruments and tools must be grounded.
- 3) The workbench should be covered with a conductive sheet and grounded.

 When removing the laser pick-up from its conductive bag, do not place the pick-up on the bag. (This is because there is the possibility of damage by static electricity.)
- 4) To prevent AC leakage, the metal part of the soldering iron should be grounded.
- 5) Workers should be grounded by an armband $(1M\Omega)$
- 6) Care should be taken not to permit the laser pick-up to come in contact with clothing, in order to prevent static electricity changes in the clothing to escape from the armband.
- 7) The laser beam from the pick-up should NEVER be directly facing the eyes or bare skin.



CLEARING MALFUNCTION

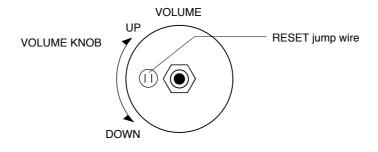
You can reset your unit to initial status if malfunction occur(button malfunction, display, etc.).

Using a pointed good conductor(such as driver), simply short the RESET jump wire on the inside of the volume knob for more than 3 seconds.

If you reset your unit, you must reenter all its settings(stations, clock, timer)

NOTE: 1. To operate the RESET jump wire, pull the volume rotary knob and release it.

2. If you wish to operate the RESET jump wire, it is necessary to unplug the power cord.



■ ESD PRECAUTIONS

Electrostatically Sensitive Devices (ESD)

Some semiconductor (solid state) devices can be damaged easily by static electricity. Such components commonly are called Electrostatically Sensitive Devices (ESD). Examples of typical ESD devices are integrated circuits and some field-effect transistors and semiconductor chip components. The following techniques should be used to help reduce the incidence of component damage caused by static electricity.

- 1. Immediately before handling any semiconductor component or semiconductor-equipped assembly, drain off any electrostatic charge on your body by touching a known earth ground. Alternatively, obtain and wear a commercially available discharging wrist strap device, which should be removed for potential shock reasons prior to applying power to the unit under test.
- 2. After removing an electrical assembly equipped with ESD devices, place the assembly on a conductive surface such as aluminum foil, to prevent electrostatic charge buildup or exposure of the assembly.
- 3. Use only a grounded-tip soldering iron to solder or unsolder ESD devices.
- 4. Use only an anti-static solder removal device. Some solder removal devices not classified as "anti-static" can generate electrical charges sufficient to damage ESD devices.
- Do not use freon-propelled chemicals. These can generate electrical charges sufficient to damage ESD devices.
- 6. Do not remove a replacement ESD device from its protective package until immediately before you are ready to install it. (Most replacement ESD devices are packaged with leads electrically shorted together by conductive foam, aluminum foil or comparable conductive materials).
- 7. Immediately before removing the protective material from the leads of a replacement ESD device, touch the protective material to the chassis or circuit assembly into which the device will by installed.

CAUTION: BE SURE NO POWER IS APPLIED TO THE CHASSIS OR CIRCUIT, AND OBSERVE ALL OTHER SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.

8. Minimize bodily motions when handing unpackaged replacement ESD devices. (Otherwise harmless motion such as the brushing together of your clothes fabric or the lifting of your foot from a carpeted floor can generate static electricity sufficient to damage an ESD device).

[CAUTION. GRAPHIC SYMBOLS]



THE LIGHTNING FLASH WITH APROWHEAD SYMBOL. WITHIN AN EQUILATERAL TRIANGLE, IS INTENDED TO ALERT THE SERVICE PERSONNEL TO THE PRESENCE OF UNINSULATED "DANGEROUS VOLTAGE" THAT MAY BE OF SUFFICIENT MAGNITUDE TO CONSTITUTE A RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK.



THE EXCLAMATION POINT WITHIN AN EQUILATERAL TRIANGLE IS INTENDED TO ALERT THE SERVICE PERSONNEL TO THE PRESENCE OF IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION IN SERVICE LITERATURE.

SECTION 2. ELECTRICAL SECTION

ADJUSTMENTS

This set has been aligned at the factory and normally will not require further adjustment. As a result, it is not recommended that any attempt is made to modificate any circuit. If any parts are replaced or if anyone tampers with the adjustment, realignment may be necessary.

IMPORTANT

- 1. Check Power-source voltage.
- 2. Set the function switch to band being aligned.
- 3. Turn volume control to minimum unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Connect low side of signal source and output indicator to chassis ground unless otherwise specified.
- 5. Keep the signal input as low as possible to avoid AGC and AC action.

TAPE DECK ADJUSTMENT

1. AZIMUTH ADJUSTMENT

Deck Mode	Test Tape	Test Tape	Adjustment	Adjust for
Palyback	MTT-114	Speaker Out	DECK Screw Azimuth Screw	Maximum

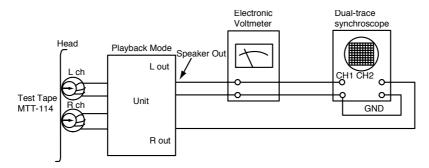


Figure 1. Azimuth Adjustment Connection Diagram

2. MOTOR SPEED ADJUSTMENT

Deck Mode	Test Tape	Test Tape	Adjustment	Adjust for
Rec/Pause	MTT-5511	ERASE HEAD WIRE(PN201)	L201	60kHz±5kHz (Auto stop) 85kHz±5kHz(Auto Reverse)

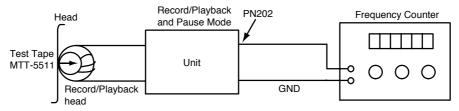


Figure 2. Motor Speed Adjustment Connection Diagram

3. TUNER ADJUSTMENT

(FM)

Item	Test Point	Adjustment	Adjust for
DC Voltage	Check Point TP1, TP2	L101	0V±50mV

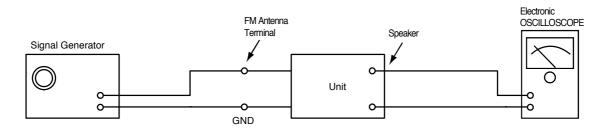
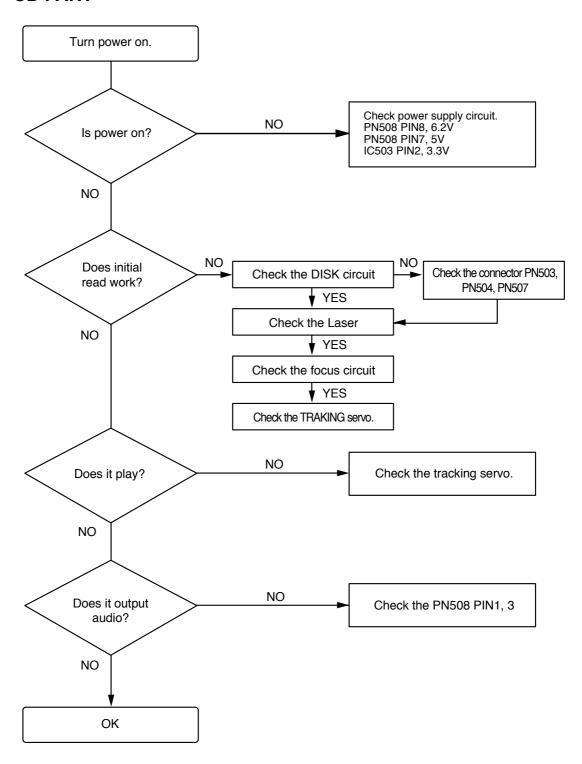


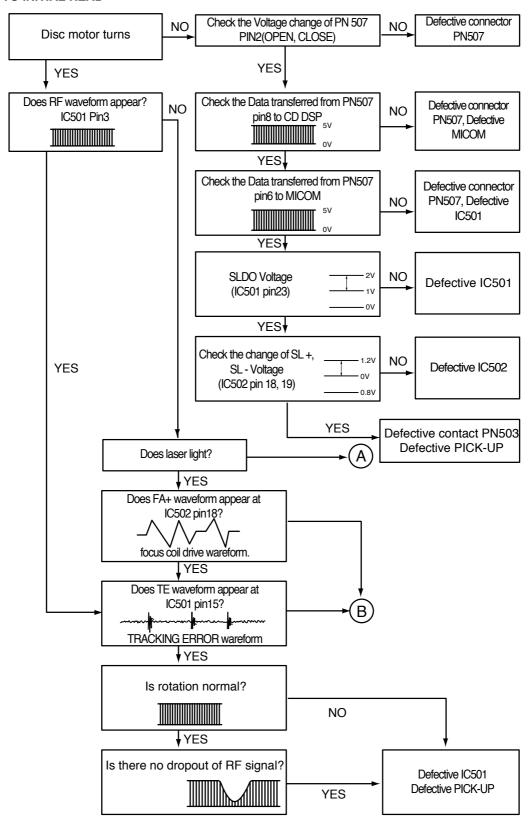
Figure 3. Tuner(S curve) Adjustment Connection Diagram

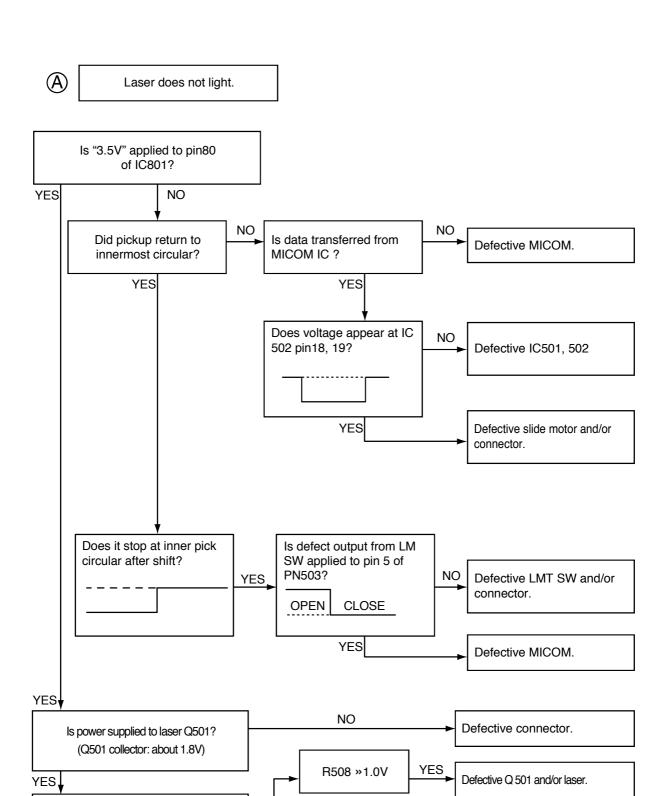
■ TROUBLESHOOTING

· CD PART



FAILS TO INITIAL READ





R508 «1.0V

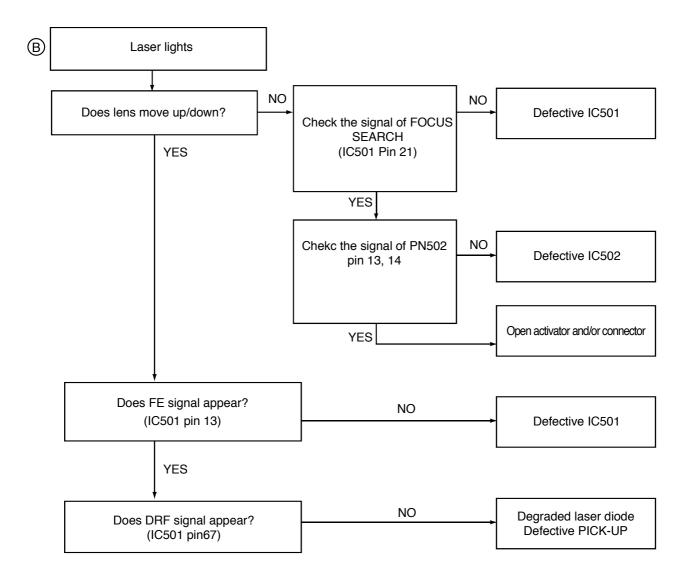
YES

Defective laser and/or

connector.

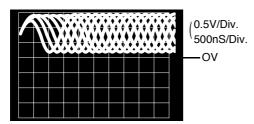
Does laser current flow?

(R508's voltage are 1.0V)

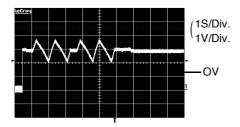


■ WAVEFORMS OF MAJOR CHECK POINT

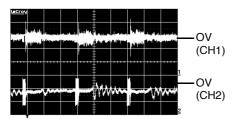
1. HF signal (RF signal) waveform (IC501 pin4) during normal play



- 3. Focus coil drive waveform(IC502 pin13)
 - · When focus search failed or there is no disc on the tray



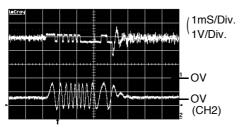
- Tracking coil drive waveform and TE during track traverse
 - (1) When time division is 20mS/Div.1V/Div.



CH1 : TRACKING COIL DRIVE (IC502 pin27)

CH2 : TRACKING ERROR (TE: IC501 pin15)

(3) When time division is 0.5nS/div. (During backward Track Traverse)

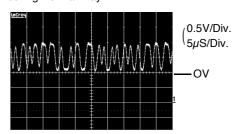


CH1: TRACKING COIL DRIVE SIGNAL 2V/Div. (IC502 pin27)

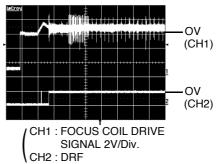
CH2: TRACKING ERROR(TE: IC501 pin15)

1V/Div.

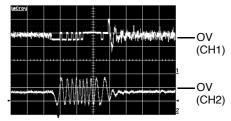
2. EFM signal (IC501 pin 3)waveform during Normal Play



• Focus coil drive waveform(FDO: IC501 pin21) and DRF(IC501 pin67) when focus search is accomplished



(2) When time division 1mS/Div, 1V/Div (During forward track traverse)



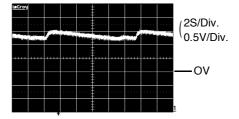
CH1: TRACKING COIL DRIVE (IC502 pin27)

SIGNAL 2V/Div.

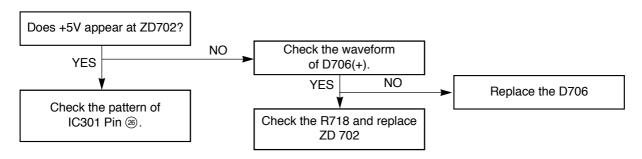
CH2: TRACKING ERROR (TE: IC501 pin15)

1V/Div.

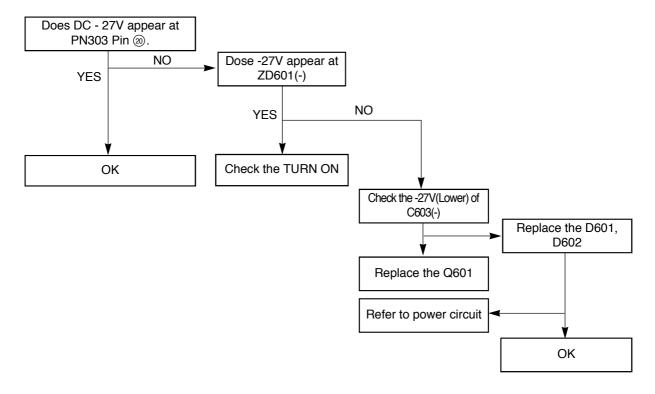
5. Feed motor drive waveform(IC 502 pin18)
During normal play



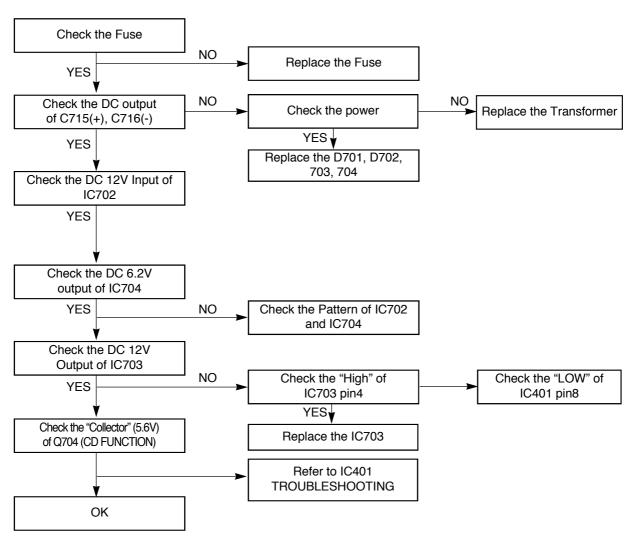
P-SENS PART



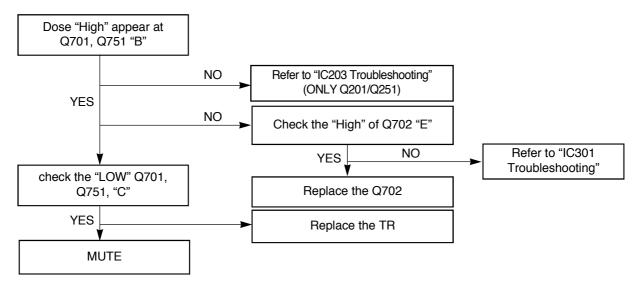
VKK PART



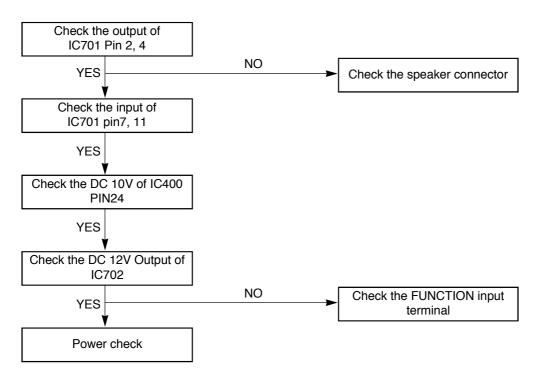
POWER CIRCUIT



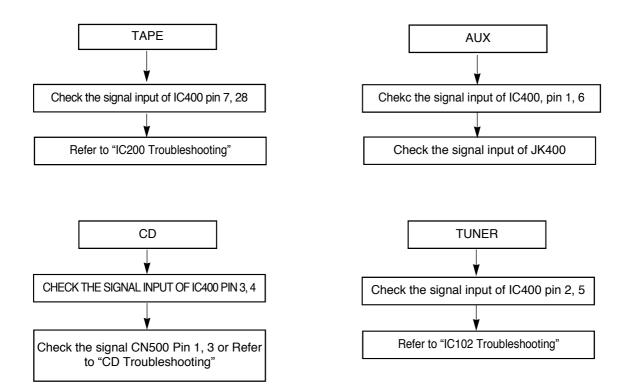
MUTING CIRCUIT (MUTE)



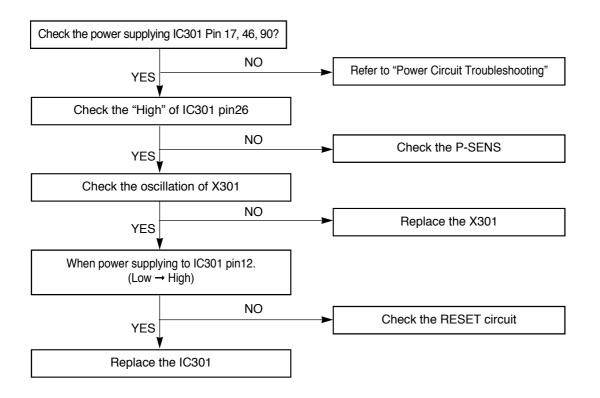
AUDIO ABNORMAL



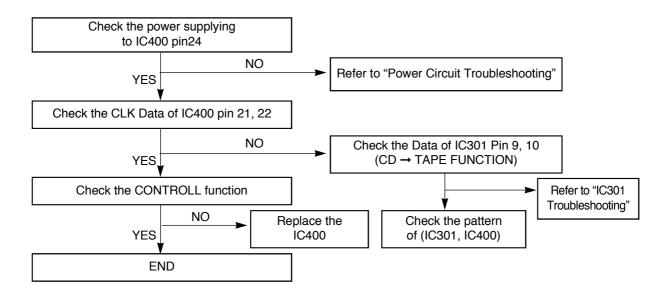
FUNCTION MODE AUDIO ABNORMAL



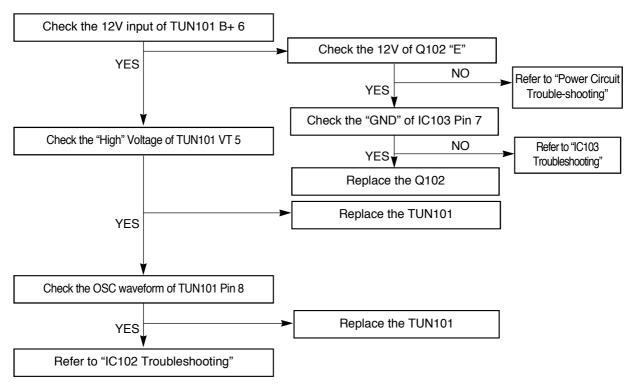
IC301 TROUBLESHOOTING



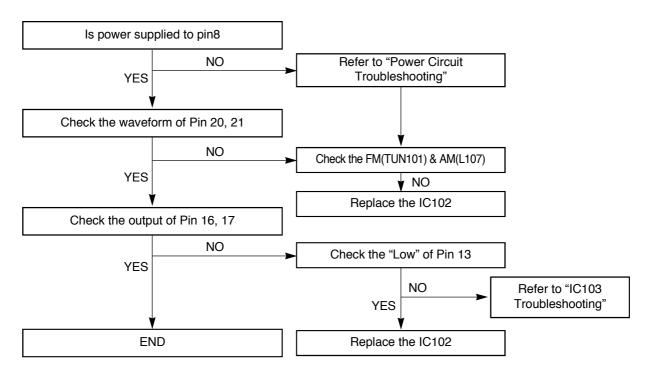
IC203 TROUBLESHOOTING



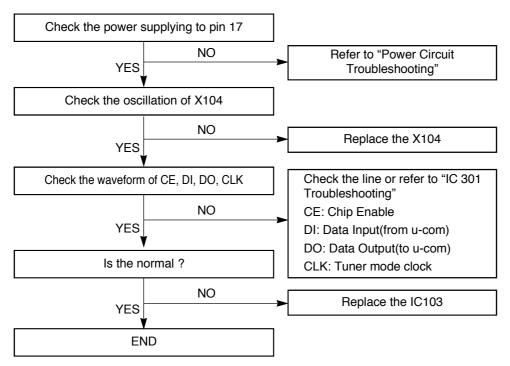
FM (TUN101)



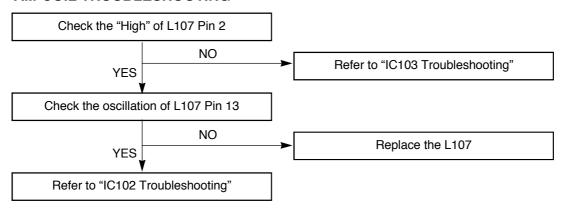
IC102 TROUBLESHOOTING



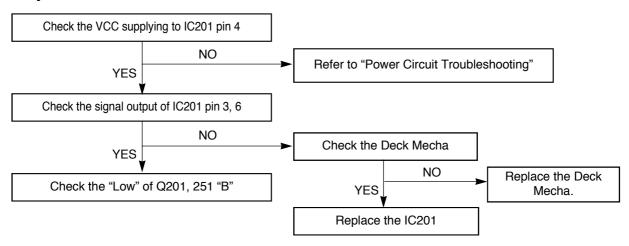
IC103 TROUBLESHOOTING



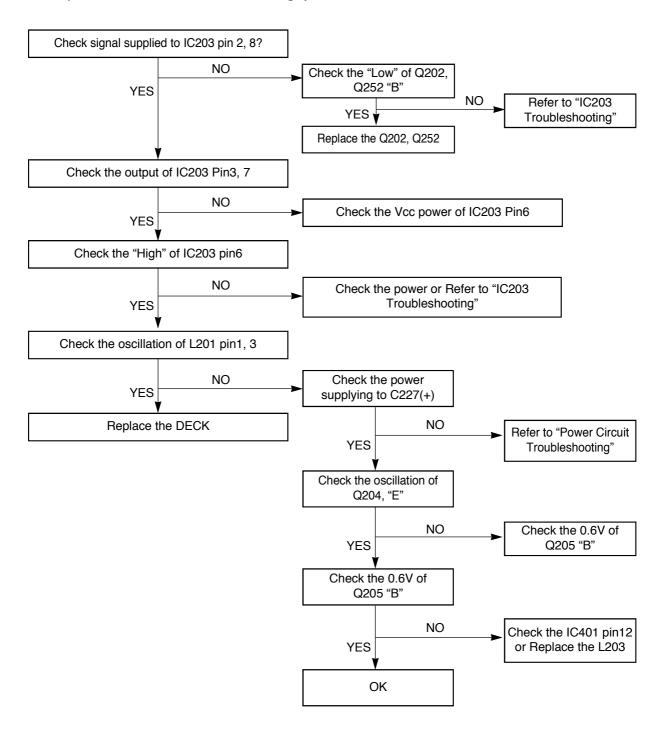
AM·COIL TROUBLESHOOTING



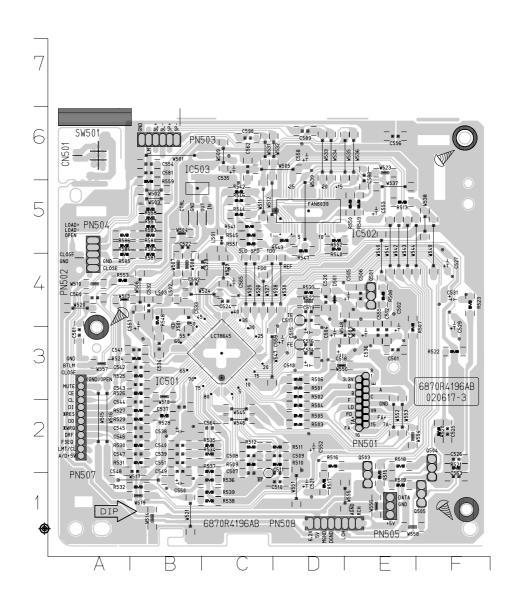
Play



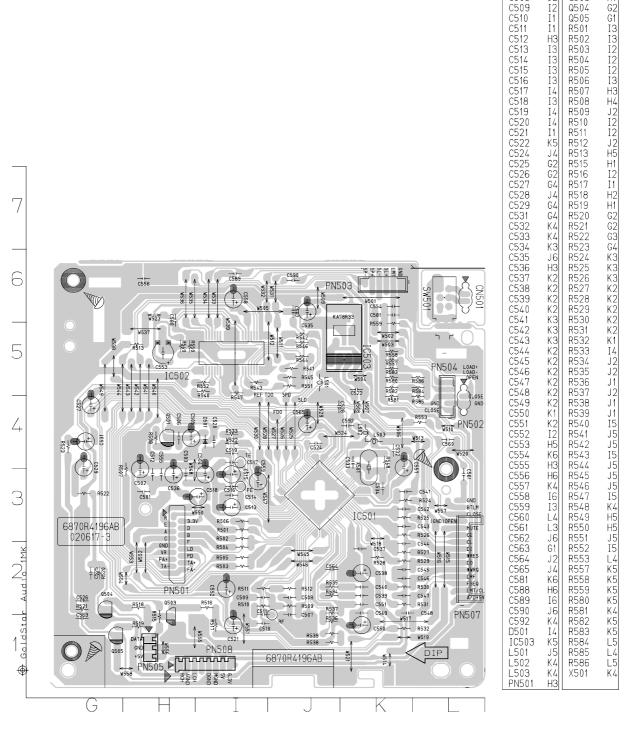
REC (Q252, Q202 ON / R273, R223 High)



• CD MAIN P.C. BOARD (SOLDER SIDE)



· CD MAIN P.C. BOARD (COMPONENT SIDE)



PN502

PN503

PN504

PN505

PN507

PN508

Q501

K6

H1

H1

H4

H1

Н3

НЗ

Η4

Н4

C502 C503

C504

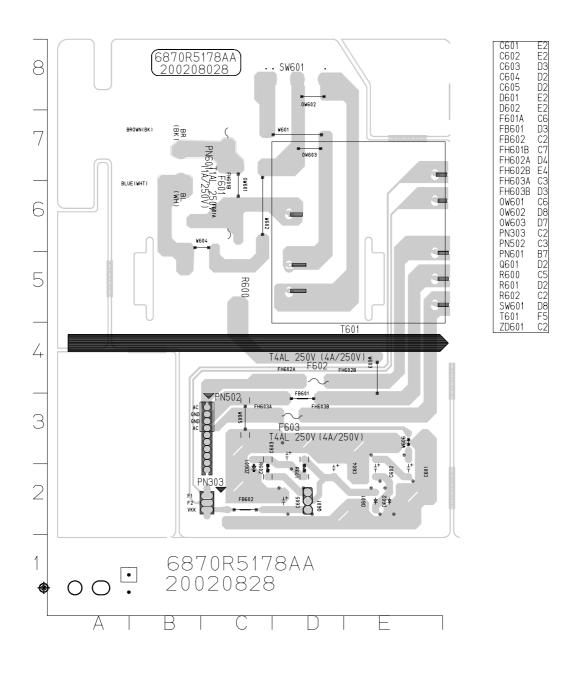
C505

C506

C507

C508

• POWER P.C. BOARD



■ INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ICs

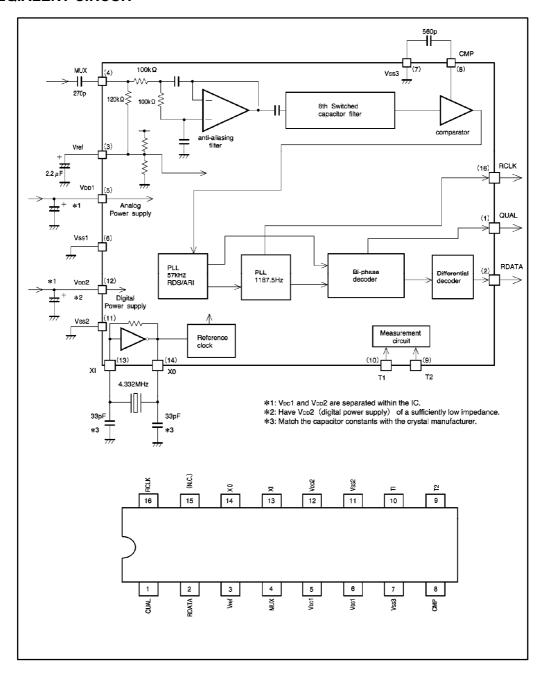
■ BU1923F (IC 302)

Low Dropout Voltage Regulator

FEATURES

RDS / RBDS compatible FM receivers for American and European markets, car stereos, high-fidelity stereo systems and components, and FM pagers.

EQIALENT CIRCUIT



Pin descriptions

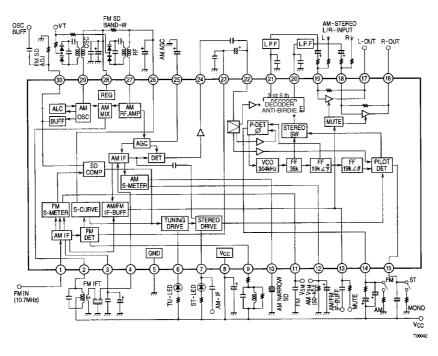
Pin No.	Symbol	Pin name	Function	Input/output type		
1	QUAL	Demodulator quality	Good data: High, bad data: Low	Type C		
2	RDATA	Demodulator data	Refer to output data timing	_		
3	Vref	Reference voltage	1/2 V _{DD} 1 (refer to input/output circuits)	Type E		
4	MUX	Input	Composite signal input (refer to input/output circuits)	Type D		
5	V _{DD} 1	A	A EVIAN E EVI			
6	Vss1	Analog power supply	4.5V to 5.5V	_		
7	CMP	Comparator input	C-junction (refer to input/output circuits)	Type D		
8	Vss3	GND	-	_		
9	T2	Totalinant	Over an area and the second	T B		
10	T1	Test input	Open or connected to ground	Type B		
11	V _{DD} 2	Division of	4.5745.57			
12	Vss2	Digital power supply	4.5V to 5.5V	_		
13	ΧI	0	Connects to 4.332MHz oscillator	T A		
14	хо	Crystal oscillator	(refer to input/output circuits)	Туре А		
15	(N.C.)	_	-	_		
16	RCLK	Demodulator clock	1187.5Hz clock (refer to the timing diagram)	Type C		

■ LA1837 (IC 102)

Single-Chip Home stereo IC with Electronic Tuning Support

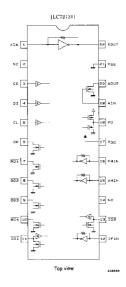
The LA1837 is a single-chip AM/FM IF and MPX IC that supports electronic tuning and was developed for use in home stereo systems. It is optimal for use in automatic station selection systems that use the SD and IF counting techniques.

Block Diagram



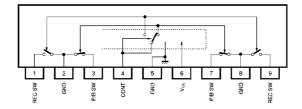
■ LC72131 (IC 103)

AM/FM PLL Frequency Synthesizer



■ BA3126N (IC 201)

2-channel head switch for radio cassette recorders

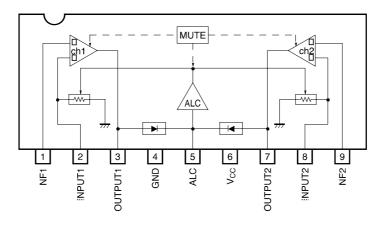


■ BA3308 (IC203)

Dual preamplifier with ALC

APPLICATIONS

Stereo radio cassette recorders, cassette decks and home stereo systems and music centers



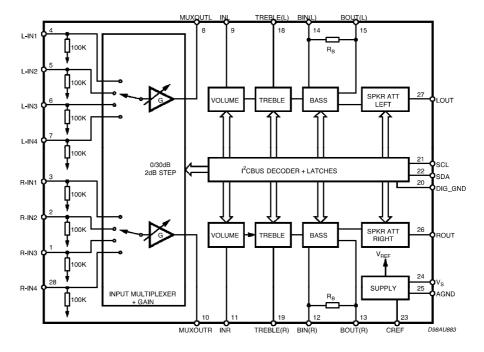
■ TDA7440D (IC 701)

TONE CONTROL DIGITALLY CONTROLLED AUDIO PROCESSOR

DESCRIPTION

The TDA7440D is a volume tone (bass and treble) balance (Left/Right) processor for quality audio applications in Hi-Fi systems.

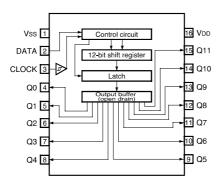
BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ BU2090F (IC401) 12-bit, serial IN, parallel OUT driver

APPLICATIONS

Radio casstte players, telephones, compact audio systems, car stereos, and others



• Pin descriptions

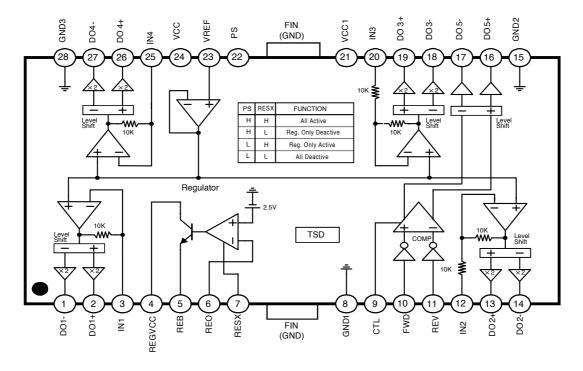
Pin No.		Din	EP.	
BU2090 / F / FS	BU2092 / F	BU2092 / FV	Pin name	Function
1	1	1	Vss	GND
2	2	2	DATA	Serial data input
3	3	3	CLOCK	Data shift clock input
_	4	4	LCK	Data latch clock input
4	5	5	Q0	Parallel data output
5	6	6	Q1	Parallel data output
6	7	7	Q2	Parallel data output
7	8	8	Q3	Parallel data output
8	9	9	Q4	Parallel data output
9	10	10	Q5	Parallel data output
10	11	11	Q6	Parallel data output
_	_	12	N.C.	Not connected
_	_	13	N.C.	Not connected
11	12	14	Q7	Parallel data output
12	13	15	Q8	Parallel data output
13	14	16	Q9	Parallel data output
14	15	17	Q10	Parallel data output
15	16	18	Q11	Parallel data output
_	17	19	ŌĒ	Output Enable
16	18	20	V _{DD}	Power supply

■ FAN8039BD3 (IC 802)

5-CH MOTOR DIVER

DESCRIPTION

The FAN8039BD3 is a monolithic integrated circuit suitable for a 5-CH motor driver which drives the tracking actuator, focus actuator, sled motor, tray motor, spindle motor of the DVDP/CAR-CD systems.



Pin Definitions

NO	Symbol	Description	NO	Symbol	Description
1	DO1-	CH1 Drive Output (-)	15	GND2	Power Ground1 (CH 2,3,5)
2	DO1+	CH1 Drive Output (+)	16	DO5+	CH5 Drive Output (+)
3	IN1	CH1 Drive Input	17	DO5-	CH5 Drive Output(-)
4	REGVCC	Regulator Supply Voltage	18	DO3-	CH3 Drive Output(-)
5	REB	Regulator Output	19	DO3+	CH3 Drive Output (+)
6	REO	Regulator Feedback Input	20	IN3	CH3 Drive Input
7	RESX	Regulator Reset	21	VCC1	Supply Voltage1(CH2,CH3,CH5)
8	GND1	Signal Ground	22	PS	Power Save
9	CTL	CH5 Motor Speed Control	23	VREF	Bias Voltage
10	FWD	CH5 Forward Input	24	VCC	Supply Voltage(CH1,CH4)
11	REV	CH5 Reverse Input	25	IN4	CH4 Drive Input
12	IN2	CH2 Drive Input	26	DO4+	CH4 Drive Output (+)
13	DO2+	CH2 Drive Output (+)	27	DO4-	CH4 Drive Output (-)
14	DO2-	CH2 Drive Output (-)	28	GND3	Power Ground2 (CH 1,4)

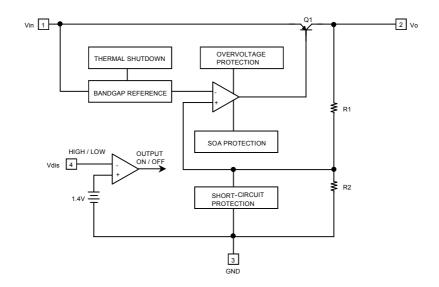
■ KA78R33 (IC 803)

Low Dropout Voltage Regulator

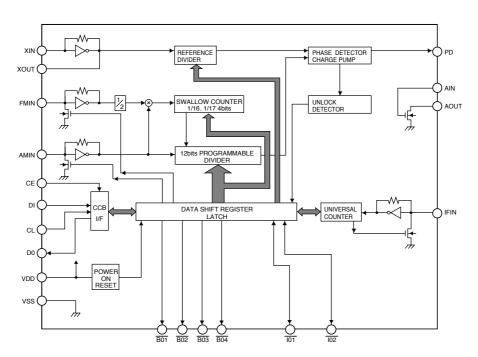
DESCRIPTION

The KA78R33 is a low-dropout voltage regulator suitable for various electronic equipments. It provides constant voltage power source with TO-220 4 lead full mold package. Dropout voltage of KA78R33 is below 0.5V in full rated current(1A). This regulator has various function such as peak current protection, thermal shut down, overvoltage protection and output disable function.

INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



BLOCK DIAGRAM

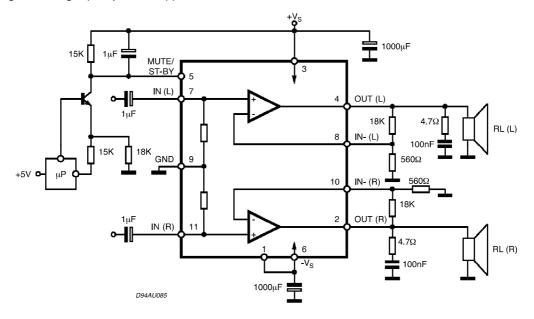


■ TDA7265 (IC701)

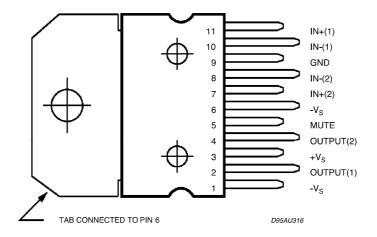
25+25W STEREO AMPLIFIER WITH MUTE & ST-BY

· DESCRIPTION

The TDA7265 is class AB dual Audio power amplifer assembled in the Multiwatt package, specially designed for high quality sound application as Hi-Fi music centers and stereo TV sets.



• PIN CONNECTION (TOP View)

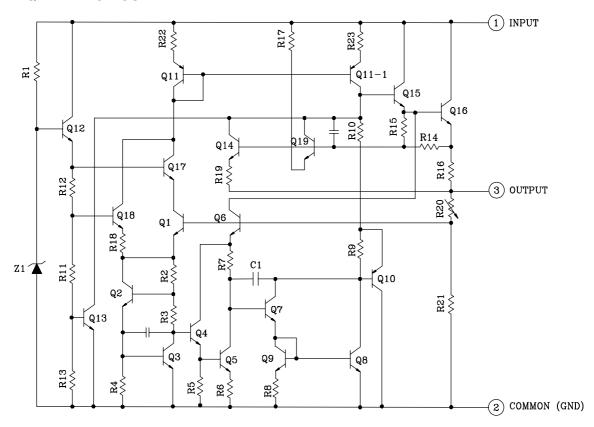


■ KIA7805, 7812API (IC 703, IC 782, IC 783) LOW DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATOR

FEATURES

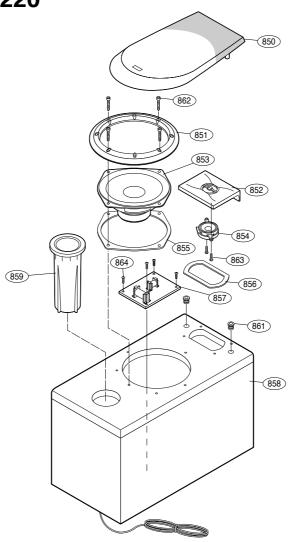
- Suitable for C-MOS, TTL, the Other Digital IC's Power Supply.
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection.
- · Internal Short Circuit Circuit Current Limiting.
- Output Current in Excess of 1A
 Satisfies IEC–65 Specification. (International Electronical Commission.)

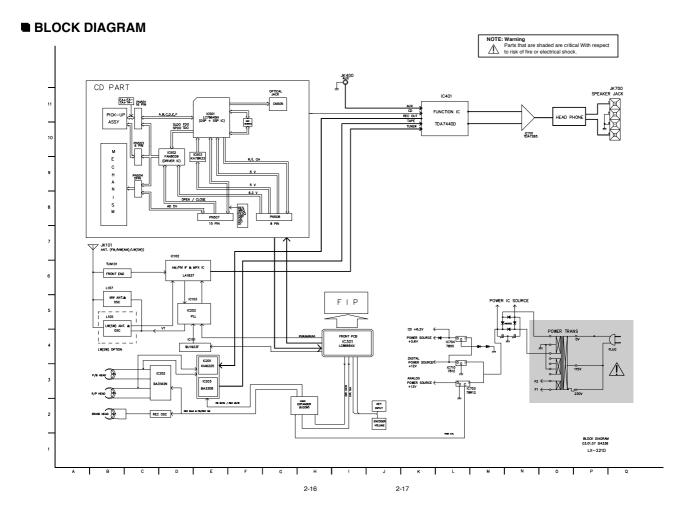
EQIALENT CIRCUIT



SECTION 4. SPEAKER SECTION

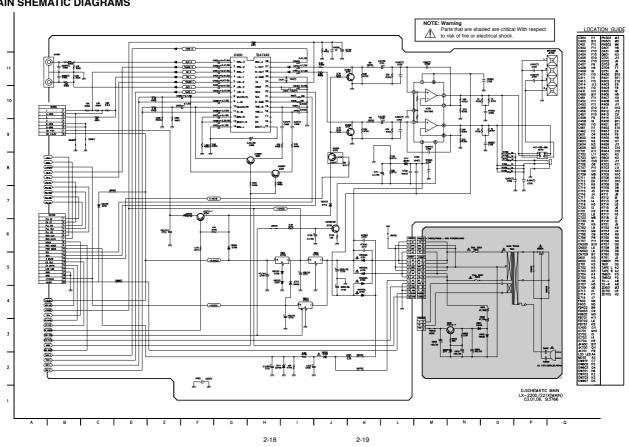
MODEL: LXS-220



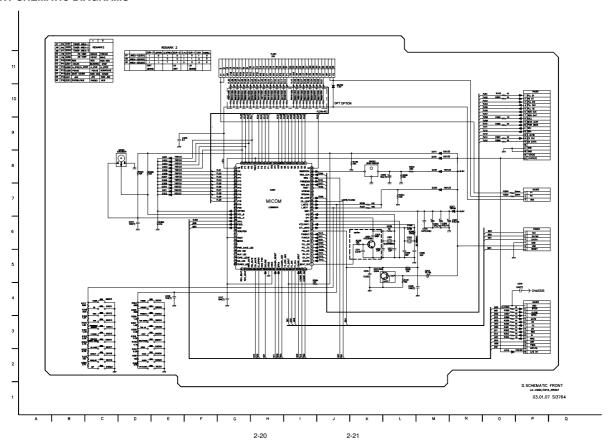


■ SHEMATIC DIAGRAMS

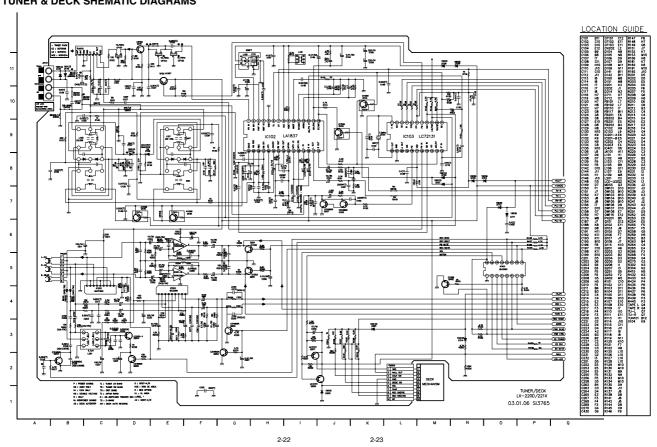
· MAIN SHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



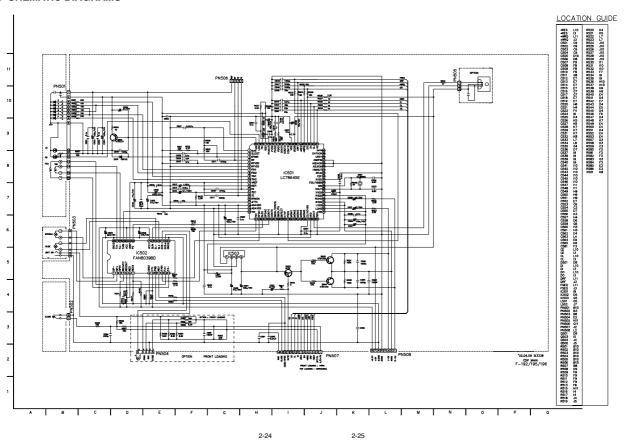
• FRONT SHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



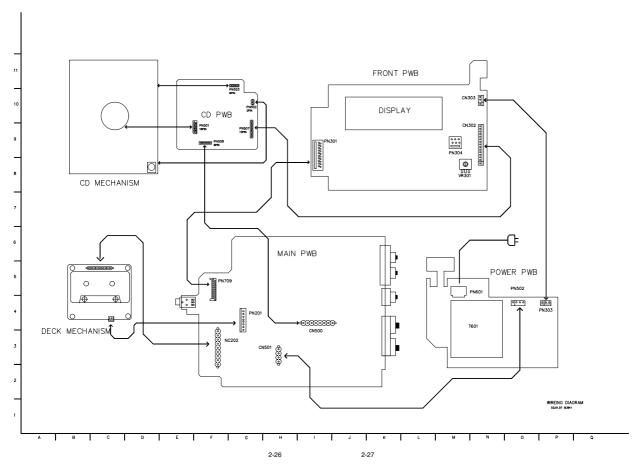
• TUNER & DECK SHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



· CDP SHEMATIC DIAGRAMS

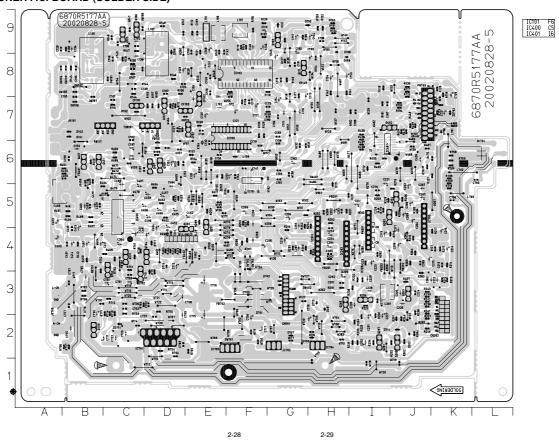


■ WIRING DIAGRAM

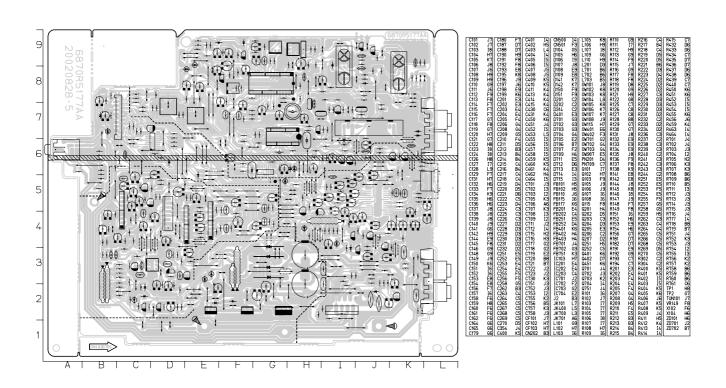


■ PRINTED CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

• MAIN & TUNER P.C. BOARD (SOLDER SIDE)



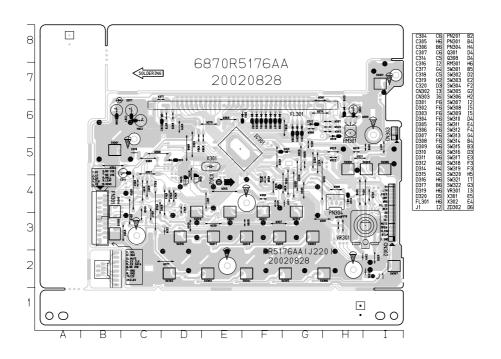
· MAIN & TUNER P.C. BOARD (COMPONENT SIDE)



2-30

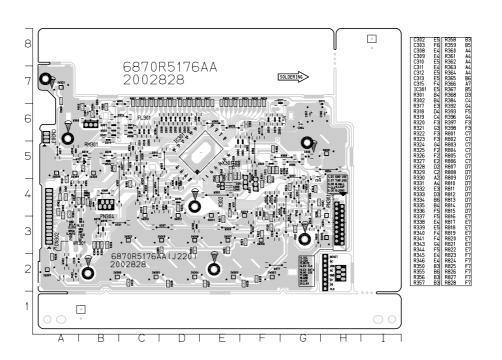
2-31

• FRONT P.C. BOARD (SOLDER SIDE)



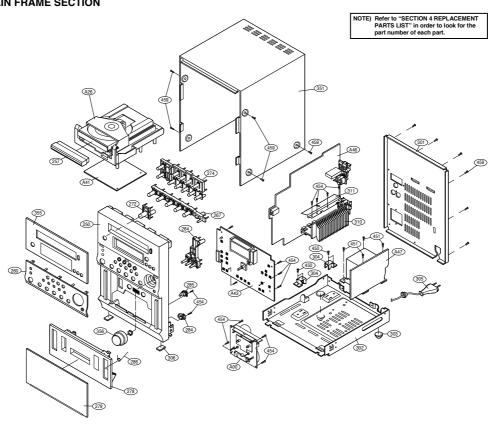
2-33

• FRONT P.C. BOARD (COMPONENT SIDE)

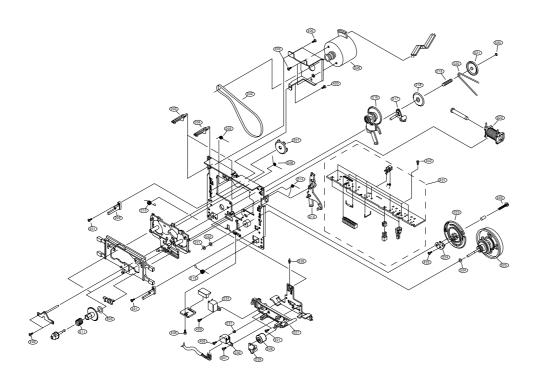


SECTION 3. EXPLODED VIEWS

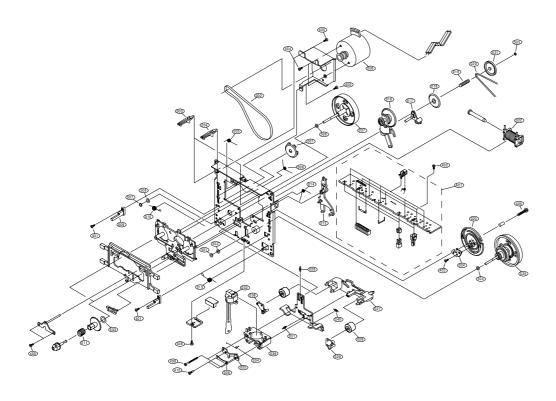
· CABINET AND MAIN FRAME SECTION



• TAPE DECK MECHANISM: AUTO STOP DECK(OPTIONAL)



• TAPE DECK MECHANISM: AUTO REVERSE DECK



· CD MECHANISM

