

## STEREO CONTROL AMPLIFIER

### MODEL SO-9100H (Silver Panel) SO-9100HB (Brown Panel)

PHOTO : SO-9100H

The SO-9100H and SO-9100HB are quite the same except for the Panel and knobs different in color between them. So, this Service Manual is prepared referring to the SO-9100H alone: the difference of the SO-9100HB against it can be made out with a reference to "DIFFERENTIAL PARTS LIST" at the end of PARTS LIST.

In the interests of user-safety the set should be restored to its original condition and only parts identical to those specified be used.

### SPECIFICATIONS

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Power source:	A.C. 110/220/240V, 50/60Hz
Power consumption:	25 W
Semiconductors:	16-Transistors 82-FETs 21-Diodes 18-LEDs
Dimensions:	Width; 430mm (16-15/16 inch) Height; 75mm (2-31/32 inch) Depth; 382mm (15-1/16 inch)
Weight:	6.5kg (14.4 lbs.)
Circuit type:	Head amplifier for moving coil type cartridge; All FET, ICL (input capacitorless), 2-stage differential amplifier, DC amplifier
Equalizer;	ICL (input capacitorless), all FET differential amplifier, complementary final stage, dual power supply, DC amplifier
Tone control;	ICL (input capacitorless), all FET differential amplifier, dual power supply, DC amplifier
Input sensitivity and input impedance:	
PHONO 1;	3mV/47K ohms
PHONO 2;	3mV/22K ohms, 47K ohms, 100K ohms 200pF, 300pF, 400pF
PHONO 3;	0.3mV/100 ohms
AUX;	150mV/47K ohms
TUNER;	150mV/47K ohms
TAPE PB 1 and 2;	150mV/47K ohms
TAPE PB (DIN socket);	150mV/47K ohms

Allowable maximum input for equalizer:	
PHONO 1 and 2;	300mV (RMS, 1kHz)
PHONO 3;	27mV
RIAA curve deviation:	±0.2dB (20Hz to 20kHz)
Frequency response:	5Hz to 80kHz +0dB -2dB
	(TUNER, AUX, TAPE PB)
Tone control:	Bass; ±10dB at 100Hz Treble; ±10dB at 20kHz
Low filter:	-3dB at 15Hz, 6dB/octave -3dB at 30Hz, 6dB/octave
High filter:	-3dB at 8kHz, 6dB/octave -3dB at 15kHz, 6dB/octave
Loudness contour:	+7.0dB at 100Hz +4dB at 10kHz
Audio muting:	-20dB
Signal to noise ratio: (using IHF "A" network)	PHONO 1 and 2; 84dB PHONO 3; 70dB TAPE, AUX or TUNER; 100dB
Output level and loaded impedance:	
REC 1 and 2;	150mV
REC (DIN socket);	30mV/82K ohms
Output:	1V/22K ohms
Harmonic Distortion:	
PHONO 1 and 2;	0.003% at 10V, 20Hz - 20kHz
TUNER and AUX;	0.003% at 5V, 20Hz - 20kHz
Intermodulation:	0.002% at 3V

Specifications of this model are subject to change without prior notice.

## LAYOUT OF PARTS

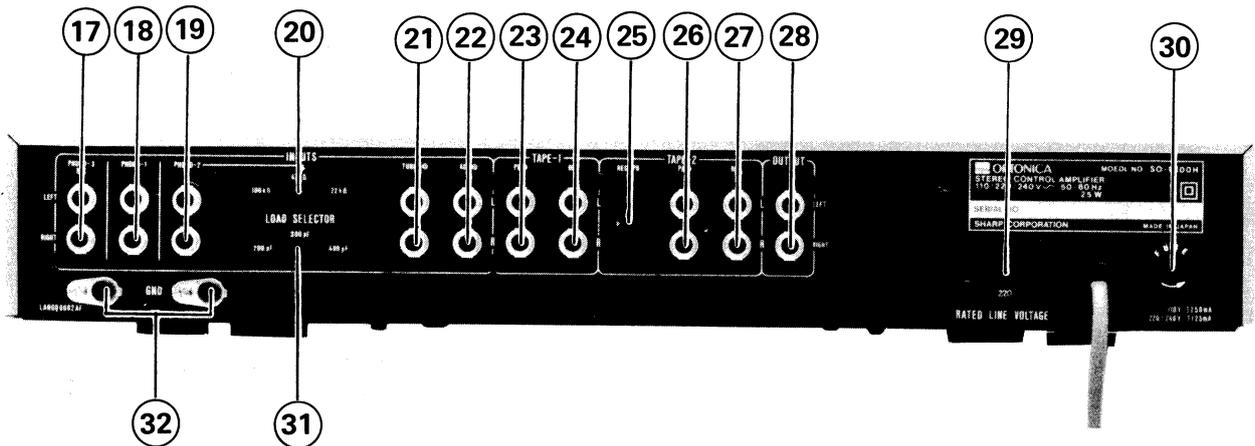


PHOTO : SO-9100H

Figure 2-1 FRONT PARTS

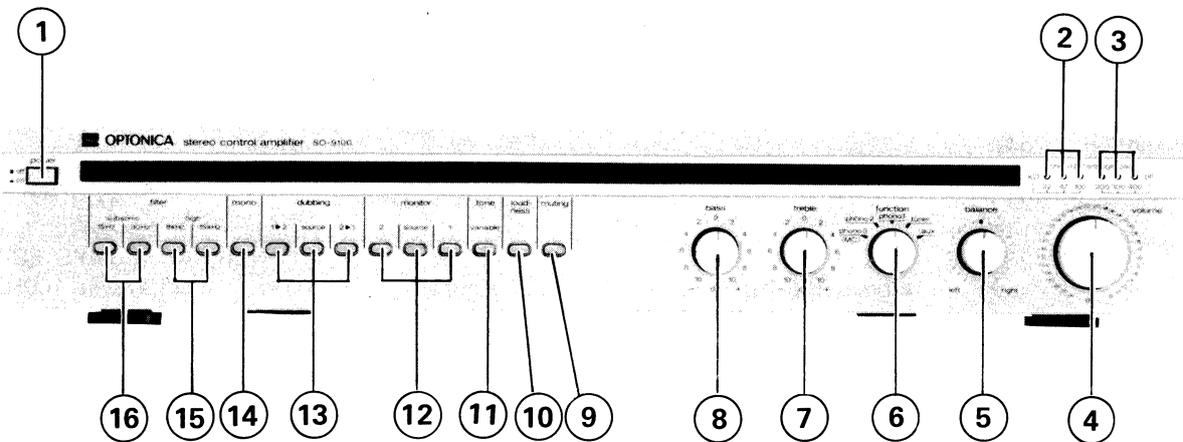


PHOTO : SO-9100H

Figure 2-2 REAR PARTS

- |                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| ① Power On/Off switch         | ①⑦ Phono 3 input sockets                  |
| ② Impedance indicator         | ①⑧ Phono 1 input sockets                  |
| ③ Capacitance indicator       | ①⑨ Phono 2 input sockets                  |
| ④ Volume control              | ②⑩ Impedance selector for phono 2 input   |
| ⑤ Balance control             | ②① Tuner input sockets                    |
| ⑥ Function selector           | ②② Auxiliary input sockets                |
| ⑦ Treble control              | ②③ Tape 1 input sockets                   |
| ⑧ Bass control                | ②④ Tape 1 output sockets                  |
| ⑨ Audio muting                | ②⑤ Tape 2 record/playback socket          |
| ⑩ Loudness contour            | ②⑥ Tape 2 input sockets                   |
| ⑪ Tone control circuit on/off | ②⑦ Tape 2 output sockets                  |
| ⑫ Tape monitor selector       | ②⑧ Pre-amplifier outputs                  |
| ⑬ Tape dubbing selector       | ②⑨ Mains voltage selector                 |
| ⑭ Mono switch                 | ③⑩ Fuse holder                            |
| ⑮ High filter                 | ③① Capacitance selector for phono 2 input |
| ⑯ Subsonic filter             | ③② Chassis earthing terminals             |

## DISASSEMBLY

Prior to removing the cabinet, be sure to draw the mains supply plug from an wall outlet and disconnect all of connection cords at the rear of the set.

### A CABINET REMOVAL

1. Remove the 4 screws retaining the cabinet at the right and left surfaces. (Refer to Figure 3-1)
2. Shift the cabinet backward about 5 mm.
3. Giving a force to the bottom of cabinet, hold it up and remove. (Refer to Figure 3-1)

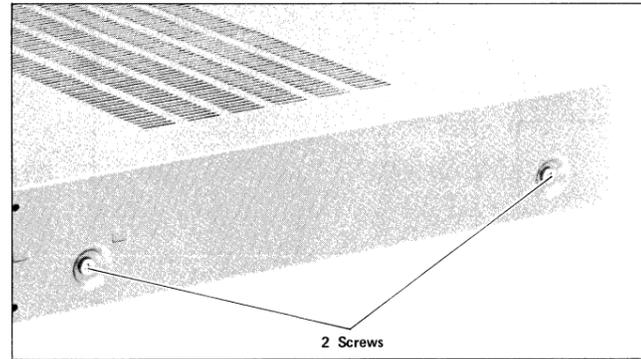


Figure 3-1

### B BOTTOM LID REMOVAL

1. Turn the set over and remove the 14 screws retaining the bottom lid, then the bottom lid can be detached by holding it up. (Refer to Figure 3-2)

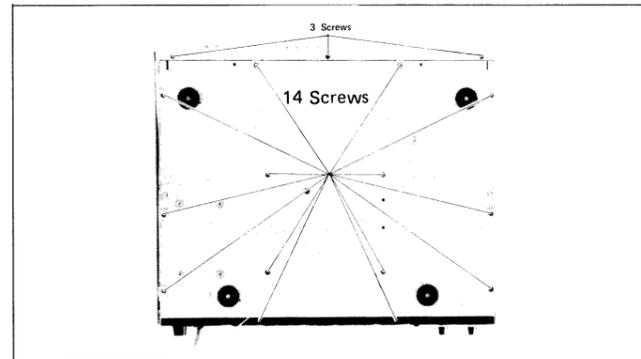


Figure 3-2

### C FRONT PANEL REMOVAL

1. Pull out the 5 knobs (Bass control/Treble control/Function selector/Balance control/Volume control) from the front panel. (Refer to Figure 3-3)
2. Remove the 5 screws and the push rivet retaining the front panel, then the front panel can be detached by pulling it toward you. (Refer to Figures 3-2 and 3-3)

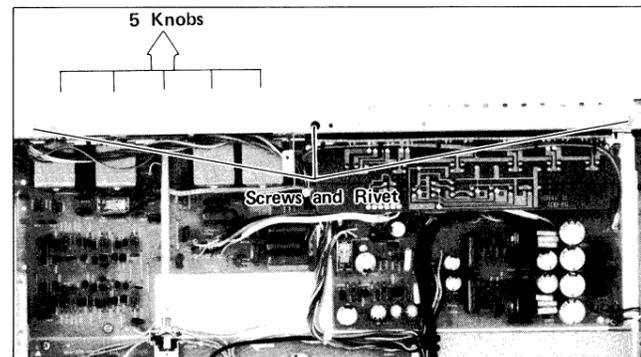


Figure 3-3

## AC MAINS VOLTAGE SELECTION

Check the preset AC mains voltage before plugging the mains supply lead to a mains outlet. If the setting is different from that of your local mains supply voltage, the voltage selector must be re-set as follows. Rotate the voltage selector by using a screwdriver so that your local voltage number can be seen in the window.

When the AC mains voltage is to be set at 110V use a fuse of T250mA. In other voltages 220V or 240V use a fuse of T125mA.

1. Disconnect the AC cord plug from the wall outlet in order to prevent an electric shock.
2. Remove the fuse holder by turning it counterclockwise.
3. Replace the fuse with another one.
4. Replace the fuse holder to its original position.

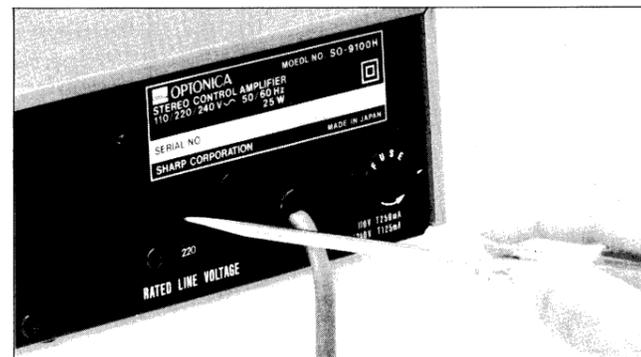


Figure 3-4

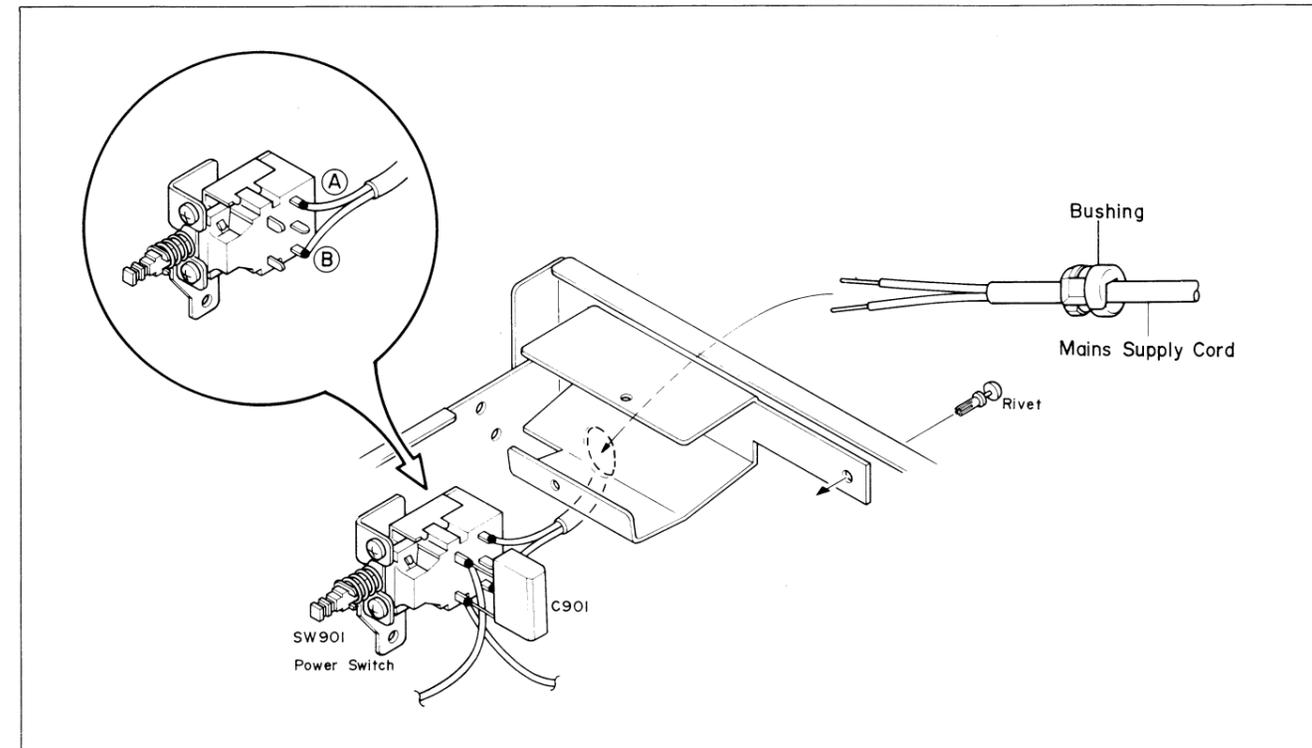


Figure 4-1 MAINS SUPPLY CORD WIRING CONNECTION

Mains supply cord	Bushing	Connection		Plug
		A	B	
QACCL0001AFZZ	LBSHC0007AFZZ	Brand stamp	Projection stripe	
QACCZ0002TA0F	LBSHC0007AFZZ	Brown	Brown	
QACCV0001AGZZ	LBSHC0004AGZZ	Blue	Brown	
QACCZ0053AF00	LBSHC0007AFZZ	Black	Black	

TABLE 1 MAINS SUPPLY CORD WIRING CONNECTION

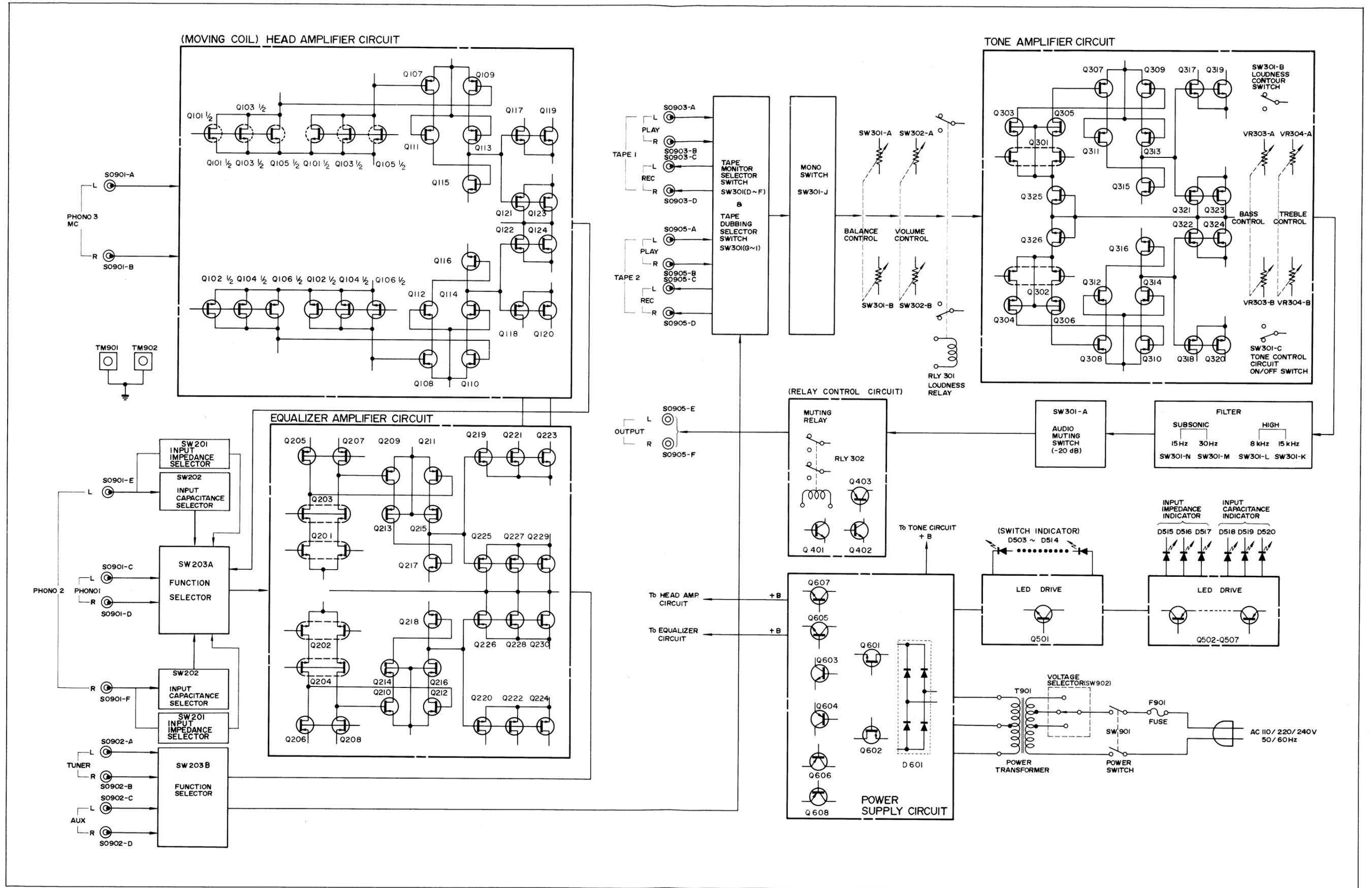


Figure 5 BLOCK DIAGRAM

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### ■ MC (MOVING COIL) HEAD AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT

The moving coil head amplifier circuit is a DC-operated one that is composed of two differential amplification stages and one cascode, amplification stage, with a parallel push-pull system at the output stage. The differential amplifier at the first stage consists of FETs (Q101 thru Q106) and these dual type of FETs provide too low noise characteristic and high gm values: theoretically, the possible noise of this amplifier is reduced by about 5 dB compared with the set using only one FET. The resistors (R109 and R110) and capacitors (C105 and C106) are intended for a phase compensation. The second-stage differential amplifier is also formed by FETs (Q107

thru Q110). Meanwhile FETs (Q111 thru Q114) are a cascode amplifier aimed at increasing the output impedance as well as decreasing the feedback capacitance.

Besides FETs (Q117 to Q124) are an output amplifier and here is a parallel push-pull arrangement of P channel (Q121 to Q124) and N channel (Q117 to Q120) so that this amplifier can resist a larger load than it could without this design. And this output stage is designed to operate on the self-biasing so as to suppress a variation of the output characteristics due to quality dispersion of the FETs employed.

FETs (Q115 and Q116) are for a phase conversion.

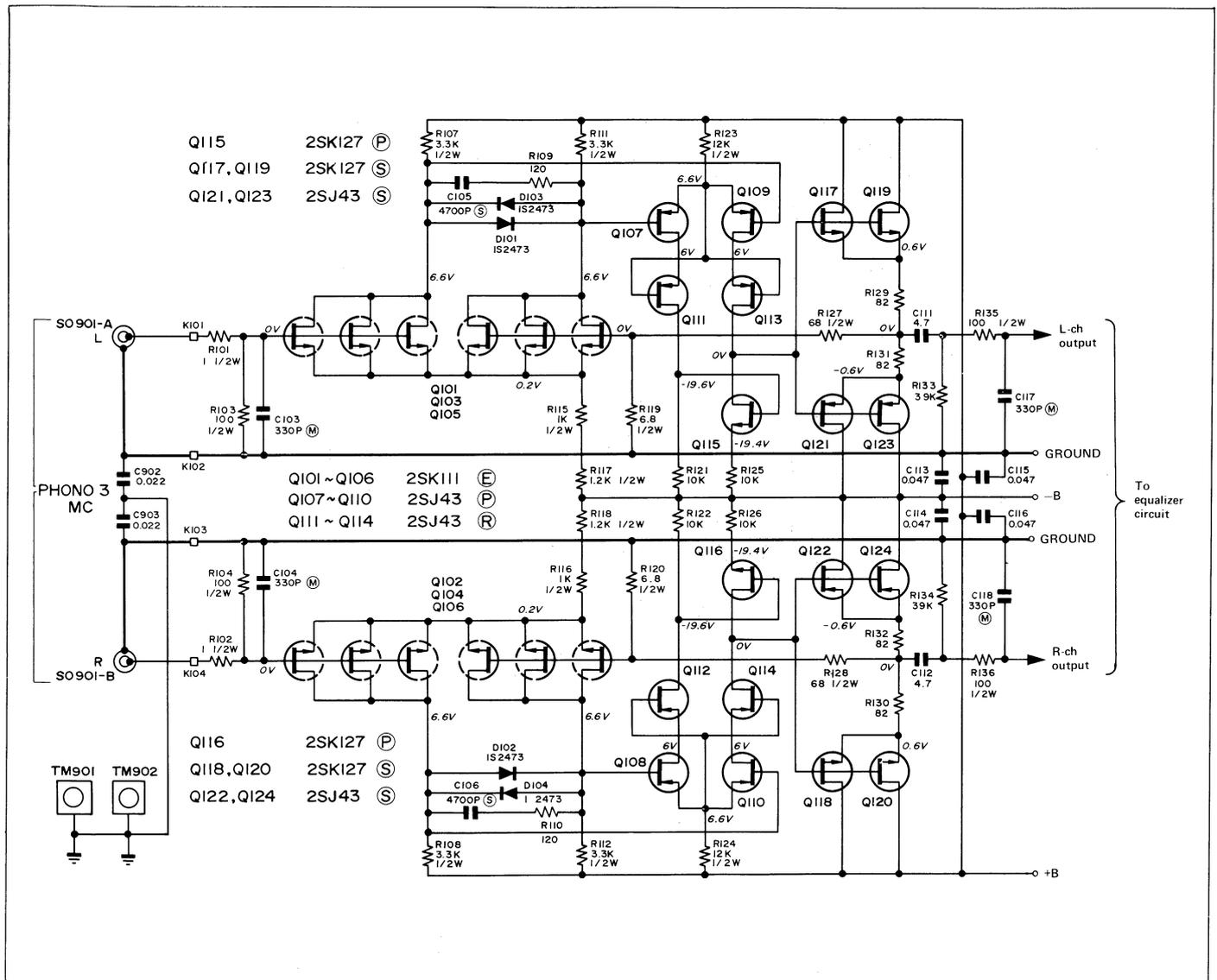


Figure 7

## ■ EQUALIZER AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT

This equalizer amplifier circuit is a DC-operated one that consists of two differential amplification stages and one cascode amplification stage, with a triple-push-pull system at the output. The first-stage amplifier is composed of FETs (Q201 and Q202) and these two dual type of FETs can provide an effect to reduce noise appearance. FETs (Q203 and Q204) are a cascode amplifier.

\* In-phase feedback constant current circuit

The constant current circuit comprises FETs (Q205 to Q208) and bias caused by it is applied via the resistors (R227 and R228) to the source of the second-stage

differential amplifier consisting of FETs (Q209, Q211, Q210, Q212). Part of the output of this differential amplifier is fed back to the preceding constant current circuit: thus, in-phase hum, noise and other undesired components due to a variation of the power supply are all eliminated, with the amplification hardly affected by them.

FETs (Q219 to Q230) are an output amplifier having a design of triple-push-pull amplification.

The semi-variable resistors (VR201 and VR202) are used to properly regulate the amount of DC voltage.

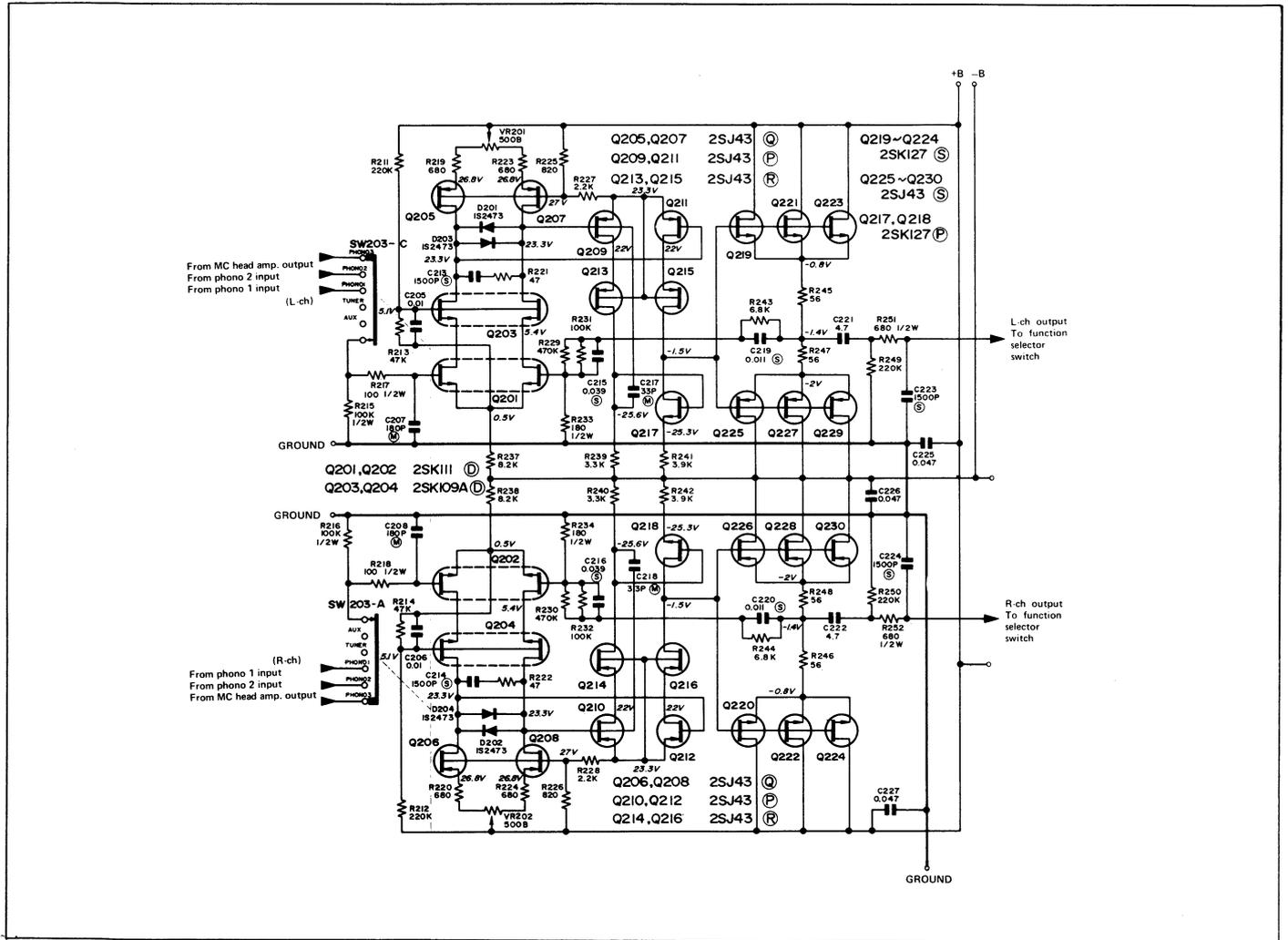


Figure 8-1

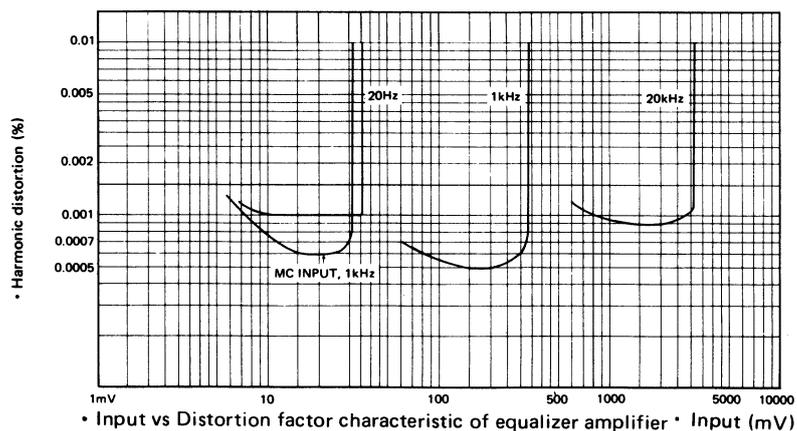


Figure 8-2

■ **TONE AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT**

This tone amplifier circuit is a DC-operated one that is composed of two differential amplification stages and two cascode amplification stages, with a parallel push-pull system at the output stage.

The differential amplifier at the first stage comprises FETs (Q301 and Q302) and these two dual type of FETs enable a greater reduction of noise appearance. FETs (Q303 to Q306) refer to the first stage cascode amplifier; FETs (Q307 to Q310), to the second-stage differential amplifier; FETs (Q311 to Q314), to the second-stage cascode

amplifier.

Besides FETs (Q317 to Q324) are an output amplifier and here is a parallel push-pull arrangement of P channel (Q321 to Q324) and N channel (Q317 to Q320) so that this amplifier can resist larger load than it could without this design. The capacitors (C313 and C314) are intended for a feedback operation, thus for stabilization of the entire circuitry operation.

FETs (Q325 and Q326) are used to properly regulate the amount of the produced direct current (approx. 2 mA).

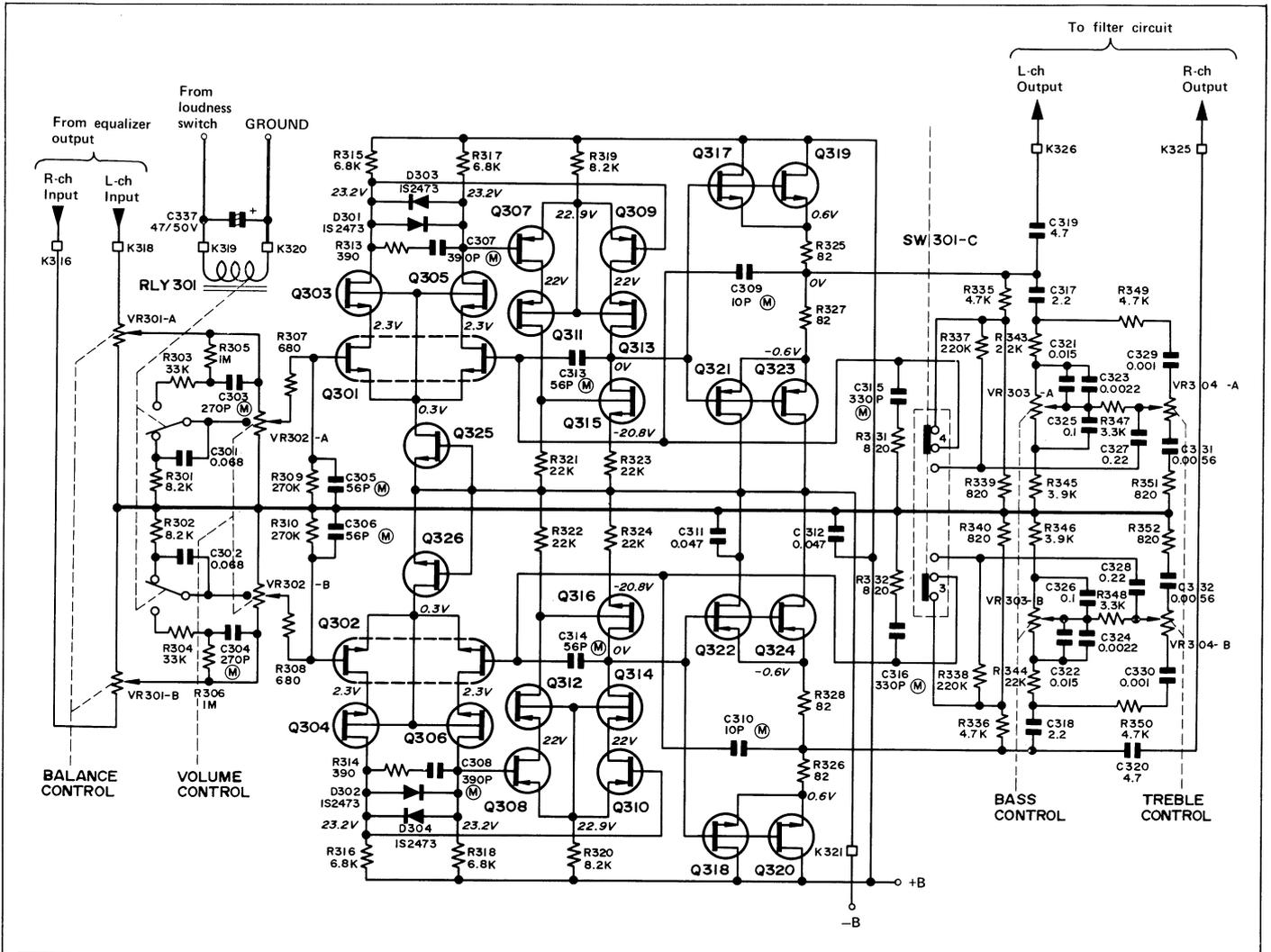


Figure 9

### ■ RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT

The relay control circuit is aimed at driving the muting relay (RY302). The muting relay is put in parallel with the signal processing circuits, but not in series with them, in order to avoid a degradation of the tone quality.

When the power switch (SW901) is set to "on" position, a power is caused by the constant voltage circuit and it is applied via the resistor (R405) to the capacitor (C404) so that the potential at the base of the transistor (Q402) will eventually increase up to approx. 1.2 V: then this transistor is turned on to cause its collector current, which increases a voltage across the resistor (R406); thus, the transistor (Q403), in turn, is turned on to bring about a current to the coil of the relay, so that the switch of the relay becomes open: the result is that the output so far grounded through the relay is impressed onto the output terminal (SO906).

On the other hand when the power switch is set to "off" position, the potential at the contact between the diode (D401) and capacitor (C402) gets positive making the transistor (Q401) turn on. Thus, the capacitor (C401) is discharged so as to turn off the transistor Q402 and Q403, resulting in that a current running to the relay's coil is stopped so that the switch of the relay is closed. This way, the output so far applied to the output terminal is again grounded through the relay.

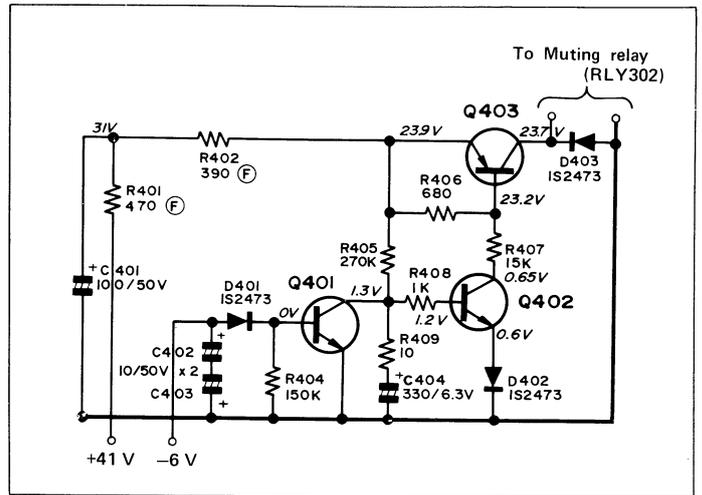


Figure 10-1

### ■ LED DRIVE CIRCUIT

The LED drive circuit is intended to put the indicator LEDs (D503 to D514) into action and it is also a constant current circuit making use of a constant voltage caused at the ends of the diodes (D501 and D502).

An electrolytic capacitor (C502) is inserted between the collector of the transistor (Q501) and earth, in order for the output voltage to be maintained rather normal however the quantity of LEDs lighting up may be changed. The bypass resistor (R503) is aimed at a swifter putting off of LEDs when the power switch is turned off.

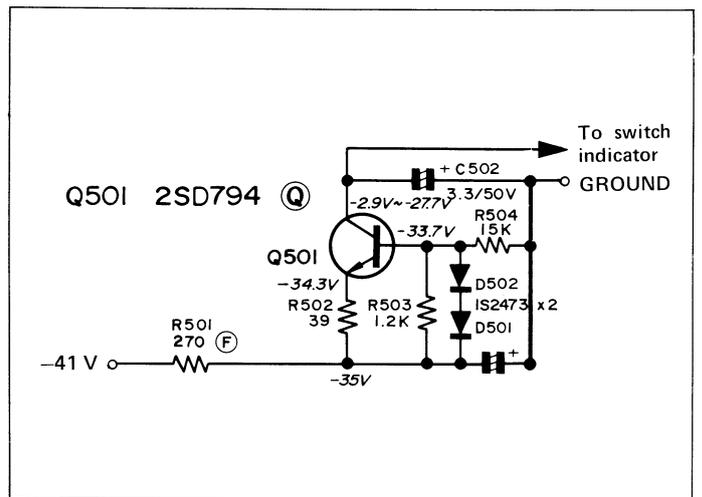


Figure 10-2

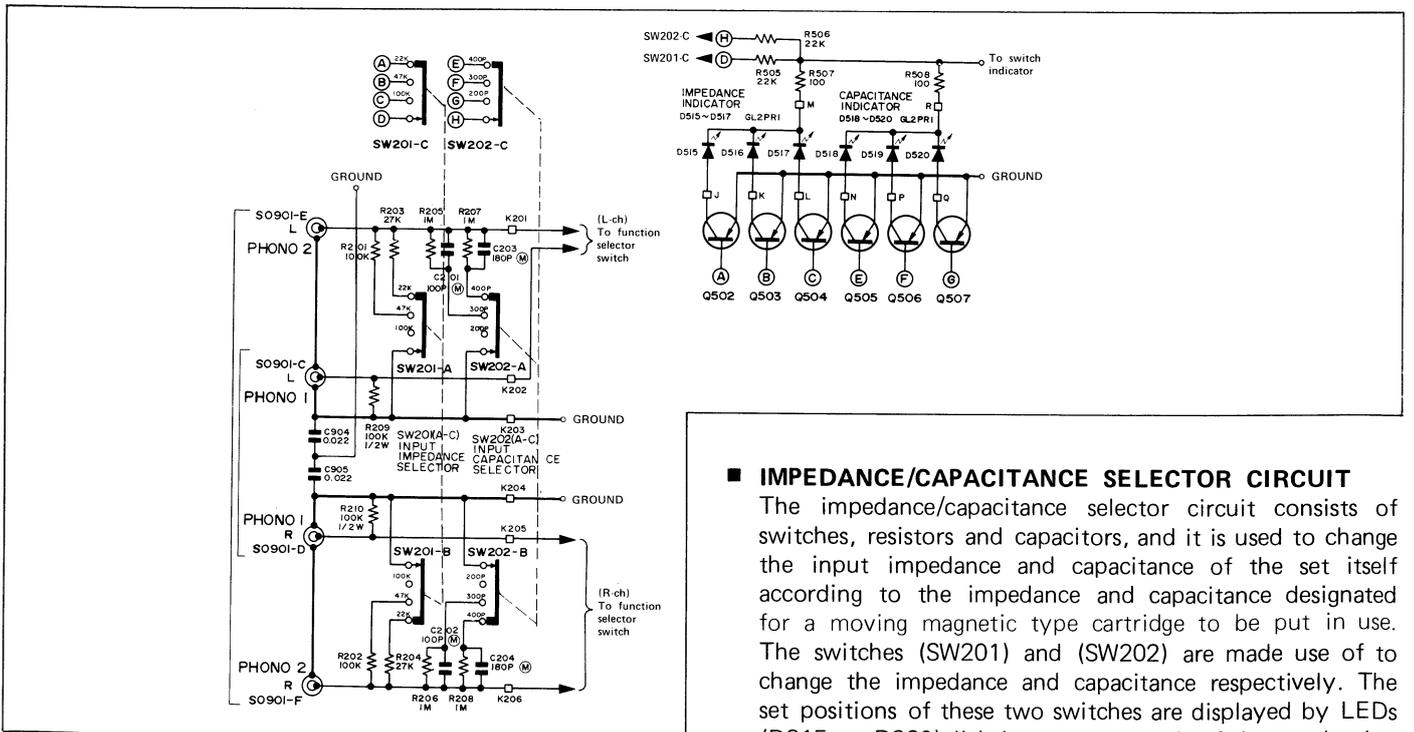


Figure 10-3

### ■ IMPEDANCE/CAPACITANCE SELECTOR CIRCUIT

The impedance/capacitance selector circuit consists of switches, resistors and capacitors, and it is used to change the input impedance and capacitance of the set itself according to the impedance and capacitance designated for a moving magnetic type cartridge to be put in use. The switches (SW201) and (SW202) are made use of to change the impedance and capacitance respectively. The set positions of these two switches are displayed by LEDs (D815 to D820) lighting up as a result of the conduction of the transistors (Q502 to Q507).

## ■ POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

AC voltage is taken out of the secondary of the power transformer (T901) and it is fed to the bridge type fullwave rectifier circuit (D601) to undergo its rectification. Then it passes through the smoothing circuit composed of electrolytic capacitors (C609, C607 or C606, C608) and finally it is delivered to the constant voltage circuit. Capacitors (C601 to C604) are adopted to remove switching noises of the rectifier circuit and also noises received from the primary of the power transformer. Other capacitor (C613 or C614) is for the purpose of phase correction. The positive (+) side of the constant voltage circuit is composed of transistors (Q603, Q605, Q607) and FET (Q601) while its negative (-) side, of transistors (Q604, Q606) and FET (Q602).

Transistor (Q603 or Q604) is for the detection of output

voltage, and it operates measuring comparatively the reference voltage regulated by Zener diode (D603 or D604) and the voltage available partly at resistors (R608 and R610, or R609 and R611). For example, if the positive (+) side of output voltage rises, voltage at the base of transistor (Q603) rises so that a current is caused to run from its collector to emitter. And this time, because of a voltage fall in the source side of FET (Q601), voltage at the base of transistor (Q605) falls too. Voltage at the base of transistor (Q607) falls therefore, and the resistance at the collector-emitter junction of transistor (Q607) increases resulting in a fall of the output voltage. With this output voltage fall, the movement reverse to the above-mentioned occurs.

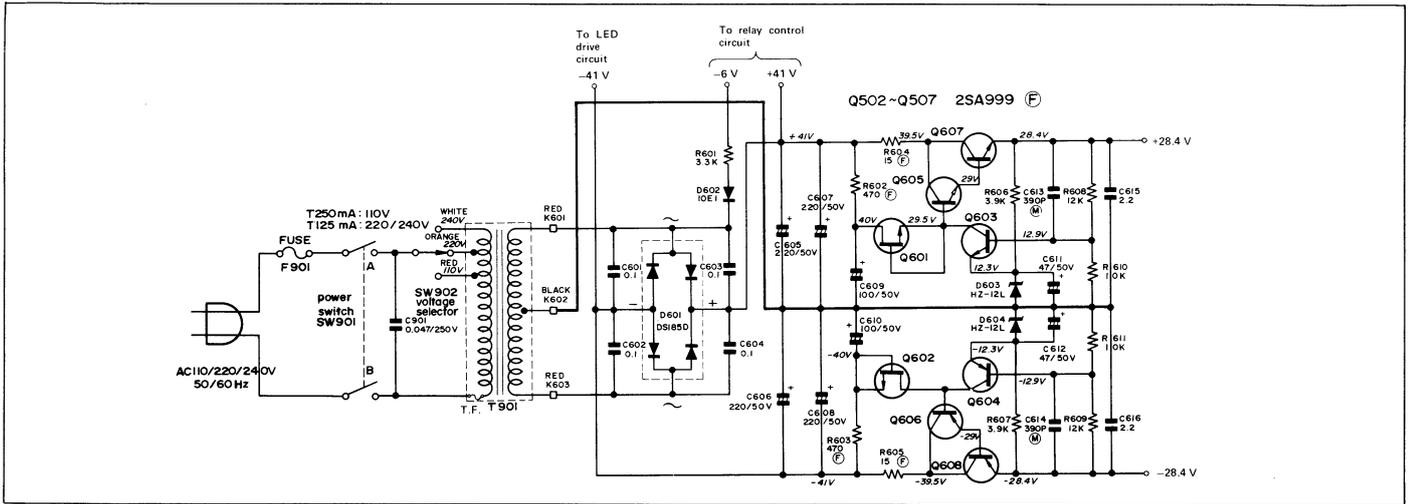


Figure 11-1

## ADJUSTMENT OF EQUALIZER OUTPUT

1. Set the power switch (SW901) to "on" position.
2. Set the volume control to "minimum" position.
3. Check the potential between the test point K212 (or K211) and K501.  
K212 ~ K501 . . . 27.5V ~ 30.0V.  
K211 ~ K501 . . . -27.5V ~ 30.0V.
4. Connect the oscilloscope to the TAPE-1 REC OUT socket (SO903-C; L-ch or SO903-D; R-ch)
5. Connect the signal generator to the PHONO-2 input socket (SO901-E; L-ch or SO901-F; R-ch) and apply signal (1kHz 350mV) to the unit.
6. Adjust the semi-variable resistor (VR201 or VR202) so that the waveform becomes as shown in Figure 11-4.

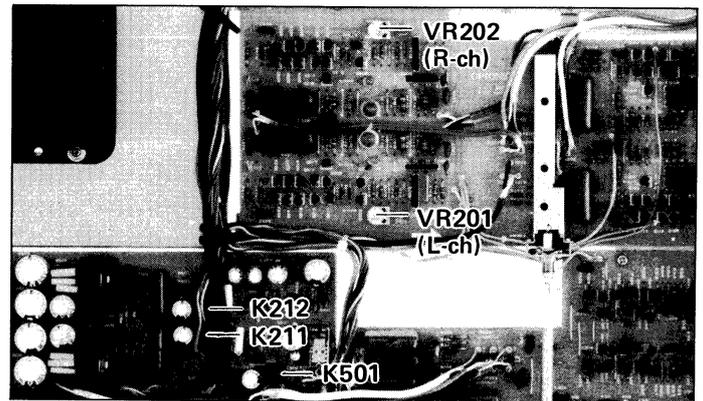


Figure 11-2

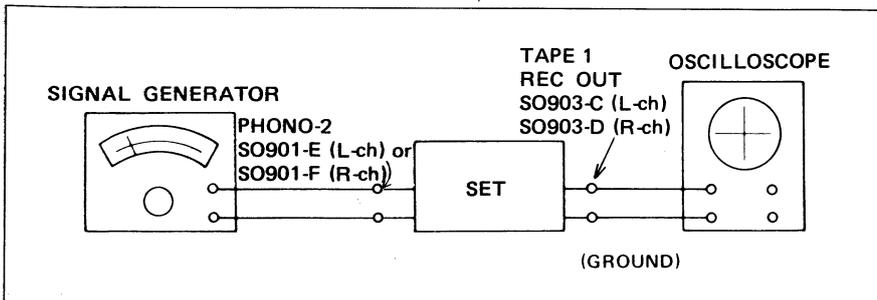


Figure 11-3

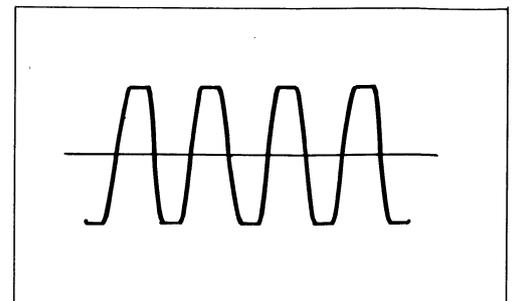
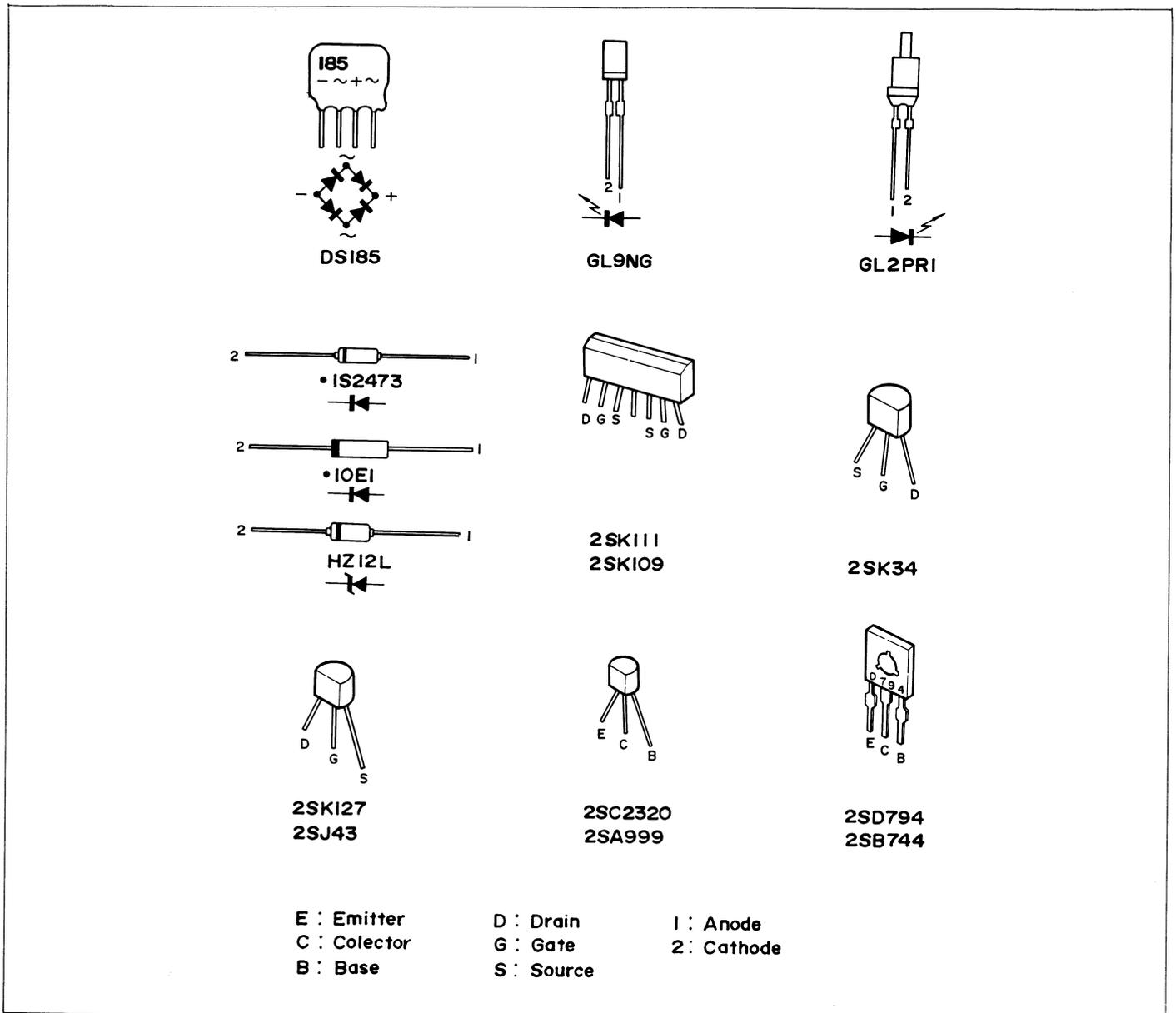


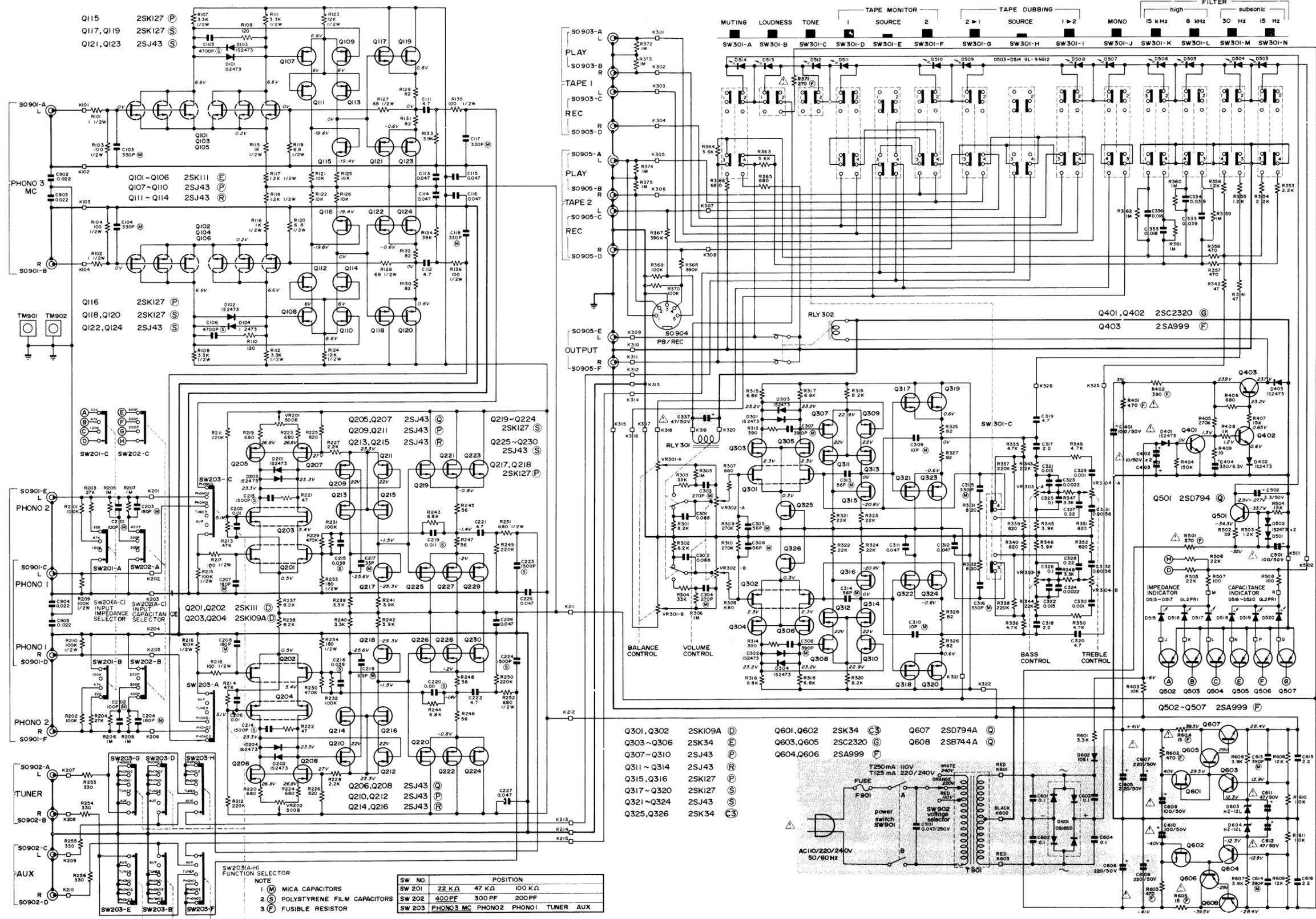
Figure 11-4



**Figure 12 TRANSISTORS AND DIODES TYPE**

**NOTE ON SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM**

1. SW201 (A-D); Input PHONO-2 impedance selector switch. (Shown in 22K mode.)
2. SW202 (A-D); Input PHONO-2 capacitance selector switch. (Shown in 400PF mode.)
3. SW203 (A-H); Function selector switch. (Shown in PHONO-3 mode.)
4. SW301-A; Muting switch. (Shown in "off" position.)
5. SW301-B; Loudness switch. (Shown in "off" position.)
6. SW301-C; Tone control switch. (Shown in "off" position.)
7. SW301 (D-F); Tape monitor selector switch. (Shown in PHONO-3 MC mode.)
8. SW301 (G-I); Tape dubbing selector switch. (Shown in SOURCE mode.)
9. SW301-J; Mono switch. (Shown in "stereo" position.)
10. SW301 (K-N); Filter switch. (Shown in "off" position.)
11. SW901 (A-B); Power switch. (Shown in "off" position.)
12. SW902; Main voltage selector switch. (Shown in 220V mode.)
13. Capacitance values are in MFD, P=MMFD.
14. Resistor values are in ohm, K=1000.
15. Voltage readings are measures with VTVM under no signal input.



(Specifications or wiring diagrams of this model are subject to change for the improvement without prior notice.)

Figure 13 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

NOTES: Be sure to use regular parts for securing the safety and reliability of the set. Parts marked with "A" and parts crosshatched (in black) are especially important for maintaining the safety and protecting ability of the set. Be sure to replace them with parts of specified part number.

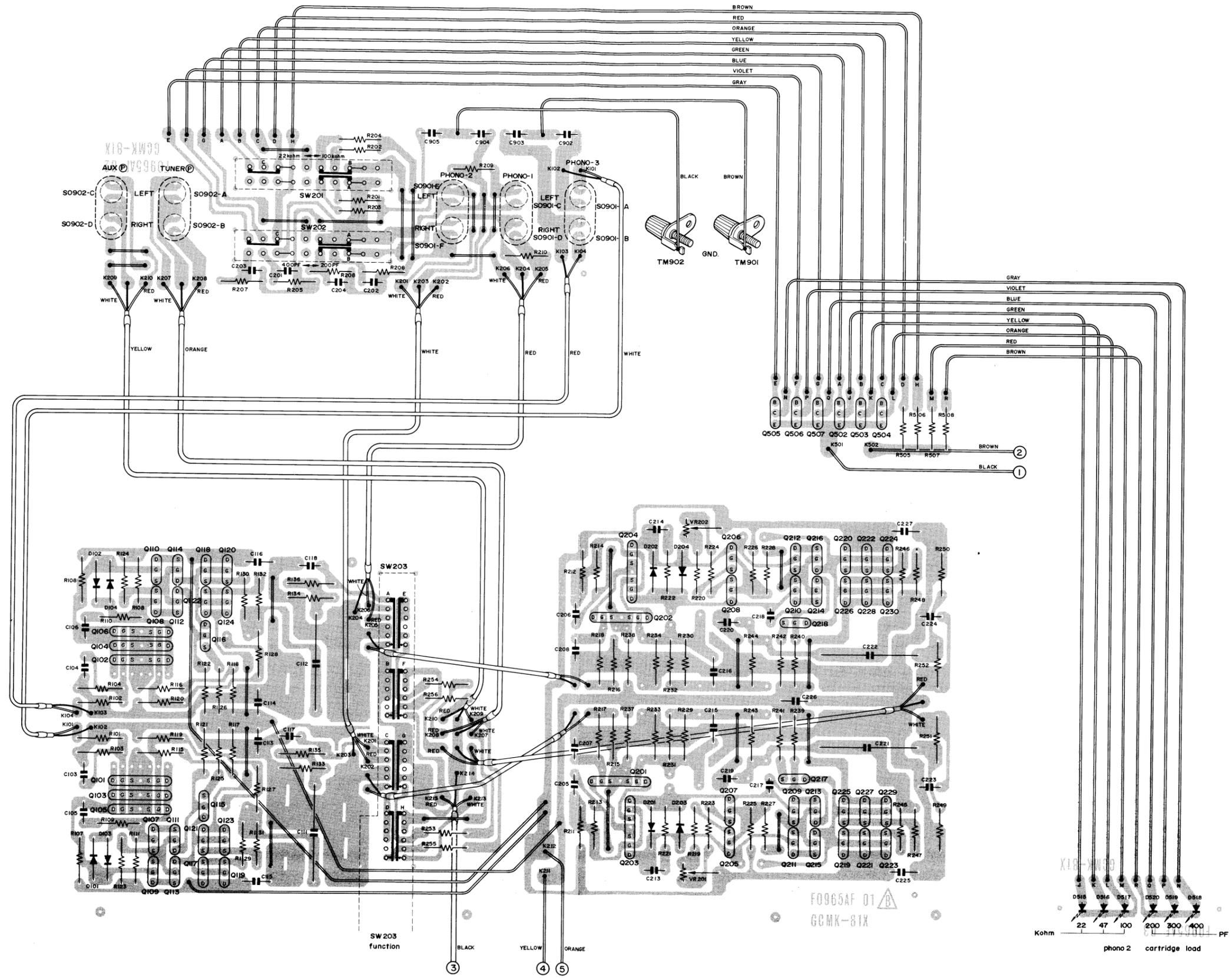


Figure 15 WIRING SIDE OF P.W. BOARD

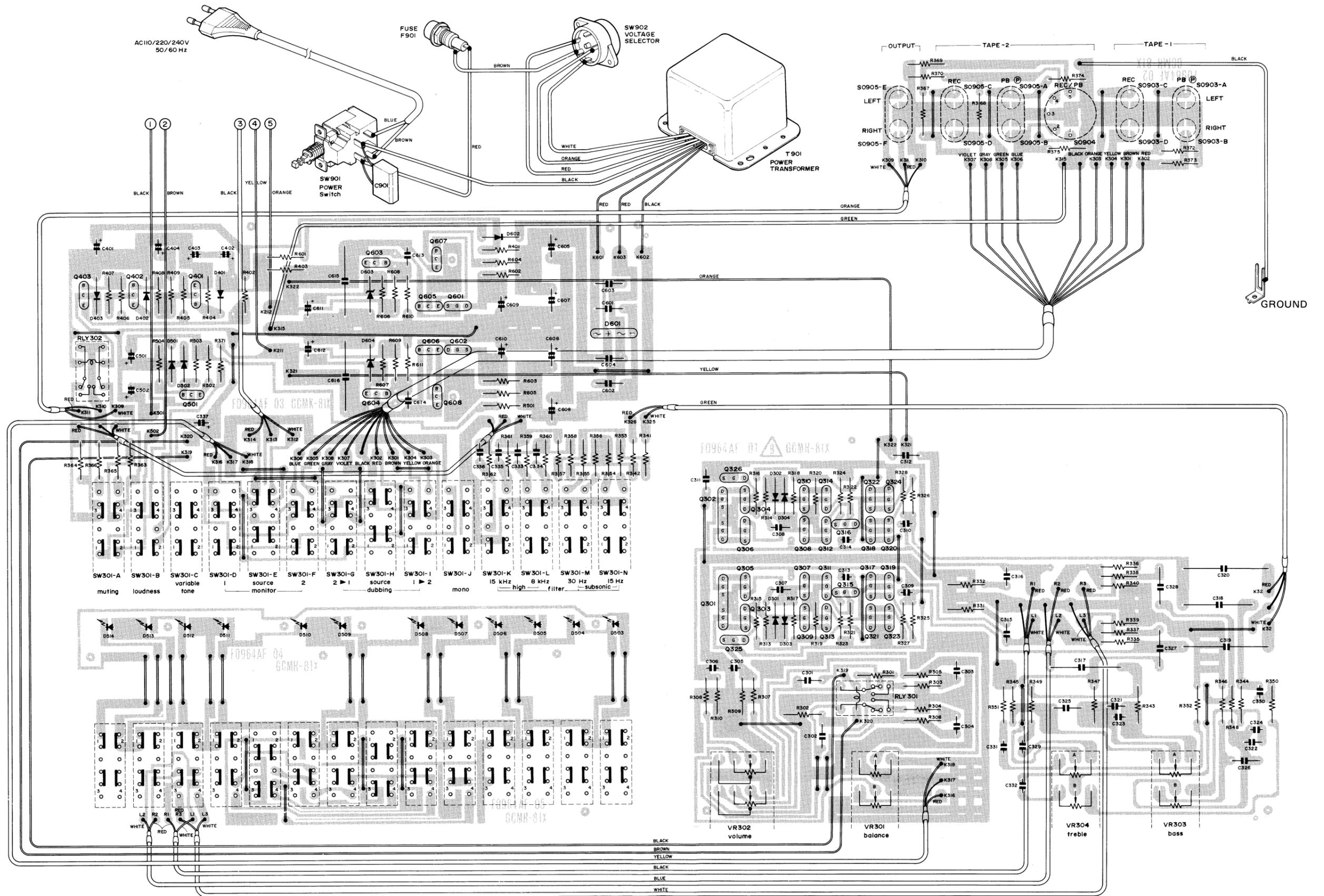


Figure 17 WIRING SIDE OF P.W. BOARD

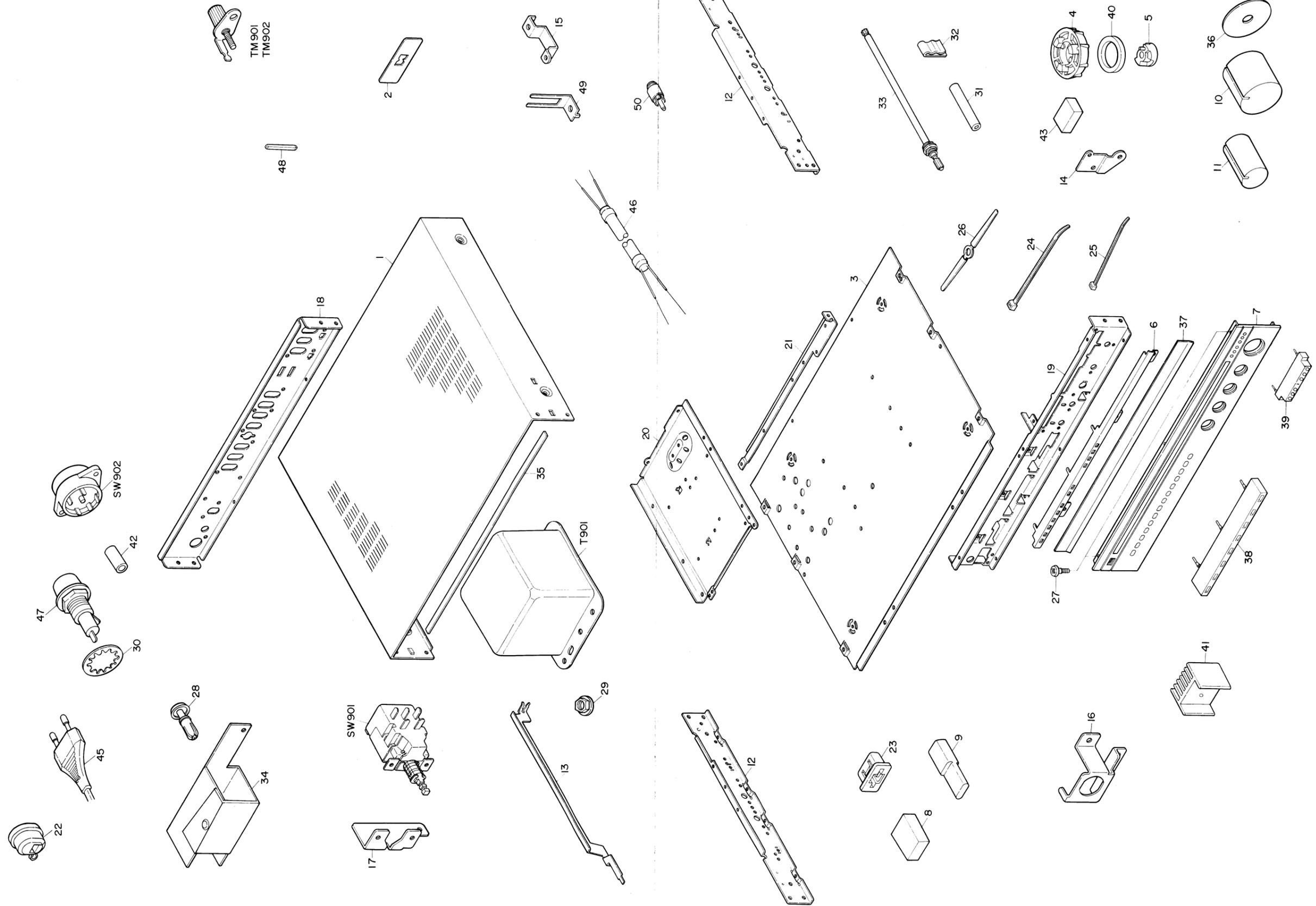


Figure 20 MISCELLANEOUS PARTS GUIDE

# PARTS LIST

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE
C213, C214	VCQSMU1HS152J	1500PF, 50V, ±5%, Styrol	AB	<b>RESISTORS</b>			
C215, C216	VCQ SMA1HL393G	.039MFD, 50V, ±2%, Styrol	AF	(Unless otherwise specified resistors are 1/4W, ±5%, Carbon Type.)			
C217, C218	VCMZYU1HC330J	33PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica		R101, R102	VRD-ST2HD1R0J	1 ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C219, C220	VCQ SMA1HL113G	.011MFD, ±2%, Styrol	AD	R103, R104	VRD-ST2HD101J	100 ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C221, C222	VCFYSU2AB475K	4.7MFD, 100V, ±10%, Metalized Film		R107, R108	VRD-ST2HD332J	3.3K ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C223, C224	VCQSMU1HS152J	1500PF, 50V, ±5%, Styrol	AB	R109, R110	VRD-ST2EE121J	120 ohm	
C225, C226, C227	VCQYKU1HM473K	.047MFD, 50V, ±10%, Mylar	AB	R111, R112	VRD-ST2HD332J	3.3K ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C301, C302	VCQYKU1HM683J	.068MFD, 50V, ±5%, Mylar	AC	R115, R116	VRD-ST2HD102J	1K ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C303, C304	VCMZYU1HC271J	270PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica		R117, R118	VRD-ST2HD122J	1.2K ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C305, C306	VCMZYU1HC560J	56PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica		R119, R120	VRD-ST2HD6R8J	6.8 ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C307, C308	VCMZYU1HC391J	390PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica		R121, R122	VRD-ST2EE103J	10K ohm	
C309, C310	VCMZYU1HC100J	10PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica		R123, R124	VRD-ST2HD123J	12K ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C311, C312	VCQYKU1HM473K	.047MFD, 50V, ±10%, Mylar	AB	R125, R126	VRD-ST2EE103J	10K ohm	
C313, C314	VCMZYU1HC560J	56PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica		R127, R128	VRD-ST2HD680J	68 ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C315, C316	VCMZYU1HC331J	330PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica		R129, R130	VRD-ST2EE820J	82 ohm	
C317, C318	VCFYSU2AB225K	2.2MFD, 100V, ±10%, Metalized Film		R131, R132	VRD-ST2EE820J	82 ohm	
C319, C320	VCFYSU2AB475K	4.7MFD, 100V, ±10%, Metalized Film		R133, R134	VRD-ST2EE393J	39K ohm	
C321, C322	VCQYKU1HM153J	.015MFD, 50V, ±5%, Mylar	AB	R135, R136	VRD-ST2HD101J	100 ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C323, C324	VCQYKU1HM222K	.0022MFD, 50V, ±10%, Mylar	AA	R201, R202	VRD-ST2EE104J	100K ohm	
C325, C326	VCQYKU1HM104J	.1MFD, 50V, ±5%, Mylar	AC	R203, R204	VRD-ST2EE273J	27K ohm	
C327, C328	VCQYKU1HM224K	.22MFD, 50V, ±10%, Mylar	AD	R205, R206	VRD-ST2EE105J	1 Meg ohm	
C329, C330	VCQYKU1HM102J	.001MFD, 50V, ±5%, Mylar	AB	R207, R208			
C331, C332	VCQYKU1HM562J	.0056MFD, 50V, ±5%, Mylar	AB	R209, R210	VRD-ST2HD104J	100K ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C333, C334	VCQYKU1HM393J	.039MFD, 50V, ±5%, Mylar	AB	R211, R212	VRD-ST2EE224J	220K ohm	
C335, C336	VCQYKU1HM183J	.018MFD, 50V, ±5%, Mylar	AB	R213, R214	VRD-ST2EE473J	47K ohm	
△C601, △C602, △C603, △C604	VCQYKU2AM104M	.1MFD, 100V, ±20%, Mylar	AC	R215, R216	VRD-ST2HD104J	100K ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C613, C614	VCMZYU1HC391J	390PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica		R217, R218	VRD-ST2HD101J	100 ohm, 1/2W, ±5%, Carbon	
C615, C616	VCFYSU2AB225K	2.2MFD, 100V, ±10%, Metalized Film		R219, R220	VRD-ST2EE681J	680 ohm	
△C901	RC-HZ064CAFZZ	.047MFD, 250V AC, ±20%, Metalized Film	AG	R221, R222	VRD-ST2EE470J	47 ohm	
C902, C903, C904, C905	VCKZPU1HF223Z	.022MFD, 50V, +80.—20%, Ceramic		R223, R224	VRD-ST2EE681J	680 ohm	
				R225, R226	VRD-ST2EE821J	820 ohm	
				R227, R228	VRD-ST2EE222J	2.2K ohm	



# PARTS LIST

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE
6	HDECA0341AFSA	Decoration Metal, LED Indicator	AH	42	PSPAB0103AFFW	Spacer, Voltage Selector Switch	AA
7	HPNLC3393AFSA	Front Panel (SO-9100H)	BA	43	PSPAG0075AFZZ	Cushion, 10mm x 6mm x 6mm	AA
7-A	GMADZ0051AFZZ	Window	AP	45	QACCL0001AFZZ	Mains Supply Cord	AL
7-B	PSPAG0066AF00	Cushion, 3mm x 5mm x 1.5mm	AA		QACCV0001AGZZ	Mains Supply Cord	AL
7-C	PSPAS0080AFSA	Spacer, Power Switch Knob	AB		QACCC0002TA0F	Mains Supply Cord	AG
7-D	PSPAS0084AFSA	Spacer, Push Switch Knobs (SO-9100H)	AA		QACCC0053AF00	Mains Supply Cord	AK
8	JKNBM0297AFSA	Knob, Power Switch (SO-9100H)	AD	46	QCNW-0554AFZZ	Cable, 8-Lead (410mm)	AN
9	JKNBM0298AFSA	Knob, Subsonic Filter/High Filter/Mono Switch/Tape Dubbing Selector/Tape Monitor Selector/Tone Control Circuit On/Off/Loudness Contour/Audio Muting (SO-9100H)	AD	AF901	QFS-C121CAGNI	Fuse, T124mA (220V/240V)	AE
10	JKNBN0403AFSA	Knob, Volume Control (SO-9100H)	AL		QFS-C251CAGNI	Fuse, T250mA (110V)	AE
11	JKNBN0404AFSA	Knob, Bass Control/Treble Control/Function Selector/Balance Control (SO-9100H)	AH	47	QFSHP1001AGZZ	Fuse Holder	AG
12	LANGF0481AFZZ	Bracket, Left and Right Hand Side, Chassis	AE	48	QLUGP0111CEFW	Lug Terminal, Printed Wiring Board	AA
13	LANGG0066AFZZ	Lever, Power Switch	AD	49	QLUGZ015AAFZZ	Lug, Earth Terminal	AA
14	LANGK0232AFZZ	Bracket, Decoration Metal Retaining	AC	50	QPLGS0253AFZZ	Short Plug (Gold Plating)	AB
15	LANGK0233AFZZ	Bracket, Printed Wiring Board Retaining	AB	SO904	QSOCD2553AFZZ	Socket, TAPE-2 Record/Playback	AD
16	LANGQ0650AFZZ	Bracket, Strengthen	AB	SW902	QSOCE0558AFZZ	Voltage Selector	AG
17	LANGQ0652AFZZ	Bracket, Power Switch	AB	SO902- (A ~ D)	QSOCJ0472AFZZ	Socket Assembly	AE
18	LANGQ0692AFSA	Bracket, Sockets (SO-9100H)	AQ	SO903- (A ~ D)	QSOCJ0472AFZZ	Socket Assembly, TAPE-1	AE
19	LANGR0481AFZZ	Bracket, Front Chassis	AH	SO905- (A ~ F)	QSOCJ0673AFZZ	Socket Assembly, TAPE-2	AG
20	LANGR0482AFZZ	Bracket, Power Transformer	AE	SO901- (A ~ F)	QSOCJ0674AFZZ	Socket Assembly (Gold Plating)	AL
21	LANGT0857AFZZ	Bracket, Printed Wiring Board Retaining	AD	SW901- (A ~ B)	QSW-P0158AFZZ	Switch, Power On/Off	AL
22	LBSHC0004AGZZ	Bushing, Main Supply Cord	AB	SW301- (A ~ N)	QSW-P0232AFZZ	Switch Assembly, SW301-A (1 ~ 4); Muting	AZ
	LBSHC0007AFZZ	Bushing, Main Supply Cord	AB			SW301-B (1 ~ 2); Loudness Contour	
23	LHLDS1052AF00	Guide, Power Switch Lever	AB			SW301-C (1 ~ 2); Tone Control Circuit On/Off	
24	LHLDW1068AFZZ	Nylon Band, 100mm	AA			SW301-D (1 ~ 4); Tape Monitor 1	
25	LHLDW1075AFZZ	Nylon Band, 60mm	AA			SW301-E (1 ~ 4); Tape Monitor SOURCE	
26	LHLDW9002CEZZ	Wire Holder	AA			SW301-F (1 ~ 4); Tape Monitor 2	
27	LX-BZ0261AFFD	Screw	AA			SW301-G (1 ~ 4); Tape Dubbing 2 ▶ 1	
28	LX-LZ0051AF00	Push Rivet, Power Switch Cover Retaining	AA			SW301-H (1 ~ 4); Tape Dubbing SOURCE	
29	LX-NZ0122AFFD	Nut, Power Transformer Retaining	AA			SW301-I (1 ~ 4); Tape Dubbing 1 ▶ 2	
30	LX-WZ5065AGFE	Shakeproof Lock Washer Internal Type, Fuse Holder	AA			SW301-J (1 ~ 4); Mono	
31	MJNT-1001AFZZ	Coupling, Function Selector Shaft	AC			SW301-K (1 ~ 4); High Filter 15kHz	
32	MSPRK0054AFFJ	Plate Spring, Function Selector Shaft	AB			SW301-L (1 ~ 4); High Filter 8kHz	
33	NSFTS0058AFZZ	Shaft, Function Selector	AG			SW301-M (1 ~ 4); Subsonic Filter 30Hz	
34	PCOVW1105AFZZ	Cover, Power Switch	AE			SW301-N (1 ~ 4); Subsonic Filter 15Hz	
35	PFLT-0330AF00	Felt, Cabinet	AA	SW203- (A ~ H)	QSW-R0169AFZZ	Switch, Function Selector	AP
36	PFLT-0367AFZZ	Felt, 32mm Dia. x 4.8mm Dia. x 0.9mm	AA				
37	PFLT-0372AF00	Felt, 370mm x 24mm	AB				
38	PGUMM0132AFZZ	Holder, LED Rubber	AE				
39	PGUMM0136AFZZ	LED, Holder	AF				
40	PGUMM0139AF00	Cushion, 22mm Dia. x 15.5mm Dia. x 2.2mm, Outer Lug	AA				
41	PRDAR0184AFZZ	Heat Sink	AE				



# REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

## "HOW TO ORDER REPLACEMENT PARTS"

To have your order filled promptly and correctly, please furnish the following informations.

1. MODEL NUMBER
2. REF. NO.
3. PART NO.
4. DESCRIPTION

NOTES: Be sure to use regular parts for securing the safety and reliability of the set. Parts marked with "▲" and parts cross-hatched (in black) are especially important for maintaining the safety and protecting ability of the set. Be sure to replace them with parts of specified part number.

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE
<b>TRANSISTORS</b>							
Q101, Q102, Q103, Q104, Q105, Q106, Q107, Q108, Q109, Q110, Q111, Q112, Q113, Q114, Q115, Q116	VS2SK111-E/-1	Dual FET, Moving Coil Head Amplifier Circuit, First Differential Amplifier (2SK111E)	AM	Q225, Q226, Q227, Q228, Q229, Q301, Q302	VS2SJ43-S//1F	FET, Equalizer Amplifier Circuit, Output Amplifier (2SJ43S)	AE
Q107, Q108, Q109, Q110, Q111, Q112, Q113, Q114	VS2SJ43-P//1F	FET, Moving Coil Head Amplifier Circuit, Second Differential Amplifier (2SJ43P)	AE	Q303, Q304, Q305, Q306, Q307, Q308, Q309, Q310	VS2SK34-E//1	FET, Tone Amplifier Circuit, Cascode Amplifier (2SK34E)	AE
Q111, Q112, Q113, Q114	VS2SJ43-R//1F	FET, Moving Coil Head Amplifier Circuit, Cascode Amplifier (2SJ43R)	AE	Q311, Q312, Q313, Q314	VS2SJ43-R//1F	FET, Tone Amplifier Circuit, Cascode Amplifier (2SJ43R)	AE
Q115, Q116	VS2SK127-P/1F	FET, Moving Coil Head Amplifier Circuit, Phase Inverter (2SK127P)	AE	Q315, Q316, Q317, Q318, Q319, Q320, Q321, Q322, Q323, Q324	VS2SK127-S/1F	FET, Tone Amplifier Circuit, Phase Inverter (2SK127P)	AE
Q117, Q118, Q119, Q120, Q121, Q122, Q123, Q124	VS2SK127-S/1F	FET, Moving Coil Head Amplifier Circuit, Output Amplifier (2SK127S)	AE	Q325, Q326	VS2SK127-S/1F	FET, Tone Amplifier Circuit, Output Amplifier (2SK127S)	AE
Q201, Q202	VS2SJ43-S//1F	FET, Moving Coil Head Amplifier Circuit, Output Amplifier (2SJ43S)	AE	Q401, Q402, Q403	VS2SK111-D/-1	Dual FET, Equalizer Amplifier Circuit, First Differential Amplifier (2SK111D)	AP
Q203, Q204	VS2SK111-D/-1	Dual FET, Equalizer Amplifier Circuit, First Differential Amplifier (2SK111D)	AP	Q501, Q502, Q503, Q504, Q505, Q506, Q507	VS2SK109A-D-1	Dual FET, Equalizer Amplifier Circuit, Cascode Amplifier (2SK109AD)	AH
Q205, Q206, Q207, Q208, Q209, Q210, Q211, Q212, Q213, Q214, Q215, Q216, Q217, Q218	VS2SJ43-Q//1F	FET, Equalizer Amplifier Circuit (2SJ43Q)	AE	Q601, Q602	VS2SC2320-G-1	FET, Tone Amplifier Circuit, Constant Current for First Differential Amplifier (2SK34C3)	AE
Q210, Q211, Q212, Q213, Q214, Q215, Q216, Q217, Q218	VS2SJ43-P//1F	FET, Equalizer Amplifier Circuit, Second Differential Amplifier (2SJ43P)	AE	Q603, Q604	VS2SA999-F/-1	Relay Control Circuit (2SC2320G)	AB
Q214, Q215, Q216, Q217, Q218	VS2SJ43-R//1F	FET, Equalizer Amplifier Circuit, Cascode Amplifier (2SJ43R)	AE		VS2SA999-F/-1	Relay Control Circuit, Switching (2SA999F)	AC
Q217, Q218	VS2SK127-P/1F	FET, Equalizer Amplifier Circuit, Phase Inverter (2SK127P)	AE		VS2SD794A-Q-1	Constant Current for L.E.D. (2SD794AQ)	AE
Q219, Q220, Q221, Q222, Q223, Q224	VS2SK127-S/1F	FET, Equalizer Amplifier Circuit, Output Amplifier (2SK127S)	AE		VS2SK34-C3/1F	FET, Constant Voltage Circuit, Constant Current Load (2SK34C3)	AE
					VS2SC2320-G-1	Constant Voltage Circuit, Voltage Comparison (2SC2320G)	AB
					VS2SA999-F/-1	Constant Voltage Circuit, Voltage Regulator (2SA999F)	AC

# PARTS LIST

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE
Q605	VS2SC2320-G-1	Constant Voltage Circuit, Voltage Regulator (2SC2320G)	AB	D518, D519, D520	VHPGL2PR1//-1	L.E.D. PHONO-2 Input Capacitance Indicator (GL2PR1)	AC
Q606	VS2SA999-F/-1	Constant Voltage Circuit, Voltage Regulator (2SA999F)	AC				
Q607	VS2SD794A-Q-1	Constant Voltage Circuit, Voltage Regulator (2SD794AQ)	AE				
Q608	VS2SB744A-Q-1	Constant Voltage Circuit, Voltage Regulator (2SB744AQ)	AE				
						<b>TRANSFORMERS</b>	
				△T901	RTRNP0631AFZZ	Power	BC
						<b>CONTROLS</b>	
				VR201, VR202	RVR-M0195AFZZ	Equalizer Amplifier Circuit, Output DC Voltage Adjust	AC
				VR301- (A ~ B)	RVR-G0057AFZZ	Balance Control	AQ
				VR302- (A ~ B)	RVR-Z0070AFZZ	Volume Control	AS
				VR303- (A ~ B)	RVR-Z0071AFZZ	Bass Control	AQ
				VR304- (A ~ B)	RVR-Z0071AFZZ	Treble Control	AQ
						<b>ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS</b>	
				△C337	RC-EZ1012AFZZ	47MFD, 50V, +50 -10%	AC
				△C401	RC-EZ1072AFZZ	100MFD, 50V, ±20%	AC
				△C402, △C403	RC-EZ1013AFZZ	10MFD, 50V, +50 -10%	AB
				C404	RC-EZ1011AFZZ	330MFD, 6.3V, +50 -10%	AB
				△C501	RC-EZ1072AFZZ	100MFD, 50V, ±20%	AC
				C502	VCEAAU1HW335Y	3.3MFD, 50V, +50 -10%	AB
				△C605, △C606	RC-EZ1073AFZZ	220MFD, 50V, ±20%	AD
				△C607, △C608	RC-EZ1072AFZZ	100MFD, 50V, ±20%	AC
				△C609, △C610	RC-EZ1072AFZZ	100MFD, 50V, ±20%	AC
				△C611, △C612	RC-EZ1012AFZZ	47MFD, 50V, +50 -20%	AC
						<b>CAPACITORS</b>	
				C103, C104	VCMZYU1HC331J	330PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica	
				C105, C106	VCQSMU1HS472J	4700PF, 50V, ±5%, Styrol	AB
				C111, C112	VCFYSU2AB475K	4.7MFD, 100V, ±10%, Metalized Film	
				C113, C114, C115, C116	VCQYKU1HM473K	.047MFD, 50V, ±10%, Mylar	AB
				C117, C118	VCMZYU1HC331J	330PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica	
				C201, C202	VCMZYU1HC101J	100PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica	
				C203, C204	VCMZYU1HC181J	180PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica	
				C205, C206	VCQYKU1HM103K	.01MFD, 50V, ±10%, Mylar	AA
				C207, C208	VCMZYU1HC181J	180PF, 50V, ±5%, Mica	
		<b>DIODES</b>					
D101, D102, D103, D104	VHD1S2473//-1	Moving Coil Head Amplifier Circuit, Second Differential Amplifier (1S2473)	AB				
D201, D202, D203, D204	VHD1S2473//-1	Equalizer Amplifier Circuit, Second Differential Amplifier (1S2473)	AB				
D301, D302, D303, D304	VHD1S2473//-1	Tone Amplifier Circuit, Second Differential Amplifier (1S2473)	AB				
D401	VHD1S2473//-1	Relay Control Circuit, Back-Current Prevention (1S2473)	AB				
D402	VHD1S2473//-1	Relay Control Circuit, Bias (1S2473)	AB				
D403	VHD1S2473//-1	Relay Control Circuit, Surge Current Prevention (1S2473)	AB				
D501, D502	VHD1S2473//-1	Constant Current Circuit, Stabilizer (1S2473)	AB				
D503	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. Subsonic Filter 15Hz Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D504	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. Subsonic Filter 30Hz Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D505	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. High Filter 8kHz Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D506	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. High Filter 15kHz Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D507	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. Mono Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D508	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. Tape Dubbing 1 ▶ 2 Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D509	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. Tape Dubbing 2 ▶ 1 Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D510	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. Tape Monitor 2 Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D511	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. Tape Monitor 1 Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D512	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. Tone Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D513	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. Loudness Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
D514	VHPGL-9NG12-1	L.E.D. Muting Indicator (GL9NG12)	AD				
△D601	VHDDS185-D/-1	Power Rectifier (DS185D)	AE				
△D602	VHD10E1////-1	Half-wave Rectifier (10E1)	AC				
D603, D604	VHEHZ12A2L/-1	Zener, 12V/0.4W (HZ12L)	AC				
D515, D516, D517	VHPGL2PR1//-1	L.E.D. PHONO-2 Inputs Impedance Indicator (GL2PR1)	AC				