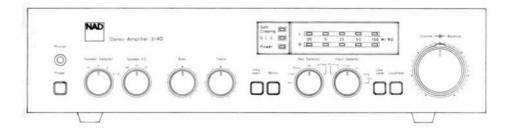
SERVICE MANUAL NAD MODEL 3140 STEREO AMPLIFER



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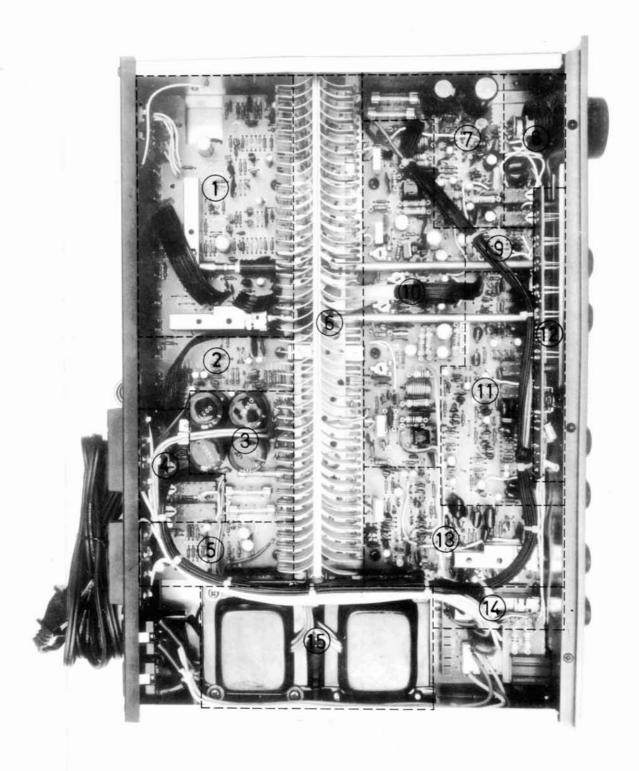
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SPECIFICATION

* Measurements identified by an asterisk are taken in accordance with the new IHF A-202 amplifier measurement standard.

measurement standard.		
Power Amplifier Section		
* Continuous average power output at 8 ohm 20-20K Hz both channel drive	en	40W
Rated distortion, 20-20K Hz		0.03%
* Clipping headroom at 8 ohms		+1.7dB
Clipping power at 8 ohms		60W
at 4 ohms		80W
at 2 ohms		90W
Dynamic headroom at 8 ohms		+3dB
Dynamic power at 8 ohms		80W
at 4 ohms		130W
at 2 ohms		160W
* Transient Overload Recovery Time		1 usec
* Slew Factor		50
Slew Rate		30V/usec
Damping factor at 50 Hz (Ref. 8 ohms)		100
T.H.D. 20-20K Hz From 250mW to 60W		0.02%
S.M.P.T.E. I.M.D. (60Hz+7KHz, 4:1) From 250mW to 60W		0.02%
I.H.F. I.M.D. (19KHz+20KHz) at 60W		0.02%
T.I.M. (15KHz Sine+3.18KHz Square Wave) at 60W		0.02%
Frequency Response, 20-20K Hz		+0.5db
		15-35KHz
Frequency Response Range +3dB		15-35KHZ
Preamplifier Section		
PHONO 1 Input Impedance		47K /100PF
PHONE 2 Input capacitance (SELECTABLE)		100P/200P/320
Input Sensitivity(1KHz) *For 1 watt out		0.45mV
40 watt out		2.8mV
Input Overload at 1KHz		200mV
20Hz		20mV
20Hz		2V
THD(20-20K Hz)and IMD at+30dB input level		0.01%
RIAA Response Accuracy		+0.2dB
Signal to Noise Ratio A-weighted		TO. 200
(a) with phono cartridge connected *Ref 5mV		76dB
		76dB 79dB
(b) with short-circuit input Ref 5mV		/9QB
High level input		100
		D-FOY /220DE
* Input impedance Resistance/Capacitance		R=50K /220pF
Input sensitivity *For 1 watt out		25mV
For 40 watt out		160mV
Signal to Noise Ration, A-Weighted		
(a) with mute off *Ref 1 watt out		80dB
Ref 40 watt out		95dB
(b) with mute on Ref 1 watt out		93dB
* Maximum input signal		12V
Frequency Response, 20-20K Hz		+0.5db
		26. 46
Controls		2.22
Bass control, range at 100 Hz		+8db
Treble control, range at 10 KHz		+7db
Infrasonic filter Turn over frequency		15Hz
Slope(dB/octave)		12db
SEPAKER EQ Turn over frequency		45Hz and 70Hz
Slope(dB/ocatave)		12
Mute		-20db

INSIDE VIEW OF UNIT

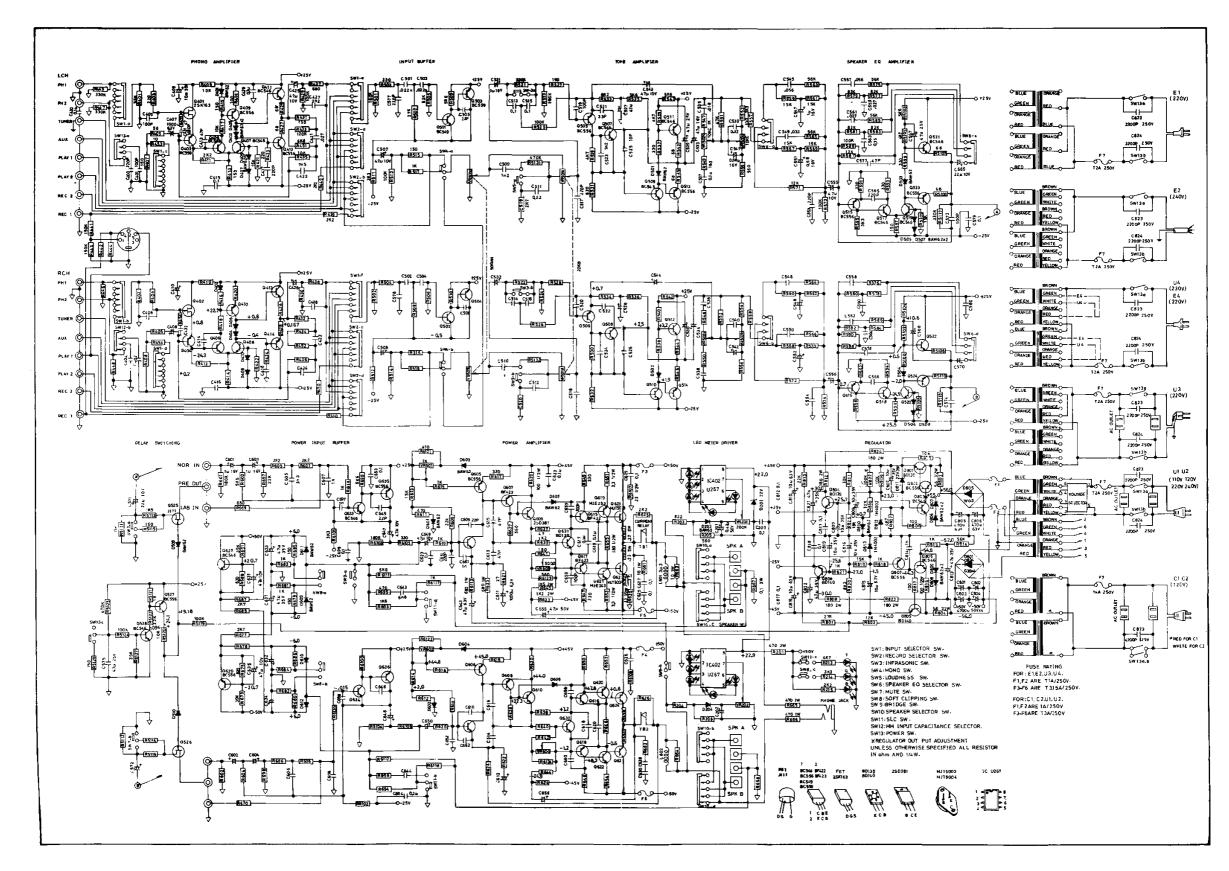


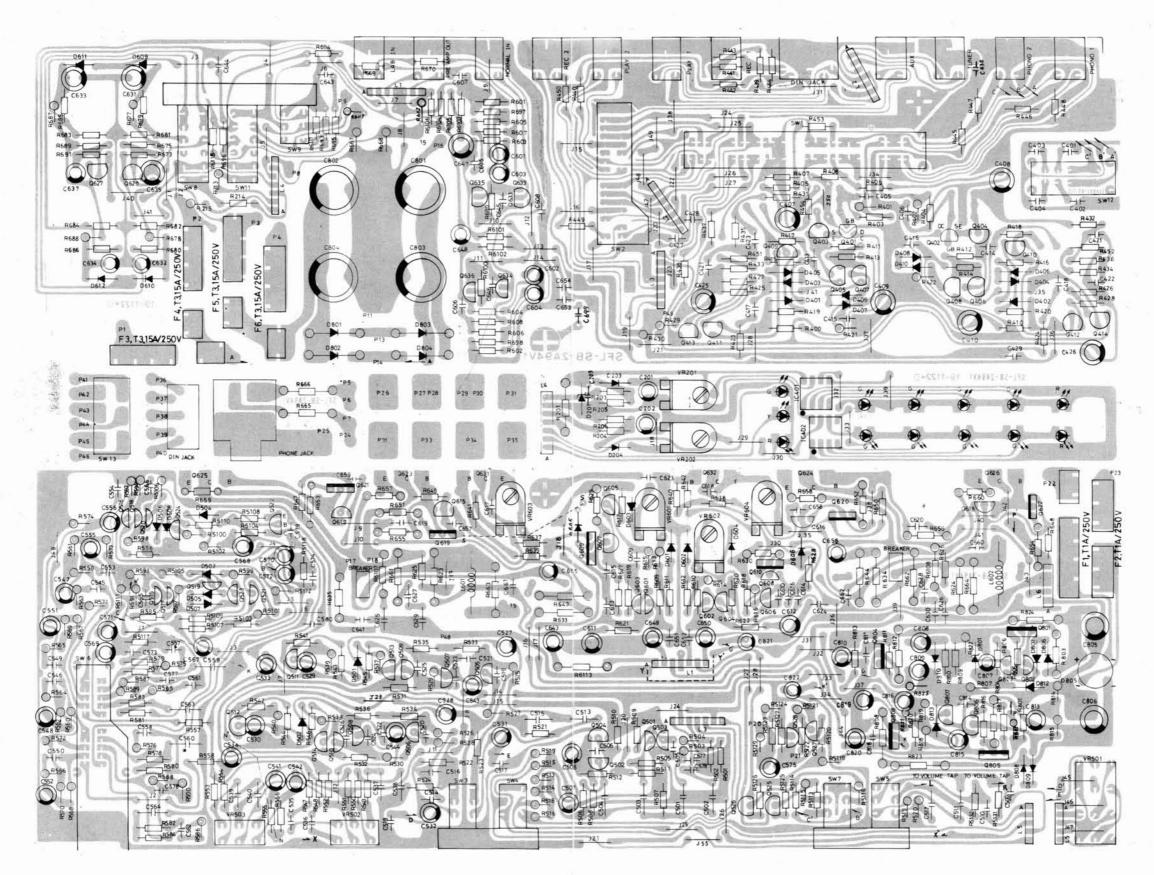
- 1. Phono AmP
- 2. Power I / P Buffer
- 3. Main Supply
- 4. SLC Circuit
- 5. Soft Clipping

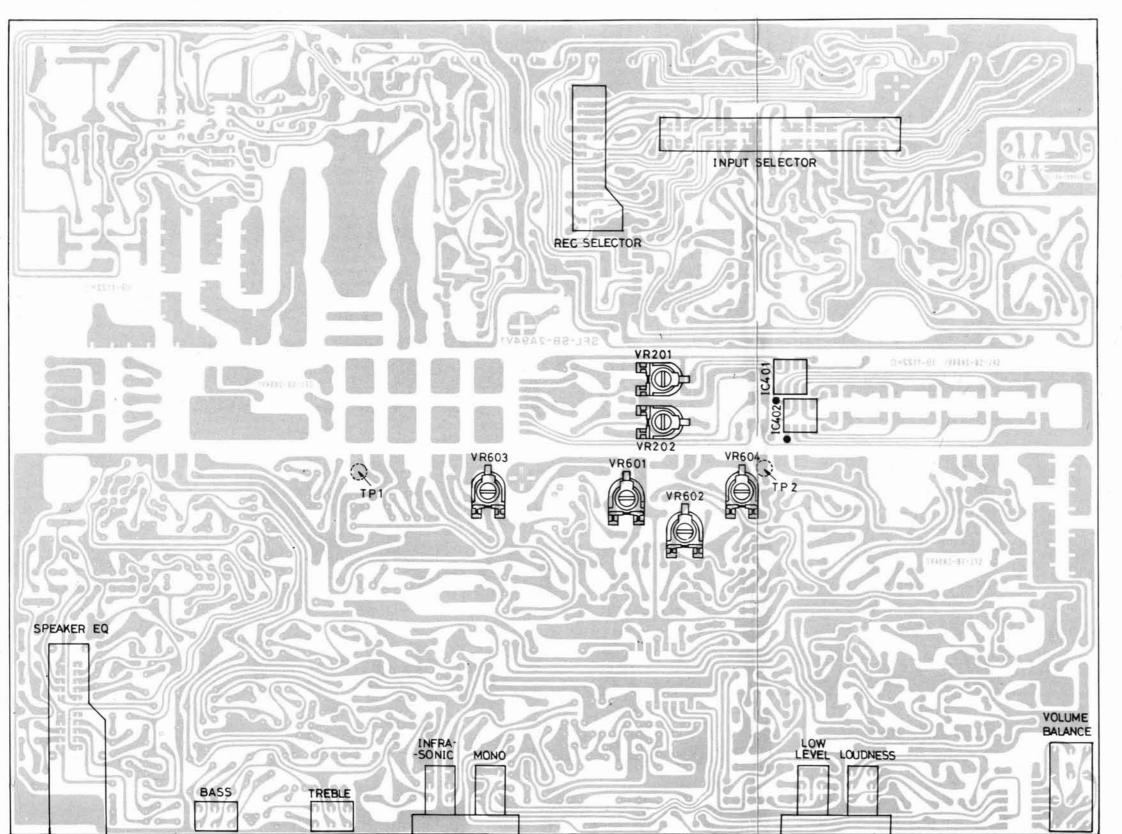
- 6. Heat Sink
- 7. Regulator
- 8. Loudness Circuit
- 9. Delay Circuit
- 10. Power Amplifier

- 11. Tone Amplifier
- 12. LED Drive circuit
- 13. Speaker EQ. circuit
- 14. Speaker SW.
- 15. Power Transformer

BLOCK DIAGRAM







DC OFF-SET ALIGNMENT

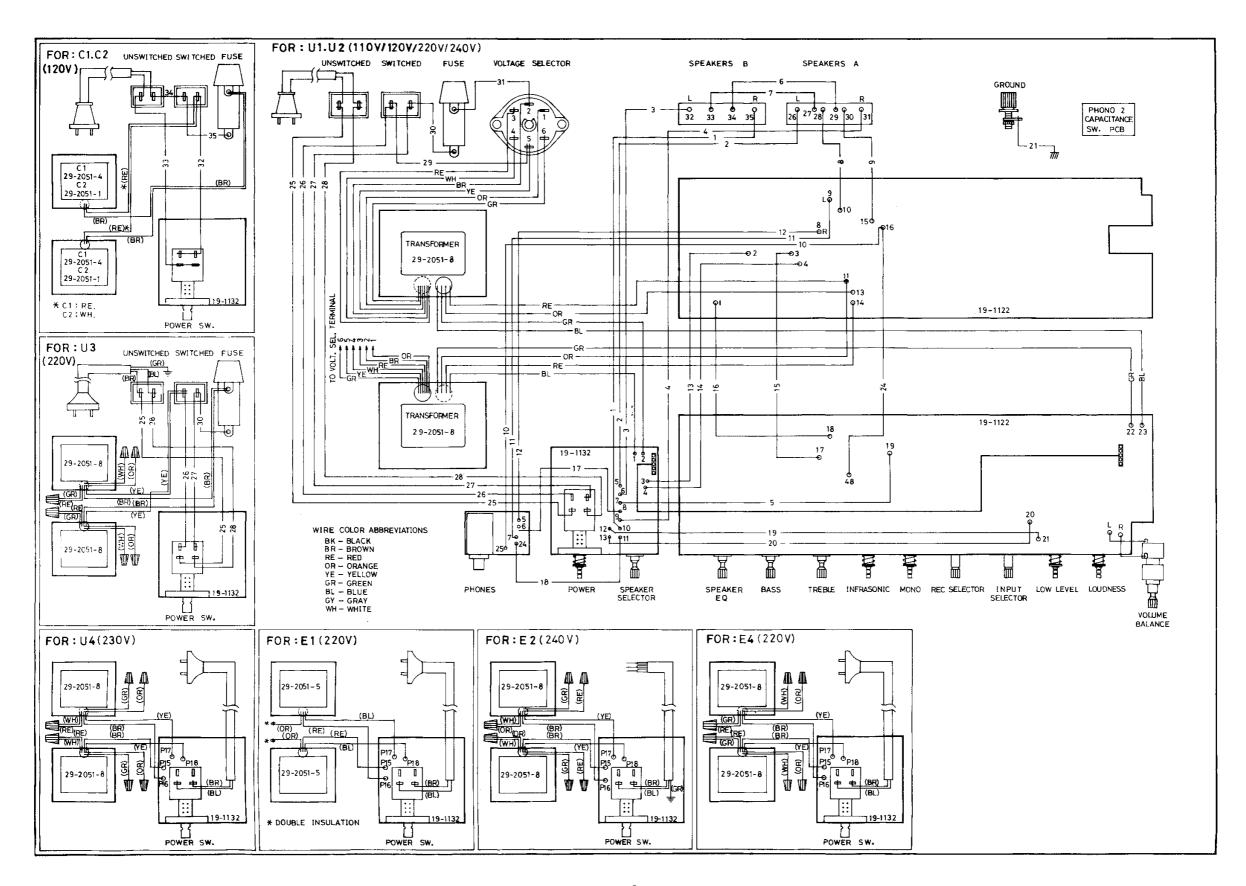
- 1. Set on the power for 5 minutes pre-heating.
- Set volume control to minimum position and speaker sclector switch to A+B position.
- 3. For L channel alignment: connect probe of DC milivoltmeter to L channel speaker terminals, then adjust VR-601 untill zero voltage reading is reach.
- 4. For R channel alignment: connect probe of DC milivoltmeter to R channel speaker terminals, then adjust VR-602 untill zero voltage reading is reach.

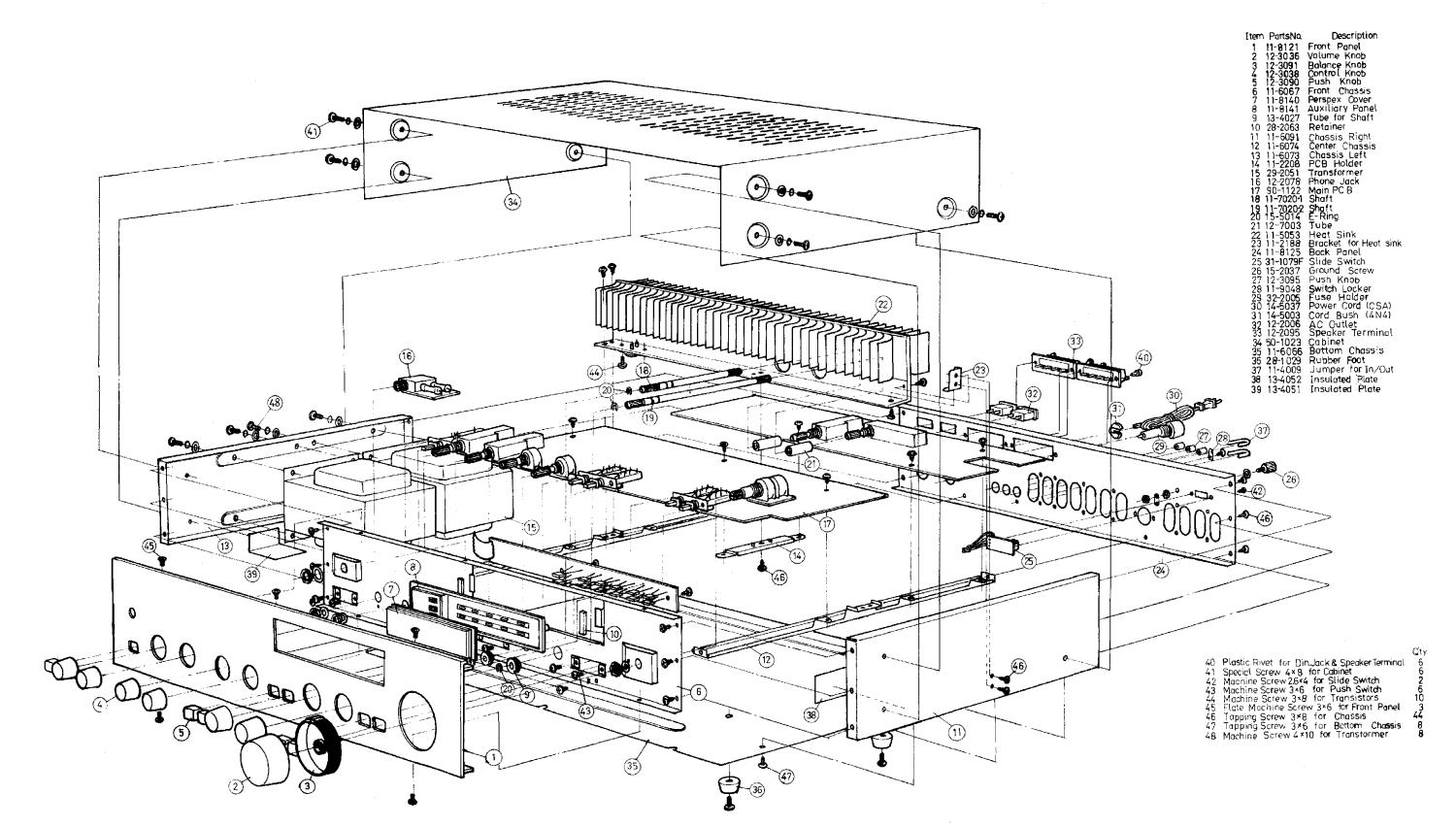
IDLE CURRENT ALIGNMENT

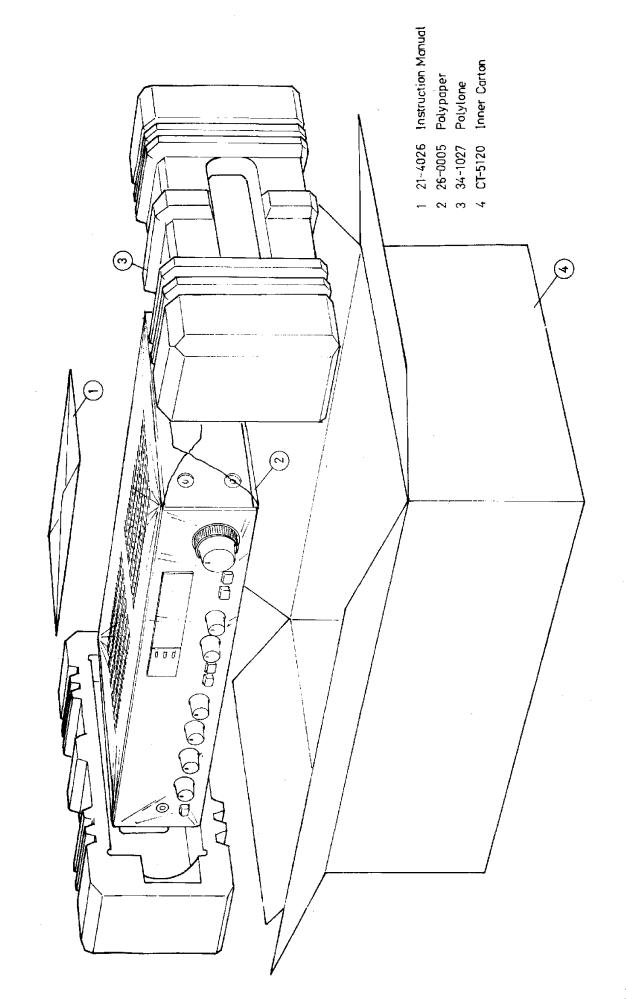
- 1. Turn VR603 and VR604 to fully clockwise position.
- 2. Set on the power for 5 minutes pre-heating.
- 3. Set volume control to minimum position and speaker selector switch to ${\sf A}+{\sf B}$ position.
- 4. Remove the load on speaker terminals.
- 5. Connect one probe of DC mili-voltmeter to L channel speaker terminal "+ ", the other to point TPI on main PCB, adjust VR603 untill 6 mV reading is reach.
- 6. Connect one probe of DC mi il-voltmeter to R channel speaker terminal "+", the other to point TP2 on main PCB adjust VR604 untill 6 mV reading is reach.

POWER INDICATOR ALIGNMENT

- Set all controls at flat position and volume control to maximum
- 2. Set fuction selector switch to AUX position and sepeaker selector switch to A + B position
- 3. Connect probes of VTVM to speaker output terminals.
- Feed from sine wave generator 1KHz signal to AUX input for both channels.
- 5. Vary generator output level untill VTVM reading is 20V AC.
- 6. Adjust VR201, VR202 to the position just lighting the 50W LED for L channel and R channel respectively.







SYMBOL NO	PARTS NO		DESCRIPTION	REF
R201	16—2 A 471J	Metal oxide	res 470 ohm $\pm 5\%$ 2 W	10.00
R203, R204	16-1/4 CA821 J	Carbon	res. 820 ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R205, R206	16—¼CA561 J	Carbon	res. 560 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $^{1}_{4}$ W	1.70
R213	16—¼CR472J	Carbon	res 4K7 ohm -5% 1/4W	1.70
R214	16-1/4CA332J	Carbon	res 3K3 ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R215	16 ¼CR272J	Carbon	res. 2K7 ohm $+5\%$ 1/4W	1.70
R401, R402	16—¼CR563J	Carbon	res 56K ohm ±5% ₄ W	1.70
R403, R404	16-1/4 CA221 J	Carbon	res. 220 ohm $+5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R405, R406	16-1/4 CA560J	Carbon	res. 56 ohm $\pm 5\%$ 1/4W	1.70
R407, R408	16—1/4 CA151 J	Carbon	res. 150 ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R409, R410	16-1/4CA103J	Carbon	res 10K ohm +5% 1/4W	1.70
R411, R412	16—¼CA222J	Carbon	res. 2K2 ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R413-R416	16—¼CA151J	Carbon	res. 150 ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R417, R418	16—¼CA103J	Carbon	res. 10K ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R419, R420	16—¼CA101J	Carbon	res. 100 ohm ±5% ½W	1.70
R421, R422	16 ¼CR153J	Carbon	res. 15K ohm ±5% 1/4W	1.70
R423, R424	16—1/4 CA221 J	Carbon	res. 220 ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R425—R428	16-1/4CA680J	Carbon	res. 68 ohm +5% 1/4W	1.70
R429, R430	16—¼CR1 04J	Carbon	res 100K ohm ±5% ½W	1.70
R431, R432	16—¼CA151J	Carbon	res. 150 ohm ±5% ¼W	1.70
R433, R434	16 1/4 CA1 24 J	Carbon	res. 120K ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R435, R436	16—¼CA103J	Carbon	res. 10K ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R437, R438	16—1/4 CA681 J	Carbon	res. 680 ohm <u>5</u> % ¼W	1.70
R439, R440	16-1/4 CA222J	Carbon	res. 2K2 ohm = 5% 1/4W	1.70
R441-R444	16 1/4 CA154J	Carbon	res. 150K ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R445—R448	16—1/4 CA334J	Carbon	res. 330K ohm ±5% ½W	1.70
R449, R450	16 ½CA222J	Carbon	res. 2K2 ohm ±5% ½W	1.70
R451, R452	16—1/4CA682J	Carbon	res. 6K8 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R453, R454	16—¼CA100J	Carbon	res. 10 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R501, R502	16-½CA184J	Carbon	res. 180K ohm ±5% ¼W	1.70
R503, R504	16-1/4CR331J	Carbon	res. 330 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R505, R506	16-1/4CA823J	Carbon	res. 82K ohm +5% 1/4W	1.70
R507, R508	16 ½CA273J	Carbon	res. 27K ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R509, R510	16-1/4CA562J	Carbon	res. 5K6 ohm ±5% ½W	1.70
R511, R512	16—¼CA332J	Carbon	res. 3K3 ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R513, R514	16—¼CR1 04J	Carbon	res. 100K ohm = 5% 1/4W	1.70
R515, R516	16—¼CR151J	Carbon	res. 150 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R517, R518	16—⅓CR102J	Carbon	res. 1 K ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R519, R520	16 ½ CR272J	Carbon	res. 2K7 ohm ±5% ½W	1.70
R521, R522	16—¼CA334J	Carbon	res. 330K ohm $\pm 5\%$ ½W	1.70
R523, R524	16-1/4CA184J	Carbon	res. 180K ohm +5% 1/4W	1.70
R525, R526	16—¼CR1 04J	Carbon	res. 100K ohm ±5% 1/4W	1.70
R527, R528	16—¼CR151J	Carbon	res. 150 ohm ±5% ½W	1.70
R529, R530	16-1/4 CR472J	Carbon	res. 4K7 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R531, R532	16—1/4 CA821 J	Carbon	res. 820 ohm $\pm 5\%$ 1/4W	1.70
R533, R534	16-1/4CA822J	Carbon	res. 8K2 ohm ±5% ¼W	1.70
R535, R536	16—1/4CA562J	Carbon	res. 5K6 ohm \pm 5% $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R537, R538	16—1/4CR331J	Carbon	res. 330 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R539, R540	16—1/4CR472J	Carbon	res. 4K7 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W	1.70
R541, R542	16—¾CA562J	Carbon	103 TIV OHIH 1 3/9 74W	1.70

SYMBOL NO	PARTS NO		DE	SCRIPT	ION	24			REF
R543 —R546	16 - 1/4 CA680J	Carbon	res.	68	ohm	±5%	1 W		1.70
R547 , R548	16 — 1/4 CA1 02J	Carbon	res.	1 K	ohm	±5%	1 W	27	1.70
R549 , R550	16 — 1/4 CA1 81 J	Carbon	res.	180	ohm	±5%	1 W		1.70
R551 , R552	16 — 1/4 CA473J	Carbon	res.	47 K	ohm	±5%	1 W		1.70
R553 R554	16 — 1 ₄ CA332J	Carbon	res.	3K3	ohm	±5%	1 ,W		1.70
R555 , R556	16 — 1/4 CA561J	Carbon	res.	560	ohm	±5%	1 , W		1.70
R557 , R558	16 — 1/4 CA1 01 J	Carbon	res.	100	ohm-	±5%	1 W		1.70
R559 —R562	16 — 1/4 CR1 53J	Carbon	res.	15 K	ohm	±5%	1 1W		1.70
R563 —R566	16 — 1/4 CR563J	Carbon	res.	56 K	ohm	±5%	1 W	21	1.70
R567 —R570	16 — 1/4 CR1 53J	Carbon	res.	15 K	ohm	±5%	1 W		1.70
R571 , R572	16 — 1/4 CR1 23J	Carbon	res.	12 K	ohm	±5%	1 W		
R573 , R574	16 — 1/4 CR1 04J	Carbon		100 K	ohm	±5%	1 ,W		1.70
		Carbon	res.	56 K	ohm	±5%	1 ,W		1.70
R575 , R576	16 — 1/4 CR563J	Carbon	res.	82 K	o hm	±5%	1 W		1.70
R577 —R584	16 — 1/4 CA823J	Section Strange	res.	∞ N 56 K		±5%			1.70
R585 , R586	16 — 1/4 CR563J	Carbon	res.	12 K	o hm	±5%	1 W		1.70
R587 , R588	16 — 14 CR1 23J	Carbon	res.		o hm		1 IW		1.70
R589 , R590	16 — 1/4 CR1 04J	Carbon	res.	100 K	o hm	±5%	1 W		1.70
R591 —R594	16 — 1/4 CR331J	Carbon	res.	33 0	o hm	±5%	1 W		1.70
R595 , R596	16 — 1/4 CA332J	Carbon	res.	3K3	o hm	±5%	1 W		1.70
R597 , R598	16 — 1/4 CR1 51 J	Carbon	res.	150	o hm	±5%	14W	100	1.70
R599 , R5100	16 — 1/4 CR331J	Carbon	res.	33 0	o hm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R5101, R5102	16 —1/4 CR472J	Carbon	res.	4K 7	o hm	±5%	14W		1.70
R5103, R5104	16 — 1/4 CA562J	Carbon	res.	5K 6	o hm	±5%	14W		1.70
R5105, R5106	16 —1/4 CR1 53J	Carbon	165.	15 K		±5%	14W -		1.70
R5107 — R5110	16 —1/4 CA680J	Carbon	res.	68	o hm	±5%	14W		1.70
R5111, R5112	16 —1/4 CR1 53J	Carbon	103.	15 K	o hm	±5%	14W		1.70
R5113, R5114	16 — 1/4 CA1 52J	Carbon	.00.	1K5	o hm	±5%	1,4W		1.70
R5115, R5116	16 —1/4 CR1 51 J	Carbon	res.	150		±5%	1/4		1.70
R5117, R5118	10 /4 0/100 15	Carbon	res.	330 K	oh	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R5119	16 — 1/4 CR1 04J	The state of the s	res.	100 K	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R51 20	16 — 1/4 CA1 03J	Carbon	res.	10 K	o hm	±5%	1/4W	ro l	1.70
R51 21	16 — 1/4 CR1 02J	Carbon	res.	1 K	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R51 22	16 — 1/4 CA223J	Carbon	res.	22 K	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R51 23	16—¼ CA474J	Carbon	res.	470 K		±5%	1/4W		1.70
R51 24	16 — 1/4 CR1 04J	Carbon	res.	100 K		±5%			1.70
R51 25, R 5126	16—¼ CA1 06J	Carbon	res.		o hm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R51 27	16 — 1/4 CA393J	Carbon	res.		ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R51 29	16 — 1/4 CR1 51 J	Carbon	res.	150	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R51 31, R5132	16—¼ CA474J	Carbon	res.	470 K	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R601 , R602	16—¼ CA1 84J	Carbon	res.	180 K	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R603 , R604	16—¼ CA562J	Carbon	res.	5K6	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R605 —R608	16—¼ CA222J	Carbon	res.	2K2	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R609 , R610	16—¼ CA223J	Carbon	res.	22 K	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R611 , R612	16—¼ CA471J	Carbon	res.	470	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R613 , R614	16—¼ CR1 53J	Carbon	res.	15 K	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R615 , R616	16—¼ CR1 02J	Carbon	res.	1 K	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R617 , R618	16—¼ CA331J	Carbon	res.	330	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R619 , R620	16—¼ CA332J	Carbon	res.	3K3	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R621 , R 622	16—¼ CA270J	Carbon	res.	27	ohm	±5%	1/4W		1.70
R623 , R624	16-1/42A681J	Metal Oxide	res.	680	ohm	$\pm 5\%$	2 W		10.00

SYMBOL NO	PARTS LIST		DE	SCRIPTION		REF
R625 , R626	16 —1/4 CA222 J	Carbon	* 0.0	2K2 ohm	±5% 1/4W	1.70
R627 , R628	16 —1/4 CA561 J	Carbon	res.	560 ohm	±5% 1/4W	1.70
R629 , R630	16 —½ A101 J	Metal Oxide	res.	100 ohm	±5% ½W	7.00
R633 , R634	16 –2 A122 J	Metal Oxide	res.	1K2 ohm	±5% 2 W	10.00
R635	16 —½ A3R3 J	Metal Oxide	res.	3.3 ohm	±5% ½W	7.00
R637 , R638	16 — 1/4 CA470 J	Carbon	res.	47 ohm	±5% 1/4W	1.70
R639 , R640	16 — 1/4 CA122 J	Carbon	res.	1K2 ohm	±5% 1/4W	1.70
R641 , R642	16 — 1/4 CA181 J	Carbon	res.	180 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R643 , R644	16 —2 A152 J	Metal Oxide	res.	1K5 ohm	±5% 2 W	10.00
R647 —R650	16 —½ A331 J	Metal Oxide	res.	330 ohm	±5% ½W	7.00
R651 —R654	16 —½ A3R3J	Metal Oxide		3.3 ohm	±5% ½W	7.00
R655 , R656	16 —½ CP181 J	Carbon	res.	180 ohm	±5% ½W	2.40
R657 —R660	16 - 1003	MPC	res.		±5% 5 W	30.80
R661 —R664	16 — 1A100 J	Metal Oxide	res.	0.22 ohm	±5% 1 W	8.00
R665 , R666	16 — 1A471 J	Metal Oxide	res.	10 ohm	±5% 1 W	8.00
R667 , R668	16 — 1017	MPC70	res.	470 ohm		19.00
R669 , R670	16 — 1617 16 — 1/4 CA681 J	Carbon	res	0.1 ohm	±5% 3 W	1.70
R673	16 — 1/4 CA393 J	Carbon	res.	680 ohm	±5% ¼W	477-778-778
R675	16 — 1/4 CA821 J	Carbon	res.	39K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
	16 — 1/4 CR272 J	Carbon	res.	820 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R677 , R678	16 — 1/4 CA151 J	Carbon	res.	2K7 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R679 , R680			res.	150 ohm	±5% 1/4W	1.70
R681 — R684	16 — 1/4 CA102 J	Carbon	res.	1K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R6 5 , R686	16 — 1/4 CA151 J	Carbon	res.	150 ohm	±5% 1/4W	1.70
R687 , R688	16—¼ CR272 J	Carbon	res.	2K7 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R689 R691 ,	16—¼ CA821 J	Carbon	res.	820 ohm	±5% 1/4W	1.70
M. CARTON STORY OF AN AND ANALYSIS OF	16-1/CA393J	Carbon	res.	39K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R693 , R694	16−¼ CA182 J 16−¼ CA391 J	Carbon	res.	1K8 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R695 , R696 R697 , R698		Carbon	res.	390 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
	16—¼ CA223 J	Carbon	res.	22K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R699 , R6100	16—¼CA562J	Carbon	res.	5K6 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R6101, R6102 R6103, R6104	16—¼ CA332 J	Carbon Carbon	res.	3K3 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
H	16—¼ CA184 J		res.	180K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R6105, R6106 R6107 R6108	16-1/4 CA331 J 16-1/2 CP220 J	Carbon	res.	330 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R6111,	[Carbon	res.	22 ohm	±5% ½W	2.40
R6112	16−¼CA562J 16−¼CR562J	Carbon	res.	5K6 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R6113	16-2 A681 J	Carbon Matal Ovida	res.	5K6 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R6117, R6118	16—1/4CA102J	Metal Oxide Carbon	res.	680 ohm	±5% 2 W	10.00
R801	16—1/4 CA273 J	Carbon	res.	1K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R802	16—1/4 CR123 J		res.	27K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R803 , R804	16—½ A5R6J	Carbon	res.	12K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R805	16—1/4 CA103 J	Metal Oxide Carbon	res.	5.6 ohm 10K ohm	±5% ½W	7.00
R806	16—¼ CA101 J	The state of the s	res.		±5% ¼W	1.70
R807		Carbon	res.	100 ohm	±5% ¼W	1 70
R808	16-1/4 CR472 J 16-2 A181 J	Carbon Metal Oxide	res.	4K7 ohm 180 ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R809 - R811			res.		±5% 2 W	10.00
R812	16—¼ CA103 J	Carbon Matal Ovida	res.	10K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R813	16—2 A181 J	Metal Oxide	res.	180 ohm	±5% 2 W	10.00
R814	16—¼CA273 J	Carbon	res.	27K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
R815	16—¼CR563J	Carbon	res.	56K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70
1/010	16-1/4 CR102 J	Carbon	res.	1K ohm	±5% ¼W	1.70

SYMBOL NO	PARTS NO			DESCRIPTI	ON		REF
R816	16-1/2 A101 J	Metal Oxide	res	100	ohm ±5%	½W	7.00
R817	16-1/4 CA101 J	Carbon	res.	100	ohm $\pm 5\%$	1/4W	1.70
R818	16-14CR102 J	Carbon	res.	1K	ohm $\pm 5\%$	1/4W	1.70
R819	16-1/4CR153J	Carbon	res.	15K	ohm $\pm 5\%$	1/4W	1.70
R820	16-1/4CA822J	Carbon	res.	8K2	ohm ±5%	1/4W	1.70
R821	16—1/4CR102J	Carbon	res	1K	ohm ±5%	1/4W	1.70
R822	16—1/4CR104J	Carbon	res.	100K	ohm ±5%	1 ₄ W	1.70
R823, R824	16—2A181J	Metal Oxide	res	180	ohm ±5%	2 W	10.00
R825	16-1/4CR183J	Carbon	res.	18K	ohm +5%	1/4W	1.70
C201, C202	17—5ER474Y	Elec.	Capa.	0.47 μF	+50-10%	50 V	8.40
C203	17—5DR104M	CER.	Capa.	0.1μF	± 20%	50 V	13.00
C401, C402	17—5DR101M	CER.	Сара.	100PF	+ 20%	50 V	3.80
C403, C404	17—5DR221M	CER.	Сара.	220PF	+ 20%	50 V	4.40
C405, C406	17—5DR101M	CER.	Сара.	100PF	+ 20%	50 V	3.80
C403, C408	17—0.63E108Y	Elec.	Сара.	1000 μF	±50-10%	6.3V	33.80
C407, C408 C409-C412	17—0.03E106Y	Elec.	Сара.	10 μF	±50—10%	35 V	9.20
C409 C412	17—5.5ER1001	CER.	Сара.	22PF	± 20%	50 V	3.50
C415, C414	17—5DR220M	CER.	Сара.	0.1μF	± 20%	50 V	13.00
C415, C418	17—5DR104M 17—5DR221M	CER.	Сара.	220PF	± 20%	50 V	4.40
C417, C418 C421, C422	17—55R221W 17—5FR273J	Mylar	Сара.	0.027 µF	+5%	50 V	8 40
C421, C422 C423, C424	17—5FR2753 17—5FR752J	Mylar	Сара.	7500PF	± 5%	50 V	6.70
C425, C426	17—3FR7523 17—1ER476Y	Elec.	Сара.	47μF	±50—10%	10 V	9.20
	17—1ER4761 17—5FR222J	Mylar	Сара.	2200PF	± 5%	50 V	
C427, C428		CER.	Сара.	0.1μF	± 20%		6.30
C429	17—5DR104M 17—5F224J	Mylar	Сара.	0.1μF	± 5%	50 V	13.00
C501-C504		CER.	Сара.	22PF	± 3% ± 20%	50 V	22.60
C505, C506 C507, C508	17—5DR220M 17—1ER476Y	Elec.	Сара.	47μF	±50—10%	50 V 10 V	3.50 9.20
C507, C508 C509, C510	17—1ER4761 17—5FR122J	Mylar	Сара.	1200PF	±5%	50 V	6.30
	17—5FR1223 17—5F224J	Mylar	Сара.	0.22 μF	± 5%		
C511, C512	17—5F224J 17—5F104J	Mylar	Сара.	0.22μF 0.1μF	±5%	50 V	22.60
C513-C516		CER.	Сара.	220PF	± 20%	50 V	14.10
C517, C518	17 —5DR221M	CER.	Сара.	100PF	± 20%	50 V	4.40
C519, C520	17 —5DR101M	CER.	Сара.	33PF	± 20% + 20%	50 V	3.80
C521, C522	17 —5DR330M	Mylar		1200PF	± 5%	50 V	3.80
C523, C524	17 —5FR122J	CER.	Capa.	10PF	± 20%	50 V	6.30
C525, C526	17 —5DR100M	Elec.	Capa.	47μF	±50-10%	50 V	3.50
C527, C528	17 —1ER476Y	Elec.	Capa.	47 μF	±50-10%	10 V	9.20
C529, C530	17 — 2.5ER476Y	Dryal				25 V	14.60
C531, C522	17 —1.6R105K 17 —1ER476Y	Elec.	Capa.	1μF 47μF	$\pm10\%$ $\pm50-10\%$	16 V	24.00
C533, C534	17 — 1ER4761 17 — 5FR183J	Mylar	Сара.	0.018 μF	±50—10% ±5%	10 V	9.20
C535, C536 C537, C538	17 —5FR1833 17 —5F104J	Mylar	Сара.	0.018 μF 0.1 μF	± 5% ± 5%	50 V 50 V	7.70 14.10
	17 —5F1045 17 —5F124J	Mylar		0.12μF			123.60 (100.00)
C539, C540 C541, C542	17 — 1.6R684K	Dryal	Capa.	0.12 μF 0.68 μF	$\pm5\% \ \pm10\%$	50 V	14.70
C541, C542 C543, C544		Elec.	Сара.	47μF	$\pm 10\%$ $\pm 50-10\%$	16 V	24.00
C545, C546	17 —1ER476Y 17 —5F563J	Mylar	Сара.	0.056 μF	±50—10% ±5%	10 V	9.20
C545, C548		Dryal	Сара.	1μ F	± 5% ± 10%	50 V	10.70
	17 —1.6R105K	Mylar		0.033 μF		16 V	24.00
C549, C550	17 —5FR333J	2000	Capa.		±5% ±10%	50 V	9.00
C551, C552	17 —1.6R684K	Dryal CER.	Capa.	0.68 μF 220PF	±10%	16 V	24.00
C553, C554	17 —5DR221M	Elec.	Capa.	220PF 47μF	± 20% + 50 10%	50 V	4.40
C555, C556	17 —1ER476Y	Liec.	Capa.	4/41	$\pm 50 {-} 10\%$	10 V	9.20

SYMBOL NO	PARTS NO	DESCRIPTION	REF
C557, C558	17 —5F563J	Mylar Capa. $0.056 \mu F \pm 5\%$ 5	0 V 10.70
C559, C560	17 —5F274J	Mylar Capa. $0.27 \mu\text{F} \pm 5\%$	0 V 25.60
C561, C562	17 — 5FR273J	Mylar Capa. $0.027 \mu\text{F} \pm 5\%$	0 V 8.40
C563, C564	17—5F154J	Mylar Capa. $0.15\mu\text{F}\pm5\%$ 5	oV 17.50
C565, C566	17—5DR221M		OV 4.40
C567, C568	17—2.5ER476Y	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5V 14.60
C569-C572	17—1ER226Y		OV 8.40
C573, C574	17—5DR101M		0V 3.80
C575	17-2.5ER476Y		5V 14.60
C577, C578	17-5DR470M		0V 3.80
C579, C580	17-5DR104M		OV 13.00
C581, C582	17-5DR221M		OV 4.40
C601-C604	17-1.6R105K	:A	6V 24.00
C605, C606	17—5FR332J		0V 6.30
C607, C608	17—5FR102J	그렇게 하다 그리면 얼마나가 그리면 얼마나가 그렇게 되었다.	0V 6.30
C609, C610	17—5DR221M		0V 4.40
C611, C612	17—0.63E108Y		3V 33.80
C613-C616	17—5DR470M		0V 3.80
C617—C620	17—5DR104M		0V 13.00
C623	17—5DR104M		OV 13.00
C625—C630	17—5DR104M		OV 13.00
C631—C634	17—3.5ER476Y		5V 14.60
C635	17—1ER476Y		0V 9.20
C637	17—1ER476Y	그 그렇게요? 200 - 그렇게 되면 하면 하면 그렇게 되었다. 그렇게 되었다. 그리겠다겠다는 그리고 있었다.	0V 9.20
C643, C644	17—5FR332J		OV 6.30
C645, C646	17—51 R3323	,	0V 3.50
C647—C650	17—1ER476Y		0V 9.20
C651, C652	17—5DR221M	2.00.	OV 4.40
C653, C654	17—5DR104M	02	0V 13.00
C655, C656	17—5ER476Y		0V 18.80
C657—C662	17—5DR101M		0V 3.80
C699	17—5D104M		OV 13.00
C801 - C804	17—5P478Y		0V 385.00
C805, C806	17—6.3E477Y		3V 85.00
C807—C809	17—3.5ER106Y		5V 9.20
C810	17—6.3ER106Y		3V 10.70
C811, C812	17—5DR104M		OV 13.00
C813	17—3.5ER476Y		5V 14.60
C814	17—5.5ER4701		0V 6.30
C815	17—6.3ER106Y		3V 10.70
C816	17—3.5ER106Y		5V 9.20
C819	17—3.5ER106Y	2.00,	5V 9.20
C820	17—6.3ER106Y		3V 9.20 3V 10.70
C821, C822	17—3.5ER476Y		5V 14.60
C823, C824	STATES AND A STATE OF THE STATES AND A STATES AND A STATE OF THE STATES AND A STATE OF THE STATES AND A STATE		102.00
	17-2008	Capa. AC 2200PF ECK—DDS222ME	100 miles (100 miles (
L601,, L602	29—1036—1	Air Coil 3.3 μH	48.00
VR201, VR202	29-4056	Semifixed res. 200KB	17.50
VR501	29 — 4103A	Volume & Balance 20KB & 50KW	516.00
VR502, VR503	29—4075F	VR 10KC×2	130.00
VR601, VR602	29-4064	Semifixed res. 1KB	17.50

SYMBOL NO	PARTS NO	DES	SCRIPTION	REF
VR603, VR604	29—4055	Semifixed res. 50	OOR .	17.50
	30-1041	Zener Diode W2-		14.80
D201	30-1041	Diode BAW62	-220	8.00
D203, D204		Diode BAW62		8.00
D401—D410	30—1019			-7865
D501—D508	30-1019	Diode BAW62		8.00
D601—D606	30-1019	Diode BAW62		8.00
D609—D612	30—1019	Diode BAW62		8.00
D801 — D804	30-1017-1	Diode GI3B	was results	28.00
D805	30-1040	Bridge Diode	WL-02M	88.00
D806—D810	30-1019	Diode BAW62		8.00
D811	30-1041	Zener Diode	W2-22D	1 4.80
D812, D813	30-1002	Diode 1A 100V	IN4002/10DI	12.40
LD201-LD208	30-1085	LED Green	2×5MMS LT3231G	35.60
LD209—LD211	30-1075	LED Red	2×5MMS LT3211R	27.80
LD212	30-1085	LED Green	2×5MMS LT3231G	35.60
LD213	30-1076	LED Yellow	2×5MMS LT3251	35.60
Q401, Q402	30-2264	FET 2SK163		64.00
Q403, Q404	30-2085-2	TRANSISTOR	BC559B	26.00
Q405, Q406	30-2084-3	TRANSISTOR	BC549C	26.00
Q407, Q408	30-2090-2	TRANSISTOR	BC546B	24.00
Q409, Q410	30-2096	TRANSISTOR	BC556A	26.00
Q411, Q412	30-2090-2	TRANSISTOR	BC546B	24.00
Q413, Q414	30-2096	TRANSISTOR	BC556A	26.00
Q501, Q502	30-2084-3	TRANSISTOR	BC549C	26.00
Q503, Q504	30-2085-2	TRANSISTOR	BC559B	26.00
Q505, Q506	30-2096	TRANSISTOR	BC556A	26.00
Q507, Q508	30-2090-2	TRANSISTOR	BC546B	24.00
Q509-Q512	30-2090-2	TRANSISTOR	BC546B	24.00
Q513-Q516	30-2096	TRANSISTOR	BC556A	26.00
Q517-Q522	30-2090-2	TRANSISTOR	BC546B	24.00
Q523, Q524	30-2096	TRANSISTOR	BC556A	26.00
Q525, Q526	30-2232	FET	E111	104.00
Q527	30-2096	TRANSISTOR	BC556A	26.00
Q528	30-2090-2	TRANSISTOR	BC546B	24.00
Q601, Q602	30-2084-3	TRANSISTOR	BC549C	26.00
Q605, Q606	30-2096	TRANSISTOR	BC556A	26.00
Q607, Q608	30-2238	TRANSISTOR	BF423	58.00
Q609, Q610	30-2087	TRANSISTOR	2SD381	92.00
Q615, Q616	30-2237	TRANSISTOR	BF422	54.00
Q617, Q618	30-2238	TRANSISTOR	BF423	58.00
Q619, Q620	30-2250	TRANSISTOR	MJE253	128.00
Q621, Q622	30-2249	TRANSISTOR	MJE243	112.00
Q623, Q624	30-2251	TRANSISTOR	MJ15003	440.00
Q625, Q626	30-2252	TRANSISTOR	MJ15004	460.00
Q627	30-2090-2	TRANSISTOR	BC546B	24.00
Q629	30-2096	TRANSISTOR	BC556A	26.00
Q631, Q632	30-2083	TRANSISTOR	BD139	68.00
Q633, Q634	30-2090-2	TRANSISTOR	BC546B	24.00
				26.00
Q635, Q636	30-2096	TRANSISTOR	BC556A	20,00

Q802 30-2096 TRANSISTOR BC556A 26.0 Q803 30-2090-2 TRANSISTOR BC546B 24.0 Q804 30-2083 TRANSISTOR BD139 68.0 Q805 30-2082 TRANSISTOR BD140 84.0 Q806 30-2090-2 TRANSISTOR BC546B 24.0 Q807 30-2096 TRANSISTOR BC556A 26.0 Q808 30-2082 TRANSISTOR BD140 84.0 IC401, IC402 30-3112 IC U267 520.0 SW1 31-1143F Rotary SW. RZL66FLA02 264.0 SW2 31-1142F * A Rotary SW. RZV46FL006 218.0 SW3. SW4 31-1137F * A Push SW. SUE22FL001 97.0 SW6 31-1162F Rotary SW. SUE22FL001 97.0 SW6 31-1164F Push SW. 214.0 SW12 31-1024F Rotary SW. RZV44FL016 229.0 SW12 31-1079F Slide	SYMBOL NO	PARTS NO	DESCRIP	TION	REF
Q806 30 - 2096 TRANSISTOR BC546B 24.0 Q807 30 - 2096 TRANSISTOR BC556A 26.0 Q808 30 - 2082 TRANSISTOR BD140 84.4 C401, IC402 30 - 3112 IC U267 520.0 SW1 31 - 1143F Rotary SW. RZV46FL006 218.1 SW2 31 - 1137F + A Push SW. SUE22FL001 97.7 SW5. SW7 31 - 1137F + A Push SW. SUE22FL001 97.7 SW6 31 - 1162F Rotary SW. SUE22FL001 97.1 SW8.SW9.SW11 31 - 1162F Rotary SW. SW. SW12 31 - 1024F Rotary SW. RZV44FL016 2229.1 SW12 31 - 1079F Slide SW. SSB23FL025 53.1 SW13 31 - 1129A + A Power SW. SDU3PE16 340.1 TB1, TB2 35 - 3018 Breaker A - 40 88.6	Q802 Q803 Q804	30 – 2096 30 – 2090 – 2 30 – 2083	TRANSISTOR TRANSISTOR TRANSISTOR	BC556A BC546B BD139	68.00 26.00 24.00 68.00 84.00
SW8.SW9.SW11 SW10 SW12 SW13 TB1. TB2 SW8.SW9.SW11 SW10 SW10 SW10 SW10 SW10 SW10 SW10	Q806 Q807 Q808 IC401, IC402 SW1 SW2 SW3, SW4	30-2090-2 30-2096 30-2082 30-3112 31-1143F 31-1142F + A 31-1137F + A	TRANSISTOR TRANSISTOR TRANSISTOR IC Rotary SW. Rotary SW. Push SW.	BC546B BC556A BD140 U267 RZL66FLA02 RZV46FL006 SUE22FL001	24.00 26.00 84.00 520.00 264.00 218.00 97.00
	SW8,SW9,SW11 SW10 SW12 SW13	31 — 1164F 31 — 1024F 31 — 1079F 31 — 1129A * A	Push SW. Rotary SW. Slide SW. Power SW.	RZV44FL016 SSB23FL025	214.00 194.00 229.00 53.00 340.00 88.00
				30	
			*		

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5/27/81



SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 025 3140 RFI, POWER LINE TRANSIENT INTERFERENCE

We have received complaints of RF interference (CB radio, nearby transmitter, etc).

This can be cured as follows: (Please Note: Instructions are given for left channel; right channel is done identically)

- 1) Connect series network of 470 PF cap and 47 ohm res. from gate, Q401 to base, Q403.
- 2) Connect 22 PF cap from base to collector, Q405 (or, change C413 to 47 PF)
- 3) Cut foil, install 1K res. in series with base, Q501
- 4) Connect 100 PF cap from base to emitter, Q501
- 5) Cut foil, install 1K res. in series with base, Q633
- 6) Connect 1000 PF (.00luF) cap from base to emitter, Q633
- 7) Cut foil, install 1K res. in series with C649
- 8) Connect 1000 PF cap from base to emitter, Q601

This completes RFI mod. You should also install stability mod, service bulletin #026.

Paul Ceurvels

National Service Manager

PS: Please note that this mod is factory installed on bottom of PCB, later runs of PCB parts #19-1122E, and on the top of revised PCB, part #19-1122F; These sets will have no RFI trouble. (Number is on bottom, under fuses)

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675 Canton Street Norwood, Massachusetts 02062 Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442



SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 0.26

3140 FUSE BLOWING, PARASITICS

We have received complaints of fuses blowing for no apparent reason, parasitic oscillation, and distorted sound; which is aggravated by long cabling with high inter-cable capacitance.

To cure, simply remove bottom cover, and connect the ground foil of the "Tape 2 Rec" jack to the gound foil of the "Normal In" jack. These foils are located under the rear panel; connection is most easily made by scraping away the green paint, and shorting the foils together with a drop of solder.

NOTES:

- 1) This mod applies to units with metal-case output transistors only.
- Output transistor mounting screws should also be checked for looseness, and tightened, if necessary.
- 3) Check part no. of rear PCB (on bottom, under fuses). If 19-1122D, please change chassis ground point as follows (as seen from bottom, knobs facing you): Cut ground foil immediately to left of chassis ground point near input jacks. Scrape off paint, short chassis ground foil to "Tuner" ground foil. This will also improve hum level on phono.

Paul Ceurvels

National Service Manager

PS: Also see service bulletin 025

675 Canton Street Norwood, Massachusetts 02062 Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442 NAD

5/27/81

SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 027

3140 SPEAKER CIRCUIT BREAKER

Due to error at the factory, a few sets were produced with incorrect size speaker circuit breaker, which may trip prematurely under heavy loading.

The correct size is 4.0 amp, marked "A - 40" (P/N 35-3018). The wrong size is 2.2 amp, marked "A - 22" (P/N 35-3011).

Paul Ceurvels

National Service Manager

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SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 031

3140, PHONO 1 W/ADCOM M.C. CARTRIDGE

7/24/81

When using Adcom high output M.C. cartridge, please load cartridge with 1000 ohms; failure to do so may result in instability.

This can be most easily done using 2 "Y" adapters, 2 1000 ohm resistors, and 2 phono plugs. Solder the resistors into the plugs; connect phono cables to one leg of each "Y" adapter, 1K resistor plugs to the other legs, and plug adapters into "Phono 1".

Adcom tells us of no measurable performance degradation, except that cartridge output level will decrease 1/4 DB, which is not significant.

Paul Ceurvals

National Service Manager

675 Canton Street Norwood, Massachusetts 02062

Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442



SB USA 033

VOLTAGE CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS

9/1/81

Attached Diagrams:

Fig. 1, 2 Power Transformer Primary Wiring

Fig. 3 3140 Transformer Interwiring

Fig. 4 U.S. Type Power Switch & Grounding

Fig. 5 Overseas Type (220V) Power Switch & Grounding

NOTES:

- 1) Check primary wires for presence of blue or green wire, and proceed accordingly. Some early amps, tuners, & receivers are not voltage convertible, and must be used with an external step-up or step-down transformer; these units have power transformer part numbers ending in "-1", "-2", "-3", and "-4".
- 2) Power is usually taken from the rear panel switched outlet.
- 3) Sometimes there is a thin, black wire which is connected to the chassis. This is the electrostatic ground, do not disturb it.
- 4) Unused wires must be insulated. Please use electrical tape or wire nuts (preferably).
- 5) Some overseas units have a chassis ground wire (green or green/yellow) in the power cord, which is not used in the U.S.. Instead, in the U.S., a resistor (2.7m, ½w) is connected from the switched ("HOT") side of the AC line to the chassis.
- 6) For 220/240 volt use ,both sides of AC line should be switched. Bypass both switches with 2200pf, 250VAC (400VDC) capa, for arc suppression. For 110/120 volt use ,only one side of AC line requires switching (bypass with 4700pf, 125VAC (250VDC) capa).
- 7) Don't forget to check the FM de-emphasis switch, on the rear panel, for correct setting (tuners & receivers only).
- 8) Tuners, amplifiers, receivers, and tape decks require no frequency conversion.
- 9) Turntables bought in the U.S. are <u>not</u> voltage convertible; an external transformer is required; use 15 watt size or larger. Motor pulleys for cycle change of models 5020 and 5020A are available from our parts department. Models 5040, 5080, and 5080A require no frequency conversion.
- 10) Tape decks are not voltage convertible, and require an external transformer; (minimum size as stated on label next to power cord; usually 15 to 75 watts). No frequency conversion is needed.
- 11) 3140 has twin transformer. Please wire each transformer individually for the correct voltage; then connect both transformers in parallel, at the switched outlet.

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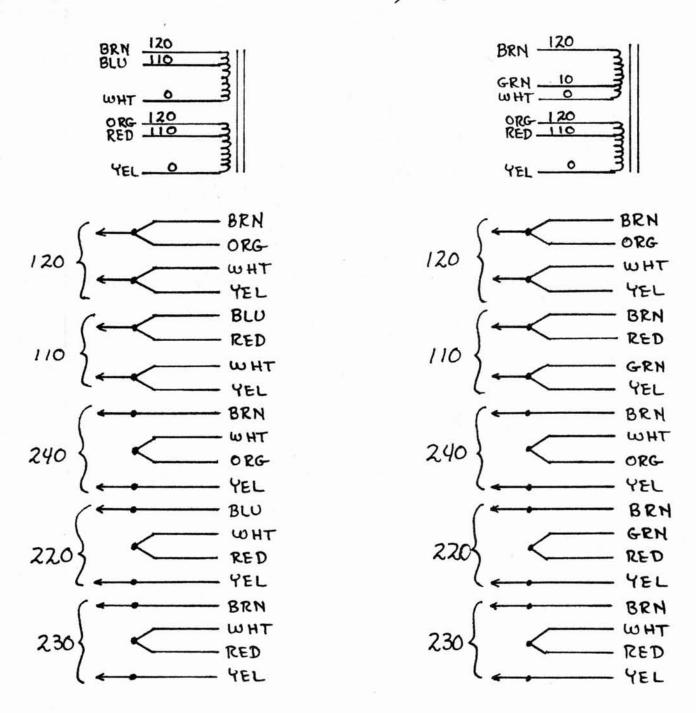
12) Don't forget to change the main fuse. At 220 volts, a set requires half the current which it requires for 110 volts; and vice versa. The wrong size fuse will either blow prematurely, or may not provide sufficient safety margin, in event of overload.

Paul J. Ceurvels

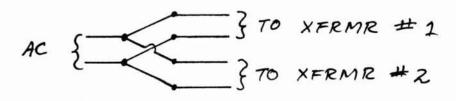
National Service Manager

1) W/ BLUE TAP WIRE

2) W/GREEN TAP WIRE

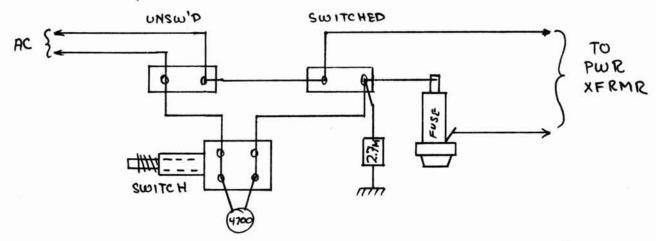


3) 3140; TWIN TRANSFORMERS

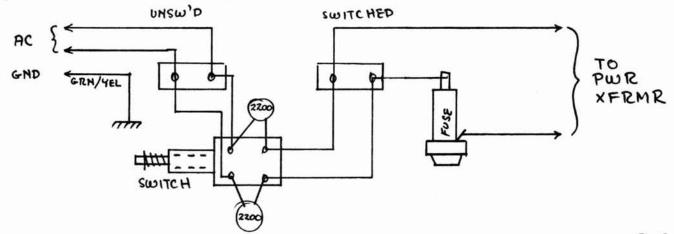


NOTE; WIRE EACH XFRMR AS IN #2 ABOVE; THEN IN PARALLEL, AS SHOWN

4) US TYPE, ONE SIDE OF LINE SWITCHED



5) OVERSEAS TYPE, BOTH SIDES OF LINE SW'D



8-28-81 P.CEURVELS

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SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 034

2140, 3140 IDLE CURRENT, OVERHEATING

9/3/81

Occasionally, you may find a unit which idles hot. This can be caused by misadjustment of the idle current trimpots VR603, 604, as a result of vibration in shipping.

To cure, reset the Trimpots, after performing the following modification, which makes the trimpots less "Touchy":

- Change R639, 640 from 1K2 to 3K3, www.
- 2) Change R641, 642 from 180 to 1K, w
- 3) Change R6123, 6124 from 560 to 1K w (missing on some early sets)

To reset Idle Current:

- Turn set upside down, using a block of wood or a book, as a spacer, to allow air to flow.
- 2) Set bias pots VR603, 604 fully counterclockwise.
- 3) Connect meter from Emitter to Emitter, of output transistors.
- 4) Slowly "Turn Up" idle current to approx. 80% of desired value.
- 5) Allow to thermally stabilize, and reset.

Note:

Set idle current according to emitter resistors R657, 658, 659, 660, as follows:

- A) If .1 ohm, adjust for 6mV (5 7mV limit)
- B) If .22 ohm, adjust for 14mV (12-15mV limit)

This will result in an idle current of 30mA.

Paul J. Ceurvels

National Service Manager

675 Canton Street

Norwood, Massachusetts 02062

Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442



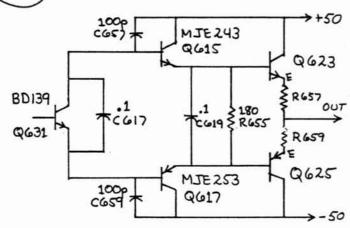
SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 035

2140, 3140 POWER AMP

9/3/81

Later 2140, (3140's) have simplified power amp driver stage, left channel shown:



Q623: MJ15003 OR 2502565

Q625: MJ15004 OR 25A1095

R657,659: .1 A OR .22 A, SW

The changes are:

- 1) Q615, 616; BF 422; Change to MJE 243
- 2) Q617, 618; BF 423; Change to MJE 253
- 3) Q619, 620; MJE 253; Removed (used as Q617, 618)
- 4) Q621, 622; MJE 243; Removed (used as Q615, 616)
- 5) R647, 648, 649, 650; 330 ohm; Change to jumper wire
- 6) R651, 652, 653, 654; 3.3 ohm; Removed, not used

NOTE:

Set idle current (approx. 30mA) according to emitter resistors (R657, 658, 659, 660); measure from Emitter to Emitter, as follows:

- A) If .1 ohm, set for 6mV (5-7mV, limit)
- B) If .22 ohm, set for 14mV (12 15mV, limit)

Paul J. Ceurvels

National Service Manager

675 Canton Street Norwood, Massachusetts 02062 Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442



SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 039

3140, POP OF LOW LEVEL SWITCH

10/22/81

It is normal for Low Level Switch to "pop" slightly when pushed. However, if the "pop" appears only when the Speaker EQ Switch is "OFF", it could be that the Speaker EQ Circuit is oscillating supersonically.

This can be checked by monitoring the preamp output jacks with an oscilloscope while pressing the Low Level Switch, with Speaker EQ off.

Should this be the problem, correct as follows:

- 1) Remove bottom cover
- 2) Install (2) 22pf capacitors from base Q523, Q524 to circuit ground at R5105.

Please note that this problem is limited to sets using Siemens small signal transistors, which are marked on the side of their bodies. Units having Philips transistors, marked on their tops, DO NOT exhibit this phenomenon.

Paul J. Ceurvels

National Service Manager

PS: An alternate cure is to change C553, C554 from 220pf to 330pf; this is now done in production.

675 Canton Street Norwood, Massachusetts 02062

Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442



SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 040

3140, 2140 BRIDGED STABILITY

10/22/81

3140, 2140 can be made more stable in the bridged mode by relocating the bridging signal pickoff point, as follows:

- 1) Turn unit over, knobs facing you, remove bottom cover
- 2) Locate wiper (middle terminal) of left half of bridge switch, cut foil just to left of wiper
- 3) Connect one end of a $10\frac{1}{2}$ " piece of insulated wire to the bridge switch wiper
- 4) Connect other end of wire to rearward terminal of choke coil L602 (2" forward of left-most output transistor), immediately behind lettering "SFL - SB - 2A94V1" or "AE3" (depends on production run).

Paul J. Ceurvels

National Service Manager

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675 Canton Street Norwood, Massachusetts 02062

Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442



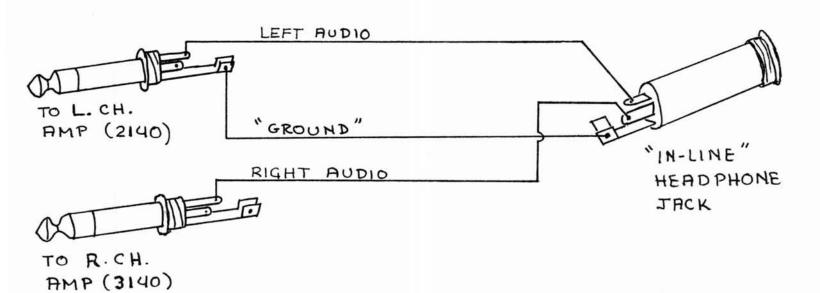
SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 041

3140, 2140 BRIDGED HEADPHONES

10/22/81

To use headphones with bridged 3140, 2140, please make up an adaptor as follows:



NOTES:

- 1) Connect jack ground to only ONE plug, as shown. This avoids ground loops.
- Headphone plug Radio Shack 274-139 or equivalent
- 3) Inline jack Radio Shack 274-141 or equivalent.

National Service Manager

Paul J. Ceuryels

675 Canton Street Norwood, Massachusetts 02062 Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442



SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 042

3140 PHONO PREAMP STABILITY

10/27/81

When operated under extremely adverse conditions (Low Line Voltage; using highly inductive cartridge, such as Adcom; bridged operation at high volume and heavy, reactive loading), phono preamp may show signs of instability.

To cure this, proceed as follows:

- 1) Change R403, R404 from 220 ohm to 2K2 1/4 watt, carbon film
- 2) Change R417, R418 from 10K to 2K2 1/4 watt, carbon film
- 3) Cut foil, add solder shorts so that R411, R412 are connected to -25V supply, not to emitters of differential amp transistors Q405, 407 and Q406, 408
- 4) Remove C413, C414 if present

Please note that a unit modified in this fashion does not require external, additional loading of the cartridge (as described in bulletin SB USA 031), although doing so will have no adverse effects.

Paul J. Ceurvels

National Service Manager

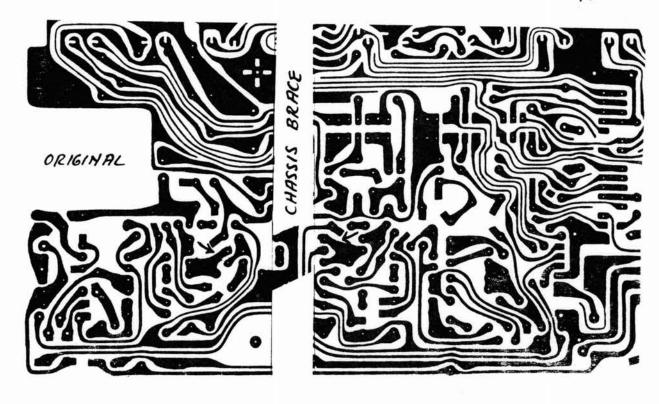
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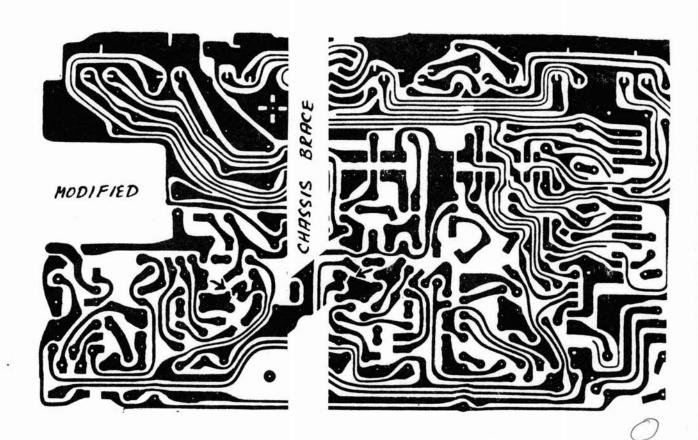
SB USA 042, STEP 3

NOTE: AFFECTED AREA IS ON BOTH SIDES OF "BREAK" IN CHASSIS BRACE,

SEE ARROWS

P.C.





675 Canton Street Norwood, Massachusetts 02062

Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442



SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 054

2140/3140 FILTER CAPACITORS

5/26/82

Be aware that a small number of 2140/3140's were manufactured with incorrect main power supply filter capacitors, C801, 802, 803, and 804.

They are located in a group near the back of the unit.

Incorrect: 6800 uf 35v

Correct: 4700 uf 50v, p/n 17-5P478Y

Please check these 4 capacitors at time of servicing.

Regards,

Paul J. Ceurvels National Service Manager

REP'N JUN 18 1982

675 Canton Street Norwood, Massachusetts 02062

Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442



SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 065

5/24/83

2140, 3140 STATUS LED FAILURE, BURNT RESISTORS

You may receive complaints of dead status LED's (power on, soft clip, SLC on) or burnt resistors R213, R214, R215.

These resistors are in series with the LED's, and are located just forward of the soft clip and SLC switches. In early units, they are not quite large enough for the power dissipated. This can lead to early failure, especially under conditions of high AC line voltage.

Should this happen, replace these resistors as follows:

R213: 6K8 $\frac{1}{2}$ w (for SLC on, yellow)

R214: 5K6 ½w (for soft clip, green)

R215: $4K7 \frac{1}{2}w$ (for power on, red)

For best heat dissipation, please mount them upright (not "Lying Down").

Later units are made with larger resistors, eliminating this problem.

Regards,

Paul J. Ceurvels

National Service Manager

675 Canton Street Norwood, Massachusetts 02062

Telephone: (617) 769-7050 Telex: 924442



SERVICE BULLETIN

SB USA 066

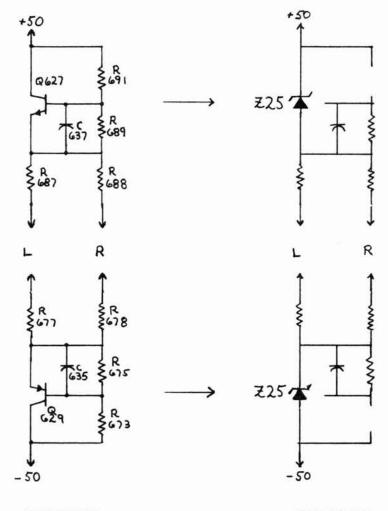
2140, 3140 SOFT CLIP IMPROVEMENT

5/24/83

As the circuit is originally designed, the soft clip threshold is dependent upon the beta (gain) of transistors Q627, Q629. If these transistors are out of spec, or defective, soft clip operation will be adversely affected (usually resulting in distortion).

Should this be the case, please modify as follows:

- 1) Remove Q627, Q629, R673, R691.
- 2) Install 25V ½w zener from emitter to collector, Q627, Q629.



ORIGINAL

MODIFIED

2140, 3140 SOFT CLIP

SB USA 066 Page 2

NOTE:

Install zeners with cathode (stripe) to the right, as seen from front of unit.

Regards,

Paul J. Ceurvels

National Service Manager

P.S.

Please note that later production units are manufactured with a similar circuit:

- 1) Transistors Q627, Q629 are replaced with 22V ½w zeners.
- 2) Resistors R677, R678, R687, R688 are changed from 2.7K to 3.3K, $\frac{1}{4}$ w.

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