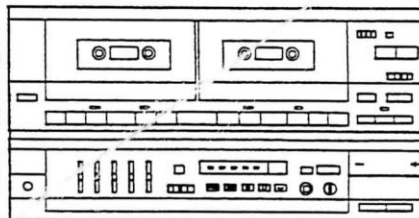


Service Manual



ORDER NO.
ARP 1303-A

STEREO DOUBLE CASSETTE TAPE DECK AMPLIFIER

DC-X88Z

MODEL DC-X88Z COMES IN FIVE VERSIONS DISTINGUISHED AS FOLLOWS:

Type	Power requirement	Export destination
HB	AC 220V, 240V (switchable)	United kingdom
HE	AC 220V, 240V (switchable)	European continent
HEZ	AC 220V, 240V (switchable)	West Germany
YP	AC 240V only	Australia
SD	AC 110V, 120-127V, 220V, 240V (switchable)	General market

- This service manual is applicable to the HB type.
- As to the other types, please refer to additional service manual.
- Ce manuel d'instruction se réfère au mode de réglage, en français.
- Este manual de servicio trata del método ajuste escrito en español.

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5. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM	21	9. REMOTE CONTROL.....	52
6. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST	27		

PIONEER ELECTRONIC CORPORATION 4-1, Mu

PIONEER ELECTRONICS SERVICE INC. P.O. Box 1760, Long Beach, California 90801 U.S.A. TEL: [213] 835-6177

PIONEER ELECTRONICS OF CANADA, INC. 505 Cochrane Drive, Markham, Ontario L3R 6B8 Canada TEL: [416] 479-4411

PIONEER ELECTRONIC [EUROPE] N.V. Keetberglaan 1, 2740 Beveren, Belgium TEL: 03/775 · 28 · 08

PIONEER ELECTRONICS AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD. 178-184 Boundary Road, Braeside, Victoria 3195, Australia TEL: [03] 580-9911

1678

1. SPECIFICATIONS

Cassette tape deck amplifier: DC-X88Z

Continuous Power Output

- Music power (both channel driven) 65W + 65W (1kHz, T.H.D. 1%, 8 ohms)
- Peak music power (music power x 2) L, R total. . .260W
- 1 kHz (DIN) 40W + 40W (T.H.D. 1% 8ohms)
- 1 kHz (DIN music power) 65W + 65W (T.H.D. 1% 8 ohms)

Graphic equalizer frequency band. 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 1 kHz, 3,3 kHz, 10 kHz, ±7 dB

Hum and Noise (IHF, short-circuited, A network) PHONO. 72 dB

Hum and Noise (DIN continuous Power/50 mW) PHONO. 68 dB/60 dB

Total Harmonic Distortion (40Hz to 20,000 Hz, 16W, 8 ohms) . . No more than 0.2%

Tape Deck Section

- Systems. 4 track, 2-channel stereo
- Heads Recording/playback head x 1
Playback head x 1
Erasing head x 1
- Motor DC servo 2 speed motor x 2
- Wow and Flutter No more than 0.09% (WRMS)
No more than 0.25% (DIN)
- Fast Winding Time. Approximately 95 seconds (C-60 tape)

Frequency Response

- 20 dB recording:
- Normal tape 35 Hz to 14,000 Hz ±6 dB
- CrO₂ 35 Hz to 15,000 Hz ±6 dB
- Metal tape 35 Hz to 16,000 Hz ±6 dB

Signal-to-noise Ratio

Dolby NR OFF. 56 dB

Noise Reduction Effect

Dolby B type NR ON. More than 10 dB (at 5 kHz)

Furnished Parts

- Operating Instructions 1
- Turntable legs parts 2
- Remote control unit 1
- Dry cell batteries. 2

Miscellaneous

Power requirements

- European model a.c. 220 Volts~ , 50/60 Hz
- U.K. and Australian models. . . . a.c. 240 Volts~ , 50/60 Hz
- Other destination models AC 110/120 - 127/220/240V (switchable) 50/60 Hz

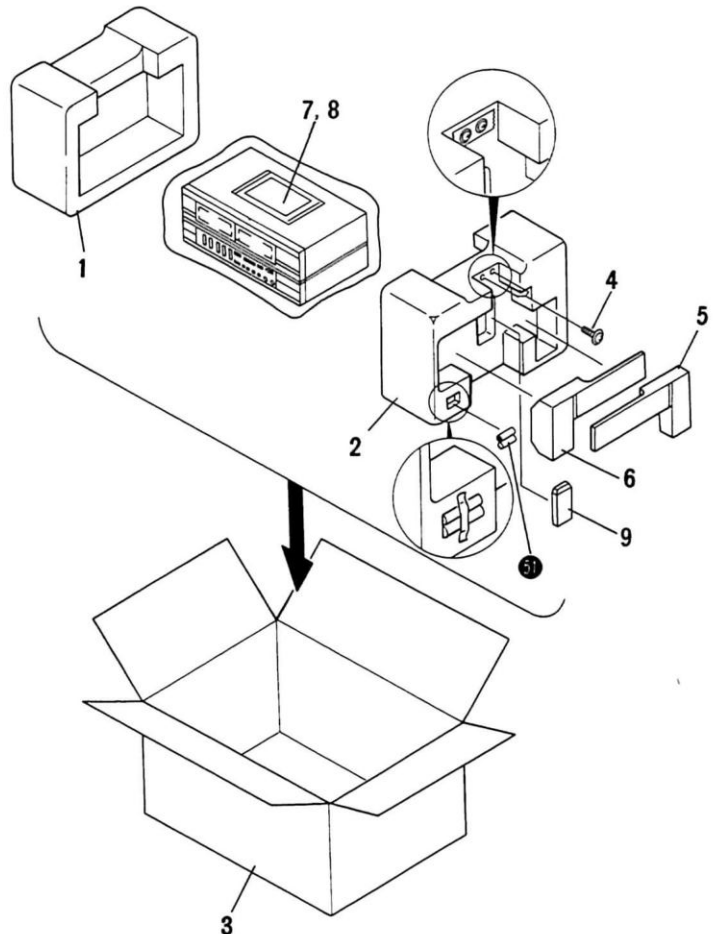
Power Consumption

- European model 250W
- U.K. and Australian models. 250W
- Other destination models 320W
- Dimensions 360 (W) x 190.5 (H) x 285 (D)mm
14-3/16 (W) x 7-1/2 (H) x 11-1/4 (D) in
- Weight (without package) 7.2 kg (15 lb 14 oz)

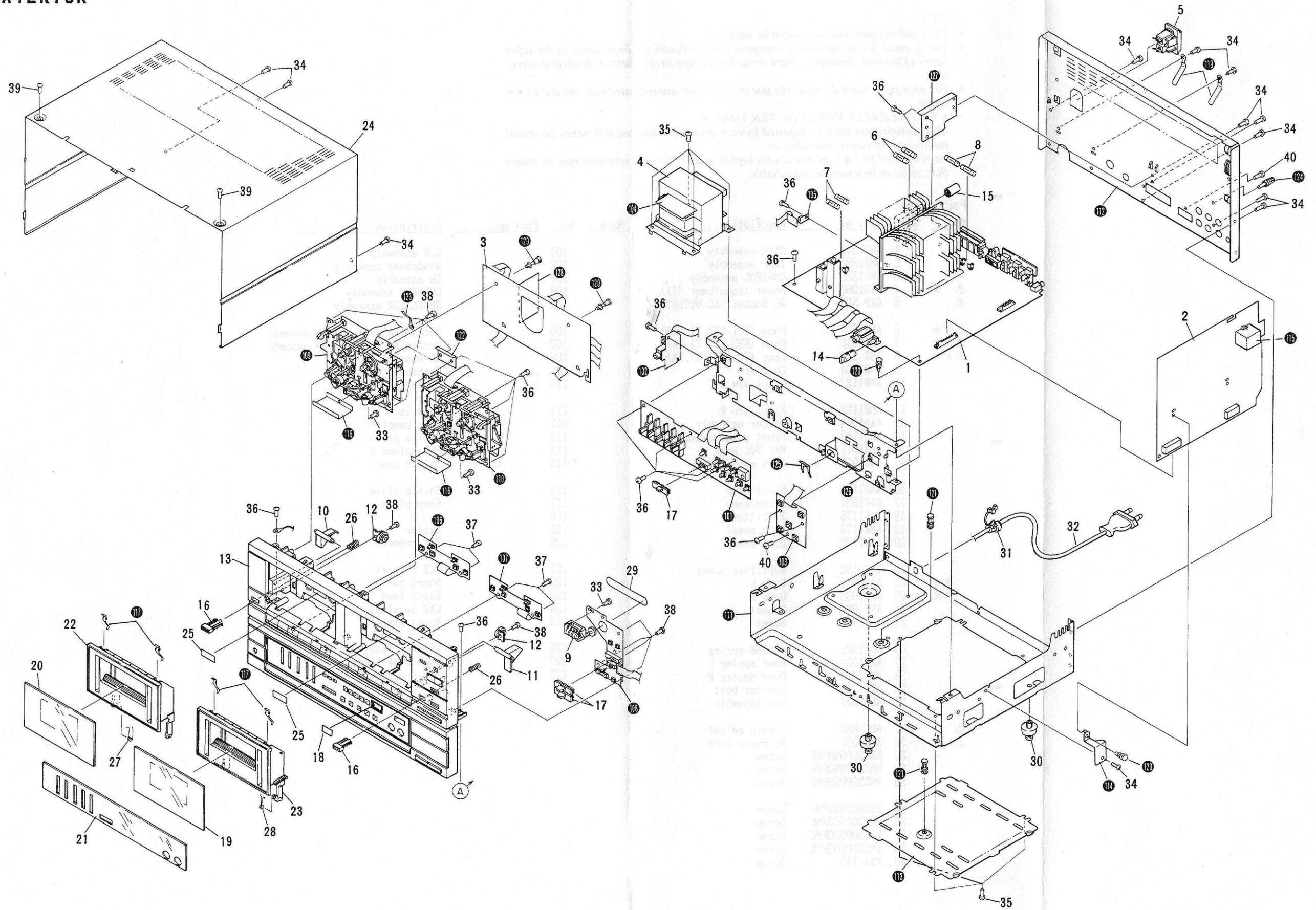
2. PACKING

Parts List

Mark	No.	Part no.	Description
	1	AHA1062	Side pad L
	2	AHA1063	Side pad R
	3	AHD1168	Packing case
	4	ABA1003	Screw
	5	AMR1060	Player stand L
	6	AMR1061	Player stand R
	7	ARB1048	Operating instruction
	8	ARM1003	Caution card
	9	AXD1017	Remote control unit
	51		Battery



3. EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LIST
3.1 EXTERIOR



1

2

3

3

4

5

6

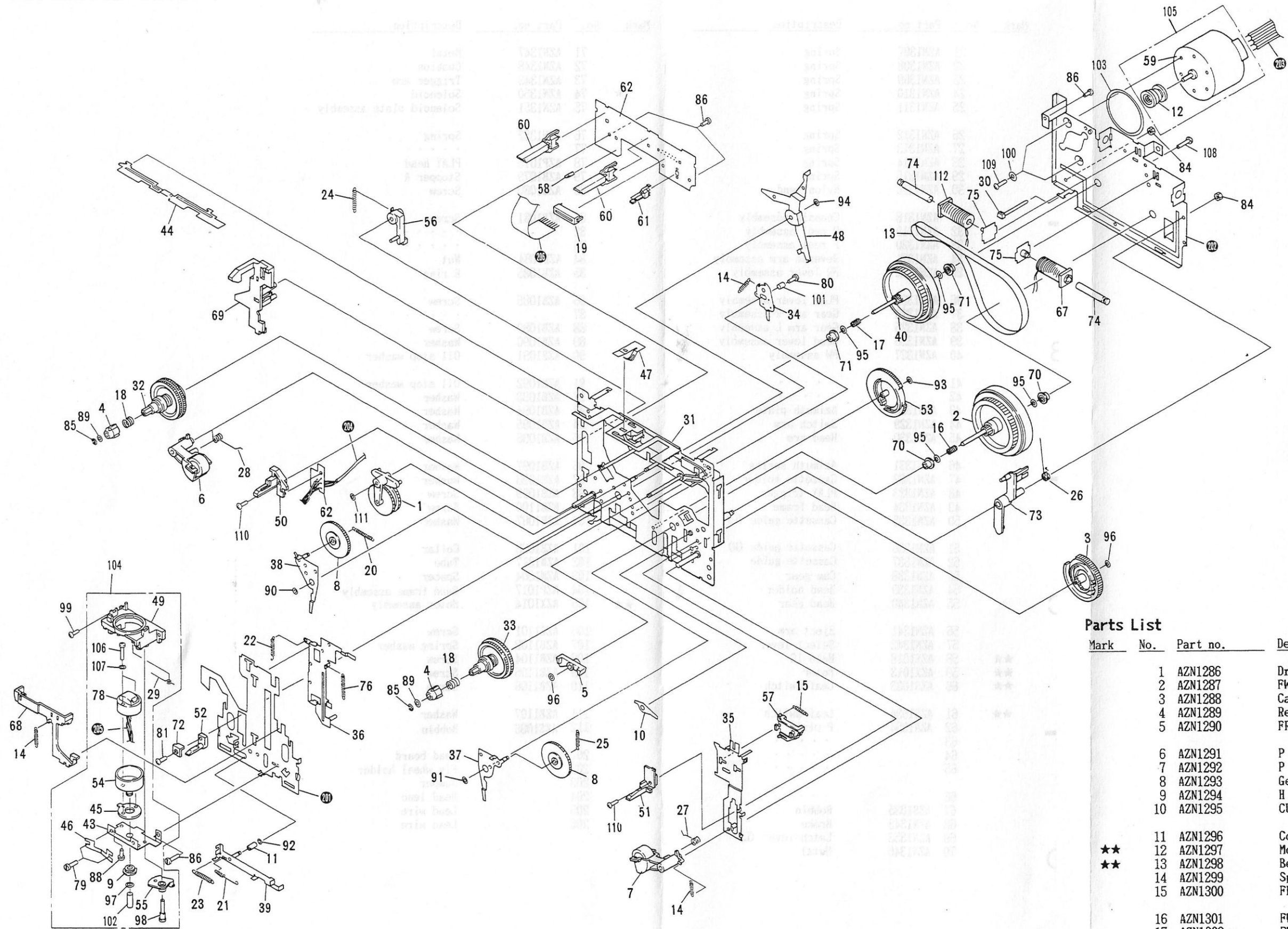
NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks $\star\star$ and \star .
 $\star\star$ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN \star
 This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.
- Parts marked by "●" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

Parts List

Mark	No.	Part no.	Description	Mark	No.	Part no.	Description
	1	AWZ1312	MAIN assembly		101		G.E assembly
	2	AWZ1321	TAPE assembly		102		Headphone assembly
	3	AWZ1323	CONTROL assembly		103		SW assembly
Δ \star	4	ATS1060	Power transformer (T1)		104		CONNECT assembly
Δ	5	AKP-509	AC Socket (AC OUTLET)		105		REGULATOR assembly
Δ $\star\star\star$	6	AEK-509	Fuse (FU1, FU2, T1.25A)		106		Mechanism unit (1) SW assembl
Δ $\star\star\star$	7	AEK-510	Fuse (FU3, FU4, T1.6A)		107		Mechanism unit (2) SW assembl
Δ $\star\star\star$	8	AEK-512	Fuse (FU5, FU6, T2.5A)		108		SW assembly
	9	AAW1004	Counter		109		Mechanism unit (I)
	10	AMR1122	Eject arm L		110		Mechanism unit (II)
	11	AMR1123	Eject arm R		111		Chassis
	12	AXA1004	Damper assembly		112		Rear panel
	13	AMB1143	Front panel assembly		113		Bottom plate
	14	AAB1017	Mic VOL knob		114		PWB holder A
	15	AAD-015	Push knob		115		Shield case
	16	AAD1104	Eject knob		116		Shield plate
	17	AAE1037	Slide knob		117		Keep plate
	18	AAK1175	IR filter		118		.....
	19	AAK1178	Door panel		119		Binder
	20	AAK1179	Door panel		120		Pin grommet
	21	AAK1182	Amplifier panel		121		PCB support
$\star\star$	22	AAN1031	Door L		122		Short bar
$\star\star$	23	AAN1032	Door R		123		Earth lead
	24	ANE1002	Bonnet		124		GND terminal
	25	AAX1054	Sheet		125		Mount plate
	26	ABH1022	Coiled spring		126		AF Panel stay
	27	ABH1023	Door spring L		127		Heat sink holder
	28	ABH1024	Door spring R		128		Logic assembly
	29	AEB-310	Counter belt				
	30	AEC-847	Leg assembly				
Δ	31	AEC-882	Strain relief				
Δ	32	ADG-051	AC power cord				
	33	BBZ26P060FZK	Screw				
	34	BBZ30P080FZK	Screw				
	35	VBZ30P060FMC	Screw				
	36	VBZ30P080FMC	Screw				
	37	VPZ30P060FMC	Screw				
	38	VPZ30P080FMC	Screw				
	39	VPZ30P100FZK	Screw				
	40	ABA-115	Screw				

3.2 MECHANISM UNIT I



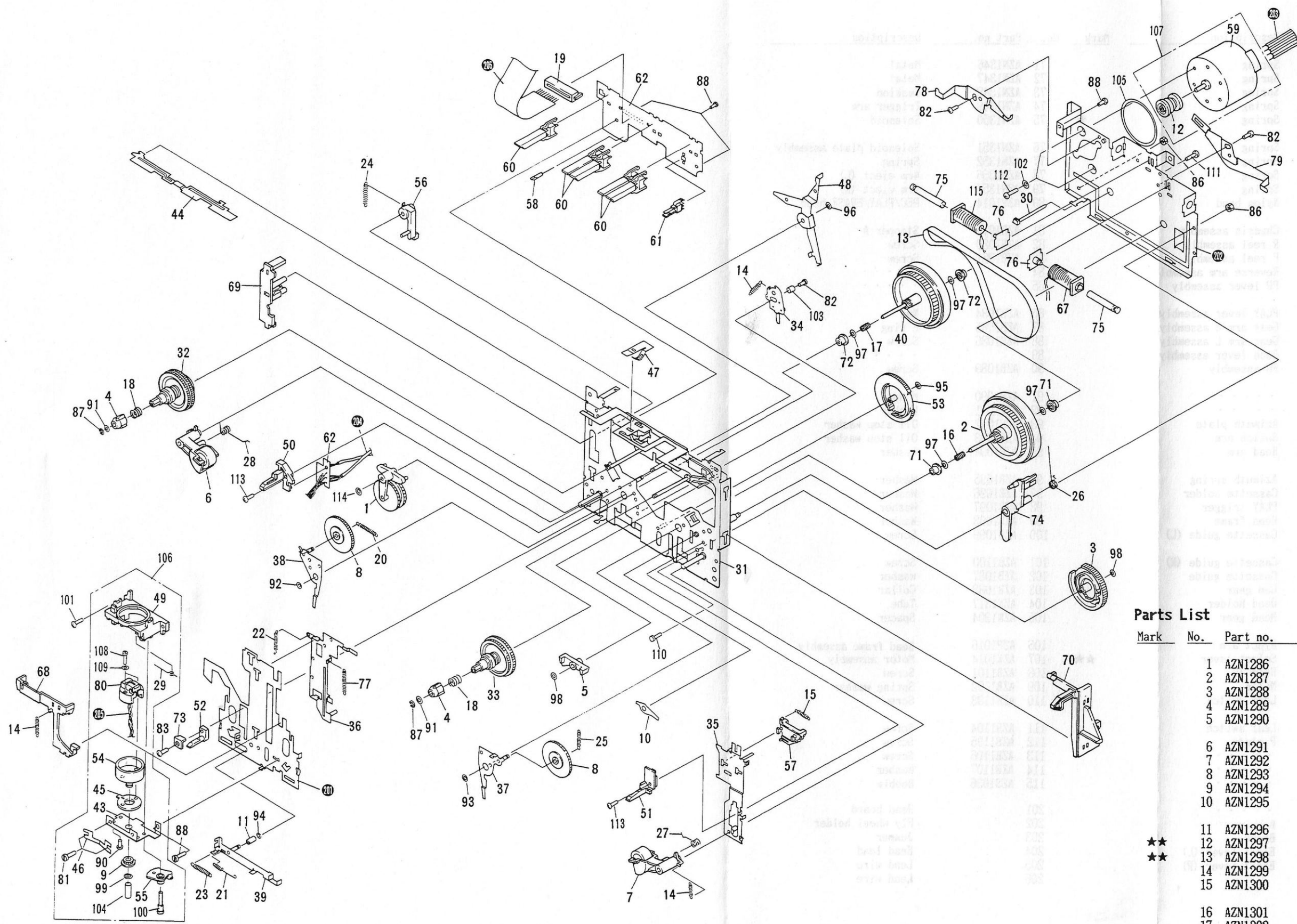
Parts List

Mark	No.	Part no.	Description
	1	AZN1286	Drive arm assembly
	2	AZN1287	FW assembly A
	3	AZN1288	Cam gear
	4	AZN1289	Reel stopper
	5	AZN1290	FR arm
	6	AZN1291	P arm L assembly
	7	AZN1292	P arm R assembly
	8	AZN1293	Gear A
	9	AZN1294	H gear
	10	AZN1295	CUE arm
	11	AZN1296	Collar C
★★	12	AZN1297	Motor pulley
★★	13	AZN1298	Belt
	14	AZN1299	Spring
	15	AZN1300	FR lever spring
	16	AZN1301	FWF spring
	17	AZN1302	FWR spring
	18	AZN1303	Spring
	19	AZN1305	Cable holder
	20	AZN1306	Spring

Mark	No.	Part no.	Description
	21	AZN1307	Spring
	22	AZN1308	Spring
	23	AZN1309	Spring
	24	AZN1310	Spring
	25	AZN1311	Spring
	26	AZN1312	Spring
	27	AZN1313	Spring
	28	AZN1314	Spring
	29	AZN1315	Spring
	30	AZN1316	Nylon band
	31	AZN1318	Chassis assembly
	32	AZN1319	R reel assembly
	33	AZN1320	F reel assembly
	34	AZN1321	Reverse arm assembly
	35	AZN1322	FR lever assembly
	36	AZN1323	PLAY lever assembly
	37	AZN1324	Gear arm R assembly
	38	AZN1325	Gear arm L assembly
	39	AZN1326	Head lever assembly
	40	AZN1327	FW assembly
	41		. . . . .
	42		. . . . .
	43	AZN1328	Azimuth plate
	44	AZN1329	Switch arm
	45	AZN1330	Head arm
	46	AZN1331	Azimuth spring
	47	AZN1332	Cassette holder
	48	AZN1333	PLAY trigger
	49	AZN1334	Head frame
	50	AZN1335	Cassette guide (L)
	51	AZN1336	Cassette guide (R)
	52	AZN1337	Cassette guide
	53	AZN1338	Cam gear
	54	AZN1339	Head holder
	55	AZN1340	Head gear
	56	AZN1341	Eject arm
	57	AZN1342	Select lever
★★	58	AZE1018	Hole IC
★★	59	AZX1013	Motor
★★	60	AZS1033	Leaf switch
★★	61	AZS1034	Leaf switch
	62	AZN1354	P plate
	63		. . . . .
	64		. . . . .
	65		. . . . .
	66		. . . . .
	67	AZS1035	Bobbin
	68	AZN1343	Brake
	69	AZN1353	Latch lever (L)
	70	AZN1346	Metal

Mark	No.	Part no.	Description
	71	AZN1347	Metal
	72	AZN1348	Cushion
	73	AZN1349	Trigger arm
*	74	AZN1350	Solenoid
	75	AZN1351	Solenoid plate assembly
	76	AZN1352	Spring
	77		. . . . .
	78	AZP1015	PLAY head
	79	AZB1079	Stopper A
	80	AZB1080	Screw
	81	AZB1081	Screw
	82		. . . . .
	83		. . . . .
	84	AZB1084	Nut
	85	AZB1085	E ring
	86	AZB1086	Screw
	87		. . . . .
	88	AZB1089	Screw
	89	AZB1090	Washer
	90	AZB1091	Oil stop washer
	91	AZB1092	Oil stop washer
	92	AZB1093	Washer
	93	AZB1094	Washer
	94	AZB1095	Washer
	95	AZB1096	Washer
	96	AZB1097	Washer
	97	AZB1098	Washer
	98	AZB1099	Screw
	99	AZB1100	Screw
	100	AZB1087	Washer
	101	AZB1088	Collar
	102	AZN1317	Tube
	103	AZN1304	Spacer
	104	AZP1017	Head frame assembly
★★	105	AZX1014	Motor assembly
	106	AZB1101	Screw
	107	AZB1102	Spring washer
	108	AZB1104	Screw
	109	AZB1105	Screw
	110	AZB1106	Screw
	111	AZB1107	Washer
	112	AZS1036	Bobbin
	201		Head board
	202		Fly wheel holder
	203		Jumper
	204		Head lead
	205		Lead wire
	206		Lead wire

3.3 MECHANISM UNIT II

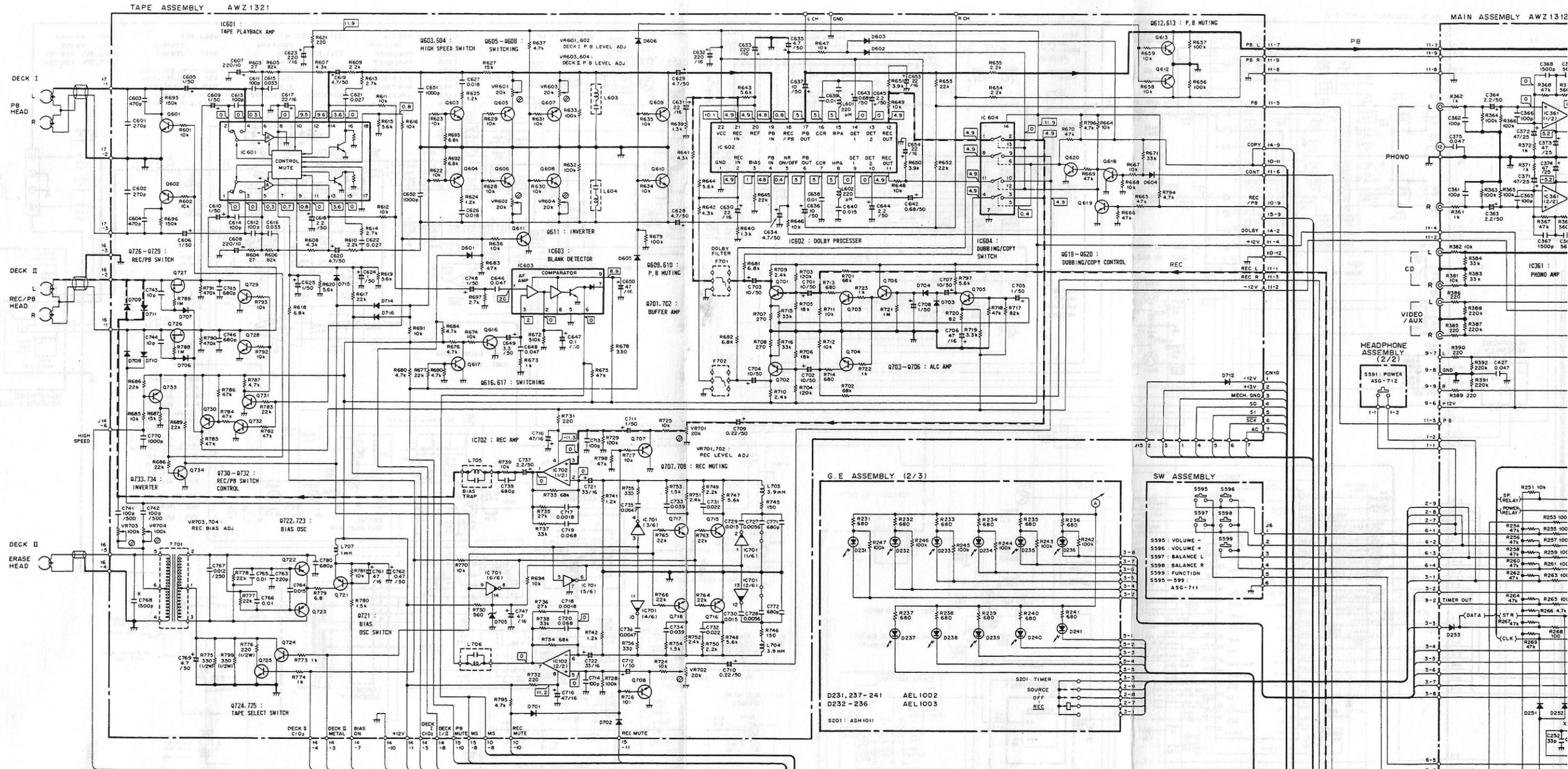


Parts List

Mark	No.	Part no.	Description
	1	AZN1286	Drive arm assembly
	2	AZN1287	FW assembly A
	3	AZN1288	Cam gear
	4	AZN1289	Reel stopper
	5	AZN1290	FR arm
	6	AZN1291	P arm L assembly
	7	AZN1292	P arm R assembly
	8	AZN1293	Gear A
	9	AZN1294	H gear A
	10	AZN1295	CUE arm
	11	AZN1296	Collar C
★★	12	AZN1297	Motor pulley
★★	13	AZN1298	Belt
	14	AZN1299	Spring
	15	AZN1300	FR lever spring
	16	AZN1301	FWF spring
	17	AZN1302	FWR spring
	18	AZN1303	Spring
	19	AZN1305	Cable holder
	20	AZN1306	Spring

Mark	No.	Part no.	Description	Mark	No.	Part no.	Description
	21	AZN1307	Spring		71	AZN1346	Metal
	22	AZN1308	Spring		72	AZN1347	Metal
	23	AZN1309	Spring		73	AZN1348	Cushion
	24	AZN1310	Spring		74	AZN1349	Trigger arm
	25	AZN1311	Spring	★	75	AZN1350	Solenoid
	26	AZN1312	Spring		76	AZN1351	Solenoid plate assembly
	27	AZN1313	Spring		77	AZN1352	Spring
	28	AZN1314	Spring		78	AZN1356	Arm eject (L)
	29	AZN1315	Spring		79	AZN1357	Arm eject (R)
	30	AZN1316	Nylon band		80	AZP1014	REC/PLAY/ERASE head
	31	AZN1318	Chassis assembly		81	AZB1079	Stopper A
	32	AZN1319	R reel assembly		82	AZB1080	Screw
	33	AZN1320	F reel assembly		83	AZB1081	Screw
	34	AZN1321	Reverse arm assembly		84		.....
	35	AZN1322	FR lever assembly		85		.....
	36	AZN1323	PLAY lever assembly		86	AZB1084	Nut
	37	AZN1324	Gear arm R assembly		87	AZB1085	E ring
	38	AZN1325	Gear arm L assembly		88	AZB1086	Screw
	39	AZN1326	Head lever assembly		89		.....
	40	AZN1327	FW assembly		90	AZB1089	Screw
	41		.....		91	AZB1090	M nut
	42		.....		92	AZB1091	Washer
	43	AZN1328	Azimuth plate		93	AZB1092	Oil stop washer
	44	AZN1329	Switch arm		94	AZB1093	Oil stop washer
	45	AZN1330	Head arm		95	AZB1094	Washer
	46	AZN1331	Azimuth spring		96	AZB1095	Washer
	47	AZN1332	Cassette holder		97	AZB1096	Washer
	48	AZN1333	PLAY trigger		98	AZB1097	Washer
	49	AZN1334	Head frame		99	AZB1098	Washer
	50	AZN1335	Cassette guide (L)		100	AZB1099	Screw
	51	AZN1336	Cassette guide (R)		101	AZB1100	Screw
	52	AZN1337	Cassette guide		102	AZB1087	Washer
	53	AZN1338	Cam gear		103	AZB1088	Collar
	54	AZN1339	Head holder		104	AZN1317	Tube
	55	AZN1340	Head gear		105	AZN1304	Spacer
	56	AZN1341	Eject arm		106	AZP1016	Head frame assembly
	57	AZN1342	Select lever	★★	107	AZX1014	Motor assembly
★★	58	AZE1018	Hole IC		108	AZB1101	Screw
★★	59	AZX1013	Motor		109	AZB1102	Spring washer
★★	60	AZS1033	Leaf switch		110	AZB1103	Screw
★★	61	AZS1034	Leaf switch		111	AZB1104	Screw
	62	AZN1355	P plate		112	AZB1105	Screw
	63		.....		113	AZB1106	Screw
	64		.....		114	AZB1107	Washer
	65		.....		115	AZS1036	Bobbin
	66		.....		201		Head board
	67	AZS1035	Bobbin		202		Fly wheel holder
	68	AZN1343	Brake		203		Jumper
	69	AZN1344	Eject lever (L)		204		Head lead
	70	AZN1345	Eject lever (R)		205		Lead wire
					206		Lead wire

4. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



TAPE ASS'Y
 IC601 BA3416BL
 IC602 HA12086NT
 IC603 BA335PT
 IC604 TC4066BP
 IC701 M74LS05P
 IC702 M5218LF
 Q601-613,616-620,701-706,
 Q715-718,728,729,731,
 Q732,734 2SC1740S
 or 2SC2603
 Q707,708 2SC2878
 Q721,730,733 2SA933S
 or 2SA1115
 Q722,723 2SA1515
 Q724,725 2SC2603
 Q726,727 2SK373

D601-606,701-704,708-711,
 D713-716 1S5131
 D705 RDS.1ESB
 D706,707 1S2471
 D712 59566
 L601,602 LAU221K
 L603,604 ATM1001
 L703,704 LT4392J
 L705,706 ATM-037
 L707 LTA102J
 F701,702 ATF-210
 T701 ATX-043
 C768 ACE-133

VR601-604 VRTM6H203
 VR701,702 VRTM6V203
 VR703,704 VRTM6H104

1. RESISTORS:
 Indicated in Ω , $\text{k}\Omega$, $\text{M}\Omega$, $\text{G}\Omega$, W , $\frac{1}{2}\text{W}$, $\frac{1}{4}\text{W}$, 5% tolerance unless otherwise noted; k, M, M, M Ω , (F): $\pm 1\%$, (G): $\pm 2\%$, (K): $\pm 10\%$, (M): $\pm 20\%$ tolerance

2. CAPACITORS:
 Indicated in capacity (uF)/voltage (V) unless otherwise noted; p, pF. Indication without voltage is 50V except electrolytic capacitor.

3. VOLTAGE CURRENT:
 V: Signal voltage at (W+ W, B) output (1kHz)
 V: DC voltage (V) at no input signal
 Value in () is DC voltage at rated power.

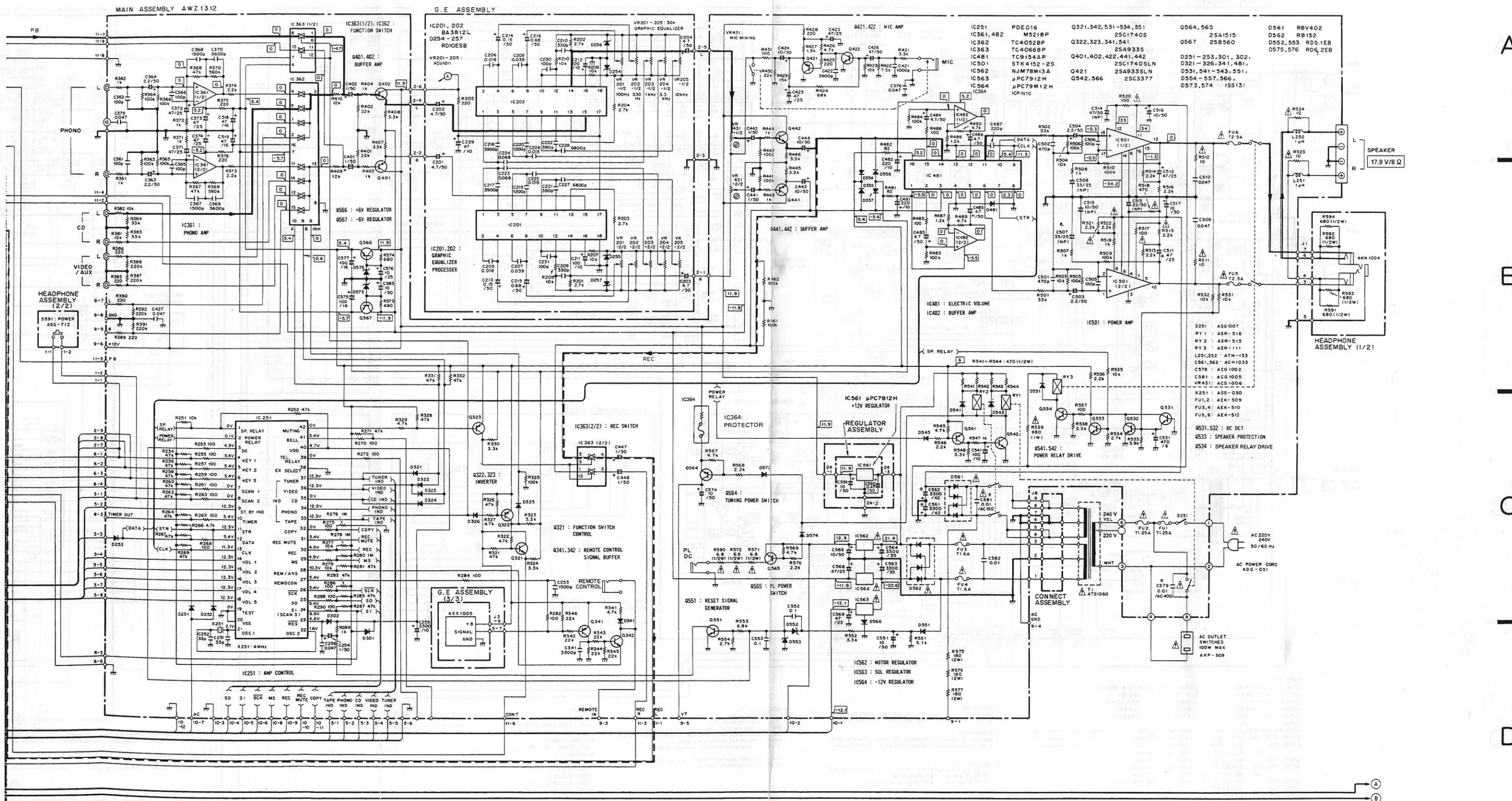
4. OTHERS:
 * : Signal route.
 @ : Adjusting point.
 The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
 Δ : marked capacitors and resistors have parts numbers.

This is the basic schematic diagram, but the actual circuit may vary due to improvements in design.

SWITCHES:
 G. E. ASSEMBLY
 S201: TIMER STAND-BY MODE
 SOURCE - TUNER REC - REC
 HEADPHONE ASSEMBLY
 S591: POWER ON - OFF
 SW ASSEMBLY
 S595: VOLUME -
 S596: VOLUME +
 S597: BALANCE L
 S598: BALANCE R
 S599: FUNCTION
 MAIN ASS'Y
 S251: SURROUND
 The underlined indicates the switch position.

— : Playback signal route
 : Recording signal route

A
B
C
D



A

B

C

D

A

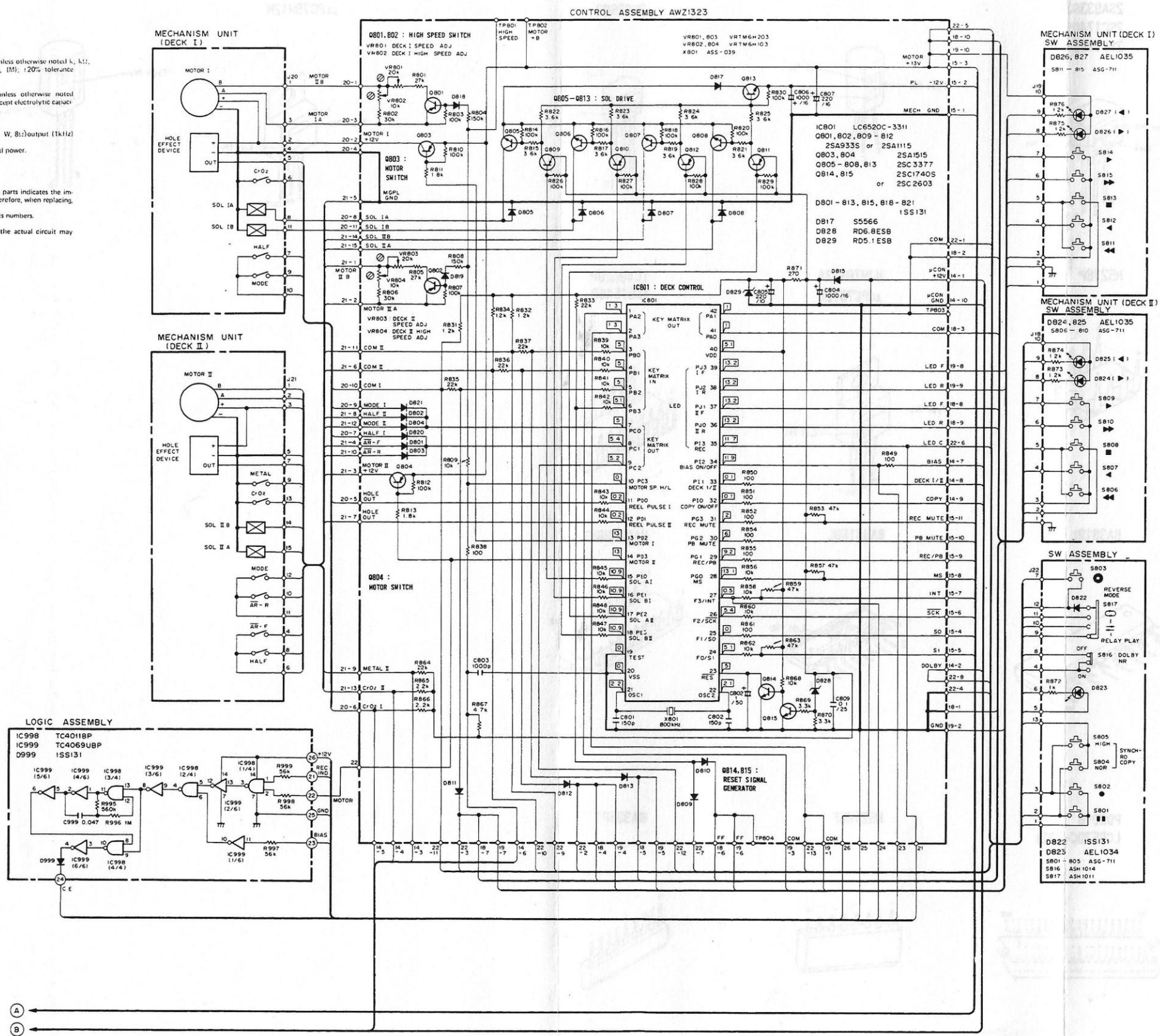
B

C

D

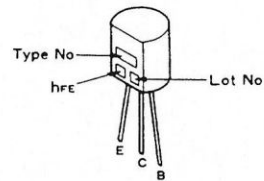
- RESISTORS.**
Indicated in Ω, 1W, 1/2W, 5% tolerance unless otherwise noted. K, M, Mt, (F), (G), (J), (K), (L), (M), (N), (P) tolerance.
- CAPACITORS.**
Indicated in capacity (μF), voltage (V) unless otherwise noted. μF, nF. Indication without voltage is 50V except electrolytic capacitor.
- VOLTAGE CURRENT.**
[V] Signal voltage at (40 W, 40 W, 8.1) output (1k12)
[DC] DC voltage (V) at no input signal
Value in [] is DC voltage at rated power.
- OTHERS:**
[] Signal route.
[] Adjusting point.
The [] mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
[] marked capacitors and resistors have parts numbers.

- This is the basic schematic diagram, but the actual circuit may vary due to improvements in design.
- SWITCHES:**
- MECHANISM UNIT (I) SW ASSEMBLY**
- SB11: (FAST)
 - SB12: (PLAY)
 - SB13: (STOP)
 - SB14: (PLAY)
 - SB15: (FAST)
- MECHANISM UNIT (II) SW ASSEMBLY**
- SB05: (FAST)
 - SB07: (PLAY)
 - SB08: (STOP)
 - SB09: (PLAY)
 - SB10: (FAST)
- SW ASSEMBLY**
- SB01: (PAUSE)
 - SB02: (REC)
 - SB03: (MUTING)
 - SB04: NORMAL SYNCHRO
 - SB05: HIGH COPY
 - SB16: DOLBY NR
 - SB17: REVERSE MODE
- — RELAY PLAY

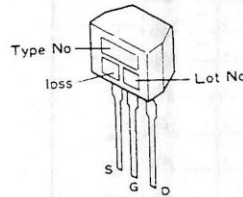


External Appearance of Transistor and ICs

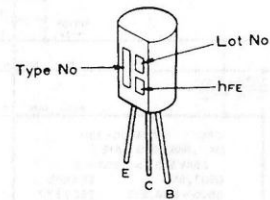
2SA1515



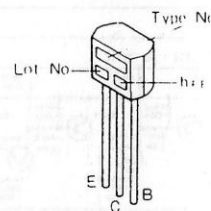
2SA933S
2SA933SLN
2SC1740S
2SC1740SLN



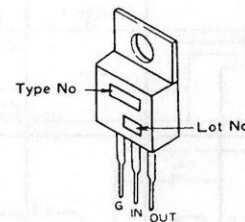
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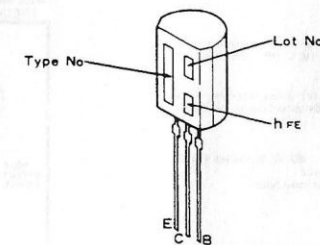
2SA1115
2SC2603



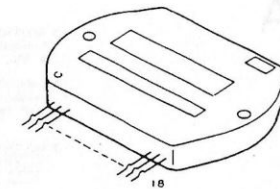
μPC7912H
μPC79M12H



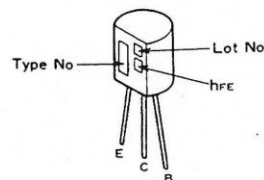
2SC3377



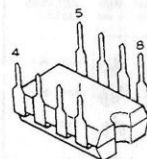
STK4152-2SP



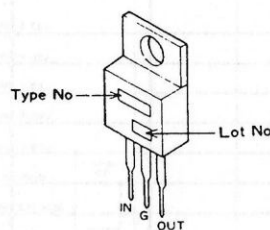
2SC2878



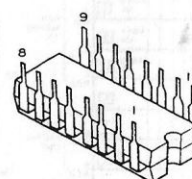
M5218P



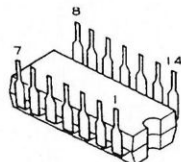
NJM78M13A
μPC7812H



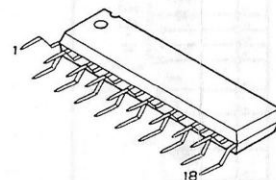
TC4052BP
TC9154AP



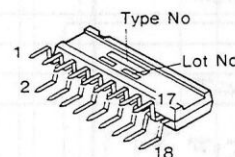
TC4066BP
M74LS05P
TC4011BP
TC4069UBP



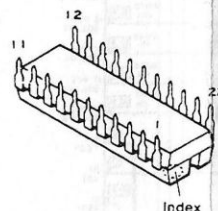
BA3812L



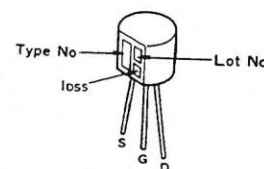
BA3416BL



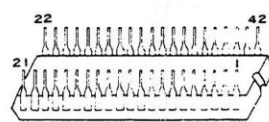
HA12086NT



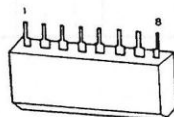
2SK373



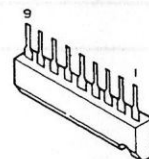
PDE016
LC6520C-3311



M5218LF



BA335PT



A
B
C
D
20

5. P. C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

NOTE

1. This P.C.B connection diagram is viewed from the parts mounted side.
2. The parts which have been mounted on the board can be replaced with those shown with the corresponding wiring symbols listed in the following Table.

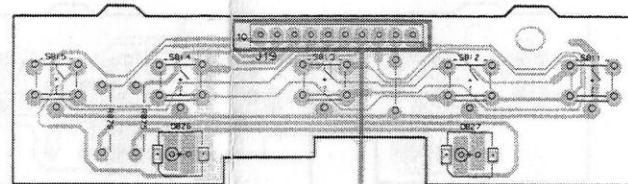
P.C.B. pattern diagram indication	Corresponding part symbol	Part Name
		Transistor
		Radiator type transistor
		Diode
		Resistor
		Capacitor (Polarity)
		Capacitor (Non-polarity)

Others

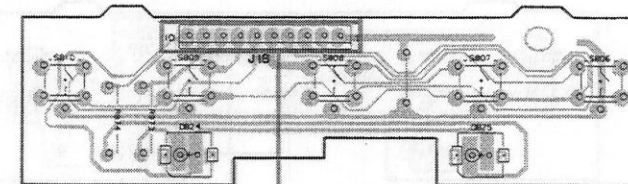
P.C.B. pattern diagram indication	Part Name
IC	IC
S	Switch
RY	Relay
L	Coil
F	Filter
VR	Variable resistor or Semi-fixed resistor

3. The capacitor terminal marked with ⊕ (double circles) shows negative terminal.
4. The diode terminal marked with ⊕ (double circles) shows cathode side.
5. The transistor terminal to which E is affixed shows the emitter.

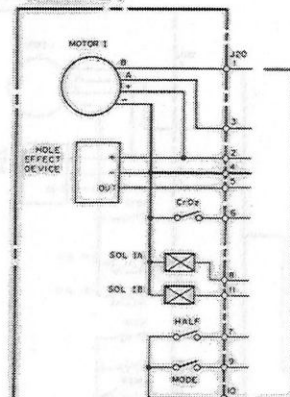
MECHANISM UNIT (DECK I)
SW ASSEMBLY



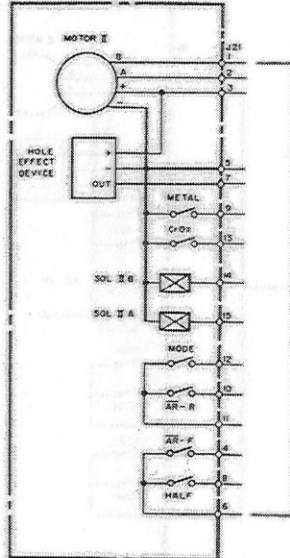
MECHANISM UNIT (DECK II)
SW ASSEMBLY



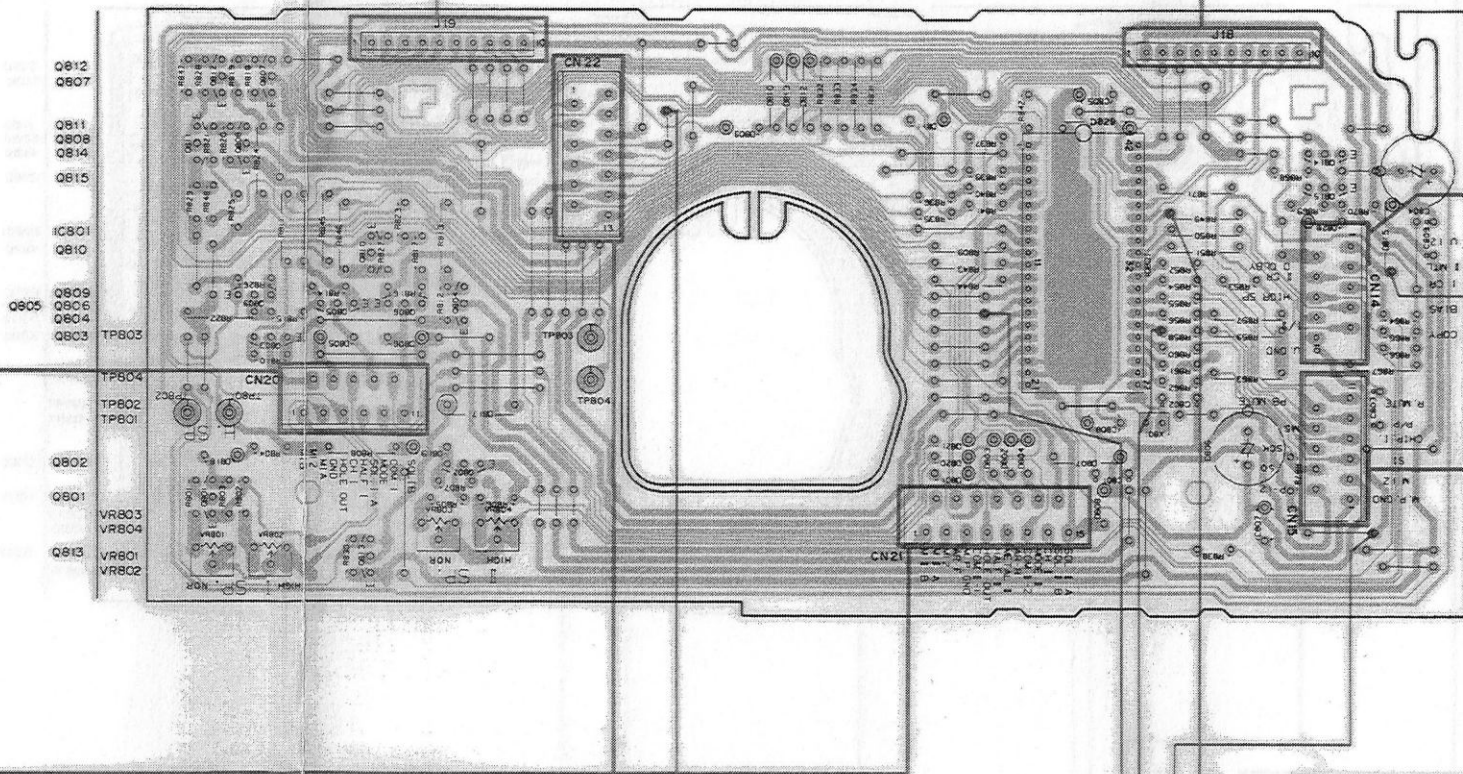
MECHANISM UNIT (DECK I)



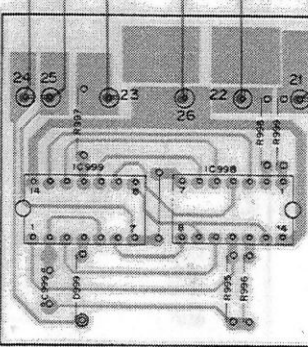
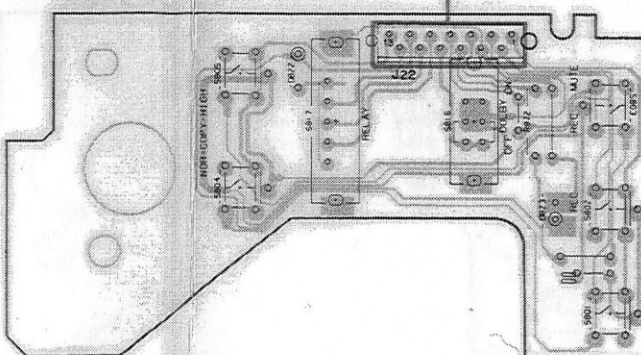
MECHANISM UNIT (DECK II)



CONTROL ASSEMBLY AHZ1323



SW ASSEMBLY



LOGIC ASSEMBLY

2 P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

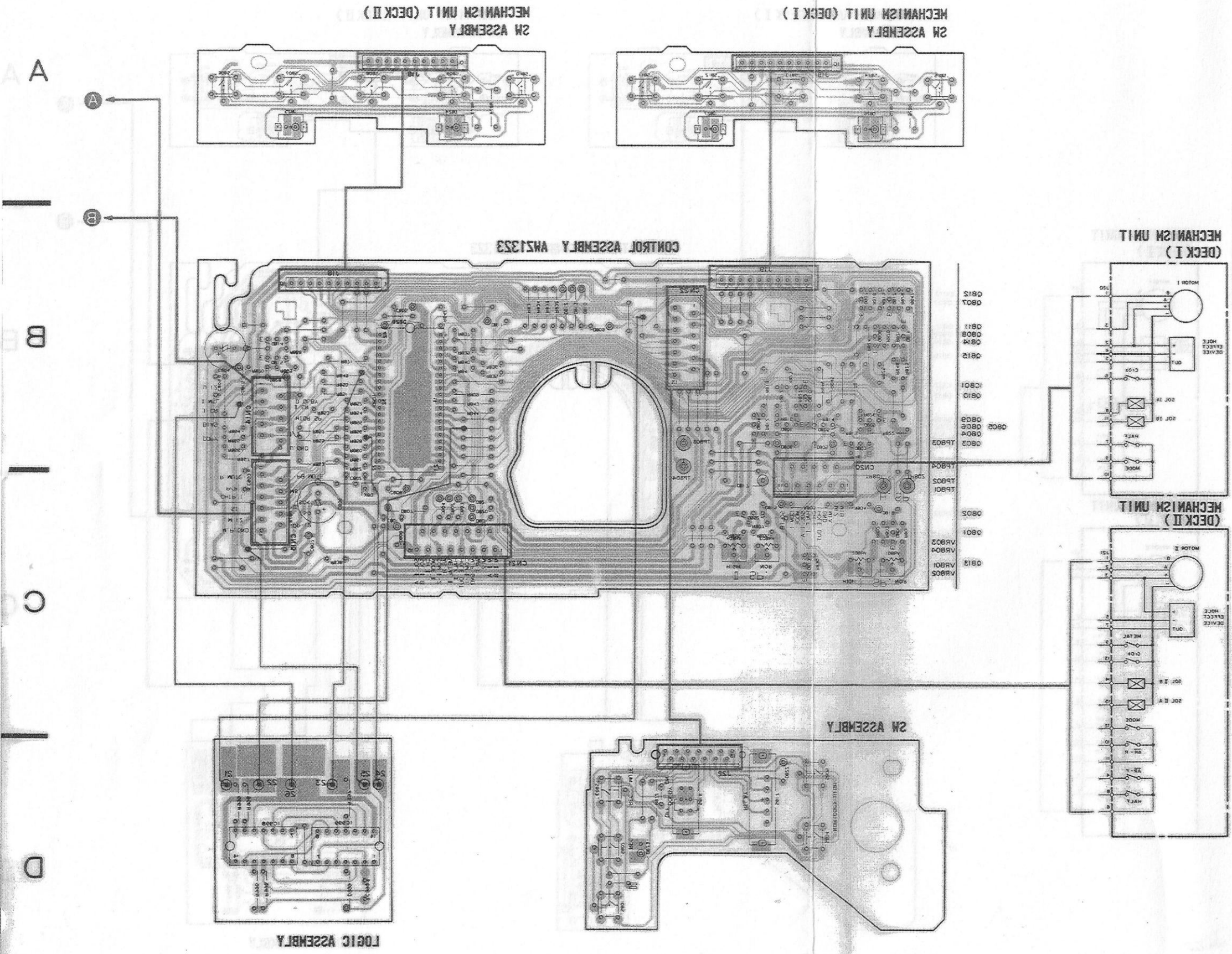
NOTE
 1. This P.C.B. connection diagram is viewed from the parts mounted side.
 2. The parts which have been mounted on the board can be replaced with those shown with the corresponding wiring symbols listed in the following Table.

P.C.B. pattern diagram indication	Corresponding part symbol	Part Name
		Transistor
		Resistor type
		Diode
		Resistor
		Capacitor (Polarity)
		Capacitor (Non-polarity)

Others

P.C.B. pattern diagram indication	Part Name
	IC
	Switch
	Relay
	Coil
	Filter
	Variable resistor or Semi-fixed resistor

3. The capacitor terminal marked with ⊕ (double circles) shows negative terminal.
 4. The diode terminal marked with ⊕ (double circles) shows cathode side.
 5. The transistor terminal to which E is affixed shows the emitter.



A

B

C

D

A

B

C

D

6

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6

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6

1

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3

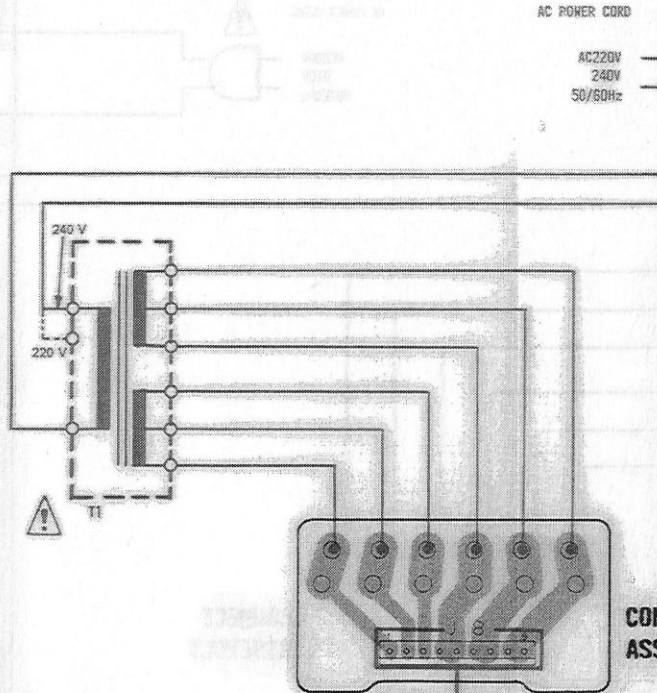
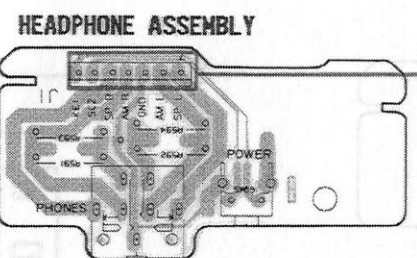
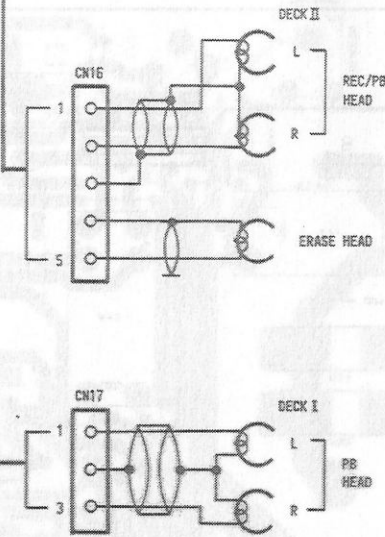
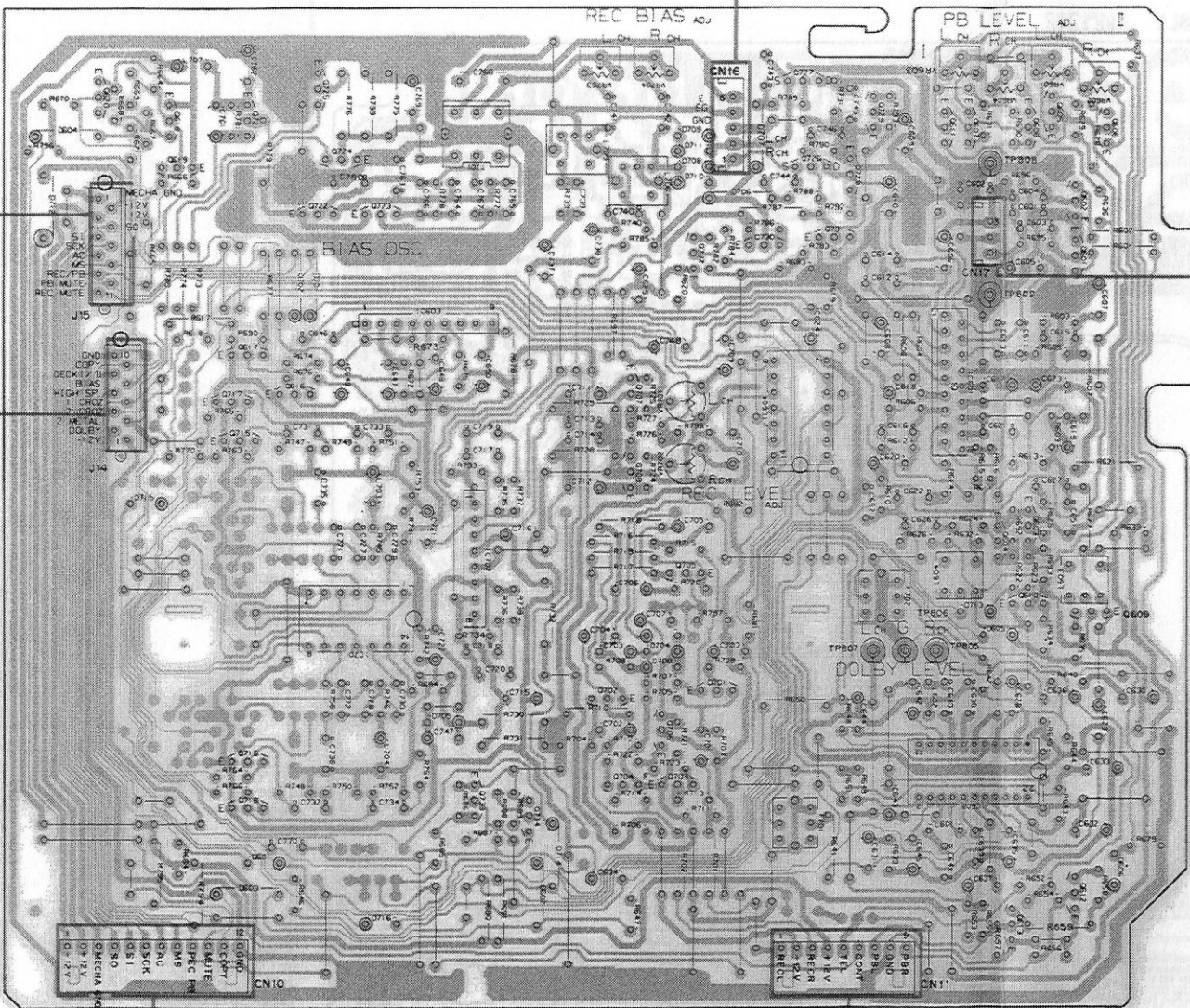
4

5

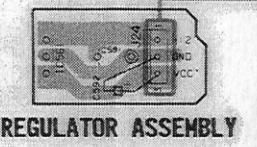
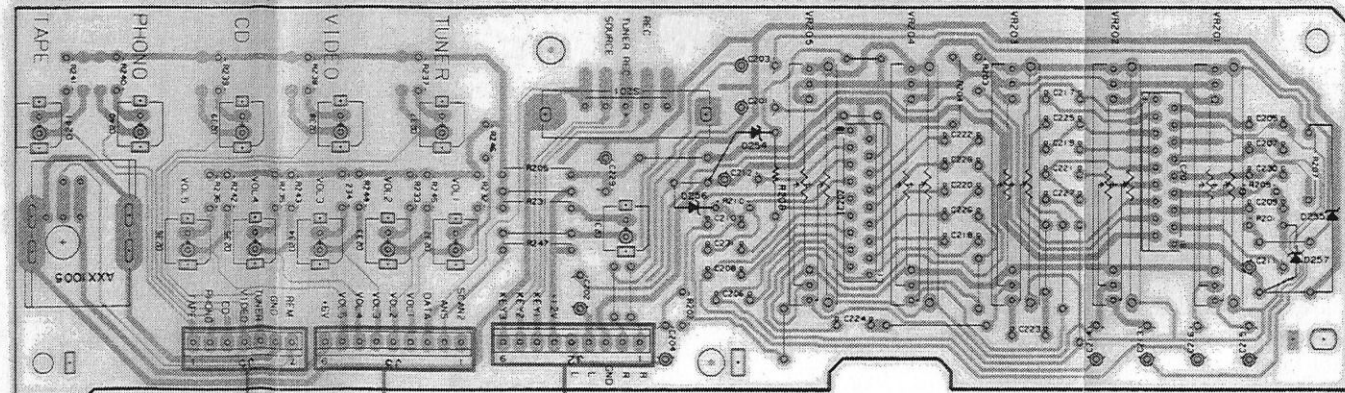
6

TAPE ASSEMBLY AWZ1321

- VR703
- VR704
- VR601
- VR603
- VR602
- VR604
- Q620 Q727
- Q621 Q725
- Q616 Q721 Q605
- Q729
- Q611 Q607
- Q608 Q606
- TP808
- Q619 Q724 Q726
- Q728
- Q602
- Q722 Q723
- Q730 Q731 Q601
- Q732
- TP809
- IC603
- Q617 IC601
- Q616 Q707 VR701
- Q717 IC604
- Q715
- VR702
- Q708
- Q603
- Q604
- Q705
- Q610
- Q609
- IC701
- TP807
- TP806
- TP805
- Q701
- Q702
- Q706
- Q716 IC602
- Q703
- Q704
- Q733
- Q734
- Q612
- Q613



G. E. ASSEMBLY



A

B

C

D

7

8

9

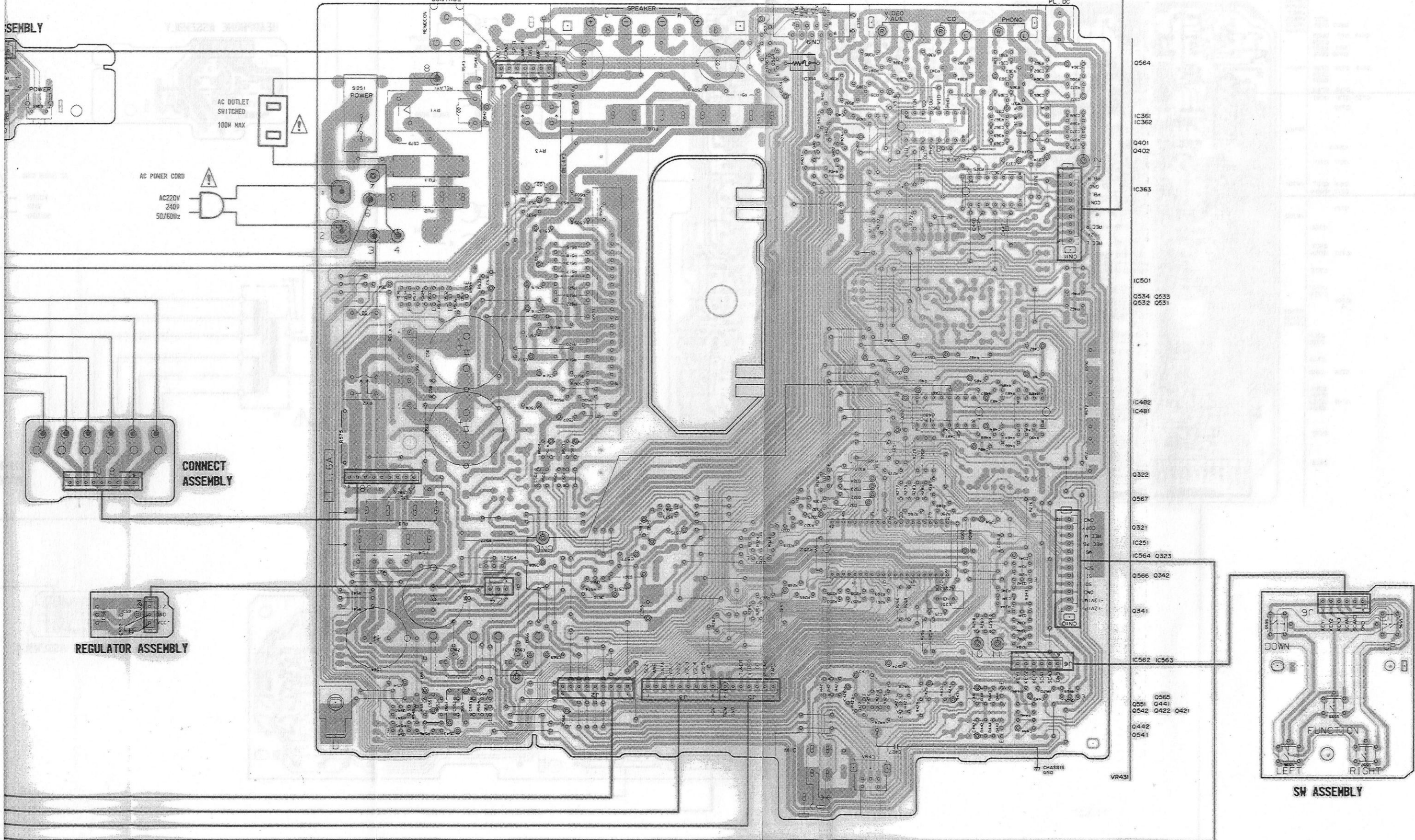
10

11

12

ASSEMBLY

MAIN ASSEMBLY AWZ1312



AC OUTLET SWITCHED 100W MAX

AC POWER CORD
AC220V
240V
50/60Hz

CONNECT ASSEMBLY

REGULATOR ASSEMBLY

SW ASSEMBLY

- Q564
- IC361
- IC362
- Q401
- Q402
- IC363
- IC501
- Q554
- Q533
- Q532
- Q531
- IC482
- IC481
- Q322
- Q567
- Q321
- IC251
- IC564
- Q323
- Q566
- Q342
- Q341
- IC562
- IC563
- Q551
- Q565
- Q542
- Q422
- Q421
- Q442
- Q541

A

B

C

D

7

8

9

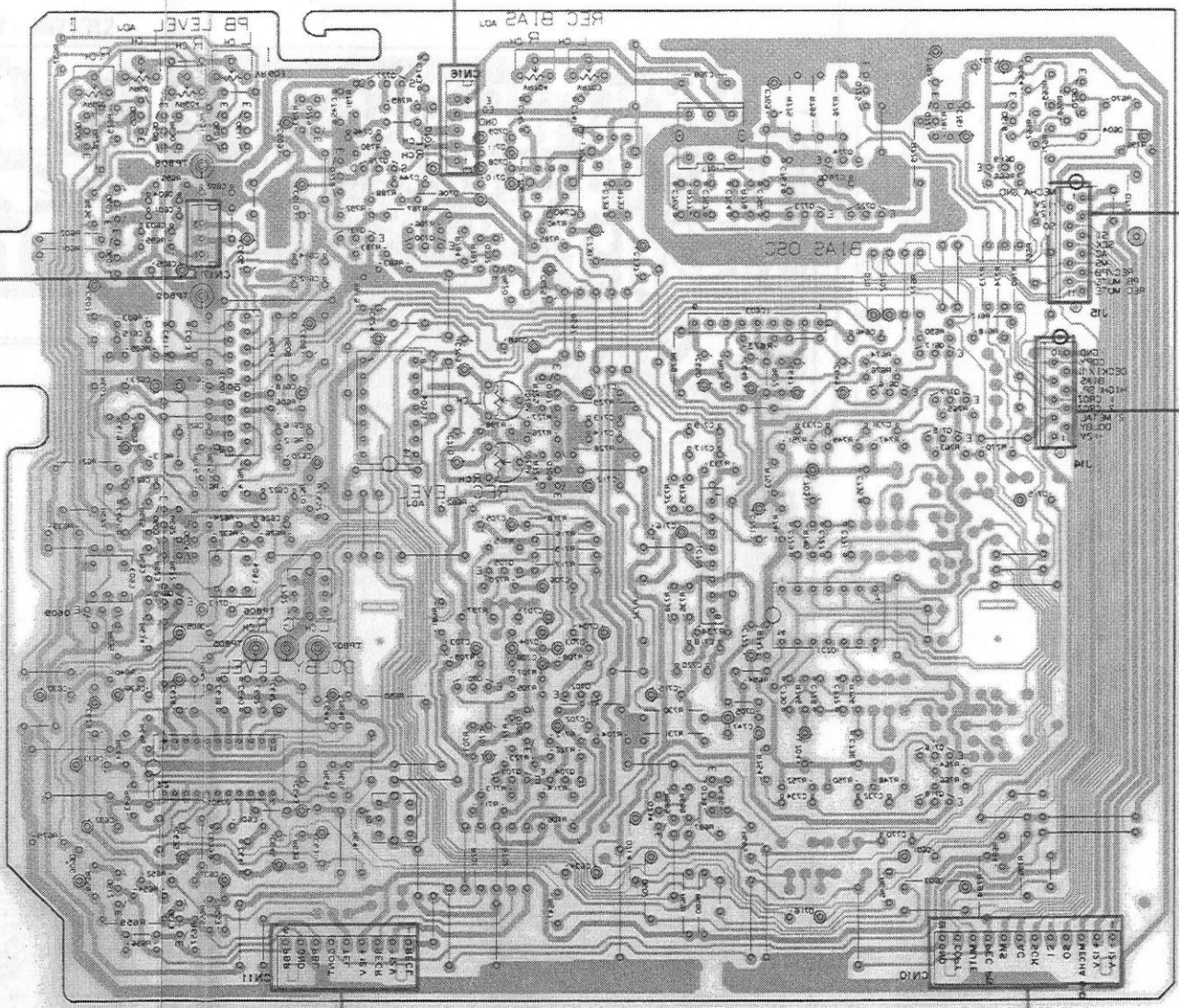
10

11

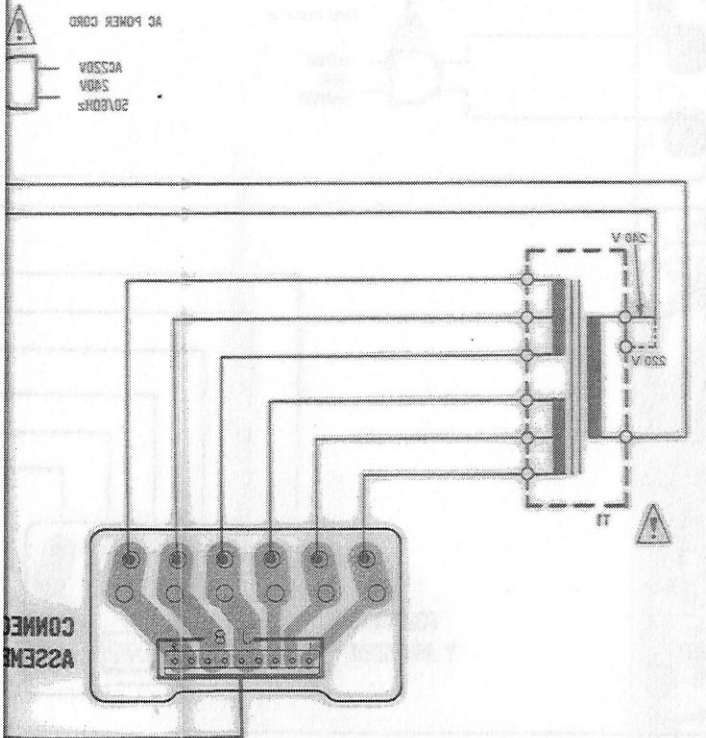
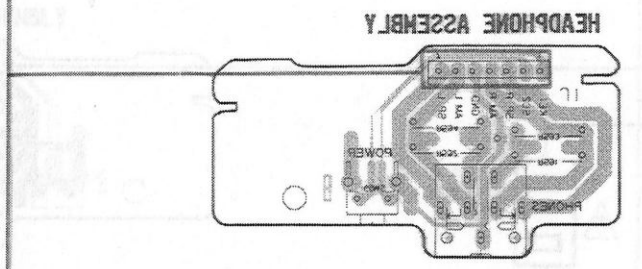
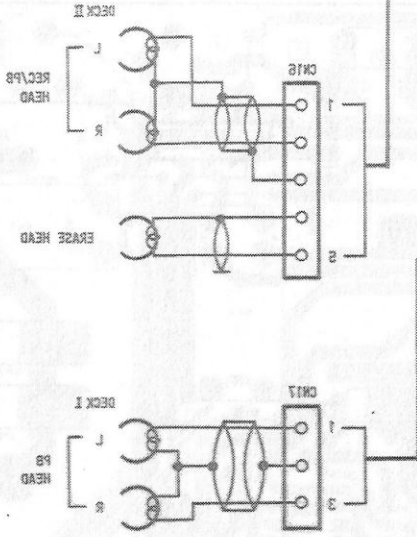
12

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

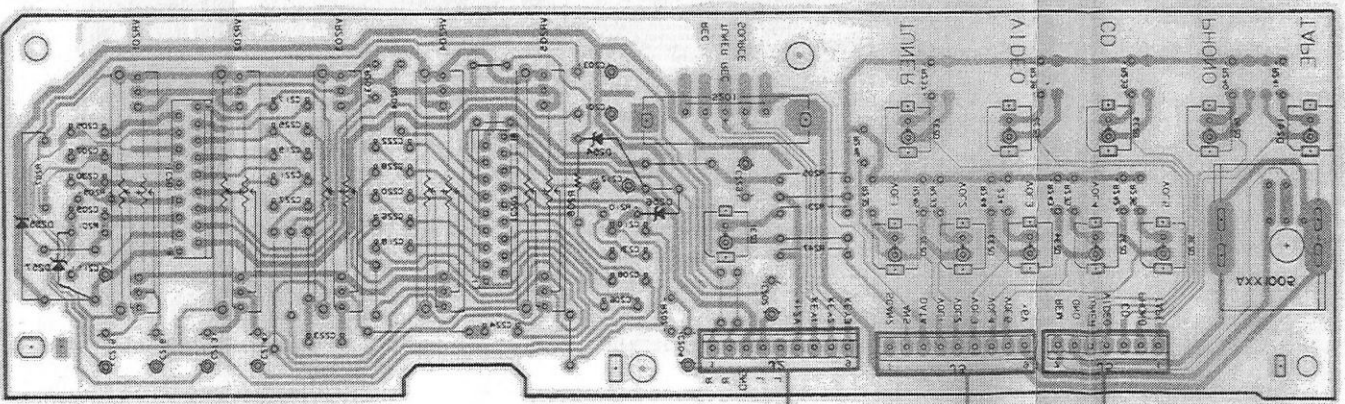
TAPE ASSEMBLY AH31351



VR703	0251
VR704	0252
VR705	0253
VR706	0254
VR707	0255
VR708	0256
VR709	0257
VR710	0258
VR711	0259
VR712	0260
VR713	0261
VR714	0262
VR715	0263
VR716	0264
VR717	0265
VR718	0266
VR719	0267
VR720	0268
VR721	0269
VR722	0270
VR723	0271
VR724	0272
VR725	0273
VR726	0274
VR727	0275
VR728	0276
VR729	0277
VR730	0278
VR731	0279
VR732	0280
VR733	0281
VR734	0282
VR735	0283
VR736	0284
VR737	0285
VR738	0286
VR739	0287
VR740	0288
VR741	0289
VR742	0290
VR743	0291
VR744	0292
VR745	0293
VR746	0294
VR747	0295
VR748	0296
VR749	0297
VR750	0298
VR751	0299
VR752	0300
VR753	0301
VR754	0302
VR755	0303
VR756	0304
VR757	0305
VR758	0306
VR759	0307
VR760	0308
VR761	0309
VR762	0310
VR763	0311
VR764	0312
VR765	0313
VR766	0314
VR767	0315
VR768	0316
VR769	0317
VR770	0318
VR771	0319
VR772	0320
VR773	0321
VR774	0322
VR775	0323
VR776	0324
VR777	0325
VR778	0326
VR779	0327
VR780	0328
VR781	0329
VR782	0330
VR783	0331
VR784	0332
VR785	0333
VR786	0334
VR787	0335
VR788	0336
VR789	0337
VR790	0338
VR791	0339
VR792	0340
VR793	0341
VR794	0342
VR795	0343
VR796	0344
VR797	0345
VR798	0346
VR799	0347
VR800	0348



C E ASSEMBLY



REGULATOR ASSEMBLY



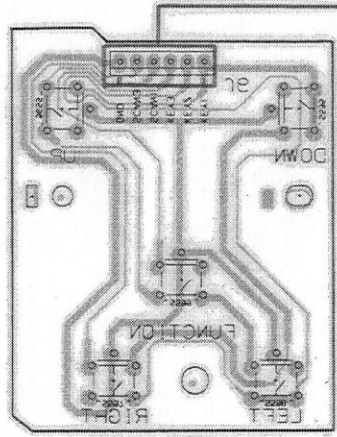
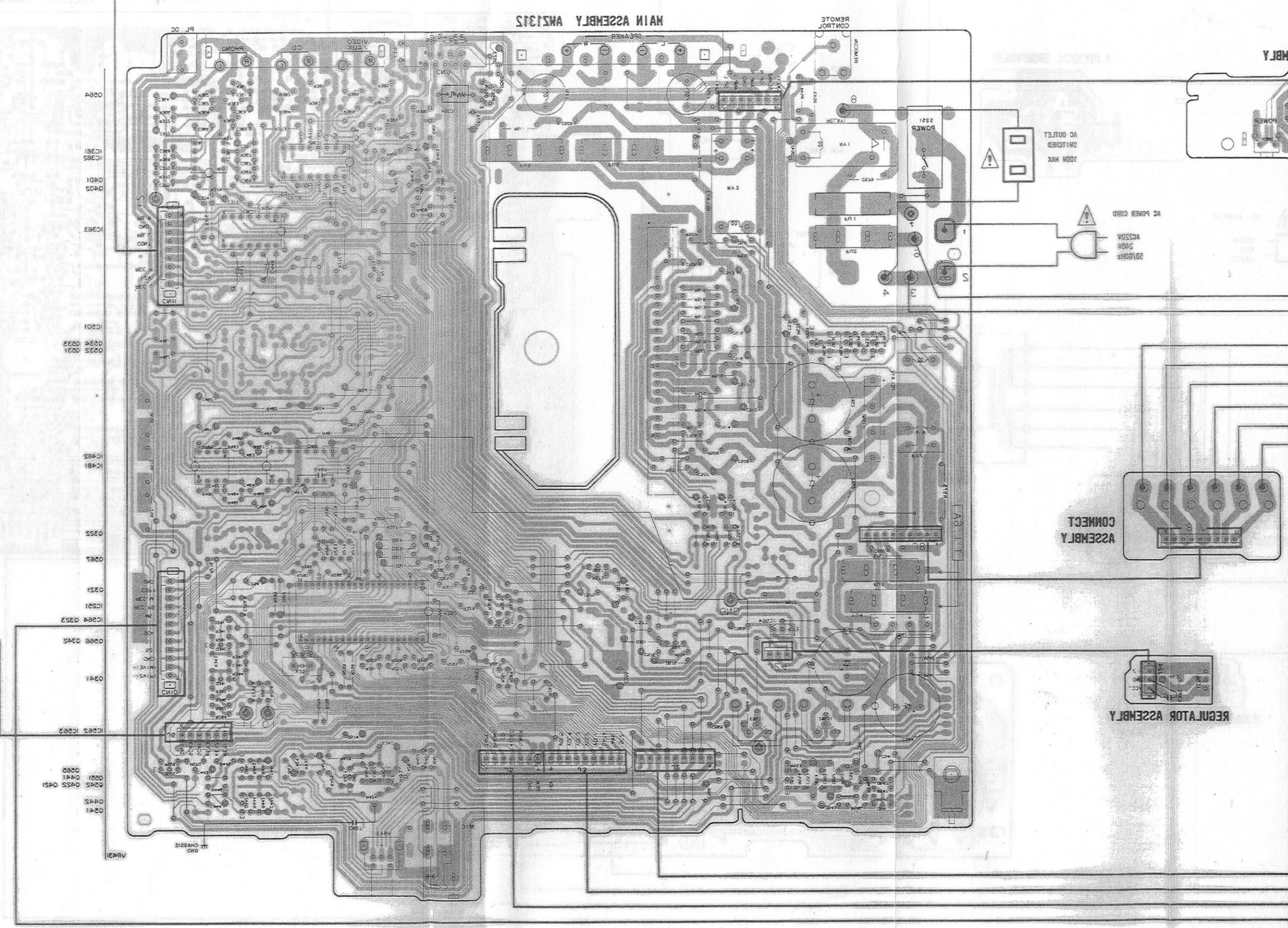
1 2 3 4 5 6 7

A

B

C

D



2M ASSEMBLY

CONNECT ASSEMBLY

REGULATOR ASSEMBLY

MAIN ASSEMBLY AW21315

EMBL Y

POWER

REGULATOR ASSEMBLY

6. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

NOTES:

- When ordering resistors, first convert resistance values into code form as shown in the following examples.

Ex. 1 When there are 2 effective digits (any digit apart from 0), such as 560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J = 5%, and K = 10%).

560Ω	56×10^1	561.....	RD1/4PS	5	6	J
47kΩ	47×10^3	473.....	RD1/4PS	4	7	J
0.5Ω	0R5.....		RN2H	0	5	K
1Ω	010.....		RS1P	0	1	K

Ex. 2 When there are 3 effective digits (such as in high precision metal film resistors).

5.62kΩ	562×10^1	5621.....	RN1/4SR	5	6	2	F
--------	-------------------	-----------	---------	---	---	---	---

- The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks $\star\star$ and \star .
 $\star\star$ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN \star
- This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.
- Parts marked by "⊙" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

Miscellaneous Parts

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	MAIN assembly	AWZ1312	$\star\star$	IC363	TC4066BP
	G.E assembly	Non supply	$\star\star$	IC481	TC9154AP
	Headphone assembly	Non supply	$\Delta\star\star$	IC564	μ PC79M12H
	SW assembly	Non supply	$\Delta\star\star$	IC563	μ PC7912H
	REGULATOR assembly	Non supply	$\star\star$	Q564, Q565	2SA1515
	CONNECT assembly	Non supply	$\star\star$	Q322, Q323, Q341, Q541	2SA933S
	TAPE assembly	AWZ1321	$\star\star$	Q421	2SA933SLN
	CONTROL assembly	AWZ1323	$\star\star$	Q567	2SB560
	Mechanism unit (I)	Non supply	$\star\star$	Q321, Q342, Q531-Q534, Q551	2SC1740S
	SW assembly		$\star\star$	Q401, Q402, Q422, Q441, Q442	2SC1740SLN
	Mechanism unit (II)	Non supply	$\star\star$	Q542, Q566	2SC3377
	SW assembly		$\Delta\star$	D561	RBV402
	SW assembly	Non supply	\star	D552, D553	RD5.1EB
	LOGIC assembly	Non supply	\star	D575, D576	RD6.2EB
			$\Delta\star$	D562	RB152
$\Delta\star$	T1 Power transformer	ATS1060	\star	D251-D253, D301, D302,	1SS131
Δ	AC Socket (AC OUTLET)	AKP-509		D321-D325, D341, D481, D531,	
$\Delta\star\star$	FU1, FU2 Fuse (T1.25A)	AEK-509		D541-D543, D551, D554-D557,	
$\Delta\star\star$	FU3, FU4 Fuse (T1.6A)	AEK-510		D566, D573, D574	
$\Delta\star\star$	FU5, FU6 Fuse (T2.5A)	AEK-512			
Δ	AC power cord	ADG-051			
Δ	Strain relief	AEC-882			

MAIN Assembly (AWZ1312)

SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
$\star\star$	IC361, IC482	M5218P
$\Delta\star\star$	IC562	NJM78M13A
$\star\star$	IC251	PDE016
$\Delta\star\star$	IC501	STK4152-2SP
$\star\star$	IC362	TC4052BP
$\star\star$	IC364	ICP-N10

SWITCH AND RELAYS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
$\Delta\star\star$	S251 Push switch	ASG1007
$\star\star$	RY3 Relay	ASR-111
$\star\star$	RY2 Relay	ASR-515
$\star\star$	RY1 Relay	ASR-516

COILS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	L251, L252 AF Choke coil (1 μ H)	ATH-133

CAPACITORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
△	C579 (0.01 μF/AC400V)	ACG1002
△	C581 (0.01 μF/AC150V)	ACG1005
	C561, C562 (3300 μF/42V)	ACH1033
	C251, C252	CCCSL330J50
	C361, C362, C365, C366	CCDSL101J50
	C487	CCDSL221J50
	C515	CEANP100M50
	C513	CEANP220M50
	C507, C508	CEANP330M25
	C514	CEANP470M50
	C426	CEASR47M50
	C254, C401, C402, C441, C442, C447, C448	CEASO10M50
	C424, C443, C444, C516, C517, C551, C566, C574, C576, C583	CEAS100M50
	C541	CEAS101M10
	C575, C577	CEAS101M16
	C363, C364, C503, C504	CEAS2R2M50
	C481, C482	CEAS221M10
	C255	CEAS332M10
	C563, C564	CEAS332M35
	C483-C486	CEAS4R7M50
	C371-C374, C423, C425, C511, C512, C568, C569	CEAS470M25
	C531	CEAS471M6
	C518, C519	CEYA470M16
	C421	CKCYB102K50
	C253, C367, C368	CKCYB152K50
	C341	CKCYB332K50
	C422	CKCYB392K50
	C369, C370	CKCYB562K50
	C582	CKDYF103Z50
	C256, C375, C427	CKCYR473Z50
	C552, C553	CKCYX104M25
	C376	CKDYF473Z50
	C501, C502	CQMA471K50
	C509, C510	CQMA473K50
	C505, C506	CQSA101J50

RESISTORS

NOTE:When ordering resistors, convert the resistance value into code form, and then rewrite the part no. as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	VR431 Variable resistor (30kΩ)	ACS1006
△	R571, R572, R590	RD1/2PMFL6R8J
	R541-R544	RD1/2PM471J
△	R511, R512, R517, R518, R521-R524	RD1/4PMFL□□□J
	R375, R376, R428, R481, R482, R513-R516, R519	RD1/4PM□□□J
△	R520	RFA1/4PL101J
△	R539	RS1LMF681J
△	R575-R577	RS2LMF181J
	Other resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	6P Terminal	AKB-095
	4P Terminal (SPEAKER)	AKE-109
	Mini jack	AKN-034
	Mini jack	AKN-207
	Phone jack (MIC)	AKN1003
★	X251 Ceramic oscillator	ASS-030

G. E Assembly SEMI CONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	IC201, IC202	BA3812L
★	D231, D237-D241	AEL1002
★	D232-D236	AEL1003
★	D254-D257	RD10ESB

SWITCH

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	S201 Slide switch (TIMER)	ASH1011

CAPACITORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C230, C231	CCDSL101J50
	C213, C214	CEJAR15M50
	C215, C216	CEJAR68M50
	C211, C212	CEJA101M10
	C201-C204	CEJA4R7M50
	C229	CEJA470M16
	C209, C210	CKCYB331K50
	C221, C222	CKCYB391K50
	C225, C226	CQMA153J50
	C219, C220	CQMA182J50
	C205, C206	CQMA183J50
	C217, C218	CQMA392J50
	C207, C208	CQMA393J50
	C227, C228	CQMA682J50
	C223, C224	CQMA683J50

RESISTORS

NOTE:When ordering resistors, convert the resistance value into code form, and then rewrite the part no. as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	VR201-VR205 Variable resistor (30kΩ)	ACU1011
	R205	RD1/4PM221J
	Other resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	Remote control sensor	AXX1005

Headphone Assembly SWITCH

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	S591 Tact switch (POWER)	ASG-712

RESISTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	All resistors	RD1/2PM681J

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	Mini jack (PHONES)	AKN1004

SW Assembly SWITCHES

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	S595-S599 Tact switch	ASG-711

REGULATOR Assembly SEMICONDUCTOR

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	IC561	μ PC7812H

CAPACITOR

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C591	CEAS100M50

CONNECT Assembly

The electrical parts of this assembly are not supplied.

TAPE Assembly (AWZ1321) SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	IC603	BA335PT
★★	IC601	BA3416BL
★★	IC602	HA12086NT
★★	IC702	M5218LF
★★	IC701	M74LS05P
★★	IC604	TC4066BP
★★	Q722, Q723	2SA1515
★★	Q721, Q730, Q733	2SA933S (2SA1115)
★★	Q601-Q613, Q616-Q620, Q701-Q706, Q715-Q718, Q728, Q729, Q731, Q732, Q734	2SC1740S (2SC2603)
★★	Q724, Q725	2SC2603
★★	Q707, Q708	2SC2878
★★	Q726, Q727	2SK373
★	D705	RD5.1ESB
★	D712	S5566
★	D601-D606, D701-D704, D708-D711, D713-D716	1SS131
★	D706, D707	1S2471

TRANSFORMER, COILS AND FILTERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	L705, L706	Trap coil
	L603, L604	Trap coil
	L601, L602	Axial inductor
	L707	Inductor
	L703, L704	Inductor
	F701, F702	Dolby filter
	T701	
		ATM-037
		ATM1001
		LAU221K
		LTA102J
		LTA392J
		ATF-210
		ATX-043

CAPACITORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C768 (1500p)	ACE-133
	C743, C744	CCCSL100D50
	C611-C614, C713, C714	CCCSL101J50
	C741, C742	CCCSL101K500
	C763	CCCSL221J50
	C601, C602	CCCSL271J50
	C762	CEASR47M50
	C642, C643	CEASR68M50
	C647	CEASOR1M50
	C605, C606, C609, C610, C624, C625, C705, C708, C711, C712, C748	CEASO10M50
	C636, C637, C701-C704, C707 C709, C710	CEAS100M50
	C618, C644, C645, C737, C738	CEASR22M50
	C617, C630, C631, C653, C654 C607, C608, C633	CEAS220M16
		CEAS221M10
	C623, C632	CEAS221M16
	C649	CEAS3R3M50
	C721, C722	CEAS330M16
	C619, C620, C628, C629, C634, C635, C769	CEAS4R7M50
	C650, C706, C715, C716, C747, C761	CEAS470M16
	C651, C652, C770	CKCYB102K50
	C603, C604	CKCYB471K50
	C739, C740, C745, C746, C780	CKCYB681K50
	C646	CKCYF473Z50
	C638, C639, C765, C766	CQMA103J50
	C767	CQMA123K250
	C640, C641, C729, C730, C764 C717, C718	CQMA153J50
		CQMA182J50
	C626, C627	CQMA183J50
	C731, C732	CQMA223J50
	C621, C622	CQMA273J50
	C615, C616	CQMA333J50
	C735, C736	CQMA472J50
	C733, C734	CQMA393J50
	C648	CQMA473K50
	C727, C728	CQMA562J50
	C771, C772	CQMA681J50
	C719, C720	CQMA683J50

RESISTORS

NOTE:When ordering resistors,convert the resistance value into code form,and then rewrite the part no.as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	VR703,VR704 Semi-fixed (100k)	VRTM6H104
★	VR601-VR604 Semi-fixed (20k)	VRTM6H203
★	VR701,VR702 Semi-fixed (20k)	VRTM6V203
	R775,C776,C799	RD1/2PM□□□J
	R621,R731,R732	RD1/4PM221J
	Other resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	9P socket	AKP-046

CONTROL Assembly (AWZ 1 3 2 3)

SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	IC801	LC6520C-3311
★★	Q803,Q804	2SA1515
★★	Q801,Q802,Q809-Q812	2SA933S (2SA1115)
★★	Q814,Q815	2SC1740S (2SC2603)
★★	Q805-Q808,Q813	2SC3377
★	D829	RD5.1ESB
★	D828	RD6.8ESB
★	D817	S5566
★	D801-D813,D815,D818-D821	1SS131

CAPACITORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C801,C802	CCCSL151J50
	C808	CEAS010M50
	C804,C806	CEAS102M16
	C805	CEAS221M10
	C807	CEAS221M16
	C803	CKCYF102Z50
	C809	CKCYX104M25

RESISTORS

NOTE:When ordering resistors,convert the resistance value into code form,and then rewrite the part no.as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	VR802,VR804 Semi-fixed (10k)	VRTM6H103
★	VR801,VR803 Semi-fixed (20k)	VRTM6H203
	R871	RD1/4PM271J
	Other resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	X801 Ceramic oscillator (800kHz)	ASS-039

Mechanism unit (I) SW Assembly SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	D826,D827	AEL1035

SWITCHES

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	S811-S815 Tact switch	ASG-711

RESISTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	R875,R876	RD1/4PM122J

Mechanism unit (II) SW Assembly SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	D824,D825	AEL1035

SWITCHES

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	S806-S810 Tact switch	ASG-711

RESISTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	R873,R874	RD1/4PM122J

SW Assembly SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	D823	AEL1034
★	D822	1SS131

SWITCHES

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	S801-S805 Tact switch	ASG-711
★★	S817 Slide switch	ASH1011
★★	S816 Slide switch	ASH1014

RESISTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	R872	RD1/4PM102J

LOGIC Assembly SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	IC998	TC4011BP
★★	IC999	TC4069UBP
★	D999	1SS131

CAPACITORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C999	CKDYF473Z50

RESISTORS

NOTE:When ordering resistors,convert the resistance value into code form,and then rewrite the part no.as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	All resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J

7. ADJUSTMENTS

Tape speed adjustment

1. Connect the frequency counter to the TP1 terminal (Dolby TP: R-ch) on the complex assembly.
2. Turn the tape switch on.
3. Mount the test tape STD-301 onto deck I.
4. Put the deck I into play mode and short-circuit between terminals TP801 and TP802 on the tape assembly. (STD-301 is play backed in double speed.)
5. Adjust with VR802 so that the playback signal frequency of deck I becomes $6020\text{Hz} \pm 10\text{Hz}$.
6. Release the short-circuit between terminals TP801 and TP802.
7. Put the deck I into play mode and adjust with VR801 so that the playback signal frequency becomes $3010\text{Hz} \pm 5\text{Hz}$.
Note: Be sure not to turn VR802 while performing the normal speed adjustment.
8. At this point, be sure to confirm that the wow and flutter are within 0.25% both in the normal speeds.
9. Mount the test tape STD-301 onto deck II.
10. Put the deck II into play mode and short-circuit between terminals TP801 and TP802 on the tape assembly. (STD-301 is play backed in double speed.)
11. Adjust with VR804 so that the playback signal frequency of deck II becomes $6020\text{Hz} \pm 10\text{Hz}$.
12. Release the short-circuit between terminals TP801 and TP802.
13. Put the deck II into play mode and adjust with VR803 so that the play back signal frequency of deck II becomes $3010\text{Hz} \pm 5\text{Hz}$. (Note: Be sure not to turn VR804 while performing the normal speed adjustment.)
14. At this point, be sure to confirm that the wow and flutter are within 0.25% in the normal speeds.

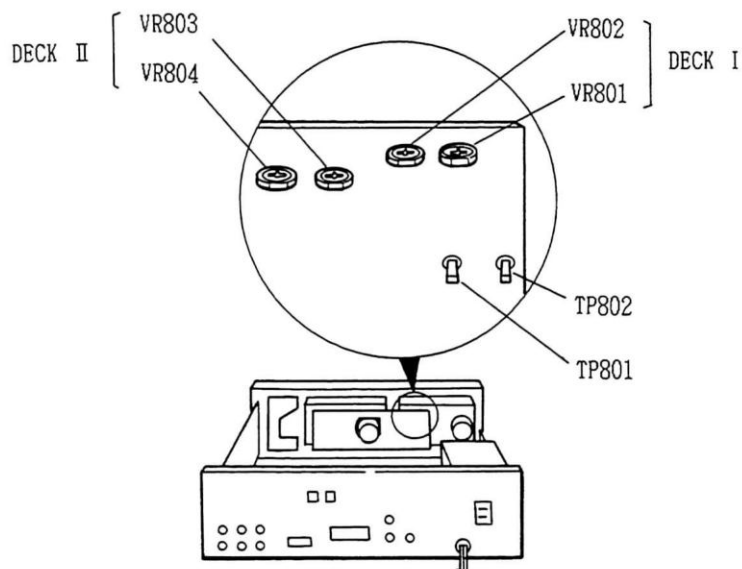


Fig. 7-1 Adjustment Point

Electrical system adjustment

Prior to the electrical system adjustment, be sure to confirm the following items.

1. The mechanical adjustment should be completed.
2. Perform cleaning of the head and the demagnetization of head with the head eraser.
3. The level during measurement is determined at $0\text{dBv} = 1\text{V}$.
4. The specified tape should be used for adjustment.

Since the test tape has A side and B side, use the A side with label.

- STD-331B: For playback system adjustment
- STD-608A: Normal blank tape
- STD-620: CrO_2 blank tape
- STD-610: Metal blank tape

5. Prepare the following measuring instruments.
AC millivoltmeter, low frequency oscillator, attenuator, and oscilloscope.
6. For the adjustment, perform both L and R channels unless otherwise specified.
7. Turn the Dolby NR switch to off unless otherwise specified.

8. Prior to the adjustment, be sure to perform aging of the set for several minutes. Especially prior to entering the adjustment of the recording and playback frequency characteristics, aging should be performed in REC/PLAY mode for 3 to 5 minutes.
9. The adjustment should be performed in accordance with the adjustment order. If the order is not kept, it may cause the failure of the complete adjustment which induces the inferior function of the unit.

Deck I

1. Head azimuth adjustment
2. Playback level adjustment

Deck II

1. Head azimuth adjustment
2. Playback level adjustment
3. Adjustment of recording and playback frequency characteristics
4. Adjustment of recording level

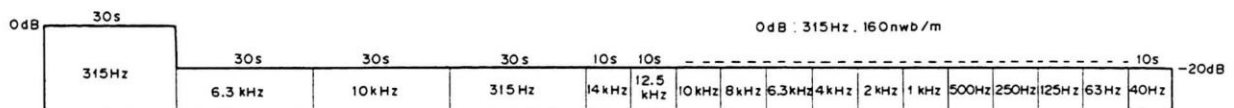


Fig. 7-2 Test tape STD-331B

Adjustment of Deck I *This deck is provided with an auto-tape-selector mechanism.							
1. Head azimuth adjustment * (Note) Do not select FWD and REV with the screwdriver being kept inserted.							
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	PLAY	Play back 10kHz/- 20dB on test tape STD-331B	Head azimuth adjusting screw (Fig. 7-4)	TP Lch TP Rch	Maximum playback signal level	After completion, lock the screw
2. Playback level adjustment * Perform this adjustment precisely since this adjustment is Dolby level setting during playback.							
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	PLAY	Play back 315Hz/0dB on test tape STD-331B	VR603 (L) VR604 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	- 13.5dBv	
Adjustment of Deck II *This deck is provided with an auto-tape-selector mechanism.							
1. Head azimuth adjustment * (Note) Do not select FWD and REV with the screwdriver being kept inserted.							
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	PLAY	Play back 315Hz/0dB on test tape STD-331B	Head azimuth adjusting screw (Fig. 7-4)	TP Lch TP Rch	Maximum playback signal level	After completion, lock the screw.
2. Playback level adjustment * Perform this adjustment precisely since this adjustment is Dolby level setting during playback.							
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	PLAY	Play back 315Hz/0dB on test tape STD-331B	VR601 (L) VR602 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	-13.5 dBv	
3. Adjustment of recording and playback frequency characteristics * This adjustment is performed in order to adjust the recording bias. Therefore, caution should be exercised not to worsen the distortion ratio due to under bias.							
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	REC	STD-608A and put into REC mode.	Bias oscillator frequency T701	Between (A) and (B) in Fig. 7-3	Confirm that the oscillation frequency 105 kHz \pm 1 kHz.	When it is not within the standard, put it into the standard by adjusting T701.
2	NORM	REC	Apply the signal of 315Hz to the CD terminal and turn the CD switch on.	Input signal level	TP Lch TP Rch	-33.5 dBv	
3	NORM	REC/PLAY	Record and play back 315Hz and 10kHz on test tape STD-608	VR703 (L) VR704 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	Repeat recording and playback, and compensate so that the playback level of 10kHz against 315Hz becomes 0 ± 0.5 dB.	
* Select the test tape, tape selector, and Dolby NR switch and satisfy the frequency characteristic zone as shown in Figs. 7-5 and 7-8.							
4. Recording level adjustment * Set the graphic equalizer and balance volume to the center and the mike mixing volume to the source side.							
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	REC	Apply the signal of 315Hz to the CD terminal and turn the CD switch on.	Input signal level	TP Lch TP Rch	-13.5dBV	
2	NORM	REC/PLAY	Record and play back 315Hz to the test tape STD-608A.	VR701 (L) VR702 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	Repeat recording and playback, and compensate so that the playback level of 315Hz becomes -13.5 dBv	
3	CrO ₂	REC/PLAY	Record and play back 315Hz to the test tape STD-620.		TP Lch TP Rch	Confirm that the playback level of 315Hz becomes -13.5dBv (± 2.0 dB)	
4	METAL	REC/PLAY	Record and play back 315Hz to the test tape STD-610.		TP Lch TP Rch	Confirm that the playback level of 315 Hz becomes -13.5dBv (± 2.0 dB)	

Note: If it is not set in REC/PLAY mode, there will be no signal to the TP terminal.

(In REC PAUSE mode, there is no signal to TP.)

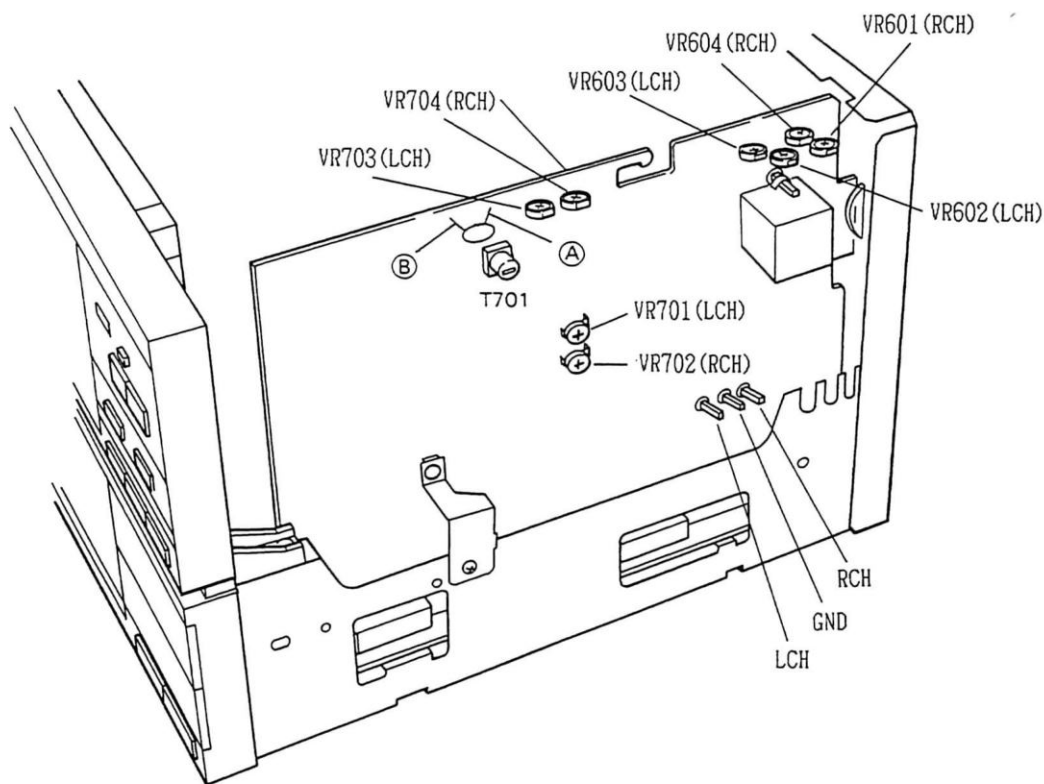


Fig. 7-3 Arrangement diagram of adjusting parts

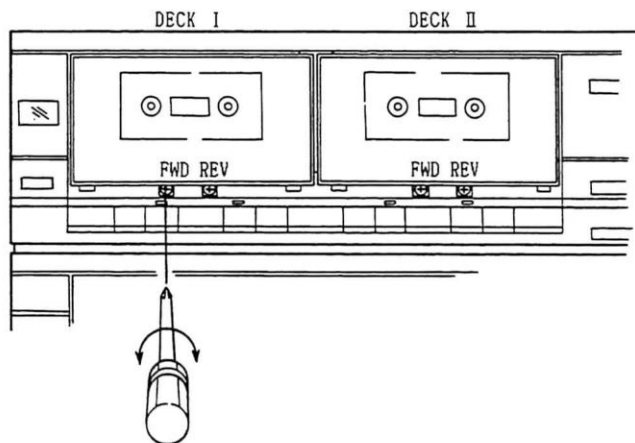


Fig. 7-4 Head azimuth adjustment

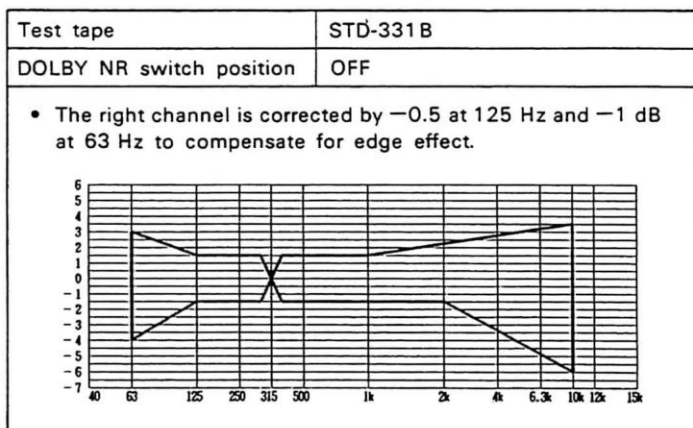


Fig. 7-5 Playback frequency response tolerance zone

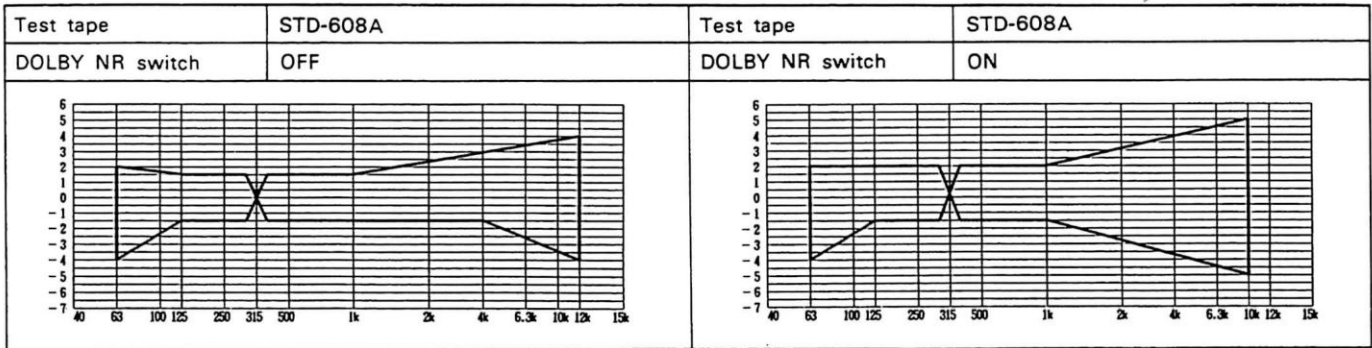


Fig. 7-6 Recording & playback frequency response tolerance zone (NORM)

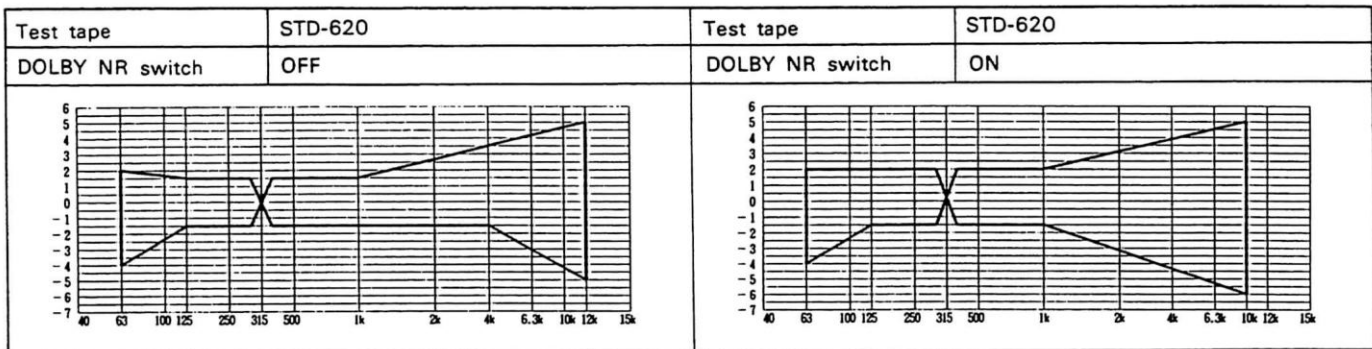


Fig. 7-7 Recording & playback frequency response tolerance zone (CrO2)

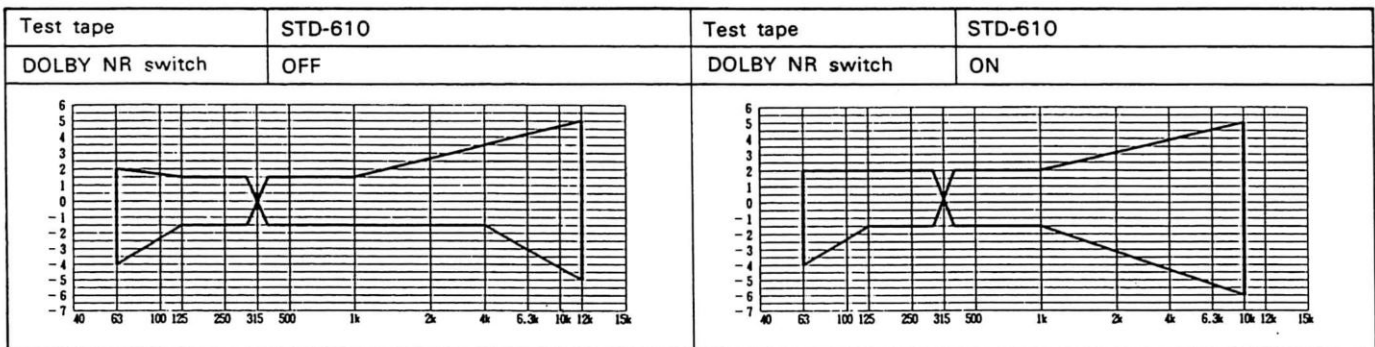


Fig. 7-8 Recording & playback frequency response tolerance zone (METAL)

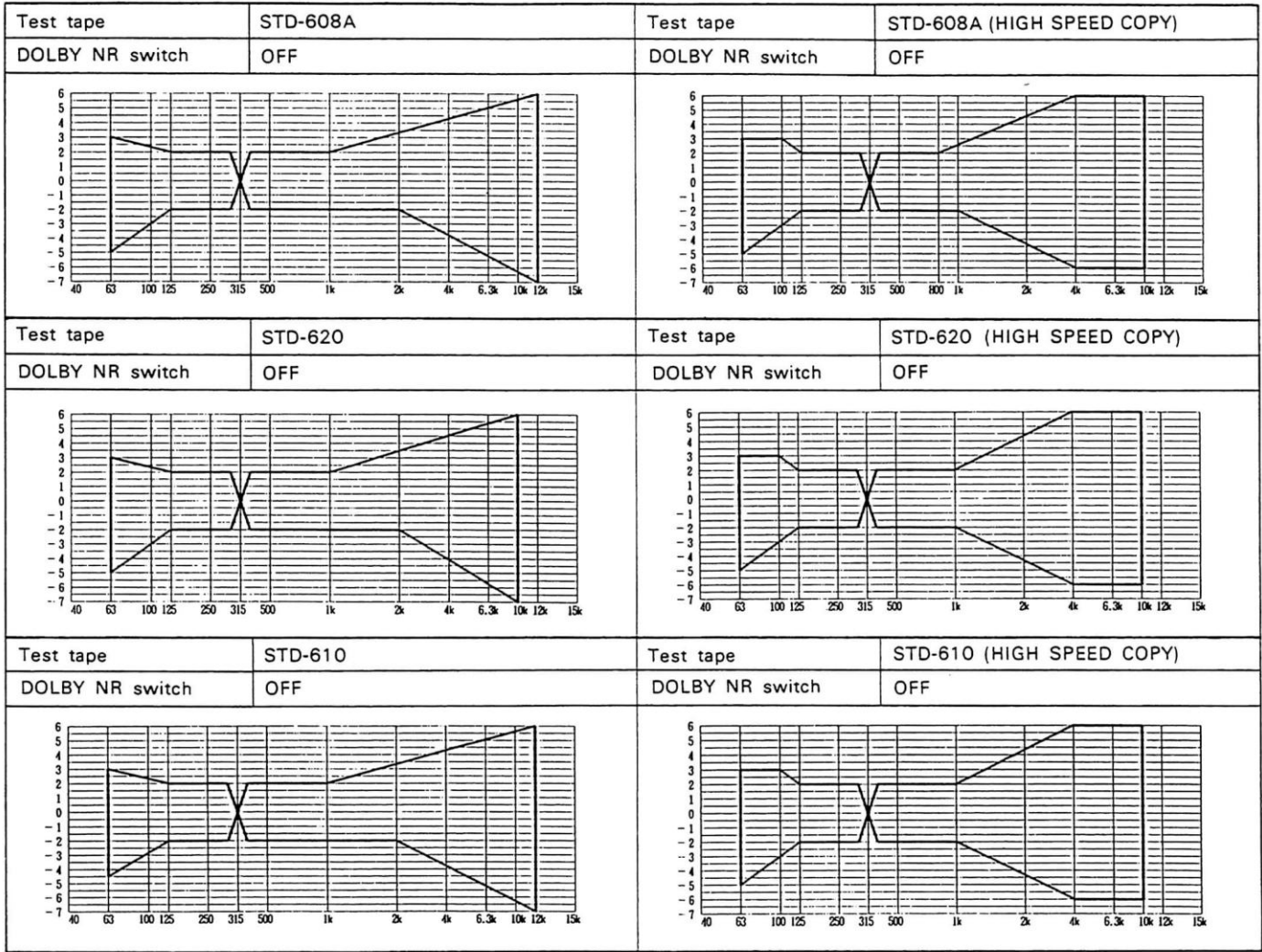


Fig. 7-9 Copy mode recording & playback frequency response (for reference purposes)

7. RÉGLAGE

Réglage de la vitesse de bande

1. Raccorder le compteur de fréquence à la borne TP1 (Dolby TP: canal droit) sur l'ensemble de l'assemblage.
2. Commuter l'interrupteur de borne sur marche.
3. Installer la bande d'essai STD-301 sur la platine 1.
4. Court-circuiter entre les bornes TP801 et TP802 sur l'ensemble de l'assemblage et placer la platine 1 en mode de lecture (la bande STD-301 est reproduite à vitesse double).
5. Régler avec VR802 de sorte que la fréquence du signal de lecture de la platine 1 soit de $6020\text{Hz} \pm 10\text{Hz}$.
6. Enlever le court-circuit entre les bornes TP801 et TP802.
7. Placer la platine 1 en mode de lecture et régler VR801 de sorte que la fréquence du signal de lecture soit $3010\text{Hz} \pm 5\text{Hz}$.
8. A cette étape, veiller que le pleurage et le scintillement ne dépassent pas 0,25% aux deux vitesses normales.
9. Installer la bande d'essai STD-301 sur la platine 2.
10. Court-circuiter entre les bornes TP801 et TP802 sur l'ensemble de l'assemblage et placer la platine 2 en mode de lecture (la bande STD-301 est reproduite à vitesse double).
11. Régler avec VR804 de sorte que la fréquence du signal de lecture de la platine 2 diffère de $6020\text{Hz} \pm 10\text{Hz}$.
12. Enlever le court-circuit entre les bornes TP801 et TP802.
13. Placer la platine 2 en mode de lecture et régler VR803 de sorte que la fréquence du signal de lecture de la platine 2 diffère de $3010\text{Hz} \pm 5\text{Hz}$
(Remarque: S'assurer de pas tourner VR804 pendant le réglage de la vitesse normale).
14. A cette étape, veiller que le pleurage et le scintillement ne dépassent pas 0,25% aux deux vitesses normales.

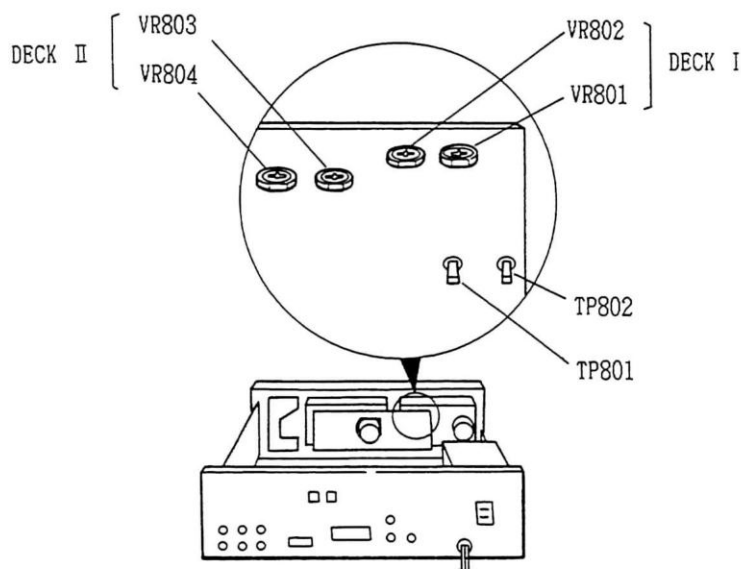


Fig. 7-1 Points de réglage

Réglage du système électrique

Avant de procéder au réglage du système électrique, s'assurer de vérifier les points suivants:

1. Le réglage mécanique doit être achevé.
2. Nettoyer la tête, puis démagnétiser celle-ci à l'aide d'un effaceur de tête.
3. Pendant la mesure, le niveau est déterminé à $0dB = 1V$.
4. La bande spécifiée doit être utilisée.
Comme la bande d'essai a une face A et une face B, utiliser la face A étiquetée.
STD-331B: Pour le réglage du système de lecture
STD-608A: Bande vierge normale
STD-620: Bande vierge CrO_2
STD-610: Bande vierge "métal"
5. Préparer les instruments de mesure suivants:
Un millivoltmètre CA, un oscillateur de basse fréquence, un atténuateur et un oscilloscope.
6. Régler les canaux gauche et droit sauf si spécifié autrement.
7. Commuter l'interrupteur Dolby NR sur arrêt, sauf si spécifié autrement.
8. Avant de procéder au réglage, s'assurer de préchauffer l'appareil pendant quelques minutes. Il est recommandé de préchauffer l'appareil pendant 3 à 5 minutes en mode REC/PLAY tout particulièrement avant de procéder au réglage des caractéristiques de la fréquence d'enregistrement et de lecture.
9. Le réglage doit être réalisé selon un ordre précis. Si cet ordre n'est pas respecté, il risque de perturber l'ensemble du réglage et par conséquent, causer un mauvais fonctionnement de l'appareil.

Platine de lecture I

1. Réglage d'azimut de la tête
2. Réglage du niveau de lecture

Platine de lecture II

1. Réglage d'azimut de la tête
2. Réglage du niveau de lecture
3. Réglage des caractéristiques de la fréquence d'enregistrement et de lecture
4. Réglage du niveau d'enregistrement.

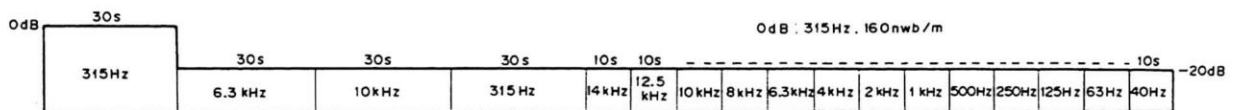


Fig. 7-2 Bande d'essai STD-331B

Réglage de la platine de lecture I * Cette platine est pourvue d'un mécanisme d'auto-sélection-de bande.							
1. Réglage d'azimut * (Note) Enlever le tournevis avant de régler sur marche avant ou retour en arrière.							
Méthode	Sélecteur de bande (AUTO)	Mode	Signal d'entrée/bande d'essai	Point de réglage	Point de mesure	Valeur de réglage	Remarque
1	Normal	Marche	Lecture sur 10kHz/-20dB avec bande d'essai STD-331B	Vis de réglage d'azimut (Fig. 7-4)	TP Lch TP Rch	Niveau maximum du signal de lecture	Bloquer ensuite la vis
2. Réglage du niveau de lecture * Effectuer ce réglage avec précision car il détermine le niveau Dolby pendant la lecture.							
Méthode	Sélecteur de bande (AUTO)	Mode	Signal d'entrée/bande d'essai	Point de réglage	Point de mesure	Valeur de réglage	Remarque
1	Normal	Marche	Lecture sur 315Hz/0dB avec bande d'essai STD-331B	VR603 (L) VR604 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	-13,5 dBV	
Réglage de la platine de lecture II * Cette platine est pourvue d'un mécanisme d'auto-sélection-de bande.							
1. Réglage d'azimut * (Note) Enlever le tournevis avant de régler sur marche avant ou retour en arrière.							
Méthode	Sélecteur de bande (AUTO)	Mode	Signal d'entrée/bande d'essai	Point de réglage	Point de mesure	Valeur de réglage	Remarque
1	Norm	Marche	Lecture sur 10kHz/-20dB avec bande d'essai STD-331B	Vis de réglage d'azimut (Fig. 7-4)	TP Lch TP Rch	Niveau maximum du signal de lecture	Bloquer ensuite la vis
2. Réglage du niveau de lecture * Effectuer ce réglage avec précision car il détermine le niveau Dolby pendant la lecture.							
Méthode	Sélecteur de bande (AUTO)	Mode	Signal d'entrée/bande d'essai	Point de réglage	Point de mesure	Valeur de réglage	Remarque
1	Normal	Marche	Lecture sur 315Hz/0dB avec bande d'essai STD-331B	VR601 (L) VR602 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	-13,5 dBV	
3. Réglage des caractéristiques des fréquence d'enregistrement et de lecture * Ce réglage est effectué pour permettre l'ajustement de la polarisation d'enregistrement. Par conséquent, attention à ne pas perturber le taux de distorsion avec une sous-polarisation.							
Méthode	Sélecteur de bande (AUTO)	Mode	Signal d'entrée/bande d'essai	Point de réglage	Point de mesure	Valeur de réglage	Remarque
1	Normal	REC	Mettre la bande d'essai STD-608A en place et régler le mode REC.	Fréquence de l'oscillateur de polarisation	Entre (A) et (B) sur la Fig. 7-3	Vérifier que la fréquence d'oscillation est de 105kHz ± 1kHz.	Si les cotes ne sont respectées, régler à l'aide de T701.
2	Normal	REC	Appliquer un signal de 315Hz à la borne de CD et brancher l'interrupteur de CD.	Niveau du signal d'entrée	TP Lch TP Rch	-33,5 dBV	
3	Normal	REC	Enregistrer et lire 315 Hz et 10kHz sur la bande d'essai STD-608.	VR703 (L) VR704 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	Recommencer enregistrement et lecture et compenser pour amener le niveau d'enregistrement de 10kHz à 0 ± 0,5dB par rapport aux 315Hz.	
* Choisir la bande d'essai, régler le sélecteur de bande, brancher l'interrupteur de réduction de bruit Dolby et obtenir la zone de caractéristique de fréquence comme illustré en Fig. 7-5 et 7-8.							
4. Réglage du niveau d'enregistrement * Régler le correcteur et le volume en position moyenne et le volume de mixage du micro sur côté source.							
Méthode	Sélecteur de bande (AUTO)	Mode	Signal d'entrée/bande d'essai	Point de réglage	Point de mesure	Valeur de réglage	Remarque
1	Normal	REC	Appliquer un signal de 315Hz à la borne de CD et brancher l'interrupteur de CD.	Niveau du signal d'entrée	TP Lch TP Rch	-13,5 dBV	
2	Normal	REC/PLAY	Enregistrer et lire 315 Hz sur la bande d'essai STD-608A.	VR701 (L) VR702 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	Recommencer enregistrement et lecture et compenser pour amener le niveau d'enregistrement de 315 Hz à -13,5 dBV	
3	CrO2	REC/PLAY	Enregistrer et lire 315 Hz sur la bande d'essai STD-620.		TP Lch TP Rch	Vérifier que le niveau de lecture à 315Hz passe à -13,5 dBV (±2,0 dB).	
4	METAL	REC/PLAY	Enregistrer et lire 315 Hz sur la bande d'essai STD-610.		TP Lch TP Rch	Vérifier que le niveau de lecture à 315Hz passe à -13,5 dBV (±2,0 dB).	

Remarque: S'il n'est pas réglé en mode REC/PLAY aucun signal sera sur la borne TP (en mode REC PAUSE, il n'y a pas de signal sur TP).

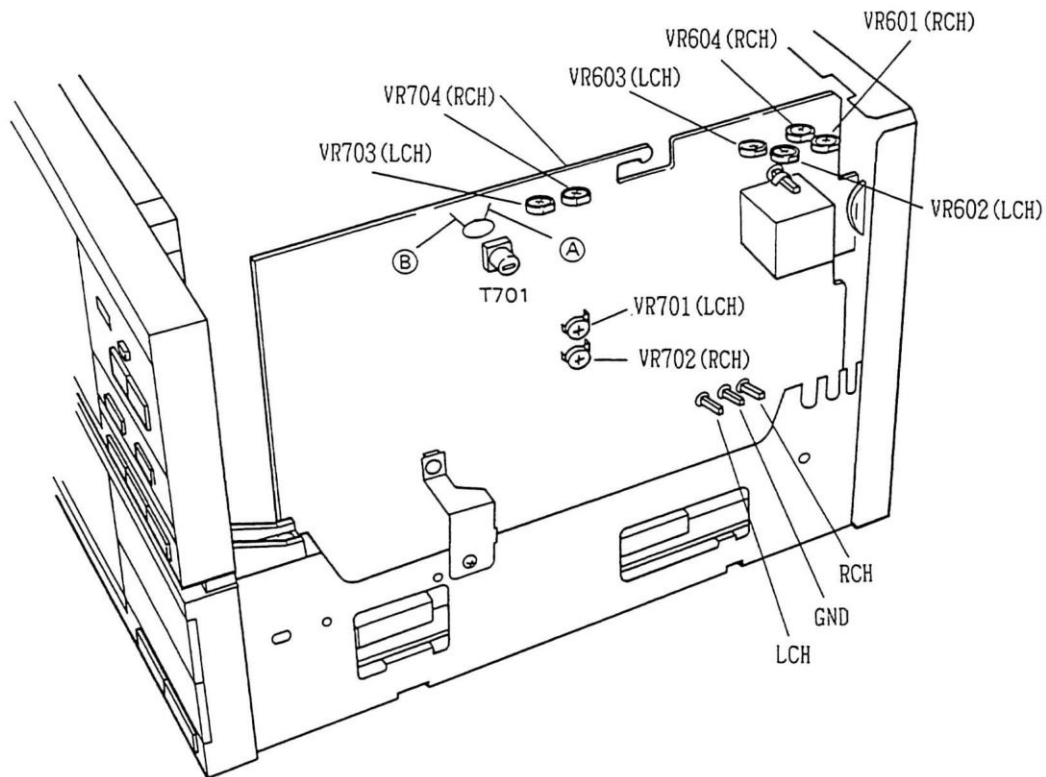


Fig. 7-3 Schéma de localisation des pièces de réglage

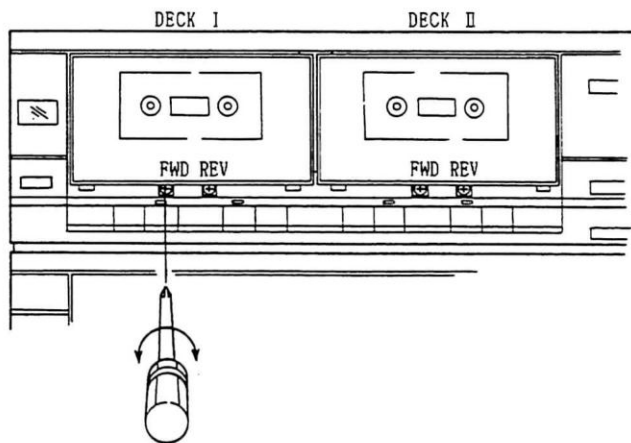


Fig. 7-4 Réglage d'azimut de la tête

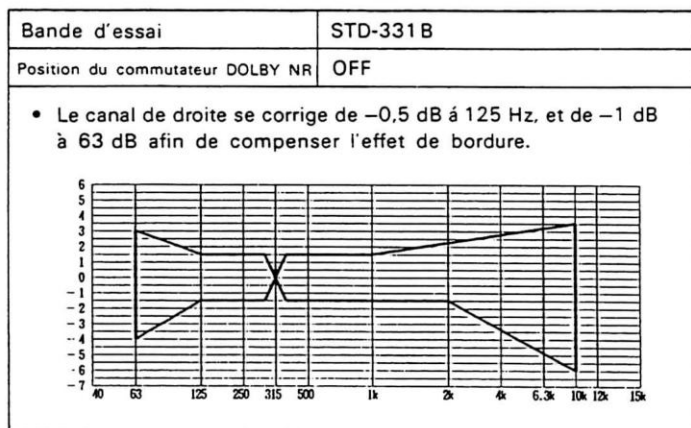


Fig. 7-5 Zone de tolérance de la réponse de fréquence de lecture

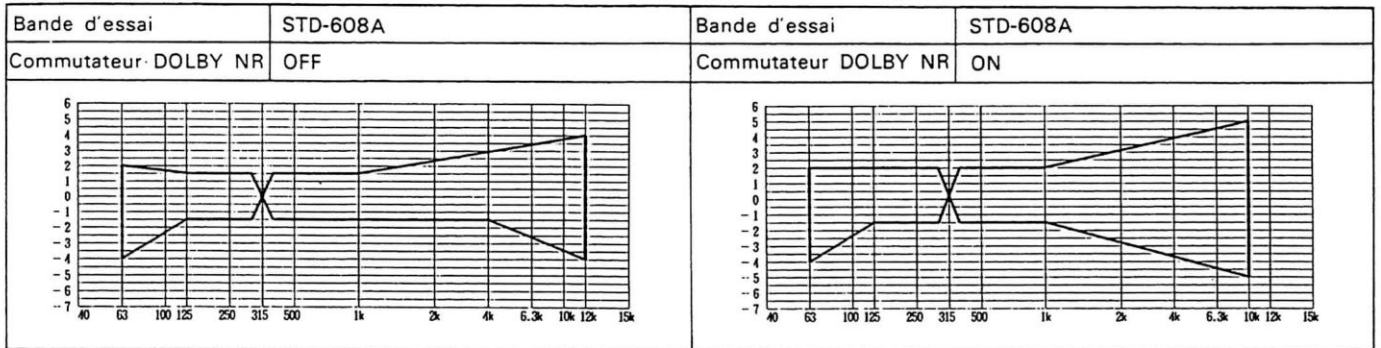


Fig. 7-6 Zone de tolérance de la réponse de fréquence d'enregistrement et de lecture (NORM)

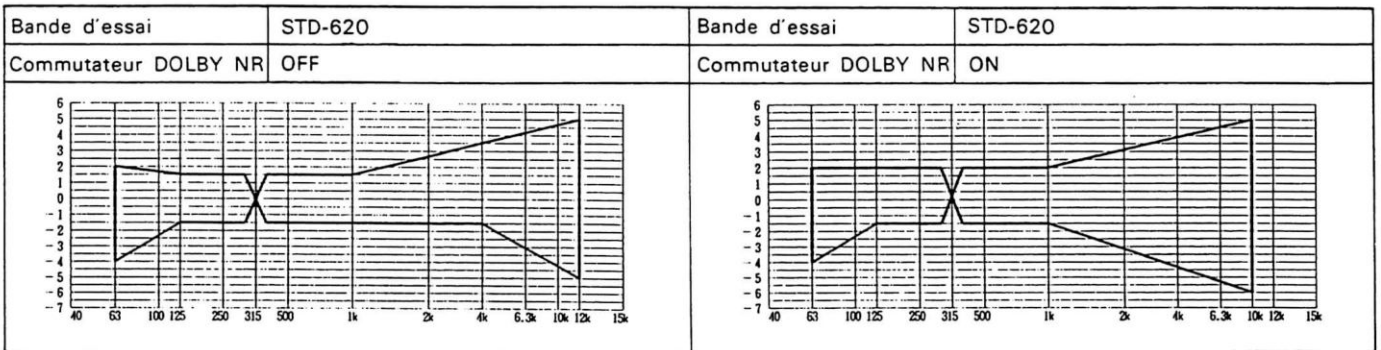


Fig. 7-7 Zone de tolérance de la réponse de fréquence d'enregistrement et de lecture (CrO2)

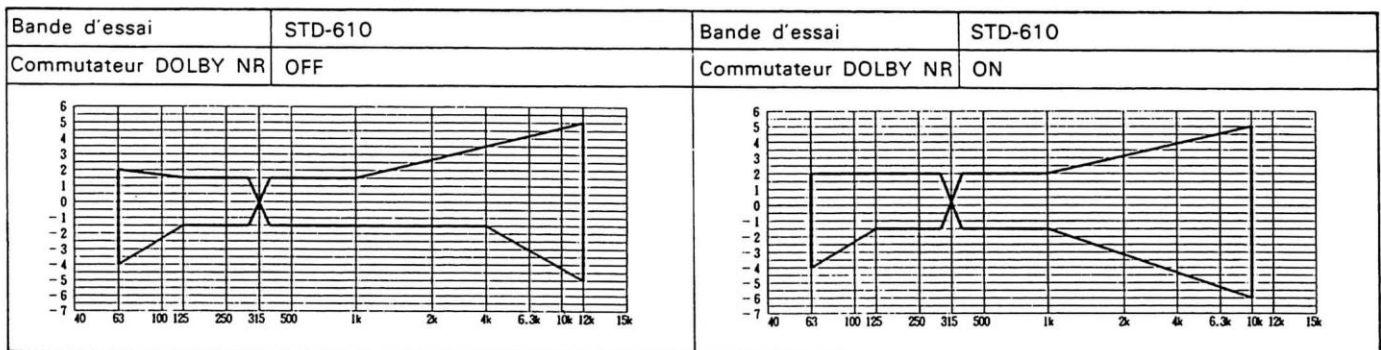


Fig. 7-8 Zone de tolérance de la réponse de fréquence d'enregistrement et de lecture (METAL)

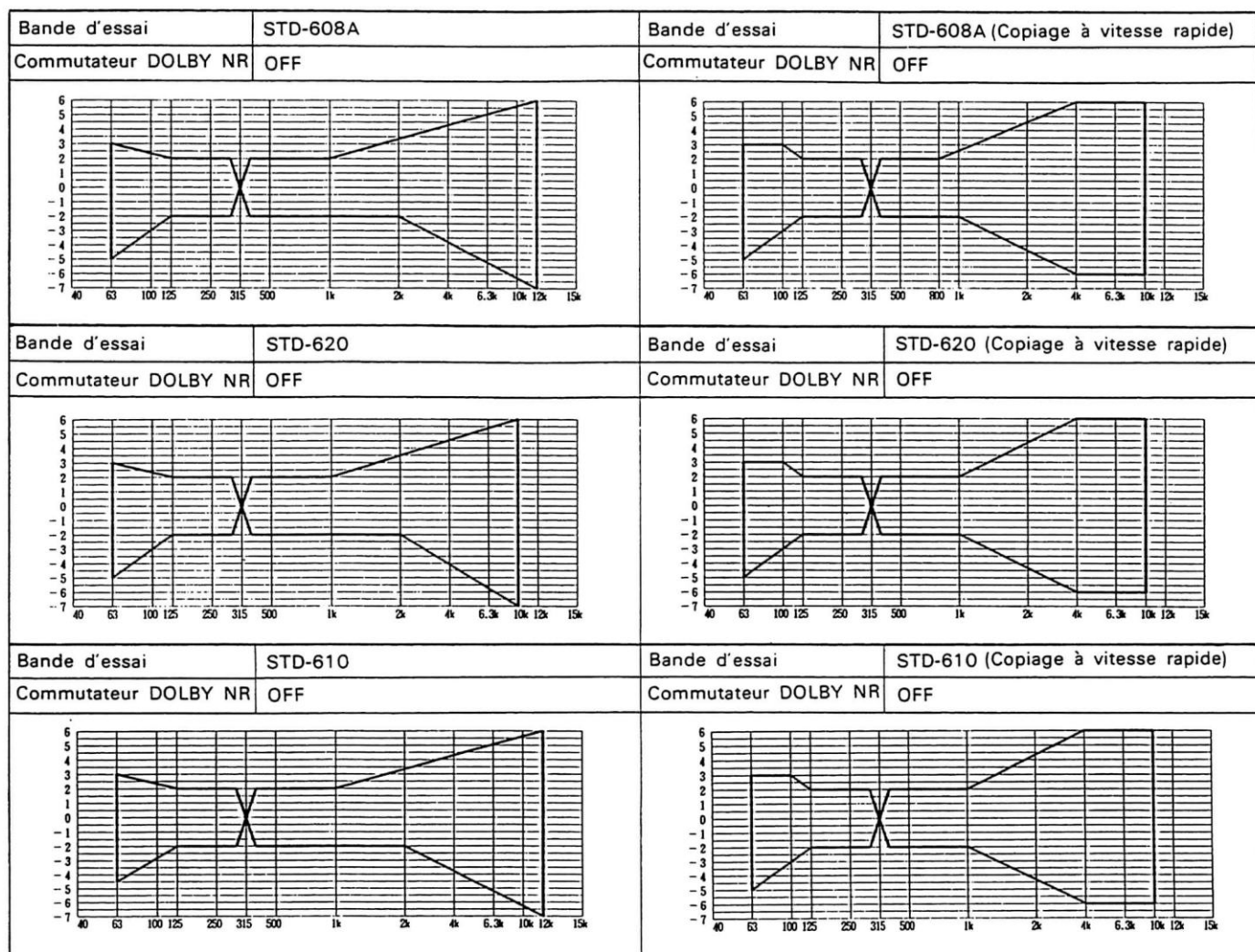


Fig. 7-9 Réponse de fréquence d'enregistrement et de lecture du mode de copiage (à des fins de référence)

7. AJUSTE

Ajuste de velocidad de la cinta

1. Conecte el frecuencímetro al terminal TP1 (Dolby TP: R-ch) del conjunto.
2. Conecte la alimentación del magnetófono.
3. Instale la cinta de prueba STD-301 en la sección I del magnetófono.
4. Cortocircuite los terminales TP801 y TP802 del conjunto de la cinta y ponga la sección I en el modo de reproducción. (La cinta STD-301 se reproducirá a velocidad doble.)
5. Ajuste VR802 de forma que la frecuencia de la señal de reproducción de la sección I sea de $6020\text{Hz} \pm 10\text{Hz}$.
6. Abra el circuito entre los terminales TP801 y TP802.
7. Ponga la sección I en el modo de reproducción y ajuste VR801 de forma que la frecuencia de la señal de reproducción sea de $3010\text{Hz} \pm 5\text{Hz}$.
8. En este punto, asegúrese de confirmar que la fluctuación y el trémolo no sean superiores al 0,25% a velocidad normal.
9. Instale la cinta de prueba STD-301 en la sección II del magnetófono.
10. Cortocircuite los terminales TP801 y TP802 del conjunto de la cinta y ponga la sección II en el modo de reproducción. (La cinta STD-301 se reproducirá a velocidad doble.)
11. Ajuste VR804 de forma que la frecuencia de la señal de reproducción de la sección II sea de $6020\text{Hz} \pm 10\text{Hz}$.
12. Abra el circuito entre los terminales TP801 y TP802.
13. Ponga la sección II en el modo de reproducción y ajuste VR803 de forma que la frecuencia de la señal de reproducción sea de $3010\text{Hz} \pm 5\text{Hz}$ (Nota: Asegúrese de no girar VR804 durante el ajuste de la velocidad normal.)
14. En este punto, asegúrese de confirmar que la fluctuación y el trémolo no sean superiores al 0,25% a velocidad normal.

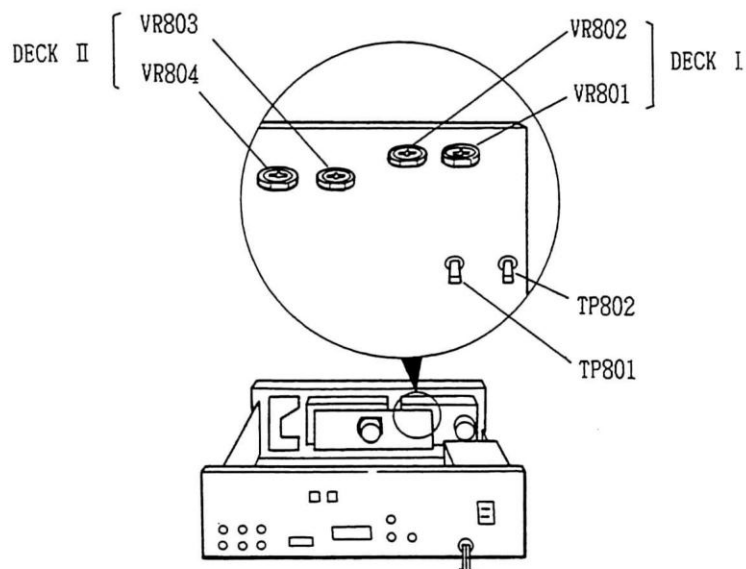


Fig. 7-1 Punto de ajuste

Ajuste del sistema eléctrico

Antes de ajustar el sistema eléctrico, asegúrese de:

1. Haber finalizado los ajustes eléctricos.
2. Haber limpiado y las cabezas y haberlas desmagnetizado con un desmagnetizador de cabezas.
3. Que el nivel durante la medición sea de 0dB = 1V.
4. Emplear la cinta especificada para el ajuste. Como la cinta de prueba tiene caras A y B, emplee la cara A con etiqueta.
 STD-331B: Para el ajuste del sistema de reproducción
 STD-608A: Cinta normal en blanco
 STD-620: Cinta de CrO₂ en blanco
 STD-610: Cinta de metal en blanco
5. Preparar los instrumentos siguientes. Milivoltímetro de CA, oscilador de baja frecuencia, atenuador, y osciloscopio.
6. Realizar los ajustes tanto en el canal izquierdo (L) como en el derecho (R), a menos que se especifique otra cosa.
7. Poner el interruptor Dolby NR en OFF a menos que se especifique otra cosa.

8. Dejar calentar el aparato durante varios minutos antes de realizar los ajustes. En especial, antes de entrar en el ajuste de las características de la frecuencia de grabación y reproducción, tendrá que poner el aparato en los modos de grabación y reproducción durante 3 a 5 minutos.
9. Realizar los ajustes de acuerdo con el orden indicado. Si no guarda este orden, todo el ajuste puede fallar, lo que provocará el empeoramiento del funcionamiento de la unidad.

Sección I

1. Ajuste del acimut de la cabeza
2. Ajuste del nivel de reproducción

Sección II

1. Ajuste del acimut de la cabeza
2. Ajuste del nivel de reproducción
3. Ajuste de las características de la frecuencia de grabación y reproducción
4. Ajuste del nivel de grabación

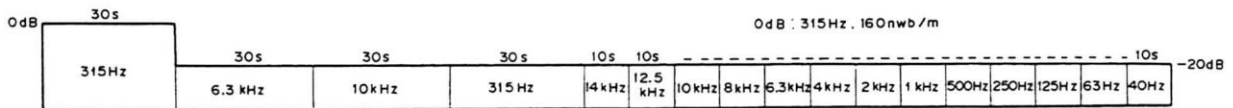


Fig. 7-2 Cinta de prueba STD-331B

Ajuste del Deck I * Este deck está provisto con un mecanismo autoselector de cinta.							
1. Ajuste del acimut de la cabeza * (Nota) No seleccione el avance hacia delante o hacia atrás con el destornillador mantenido dentro.							
Procedimiento	Selector de cinta (AUTO)	Modo	Señal de entrada/cinta de prueba	Punta de ajuste	Punta de medición	Valor de ajuste	Observación
1	Normal	Reproducción	Reproducción de 10 kHz/ -20 dB en la cinta de prueba STD-331B	Tornillo de ajuste del acimut de la cabeza (Fig.7-4)	TP Lch TP Rch	Nivel máximo de señal de reproducción	Después de terminar, trabe el tornillo
2. Ajuste del nivel de reproducción Ejecute este ajuste con exactitud, ya que el anterior es la fijación del nivel Dolby durante la reproducción.							
Procedimiento	Selector de cinta (AUTO)	Modo	Señal de entrada/cinta de prueba	Punta de ajuste	Punta de medición	Valor de ajuste	Observación
1	Normal	Reproducción	Reproducción de 315Hz/ 0dB en la cinta de prueba STD-331B	VR603 (L) VR604 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	-13,5 dBV	
Ajuste del Deck II * Este deck está provisto con un mecanismo autoselector de cinta.							
1. Ajuste del acimut de la cabeza * (Nota) No seleccione el avance hacia delante o hacia atrás con el destornillador mantenido dentro.							
Procedimiento	Selector de cinta (AUTO)	Modo	Señal de entrada/cinta de prueba	Punta de ajuste	Punta de medición	Valor de ajuste	Observación
1	Normal	Reproducción	Reproducción de 10 kHz/ -20 dB en la cinta de prueba STD-331B	Tornillo de ajuste del acimut de la cabeza (Fig.7-4)	TP Lch TP Rch	Nivel máximo de señal de reproducción	Después de terminar, trabe el tornillo
2. Ajuste del nivel de reproducción * Ejecute este ajuste con exactitud, ya que el anterior es la fijación del nivel Dolby durante la reproducción.							
Procedimiento	Selector de cinta (AUTO)	Modo	Señal de entrada/cinta de prueba	Punta de ajuste	Punta de medición	Valor de ajuste	Observación
1	Normal	Reproducción	Reproducción de 315 Hz/ 0 dB en la cinta de prueba STD-331B	VR601 (L) VR602 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	-13,5 dBV	
3. Ajuste de las características de la frecuencia de reproducción y grabación. * Este ajuste se efectúa para ajustar la polarización de grabación. Por eso, se deberá tener cuidado de no empeorar la relación de distorsión debido a una subpolarización.							
Procedimiento	Selector de cinta (AUTO)	Modo	Señal de entrada/cinta de prueba	Punta de ajuste	Punta de medición	Valor de ajuste	Observación
1	Normal	REC	Monte la cinta de prueba STD-608A y ponga el modo de REC.	Frecuencia del oscilador de polarización	Entre (A) y (B) en la Fig. 7-3	Confirme que la frecuencia de oscilación sea 105 kHz \pm 1 kHz.	Cuando no está dentro del estándar, póngala en el estándar ajustando T701.
2	Normal	REC	Apique la señal de 315 Hz a la terminal de CD y conecte el interruptor de CD.	Nivel de señal de entrada	TP Lch TP Rch	-33,5 dBV	
3	Normal	REC/PLAY	Grabe y reproduzca 315 Hz y 10 kHz en la cinta de prueba STD-608.	VR703 (L) VR704 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	Repita la grabación y la reproducción, y compense de modo que el nivel de reproducción de 10 kHz contra 315 Hz llegue a ser 0 \pm 0,5 dB.	
* Seleccione la cinta de prueba, el selector de cinta y el interruptor de reducción de ruido y satisfaga la zona de característica de la frecuencia como se muestra en las Figuras 7-5 y 7-8.							
4. Ajuste el nivel de grabación * Fije el ecualizador gráfico y el volumen de equilibrio al centro y el volumen de mezcla de micro al lado de la fuente.							
Procedimiento	Selector de cinta (AUTO)	Modo	Señal de entrada/cinta de prueba	Punta de ajuste	Punta de medición	Valor de ajuste	Observación
1	Normal	REC	Aplique la señal de 315 Hz a la terminal de CD y conecte el interruptor de CD.	Nivel de señal de entrada	TP Lch TP Rch	-13,5 dBV	
2	Normal	REC/PLAY	Grabe y reproduzca 315 Hz en la cinta de prueba STD-608A.	VR701 (L) VR702 (R)	TP Lch TP Rch	Repita la grabación y la reproducción, y compense de modo que el nivel de reproducción de 315 Hz llegue a ser -13,5 dBV	
3	CrO2	REC/PLAY	Grabe y reproduzca 315 Hz en la cinta de prueba STD-620.		TP Lch TP Rch	Confirme que el nivel de reproducción de 315 Hz llegue a ser -13,5 dBV (\pm 2,0 dB).	
4	METAL	REC/PLAY	Grabe y reproduzca 315 Hz en la cinta de prueba STD-610.		TP Lch TP Rch	Confirme que el nivel de reproducción de 315 Hz llegue a ser -13,5 dBV (\pm 2,0 dB).	

Nota: Si no lo pone en el modo de grabación/reproducción, no habrá señal en el terminal TP.
(En el modo de grabación en pausa, no habrá señal en TP.)

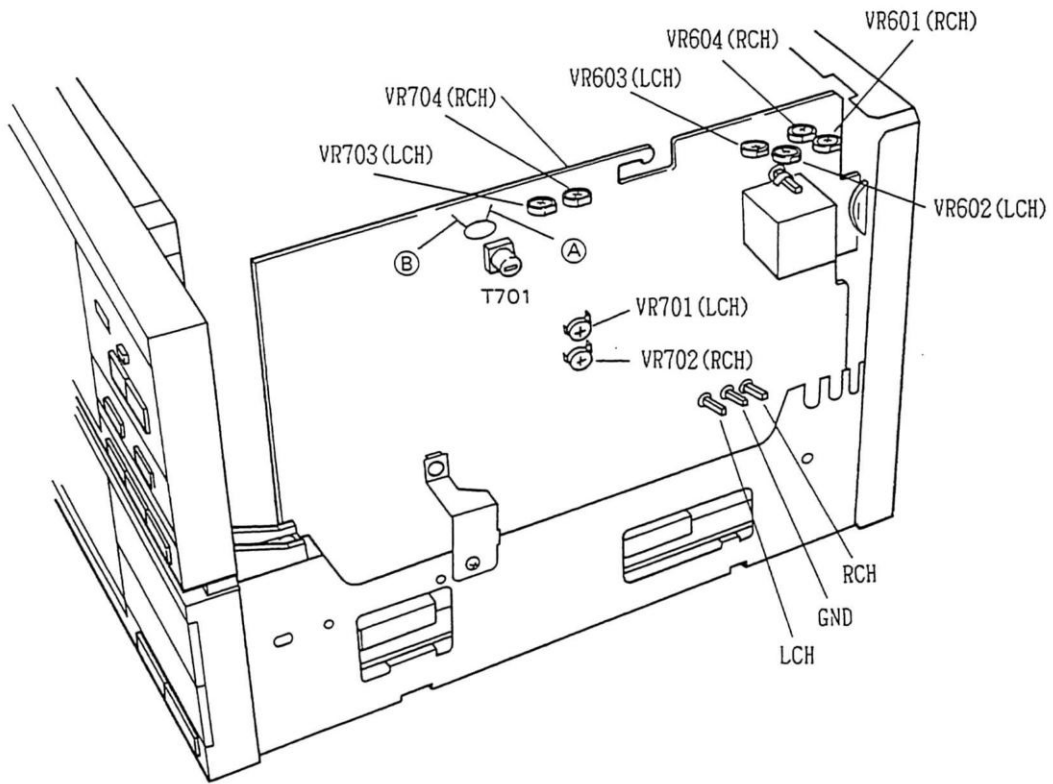


Fig. 7-3 Diagrama de disposición de las partes de ajuste

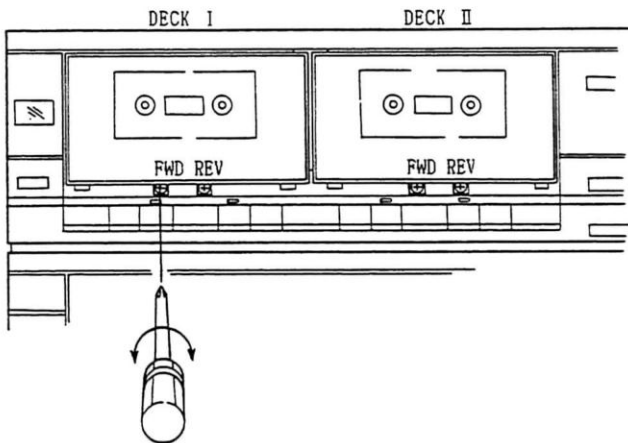


Fig. 7-4 Ajuste del acimut de la cabeza

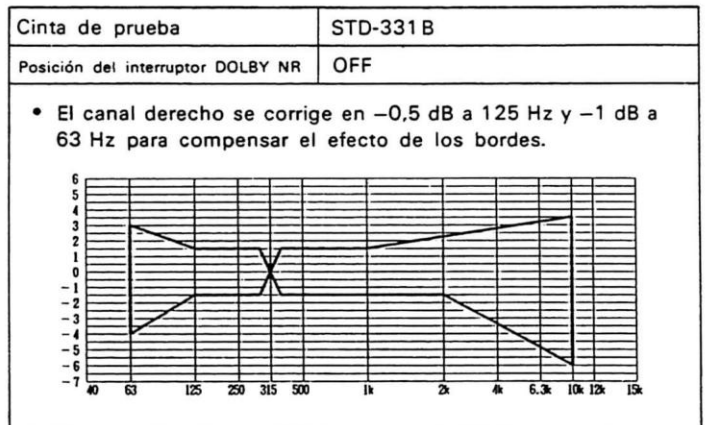


Fig. 7-5 Zona de tolerancia de respuesta de frecuencia de reproducción

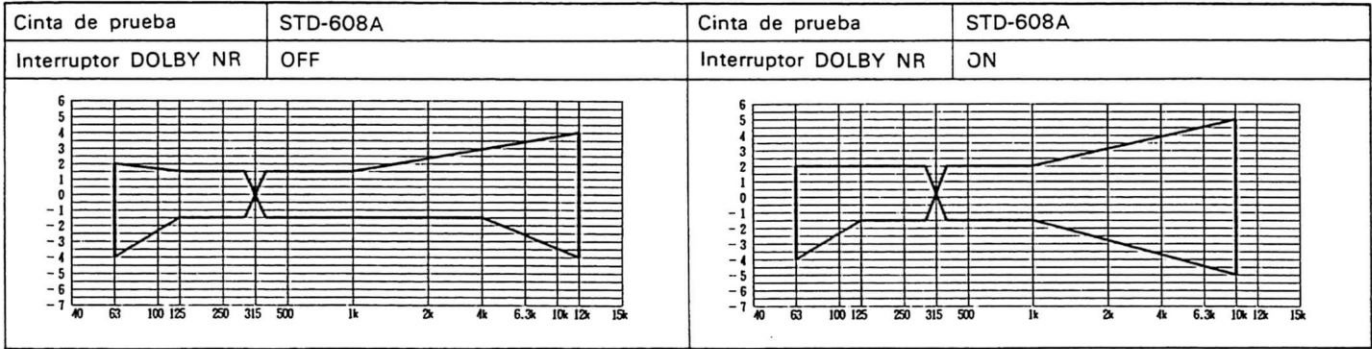


Fig. 7-6 Zona de tolerancia de copia y respuesta de frecuencia de reproducción (NORM)

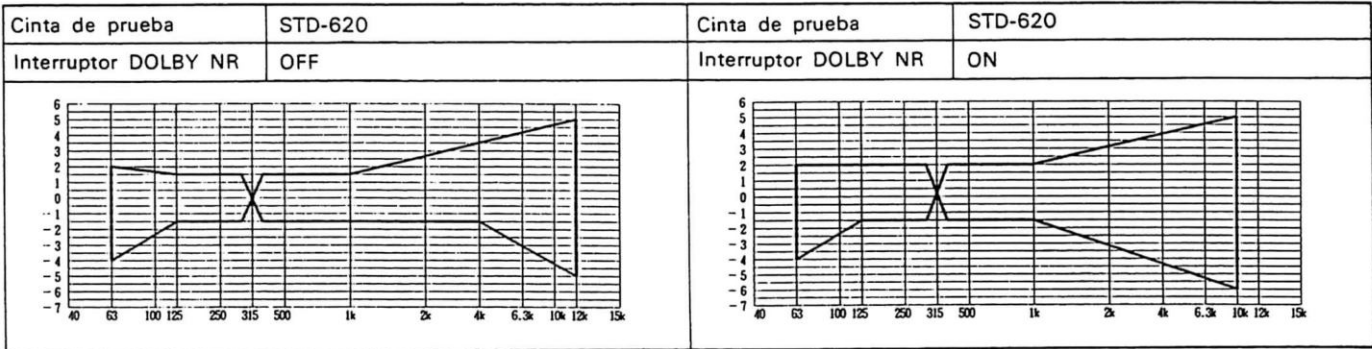


Fig. 7-7 Zona de tolerancia de copia y respuesta de frecuencia de reproducción (CrO2)

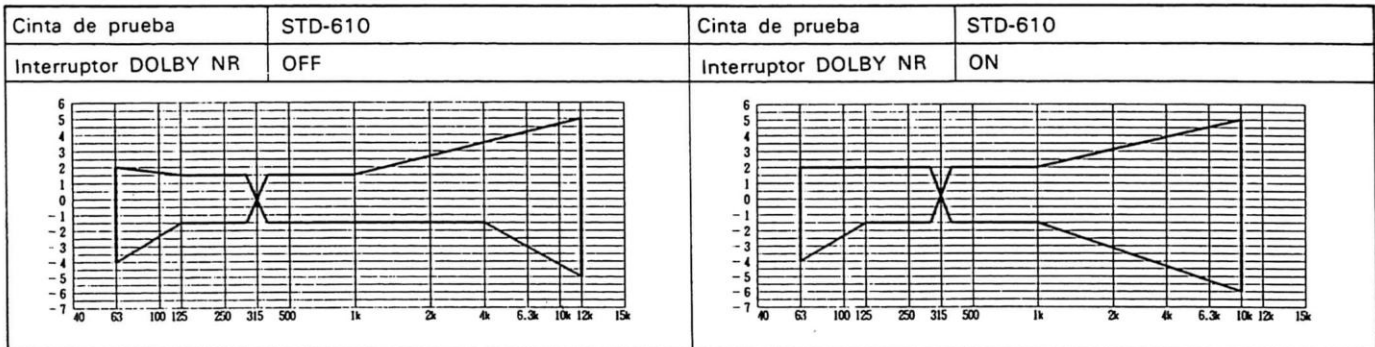


Fig. 7-8 Zona de tolerancia de copia y respuesta de frecuencia de reproducción (METAL)

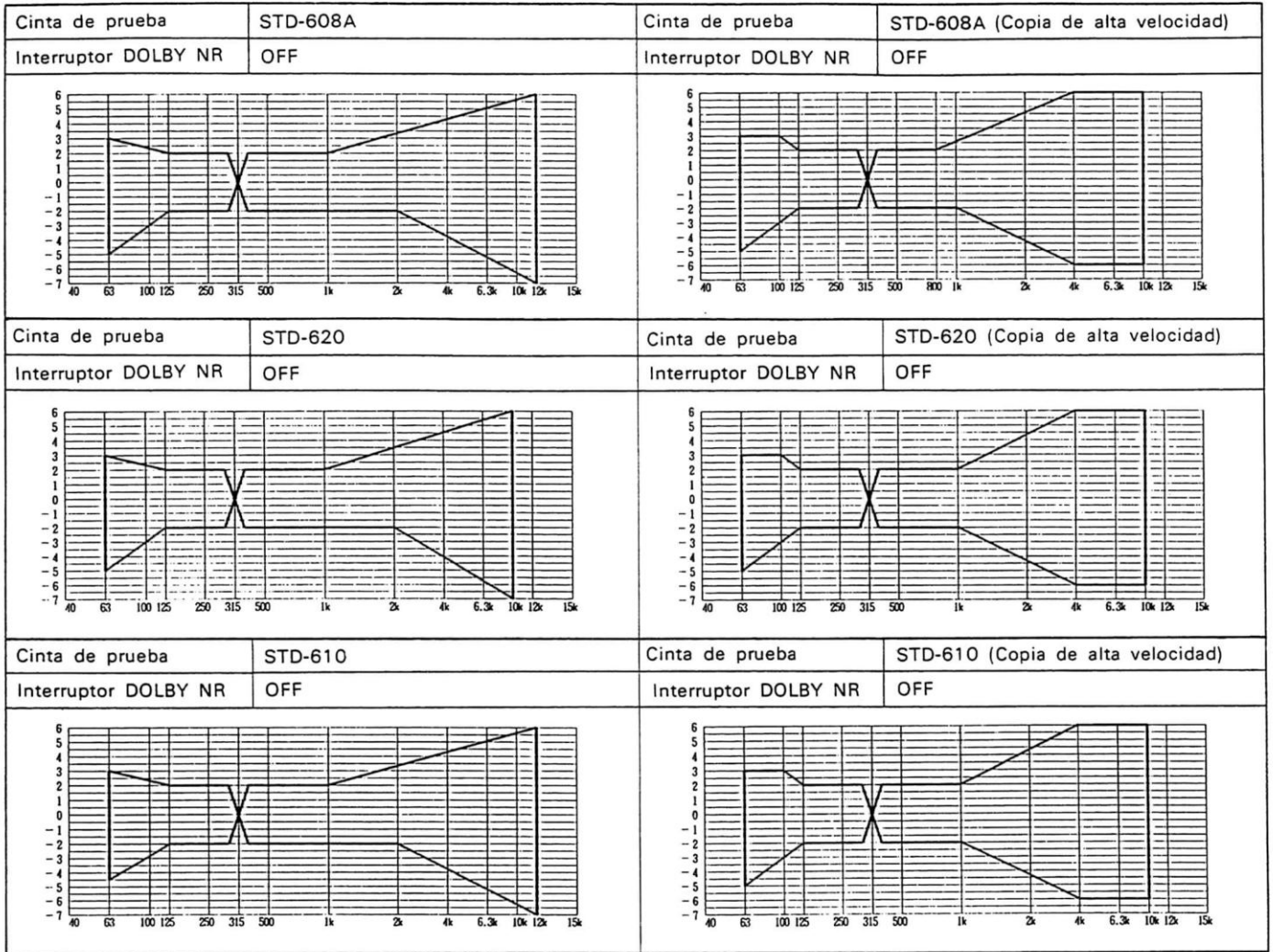


Fig. 7-9 Grabación de modo de copia y respuesta de frecuencia de reproducción (para referencia propuesta)

8. MECHANISM OUTLINE

8.1 FORWARD OPERATION

After activation of the motor, the PLAY solenoid is activated by applying a short-duration pulse. The operation of the solenoid causes the plunger to be drawn up and the engaged PLAY trigger arm to rotate in resistance to the energizing force. The protrusion B on the arm presses against section A1 of the cam gear's control cam, causing it to rotate slightly. This causes the cam gear to engage with the gear on the flywheel and drive the flywheel. (Fig. 8-1)

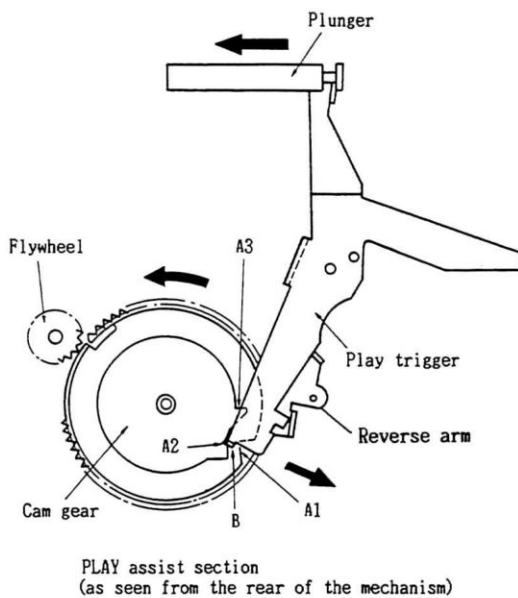


Fig. 8-1

The reverse arm rotates in the same direction due to the action of the PLAY trigger.

The solenoid demagnetizes before the position is achieved at which the reverse arm pin and section D1 of the cam gear's reverse cam engage, and the PLAY trigger and the reverse arm return to their home positions.

The PLAY plate moves to the PLAY position as the cam gear rotates.

The cam gear rotates until A3 on the control cam is halted by B on the PLAY trigger. In the halted state, the toothless section of the flywheel gear is situated opposite the cam gear, thus the cam gear is not driven and hence, does not rotate. At this time, the assist shaft is positioned at section C2 of the cam gear's assist cam and a rotational force is exerted on the cam gear because of the tilting of the cam section.

The head board moves in the same direction due to the action of a spring spanned between it and the PLAY plate, and advance positioning is controlled by means of a hole in the mechanism board. The movement of the head plate causes the gear arm, controlled by the elbow section of the head board, to rotate, and the rotation of the flywheel is transferred to the reel by means of the gear on the gear arm. The movement of the head board causes the gear arm, which is controlled by the elbow of the head board, to rotate, and the rotation of the flywheel is transmitted to the reel by means of the gear on the gear arm. At this time, because the head lever that slides laterally on the head board, is energized rightward, the left gear arm cannot rotate due to the action of the left-side elbow on the head lever; therefore, only the right wheel rotates. (Fig. 8-2)

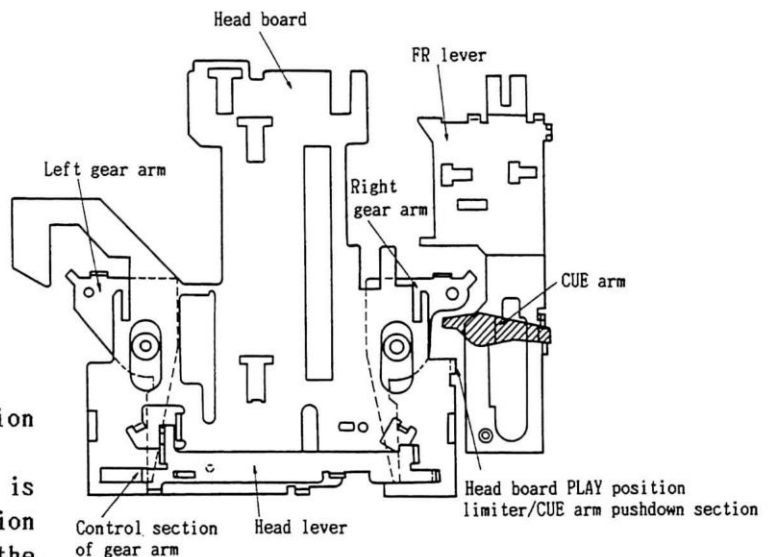


Fig. 8-2

When the head board is moving, because the head lever is being energized rightwards, the upper elbow of the head lever engages with the torsion spring of the right pinch arm, thus forcing the pinch roller against the capstan. Although the left pinch arm also moves, it stops just before the pinch roller contacts the tape. (Fig. 8-3)

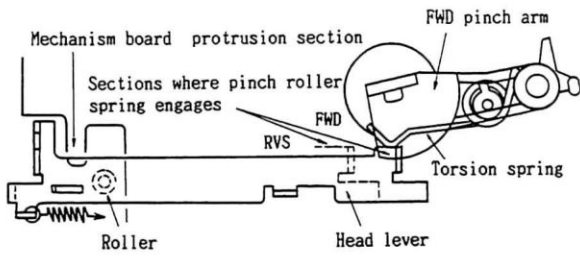


Fig. 8-3

The stop operation proceeds as follows: a pulse is applied to the PLAY solenoid, and section A3 of the cam gear's control cam and section B of the PLAY trigger are disengaged. When these disengage, the cam gear rotates due to rotational inertia resulting from a reactive force between the assist cam section C2 and the PLAY plate. The cam gear continues rotating until section B of the trigger arm catches on section A2 of the cam gear's control cam. The head board is returned to the stop position by a spring.

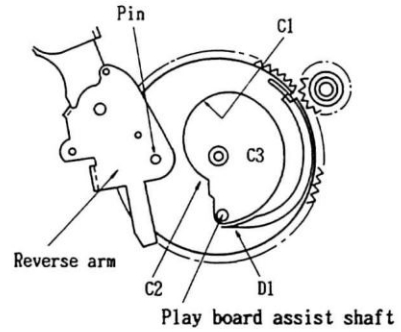
8.2 REVERSE OPERATION

The reverse operation is basically the same as the forward operation.

By applying a pulse to the PLAY solenoid from commencement of the operation until after the pin on the reverse arm is positioned at section D1 of the cam gear's reverse cam, the reverse arm rotates by means of the reverse cam's section D1, the tip of the reverse arm engages with the roller section of the head lever that slides over the head board. This causes the head lever to move toward the reverse side in resistance to the energization, thus maintaining the lateral position of the head lever until the roller is caused by the movement of the head board to engage with the indentation on the mechanism board.

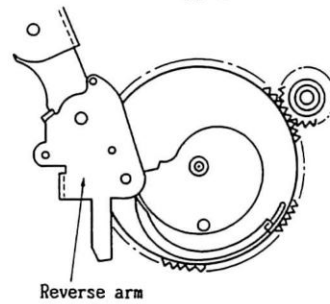
The sliding of the head lever causes the head gear, which until now was energized and rotating in the forward direction due to the action of the elbow section of the head lever, to be energized and to rotate in the reverse direction due to the action of a spring spanned between the head lever and the head gear.

Because the head lever is sliding toward the reverse side, only the left side of the gear arm rotates, and the left reel rotates. Furthermore, the pinch arm's torsion spring and the head lever do not engage, but, they engage near the fulcrum of the pinch arm due to the action of the left pinch arm's torsion spring, forcing the left pinch roller against the capstan.



In the stop state
(as seen from the front of the mechanism)

Fig. 8-4



At commencement of RVS operation

Fig. 8-5

8.3 FAST-FORWARD OPERATION

After activation of the motor, the FF/REW solenoid is activated by applying a short-duration pulse. The operation of the solenoid causes the plunger to be drawn up and the engaged trigger arm to rotate in resistance to the energizing force. The protrusion B on the arm presses against section A1 of the cam gear's control cam, causing it to rotate slightly. This causes the cam gear to engage with the gear on the flywheel and drive the flywheel. (Fig. 8-6)

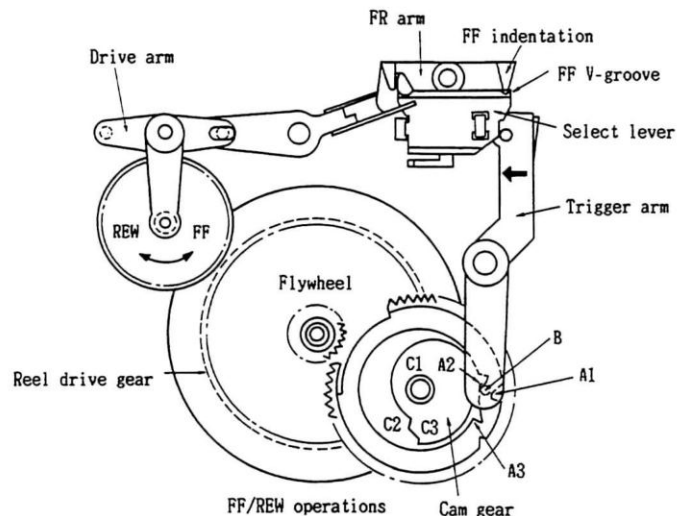


Fig. 8-6

The solenoid demagnetizes before the position is achieved at which the assist shaft of the FR lever and section C1 of the cam gear's assist cam engage, and the trigger arm returns to home position.

As the cam gear rotates, the assist shaft moves to the FF/REW position due to the action of section C1 of the cam gear's assist cam. In the halted state, the toothless section of the flywheel gear is situated opposite the cam gear, and the cam gear does not rotate. At this time, the assist shaft is positioned at section C2 of the cam gear's assist cam and a rotational force is exerted on the cam gear because of the tilting of the cam section.

The select lever, which slides laterally across the FR lever, is energized toward the FF side. During FF operations, when the select lever is caused to slide by the pin located in the direction opposite the plunger-engage section of the trigger arm, because the pulse applied to the solenoid is ended by the time the FR lever moves, the select lever returns to its home position. The select lever moves together with the FR lever, the FF-side V-groove on the select lever engages with the FF-side protrusion on the FR arm, which rotates taking the mechanism board shaft as its fulcrum, to cause the FR arm to rotate. The rotation of the FR arm causes the idler SP, which rotates taking the reel shaft as its fulcrum. This causes the arm of the idler, which transmits the rotation of the flywheel gear to the reel, to rotate, thus causing the reel to rotate at top speed.

The stop operation proceeds as follows: a pulse is applied to the FF/REV solenoid, and section A3 of the cam gear's control cam and section B of the PLAY trigger are disengaged. When these disengage, the cam gear rotates due to rotational inertia resulting from a reactive force between the assist cam section C2 and the PLAY plate. The cam gear continues rotating until section B of the trigger arm catches on section A2 of the cam gear's control cam. The head substrate is returned to the stop position by a spring.

8.4 REWIND OPERATION

The pulse applied to the FF/REV solenoid is maintained from commencement of the rewind operation until the FR lever moves and select lever moves toward the REW side in resistance to the energization generated by the pin on the trigger arm, and the REW-side V-groove on the select lever catches on the REW-side protrusion of the FR arm. This causes the reel opposite the one that rotates at FF, to rotate at full speed.

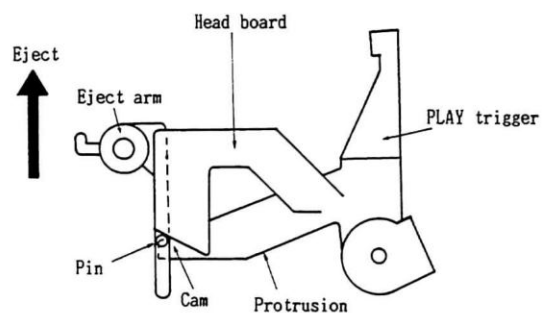
The stop operation is identical to the FF stop operation.

8.5 CUE/REVIEW OPERATION

When FF/REV operations are executed during PLAY, the elbow on the FR lever causes the CUE arm, which rotates taking the mechanism board as its fulcrum, to rotate and the cue arms's tip to push down the head board. (Fig. 8-2)

8.6 FORCED EJECT OPERATION

When an eject operation is executed during PLAY, the eject arm, which revolves on the eject lever strut, moves together with the eject lever in the eject direction, contacting protrusion on the PLAY trigger and causing the PLAY trigger to rotate, thus initiating a stop operation. When the head board has returned to the stop position, the eject arm pin moves along the head board cam; the eject operation then takes place without the PLAY trigger operating.



In the STOP state

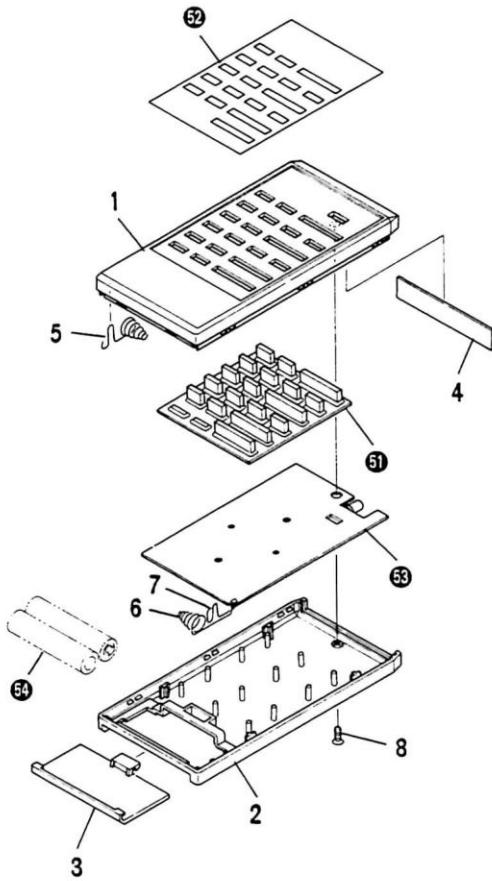
Fig. 8-7

9. REMOTE CONTROL

9.1 EXPLODED VIEW AND PARTS LIST

NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- The \triangle mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks $\star\star$ and \star .
 $\star\star$ **GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN \star**
 This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.
- Parts marked by "●" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

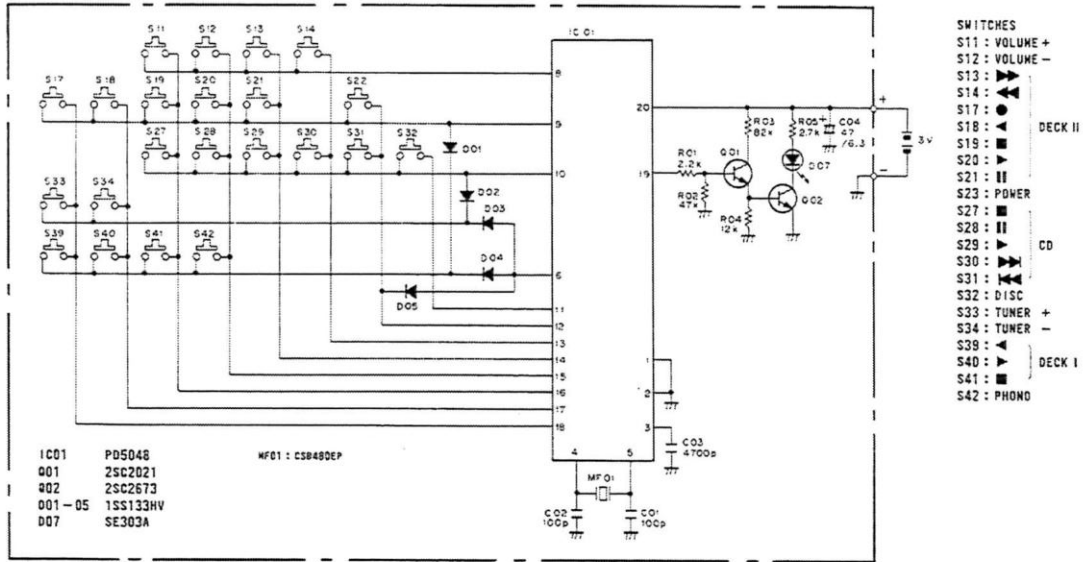


Parts List

Mark	No.	Part no.	Description
	1	AZA1053	Case (A)
	2	AZA1054	Case (B)
	3	AZA1055	Case (C)
	4	AZA1056	Filter
	5	AZK1042	Terminal (A)
	6	AZK1043	Terminal (B)
	7	AZK1044	Terminal (C)
	8	AZB1057	Screw
	51		Rubber switch
	52		Name plate
	53		P.C. Board
	54		Battery

9.2 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM AND P.C. BOARD PATTERN

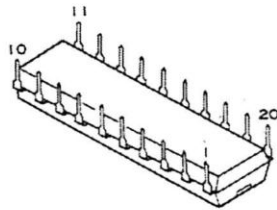
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



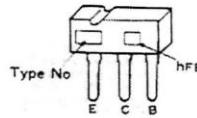
- RESISTORS:**
Indicated in $\frac{1}{2}W$, $\frac{1}{4}W$, $\pm 5\%$ tolerance unless otherwise noted k, k1, M, M1, (F); $\pm 1\%$, (G); $\pm 2\%$, (K); $\pm 10\%$, (M); $\pm 20\%$ tolerance
- CAPACITORS:**
Indicated in capacity (μF)/voltage (V) unless otherwise noted p, pF. Indication without voltage is 50V except electrolytic capacitor.
- VOLTAGE CURRENT:**
□: DC voltage (V) at no input signal
Value in () is DC voltage at rated power.
- OTHERS:**
—: Signal route.
⊙: Adjusting point.
The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
* marked capacitors and resistors have parts numbers.
This is the basic schematic diagram, but the actual circuit may vary due to improvements in design.

External Appearance of Transistors and IC

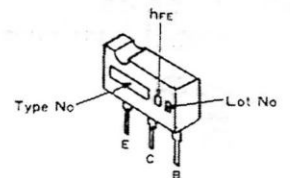
PD5048



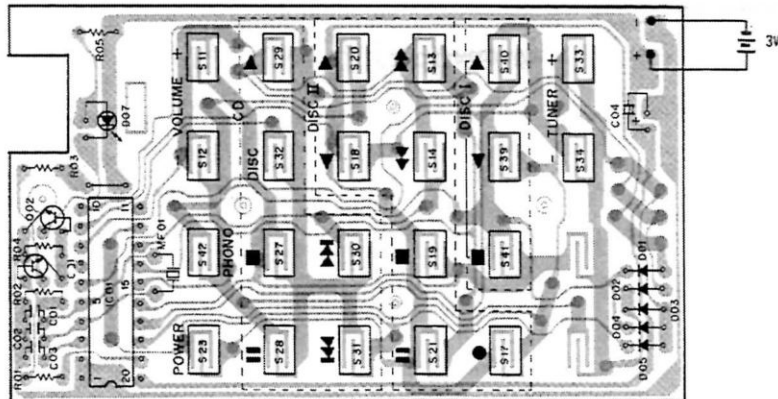
2SC2021



2SC2673



P.C. BOARD PATTERN



9.3 ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

NOTES:

- When ordering resistors, first convert resistance values into code form as shown in the following examples.
 - Ex. 1 When there are 2 effective digits (any digit apart from 0), such as 560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J = 5%, and K = 10%).

560Ω	56 × 10 ¹	561.....	RD1/4PS	5	6	1	J
47kΩ	47 × 10 ³	473.....	RD1/4PS	4	7	3	J
0.5Ω	0R5.....		RN2H	0	5		K
1Ω	010.....		RSIP	0	1	0	K
 - Ex. 2 When there are 3 effective digits (such as in high precision metal film resistors).

5.62kΩ	562 × 10 ¹	5621.....	RN1/4SR	5	6	2	1	F
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- The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks **★★** and **★**.
 - ★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★**
 - This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.
- Parts marked by "●" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

Parts List

SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	IC01	PD5048
★★	Q01	2SC2021
★★	Q02	2SC2673
★	D01-D05	1SS133HV
★	D07	SE303A

FILTER

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	MF01	CSB480EP

CAPACITORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C01, C02	CCCSL101J50
	C03	CKCYB472K50
	C04	CEAS470M6R3

RESISTORS

NOTE:When ordering resistors,convert the resistance value into code form,and then rewrite the part no.as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	R01-R05	RD1/8PM□□□J