# SERVICE MANUAL

MIXING AMPLIFIER

MA-62



# **CONTENTS**

1.	SPECIFICATIONS	2
2.	CONNECTION DIAGRAM	3
3.	NAMES OF CONNECTORS ON THE BACK PANEL	4
4.	FRONT PANEL FACILITIES	5
5.	BLOCK DIAGRAM	7
6.	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION	9
7.	LEVEL DIAGRAM1	1
8.	DISASSEMBLY1	2
9.	PARTS AND P.C. BOARD LOCATION	4
10.	EXPLODED VIEW AND PARTS LIST1	6
11.	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS, P.C. BOARD PATTERNS AND PARTS LISTT	
	11.1 Circuit Connection Diagram and Miscellaneous Parts1	9
	11.2 Switch Circuit-B Assembly	2
	11.3 Microphone Amplifier Assembly2	3
	11.4 Switch Circuit-A Assembly	3
12.	PACKING METHOD AND PART NUMBERS	6

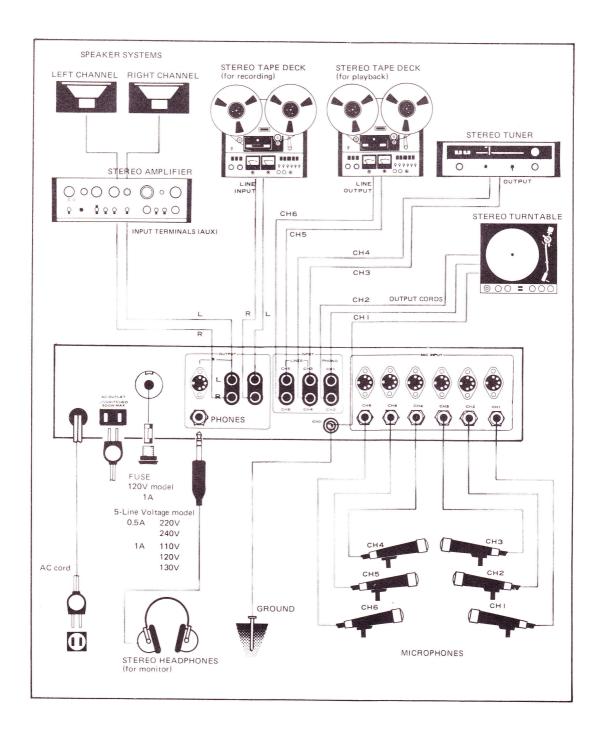


# 1. SPECIFICATIONS

SEMICONDUCTORS	
ICs	2
Transistors	22
Diodes	3
Input Select:	
CH1, CH2:	MIC / PHONO
CH3, CH4, CH5, CH6:	MIC / LINE
Output Channel Select:	
CH1, CH2, CH5, CH6:	L/L&R/R
CH3, CH4 (PAN-POT):	L ~ R (Panoramic Potentiometer)
Input (Sensitivity/Impedance):	
MIC:	$0.25 \text{mV} / 4.7 \text{k}\Omega$
PHONO:	$2.5 \text{mV} / 50 \text{k}\Omega$
LINE:	$50\text{mV} / 50\text{k}\Omega$
MIC Attenuator:	0dB, -20dB
MIC Overload Level:	250mV rms (at attenuator –20dB)
PHONO Overload Level:	250mV rms (at 1kHz)
Output:	Stereo x 2 (parallel)
Rated Output Level:	330mV
Harmonic Distortion	Less than 0.2% (at 1V output)
Maximum Output:	5V (T.H.D.= 0.5%, 50kΩ load)
Channel Separation:	More than 70dB (at 1kHz)
Cross-talk:	More than 70dB (at 1kHz)
Frequency Response:	more than year (at TKTZ)
MIC:	20Hz to 15kHz $\binom{+0}{-3}$ dB)
PHONO:	RIAA Equalization: ±0.5dB
LINE:	20Hz to 25kHz (+0 dB)
MIC Low Cut:	fc = 200Hz (6dB/oct.)
Channel Interference:	Less than 1dB
Residual Hum & Noise:	Less than 0.05mV
S/N (IHF, Short-Circuited, A Network	
MIC:	52dB
PHONO:	60dB
LINE:	67dB
Headphone Output:	Maximum 260mV (8 $\Omega$ )
MISCELLANEOUS	
Power Requirements:	AC 120V, 60Hz
Power Consumption:	5W
Dimensions:	400(W) x 132(H) x 264(D) mm (15-3/4 x 5-3/16 x 10-3/8 in.)
Weight: Without Package:	5.8kg, 13 lb
With Package	7.3kg, 16 lb
FURNISHED PARTS	
Connection Cord with Pin Plus	1
Operating Instructions	1

NOTE: Specifications and the design subject to possible modification without notice due to improvements.

# 2. CONNECTION DIAGRAM



## 3. NAMES OF CONNECTORS ON THE BACK PANEL

#### LINE INPUT TERMINALS (CH 3, 4, 5, 6)—

Outputs from stereo tuners, from the recording output of a power amplifier, or from tape decks, are connected to these inputs.

#### **OUTPUT TERMINALS (1, 2)**

These outputs are for connecting to the inputs of a tape deck or the auxiliary terminals of an amplifier.

There are two kinds of OUTPUT 2 terminals; the 5-pin DIN type connector may be connected to a DIN plug of tape deck for recording.

At the same time, the input terminals of pre-amplifier may be connected to phono type terminals.

#### PHONO INPUT TERMINALS (CH 1, CH 2)

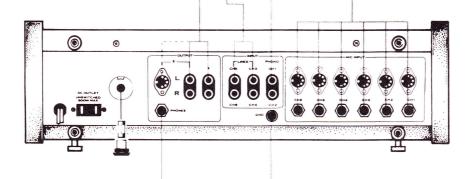
This set of terminals is for connecting a stereo turntable. You should use a moving magnet type phono cartridge.

#### MICROPHONE INPUT TERMINALS

Microphones should be connected to these jacks.

The MA-62 functions superbly whether you use low or high impedance microphones.

The upper jacks are used to connect 5-pin DIN-type plugs and the lower to connect usual phone type plugs. When in simultaneous connections to both terminal sets only the phone type jacks are operative.



#### PHONES IACK-

This jack is for stereo headphone connection. The monitor function of the headphone will enable you to set a good balance between the input sources distributed to both stereo output channels.

#### NOTE:

We recommend the use of tightly fitting headphones such as Pioneer model SE-305 effective in sealing out the outside sound.

#### **GROUND TERMINAL**

If the turntable used has a ground wire, it should be connected to this terminal.

#### 4. FRONT PANEL FACILITIES

#### -MIC ATTENUATOR SWITCHES INPUT SELECTOR SWITCHES MIC LOW CUT SWITCHES -When you wish to cut unwanted low frequency portions When these switches are put into the 20dB position, they These switches are to select the various program sources of the signal, flip the MIC LOW CUT switch on. reduce the microphone input level by 20dB. connected to the terminals on the back panel of the Naturally if the loudness of the source is too great for the MA-62. When you are feeding in a signal from a microphone and level setting or for the microphone, distortion may occur the sound source just exceeds the range of the micro-CH 1 and CH 2. phone, the MIC LOW CUT switch serves to cut the bass in the amplifier section of the MA-62 mixer, so you MIC: When microphones are being used as a source. PHONO: When a turntable is being used as a source. part of the sound so that its clarity is improved should estimate the maximum level and set the controls for that maximum in order to obtain optimum results. CH3, CH4, CH5 and CH6 considerably. When microphones are used as a source. When tape decks, tuners and suchlike are used as sources.

--PILOT LAMP...POWER SWITCH

When the power switch is pushed, the power comes on, and the pilot lamp is illuminated. To turn off, push the power switch again — the power will be shut off and the lamp will go out.

#### MEMORY MARKERS

Setting the MEMORY MARKERs to which the MASTER VOLUME and INPUT LEVEL control settings correspond can easily remind you of the level positions later. Also convenient for memorizing optimum levels even if the levels are changed by these controls.

#### -MASTER VOLUME CONTROL

The MASTER VOLUME control sets the level of the output volume.

It is advisable to usually set the control at about  $6\sim7$  on the scale.

With the level controls of the MA-62, properly adjust each of inputs of tape deck and pre-amplifier to which the MA-62 is connected.

#### INPUT LEVEL CONTROLS

These controls are used to adjust each of inputs from input terminals.

When the input level is low, the INPUT LEVEL controls should be raised and when the input is high, it should be lowered.

# OUTPUT CHANNEL SELECTOR SWITCHES (CH 1, CH 2, CH 5, CH 6)

These switches select the output channels for each input.

L: The input source appears at the left output terminals.

R: The input source appears at the right output terminals.

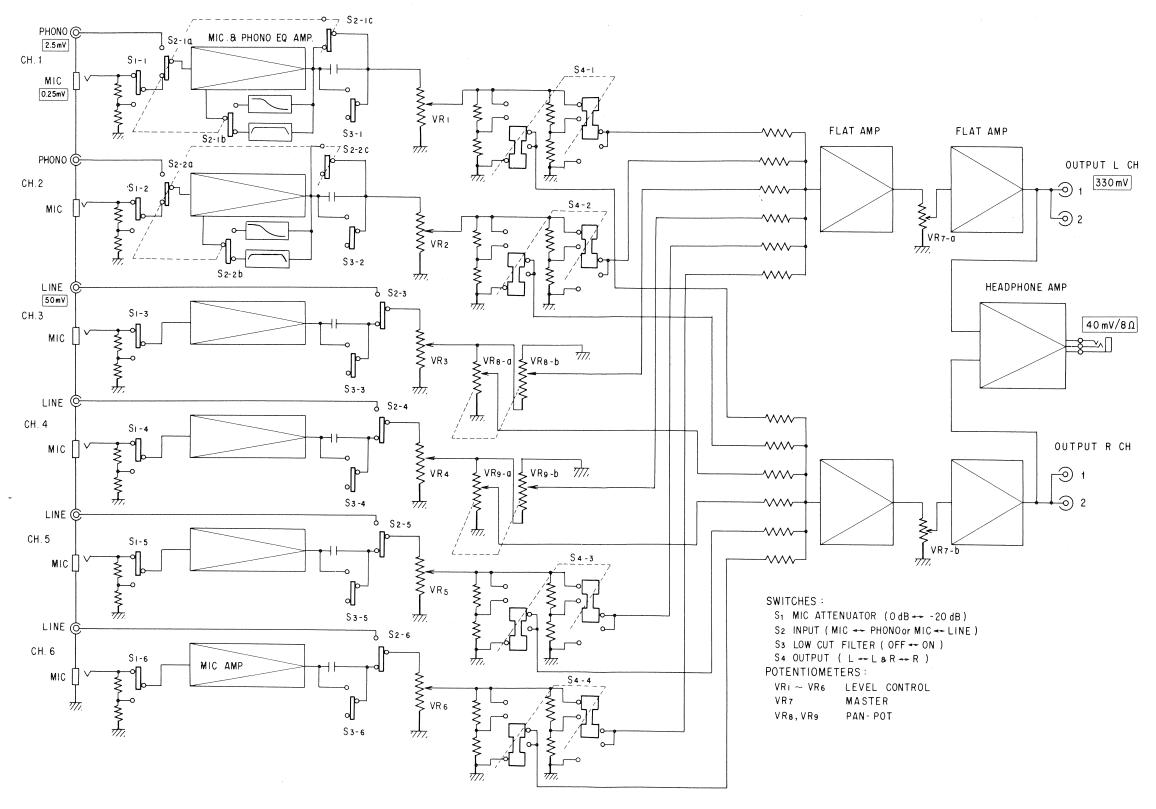
L & R: The input source appears at both the left and right output terminals.

#### THE PAN-POT (PANORAMIC POTENTIOM-ETER) CONTROLS

The PAN-POTs adjust the output from input sources CH 3 and CH 4.

They continuously change the distribution of sound volume appearing at the output terminals.

### 5. BLOCK DIAGRAM



#### 6. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

#### Signal Path

- 1. The signals from the microphone terminals and the phono terminals (of channels 1 and 2 only) are amplified by the two NPN transistors in the direct coupled NFB-type amplifier after selection with the input switches.
- Both the standard jacks and the DIN type connectors can be used for the microphone inputs, but as the standard jacks defeat the DIN connector, it is not possible to use the standard jacks when a microphone is connected to the DIN type connector for the same channel.
  - If two microphones are plugged into the same channel at the same time, only the one plugged into the standard jack can be used.
- 3. The amplified signals from the microphone or turntable are next fed to the resistors in the mixing stage through the slider type level controls of each channel (except 3 and 4, which have pan-pots) and the output channel selector switch.
- 4. The signals mixed by the resistors in the mixing stage are then amplified in the direct coupled amplifier, by the PNP and the NPN transistors (2 transistors in all).
- 5. The signal taken from the NPN transistor emitter (emitter follower) passes through the MASTER VOLUME potentiometer to be amplified in another two-transistor direct coupled amplifier and then sent to the output terminals from the emitter follower.

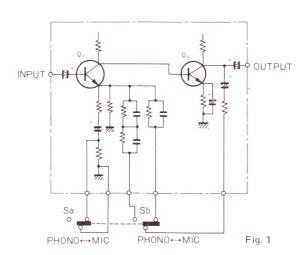
- 6. The output terminals have both phono jacks and a DIN type connector. The two pairs of phono jacks and DIN type connector are wired in parallel, so they can be used simultaneously, if necessary.
- 7. The headphone output signal (for monitoring purposes) is a portion of the output which appears at the output terminals, amplified by an integrated circuit.

# The Microphone and Equalizer Amplifier Stage

Figure 1 is a simplified circuit diagram of the microphone/equalizer amplifier for channels 1 and 2. The switching between the equalizer function and the mike amp function is effected by the switch marked S.

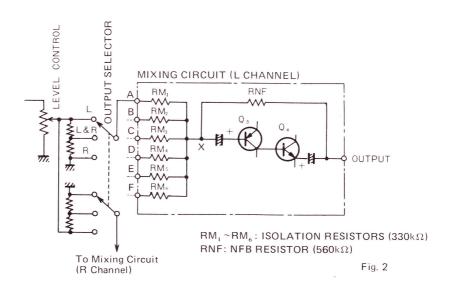
The microphone input terminal has a sensitivity of 0.25 mV while the phono input sensitivity is 2.5 mV at 1kHz in each case, so altering the gain by merely switching the CR element of the closed loop NFB would cause instability, which would lead to distortion and noise.

Therefore, the amount of the current NFB from first stage transistor Q1 is changed by Sa, and the CR element is switched, to determine the frequency characteristics, by Sb.

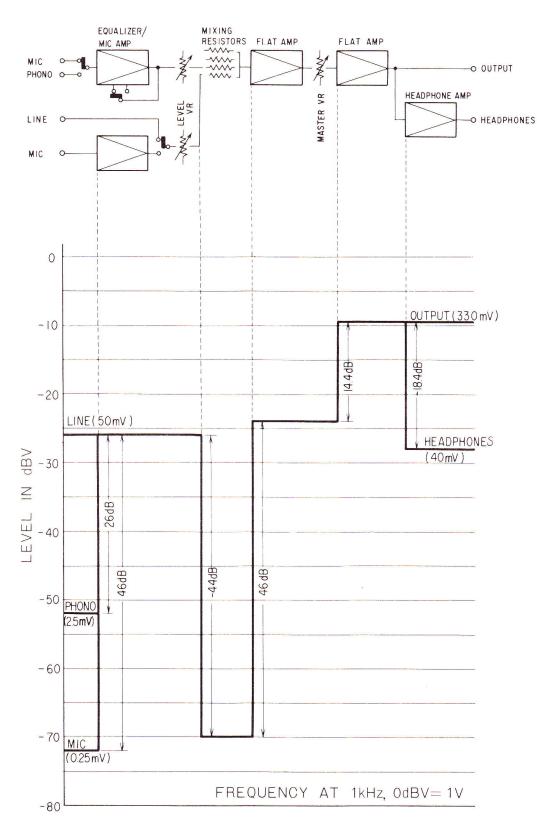


#### Mixing Stage

The mixing circuit of this unit is a very orthodox and highly stable series resistance circuit using isolation resistors. Resistors RM1 thru RM<sub>6</sub> in the diagram are such isolation resistors. The signals to be mixed are fed to terminals A thru F, and perfect mixing is obtained at point X in the diagram. If low resistance values are used as RM's, changes in the signal levels from each source may occur due to the different output impedances of the sources connected to A thru F. To prevent this, resistances of  $330k\Omega$ are used as RM's in this unit-differences due to output impedance are negligible. To prevent interference between the various signals, the impedance at point X (the mixing point) must be kept quite low in relation to the RM values. To fulfill this condition, parallel feed-type NFB is applied from the emitter of Q4 to the base of Q<sub>3</sub> in the mixing amplifier. This not only helps to reduce distortion and noise (the effect of NFB), but also keeps the input impedance of Q<sub>3</sub> very low, maintaining stable operation.



# 7. LEVEL DIAGRAM



#### 8. DISASSEMBLY

# Removal of Side Panels (See Exploded View.)

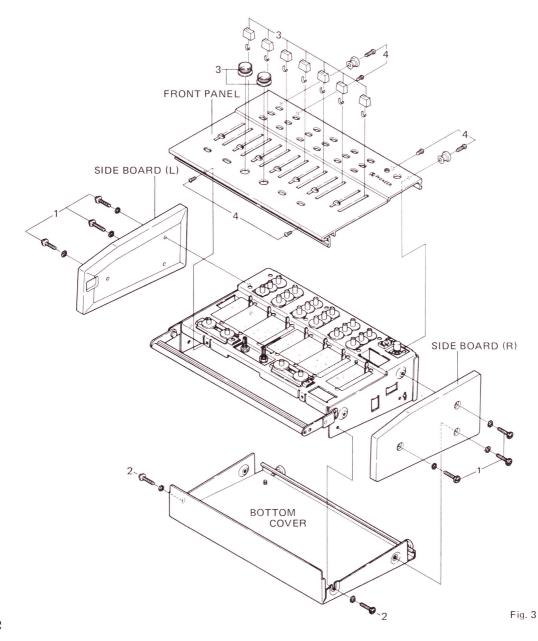
 To remove the left and right side panels take out the three securing screws as illustrated, being careful not to lose the washers.

#### Removing the Bottom Cover

After the side panels have been removed, there are only two screws to take out before the bottom cover can be detached. Please refer to the exploded view below.

#### Removing the Front Panel

- 3. First, take off all the control knobs and slider caps, taking care not to lose the springs from inside the individual level controls and the master volume control.
- 4. Next, remove the two fixing screws at the front of the front panel, and the four at the back. Do not forget to take off the rubber feet at the back of the panel, as these two are attached with screws also.



#### The Microphone Amplifier Assembly

5. This assembly is removed by taking out the six fixing screws as shown in the diagram (Figure 4).

#### The Switch Assembly (A)

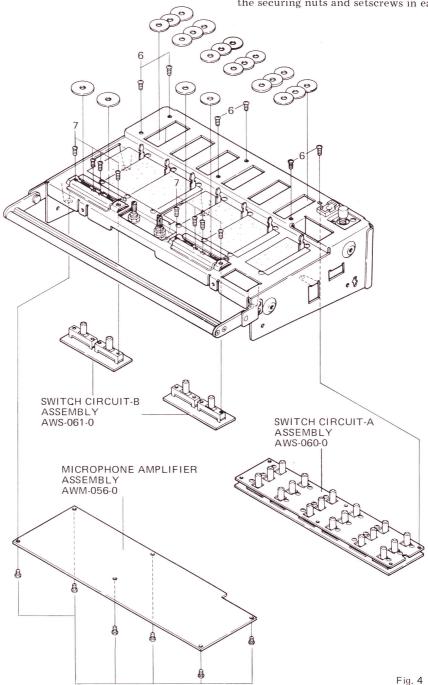
6. After the mike amp ass'y has been removed, the switch assembly (A) may be taken off. Again, the six fixing screws must be removed first

#### The Switch Assembly (B)

7. Switch B ass'y may be removed once the four fixing screws have been taken out.

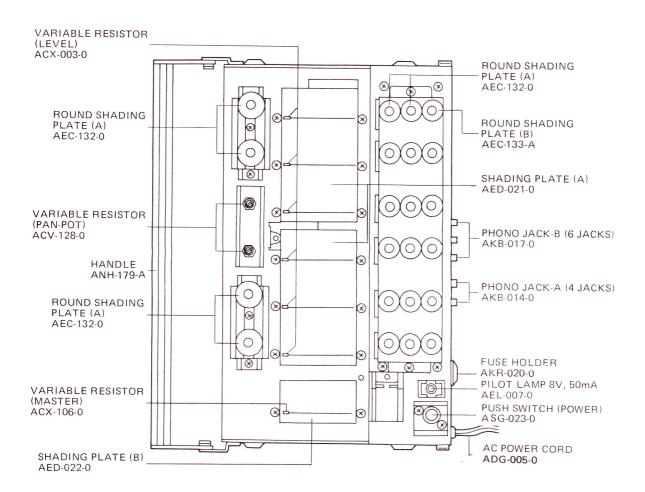
#### The Volume Controls

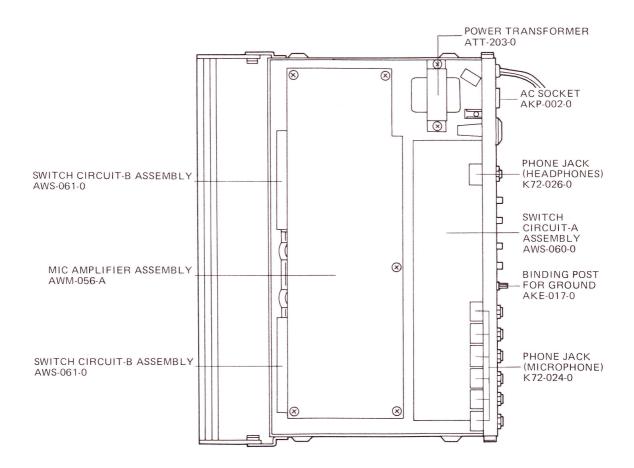
8. The two-ganged volume controls and the slider volume controls may be removed individually, after the microphone amplifier assembly has been taken off, by unscrewing the securing nuts and setscrews in each case.



# 9. PARTS AND P.C. BOARD LOCATION

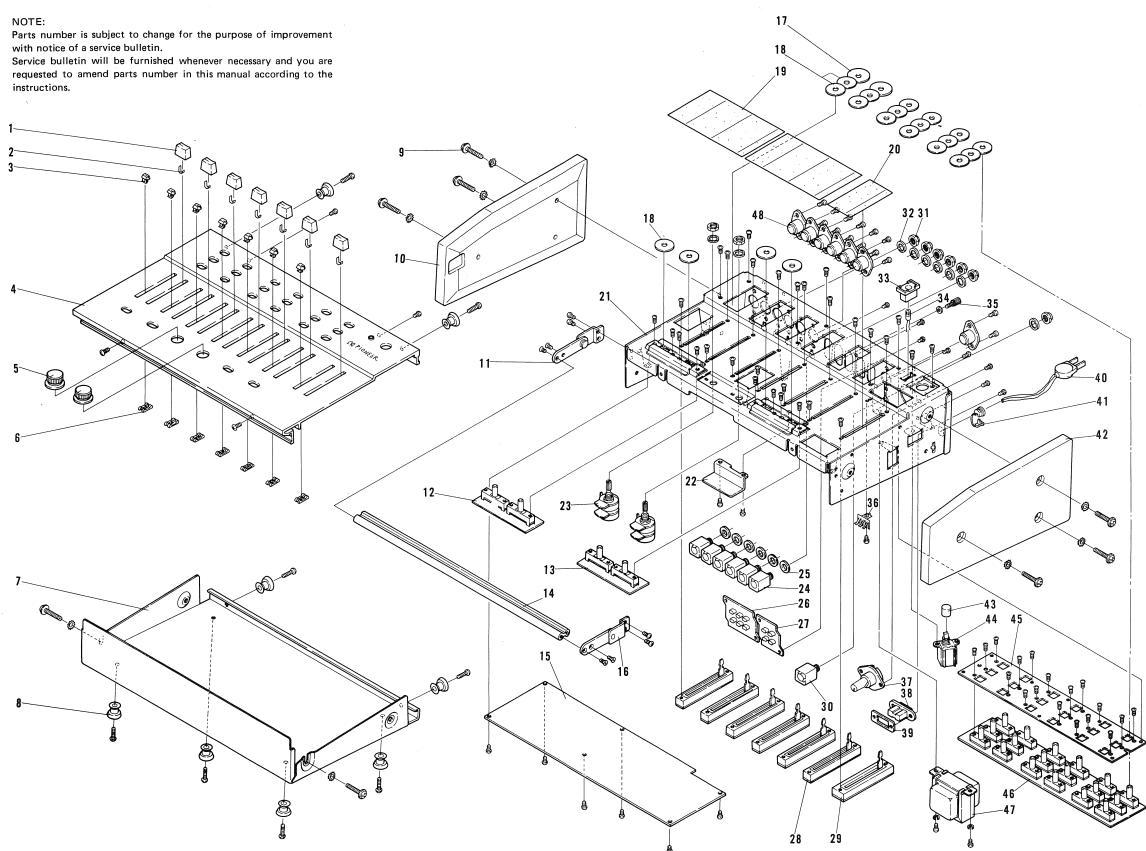
Top View





# 10. EXPLODED VIEW AND PARTS LIST

	ct to being not supplied		
Key No.	Description	Part No.	
1	Knob (LEVEL, MASTER)	RAA-095-0	-
2	Spring	RBK-042-B	
3	Knob (memory marker)	RNK-042-A	
4	Front panel assembly	ANB-234-A	
5	Knob (PAN-POT)	AAB-072-0	
6*	Knob supporter	AEC-136-A	
7	Bottom cover	ANE-041-A	
8	Foot	AEC-135-A	
9	Screw M4 × 26	ABA-011-A	
10	Side board (L)	AMS-005-A	
11	Handle steri seemalahi /II V	ANC 004 A	
	Handle stay assembly (L)	ANG-094-A	
12	Switch circuit-B assembly	AWS-061-0	
13	Switch circuit-B assembly	AWS-061-0	
14	Handle	ANH-179-A	
15	Mic amplifier assembly	AWM-056-A	
16	Handle stay assembly (R)	ANG-094-0	
17	Round shading plate (B)	AEC-133-A	
18	Round shading plate (A)	AEC-132-0	
19	Shading plate (A)	AED-021-0	
20	Shading plate (B)	AED-022-0	
21*	Chassis	ANA-059-C	
22*	Shield plate	ANH-181-0	
23	Variable resistor 250kΩ-AC (PAN-POT)	ACV-128-0	
24	Phone jack (MICROPHONE)	K72-024-0	
25	Insulator (washer)	E32-045-A	
26	Phono jack-B (6 jacks)	AKB-017-0	
27	Phono jack-A (4 jacks)		
28		AKB-014-0	
	Variable resistor 100kΩ-A2 (LEVEL)	ACX-003-0	
29	Variable resistor 100kΩ-A2 (MASTER)	ACX-106-0	
30	Phone jack (HEADPHONES)	K72-026-0	
31	Nut (insulator)	B71-031-0	
32	Washer (insulator)	E34-014-0	
33	Rubber gromnet	AEB-034-A	
34	Pilot lamp 8V, 50mA	AEL-007-0	
35	Binding post for ground	AKE-017-0	
36	Ground terminal strip (4P)	K13-047-0	
37	Fuse holder (AC power)	AKR-020-0	
38	AC socket	AKP-002-0	
39	AC socket-held metal	M49-127-A	
40	AC power cord	ADG-005-0	
41	AC cord grommet	AEC-079-0	
42	Side board (R)	AMS-006-A	
43	Knob (POWER)	AAD-045-0	
44	Push switch (POWER)		
45*	P.C. board holder	ASG-023-0 ANF-177-0	
4.0		AUG 000 0	
46	Switch circuit-A assembly	AWS-060-0	
47	Power transformer	ATT-203-0	
48	Connector (DIN type 5P)	K93-003-B	



## 11. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS, P.C. BOARD PATTERNS AND PARTS LIST

# 11.1 CIRCUIT CONNECTION DIAGRAM AND MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

2SC1312 2SA725



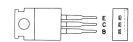
2SC1344



2SC945 2SA763P

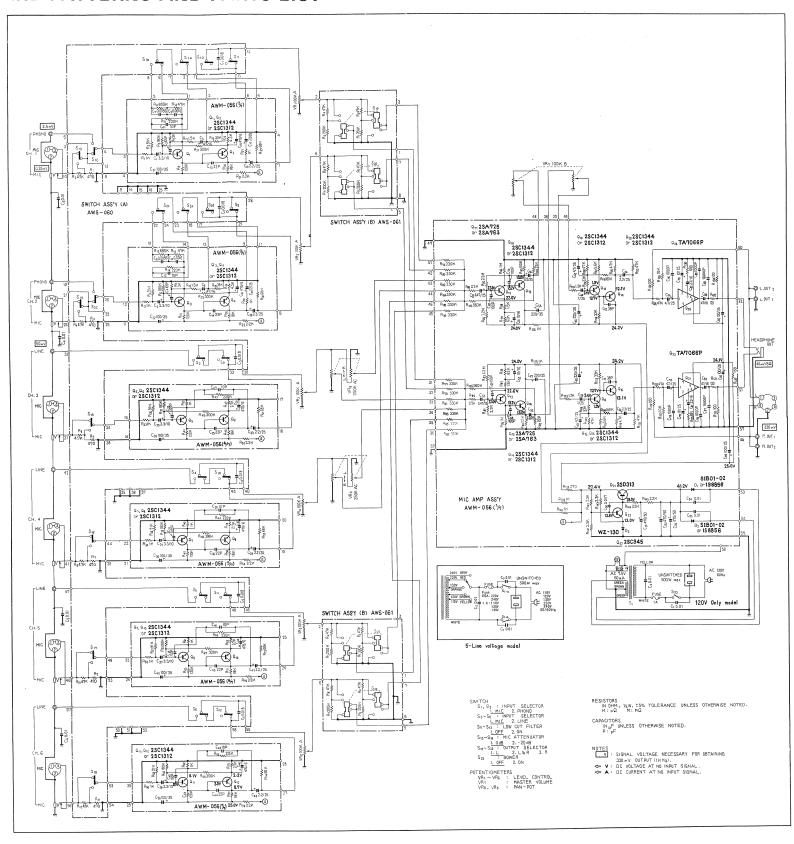


2SD313



TA7066P





#### Miscellaneous Parts

#### CAPACITORS

- CAPACITORS: IN  $\mu$ F UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED p: pF RESISTORS: IN  $\Omega$ , %W UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED k: k $\Omega$ , M: M $\Omega$ .

Symbol	D	escription		Part No.
C1	Ceramic	0.01	250V	ACG001-0
C2	Ceramic	0.01	250V	ACG-003-0
C3	Ceramic	0.01	50V	CKDYF 103Z 50
C4	Ceramic	0.01	50V	CKDYF 103Z 50
C5	Ceramic	0.01	50V	CKDYF 103Z 50
C6	Ceramic	0.01	50V	CKDYF 103Z 50

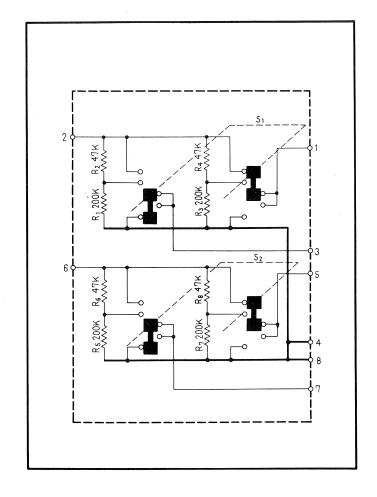
#### **POTENTIOMETERS**

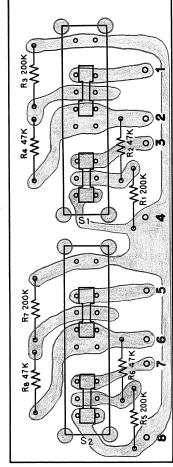
Symbol	Description		Part No.	
VR1	Variable resistor	100k-A2(LEVEL)	ACX-003-0	
VR2	Variable resistor	100k-A2(LEVEL)	ACX-003-0	
VR3	Variable resistor	100k-A2(LEVEL)	ACX-003-0	
VR4	Variable resistor	100k-A2(LEVEL)	ACX-003-0	
VR5	Variable resistor	100k-A2(LEVEL)	ACX-003-0	
VR6	Variable resistor	100k-A2(LEVEL)	ACX-003-0	
VR7	Variable resistor	100k-A2(MASTER)	ACX-106-0	
VR8	Variable resistor	250k-AC (PAN-POT)	ACV-128-0	
VR9	Variable resistor	250k-AC (PAN-POT)	ACV-128-0	

#### OTHERS

Symbol	Description	Part No.	
	Microphone amplifier assembly	AWM-056-A	
	Switch circuit-A assembly	AWS-060-0	
	Switch circuit-B assembly	AWS-061-0	
<b>\</b>	Phono Jack-A (4 jacks)	AKB-014-0	
	Phono Jack-B (6 jacks)	AKB-017-0	
	Binding post for ground	AKE-017-0	
	Power transformer	ATT-203-0	
	Pilot lamp 8V, 50mA	AEL-018-0	
	Fuse 1A (AC power)	AEK-106-0	,
	Push switch (POWER)	ASG-023-0	
	AC socket	AKP-002-0	
	Fuse holder (AC power)	AKR-020-0	
	Phone jack (HEADPHONE)	K72-026-0	
	Phone jack (MICROPHONE)	K72-024-0	
	Connector (DIN type 5P)	K93-003-B	
	AC power cord	ADG-00 <b>5</b> -0	
	Operating instructions	ARB-098- <b>A</b>	
	Connection cord	ADE-005-0	

### 11.2 SWITCH CIRCUIT-B ASSEMBLY (AWS-061-0)





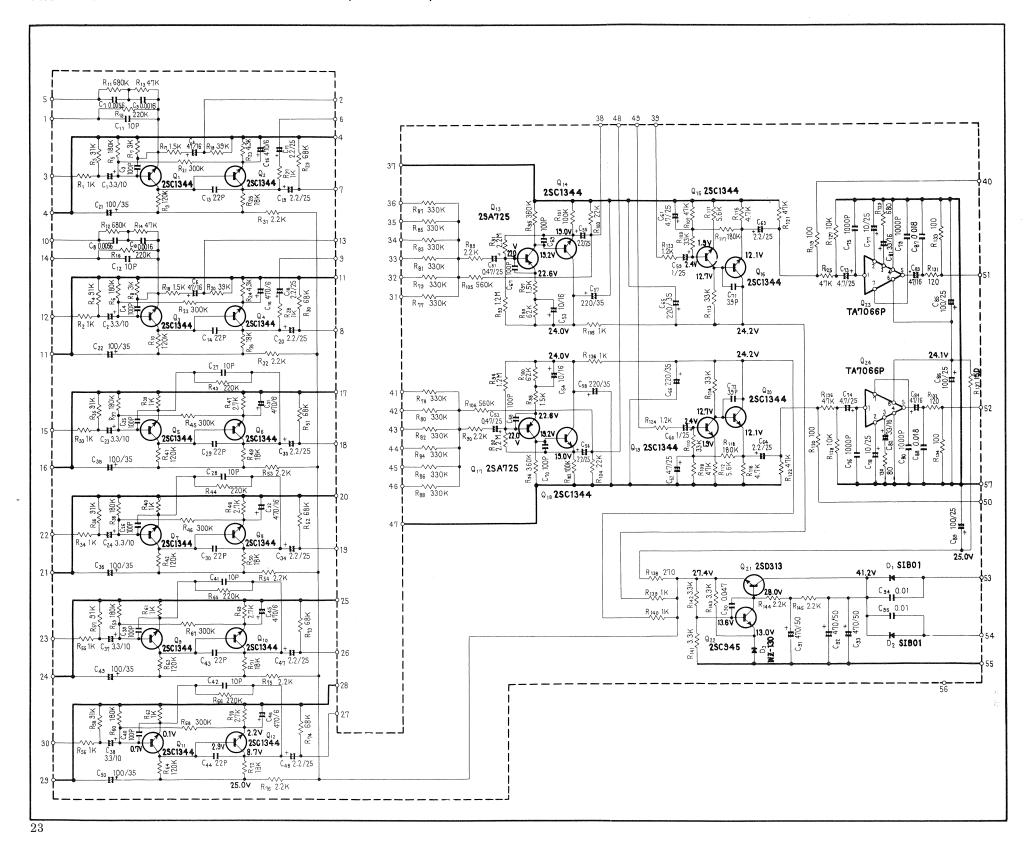
Foil Side (AWS-061-0)

#### RESISTORS

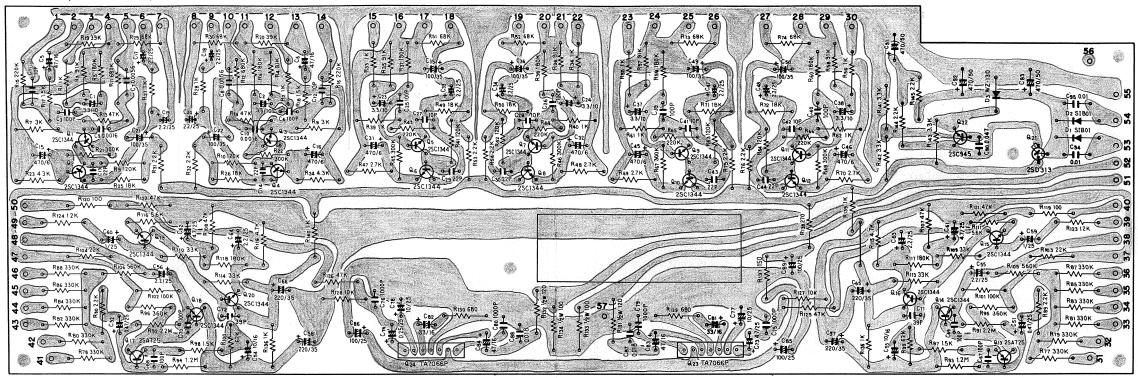
Symbol	Des	cription	Part No.	
R1	Carbon film	200k	RD%PS 204J	
R2	Carbon film	47k	RD%PS 473J	
R3	Carbon film	200k	RD%PS 204J	
R4	Carbon film	47k	RD%PS 473J	
R5	Carbon film	200k	RD%PS 204J	
R6	Carbon film	47k	RD%PS 473J	
R7	Carbon film	200k	RD%PS 204J	
R8	Carbon film	47k	RD%PS 473J	

#### **SWITCHES**

Symbol	Description	Part No.	
S1	Slide switch (OUTPUT)	ASH-011-0	
S2	Slide switch (OUTPUT)	ASH-011-0	



## Foil Side (AWM-056-A)



# Parts List of Microphone Amplifier Assembly (AWM-056-A)

### CAPACITORS

Symbol	Des	cription		Part No.	
C1	Electrolytic	3.3	10V	CSSA 3R3X 10	
C2	Electrolytic	3.3	10V	CSJA 3R3X 10	
C3	Ceramic	100p	50V	CCDSL 101K 50	
C4	Ceramic	100p	50V	CCDSL 101K 50	
C5	Electrolytic	47	16V	CEA 470P 16	
0.5	Electrolytic	47	10 V	CLA 4701 10	
C6	Electrolytic	47	16V	CEA 470P 16	
C7	Styrol	5600p	50V	CQSA 562G 50	
C8	Styrol	5600p	50V	CQSA 562G 50	
C9	Styrol	1600p	50V	CQSA 162G 50	
C10	Styrol	1600p	50V	CQSA 162G 50	
C11	Ceramic	10p	50V	CCDSL 100F 50	
C12	Ceramic	10p	50V	CCDSL 100F 50	
C13	Ceramic	22p	50V	CCDSL 220K 50	
C13	Ceramic	22p 22p	50 V	CCDSL 220K 50	
C14 C15	Electrolytic	470	6V	CEA 471P 6	
	Liectrorytic	470	J v	OLA 4711 U	
C16	Electrolytic	470	6V	CEA 471P 6	,
C17	Electrolytic	2.2	25V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
C18	Electrolytic	2.2	25V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
C19	Electrolytic	2.2	25V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
C20	Electrolytic	2.2	35V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
	•				
C21	Electrolytic	100	35V	CEA 101P 35	
C22	Electrolytic	100	35V	CEA 101P 35	
C23	Electrolytic	3.3	10V	CSSA 3R3X 10	
C24	Electrolytic	3.3	10V	CSSA 3R3X 10	
C25	Ceramic	100p	50V	CCDSL 101K 50	
C26	Ceramic	100p	50V	CCDSL 101K 50	
C27	Ceramic	10p	50V	CCDSL 100F 50	
C28	Ceramic	10p	50V	CCDSL 100F 50	
C29	Ceramic	22p	50V	CCDSL 220K 50	
C30	Ceramic	22p	50V	CCDSL 220K 50	
		476	0.7	05.4.745.5	
C31	Electrolytic	470	6V	CEA 471P 6	
C32	Electrolytic	470	6V	CEA 471P 6	
C33	Electrolytic	2.2	25V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
C34	Electrolytic	2.2	25V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
C35	Electrolytic	100	35V	CEA 101P 35	
C36	Electrolytic	100	35V	CEA 101P 35	
C37	Electrolytic	3.3	10V	CSSA 3R3X 10	
C38	Electrolytic	3.3	10V	CSSA 3R3X 10	
C39	Ceramic	100p	50V	CCDSL 101K 50	
C40	Ceramic	100p	50V	CCDSL 101K 50	
C41	Ceramic	10p	50V	CCDSL 100F 50	
C42	Ceramic	10p	50V	CCDSL 100F 50	
C43	Ceramic	22p	50V	CCDSL 220K 50	
C44	Ceramic	22p	50V	CCDSL 220K 50	
C45	Electrolytic	470	6V	CEA 471P 6	

Symbol	Des	cription		Part No.	
C46	Electrolytic	470	6V	CEA 471P 6	
C40 C47	•	2.2	25V		
	Electrolytic			CSSA 2R2X 25	
C48	Electrolytic	2.2	25V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
C49	Electrolytic	100	35V	CEA 101P 35	
C50	Electrolytic	100	35V	CEA 101P 35	
C51	Electrolytic	0.47	25V	CSSA R47X 25	
C52	Electrolytic	0.47	25V	CSSA R47X 25	
C53	Electrolytic	10	16V	CEA 100P 16	
C54	Electrolytic	10	16V	CEA 100P 16	
C55	Electrolytic	2.2	25V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
C56	Electrolytic	2.2	25V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
C57	Electrolytic,	220	35V	CEA 221P 35	
C58	Electrolytic	220	35V	CEA 221P 35	
C59		1			
1	Electrolytic		25V	CSSA 010X 25	
C60	Electrolytic	. 1	25V	CSSA 010X 25	'
C61	Electrolytic	4.7	25V	CEA 4R7P 25	
C62	Electrolytic	4.7	25V	CEA 4R7P 25	
C63	Electrolytic	2.2	25V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
C64	Electrolytic	2.2	25V	CSSA 2R2X 25	
C65	Electrolytic	220	35V	CEA 221P 35	
C66	Electrolytic	220	35V	CEA 221P 35	
C67	Ceramic	100p	50V	CCDSL 101K 50	
C68	Ceramic	100p	50V	CCDSL 101K 50	
C69	Ceramic	100p	50V	CCDSL 101K 50	
C70	Ceramic	100p	50V	CCDSL 101K 50	
074		00	50.1	00001.00011.00	
C71	Ceramic	39p	50V	CCDSL 390K 50	
C72	Ceramic	39p	50V	CCDSL 390K 50	
C73	Electrolytic	4.7	25V	CEA 4R7P 25	
C74	Electrolytic	4.7	25V	CEA 4R7P 25	
C75	Mylar	0.001	50V	CQMA 102K 50	
C76	Mylar	0.001	50V	CQMA 102K 50	
C77	Electrolytic	10	25V	CEA 100P 25	
C78	Electrolytic	10	25V	CEA 100P 25	
. C79	Mylar	0.001	50V	CQMA 102K 50	
C80	Mylar	0.001	50V	CQMA 102K 50	
C81	Electrolytic	33	16V	CEA 330P 16	
C82	Electrolytic	33	16V 16V	CEA 330P 16	
C83	•	33 47	16V 16V	CEA 470P 16	
	Electrolytic				
C84	Electrolytic	47	16V	CEA 470P 16	
C85	Electrolytic	100	25V	CEA 101P 25	
C86	Electrolytic	100	25V	CEA 101P 25	
C87	Mylar	0.018	50V	CQMA 183K 50	
C88	Mylar	0.018	50V	CQMA 183K 50	
C89	Electrolytic	100	25V	CEA 101P 25	
C90	Ceramic	0.047	50V	CKDYF 473Z 50	
C91	Electrolytic	470	50V	CEA 471P 50	
C92	Electrolytic	470	50V	CEA 4711 50	
C93	Electrolytic	470	50 V	CEA 471P 50 CEA 471P 50	
C94	Ceramic	0.01	150V	ACG-004-0	
C94 C95	Ceramic	0.01	150V 150V	ACG-004-0 ACG-004-0	

#### RESISTORS

Symbol	Description	Part No.	
R1	Carbon film 1k	RD%PS 102J	
R2	Carbon film 1k	RD%PS 102J	
R3	Carbon film 91k	RD%PS 913J	
R4	Carbon film 91k	RD%PS 913J	
R5	Carbon film 180k	RD%PS 184J	
R6	Carbon film 180k	RD%PS 184J	
R7	Carbon film 3k	RD%PS 302J	
R8	Carbon film 3k	RD%PS 302J	*
R9	Carbon film 120k	RD4PS 124J	
R10	Carbon film 120k	RD%PS 124J	
R11	Carbon film 680k	RD¼PS 684J	
R12	Carbon film 680k	RD1/4PS 684J	
R13	Carbon film 47k	RD¼PS 473J	
	Carbon film 47k	RD¼PS 473J	
R14 R15	Carbon film 47k  Carbon film 220k	RD%PS 224J	
R16	Carbon film 220k	RD¼PS 224J	
R17	Carbon film 1.5k	RD%PS 152J	
R18	Carbon film 1.5k	RD%PS 152J	
R19	Carbon film 39k	RD%PS 393J	
R20	Carbon film 39k	RD%PS 393J	
R21	Carbon film 300k	RD%PS 304J	
R22	Carbon film 300k	RD1/4PS 304J	
R23	Carbon film 4.3k	RD1/4PS 432J	
R24	Carbon film 4.3k	RD1/4PS 432J	
R25	Carbon film 18k	RD%PS 183J	
R26	Carbon film 18k	RD%PS 183J	
R27	Carbon film 1k	RD%PS 102J	
R28	Carbon film 1k	RD1/4PS 102J	
R29	Carbon film 68k	RD%PS 683J	
R30	Carbon film 68k	RD%PS 683J	
R31	Carbon film 2.2k	RD4PS 222J	
R32	Carbon film 2.2k	RD¼PS 222J	
R33	Carbon film 1k	RD¼PS 102J	
	Carbon film 1k	RD¼PS 102J	
R34 R35	Carbon film 91k	RD%PS 913J	
Doo	On hora Class Odds	DD1/ BC 012 I	
R36	Carbon film 91k	RD%PS 913J	
R37	Carbon film 180k	RD%PS 184J	
R38	Carbon film 180k	RD%PS 184J	
R39	Carbon film 1k	RD%PS 102J	
R40	Carbon film 1k	RD%PS 102J	
R41	Carbon film 120k	RD%PS 124J	
R42	Carbon film 120k	RD%PS 124J	
R43	Carbon film 220k	RD%PS 224J	
R44	Carbon film 220k	RD%PS 224J	
R45	Carbon film 300k	RD%PS 304J	
R46	Carbon film 300k	RD%PS 304J	
R47	Carbon film 2.7k	RD%PS 272J	
R48	Carbon film 2.7k	RD1/4PS 272J	
R49	Carbon film 18k	RD%PS 183J	
R50	Carbon film 18k	RD%PS 183J	

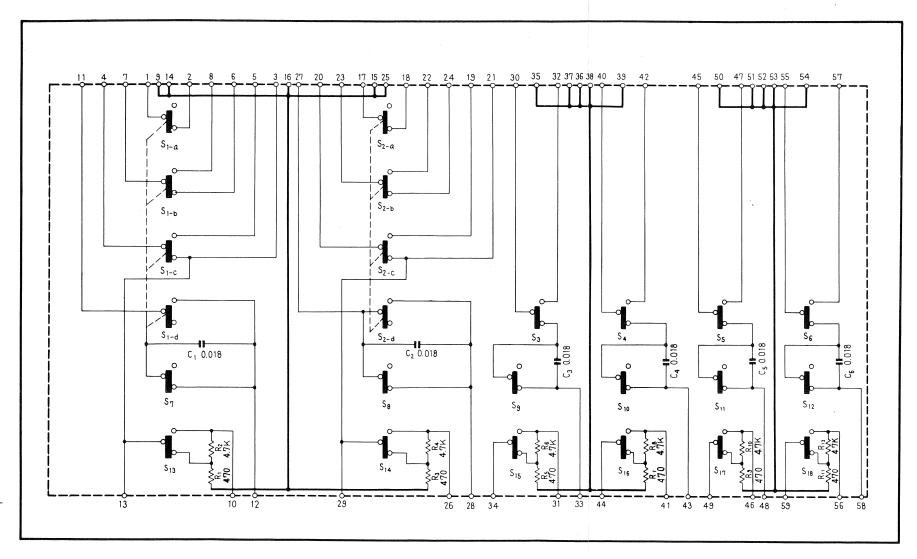
Symbol	Desc	cription	Part No.	
R51	Carbon film	68k	RD4PS 683J	
R52	Carbon film	68k	RD%PS 683J	
R53	Carbon film	2.2k	RD%PS 222J	
R54	Carbon film	2.2k	RD%PS 222J	
R55	Carbon film	1k	RD¼PS 102J	
R56	Carbon film	1k	RD4PS 102J	
R57	Carbon film	91k	RD%PS 913J	
R58	Carbon film	91k	RD%PS 913J	
R59	Carbon film	180k	RD¼PS 184J	
R60	Carbon film	180k	RD1/4PS 184J	
1100	94/95// /////		110741 0 10 10	
R61	Carbon film	1k	RD4PS 102J	
R62	Carbon film	1k	RD%PS 102J	
R63	Carbon film	120k	RD%PS 124J	
R64	Carbon film	120k	RD%PS 124J	
R65	Carbon film	220k	RD%PS 224J	
1103	Carbon min	220K	110/413 2243	
R66	Carbon film	220k	RD¼PS 224J	
R67	Carbon film	300k	RD%PS 304J	
R68	Carbon film	300k 300k	RD%PS 304J	
R69	Carbon film			
R70		2.7k	RD%PS 272J	
h/0	Carbon film	2.7k	RD%PS 272J	
R71	Coulom film	101.	DD1/BC 102 I	
R72	Carbon film	18k	RD%PS 183J	
	Carbon film	18k	RD%PS 183J	
R73	Carbon film	68k	RD%PS 683J	
R74	Carbon film	68k	RD%PS 683J	
R75	Carbon film	2.2k	RD%PS 222J	
R76	Carbon film	2.2k	RD¼PS 222J	
R77	Carbon film	330k	A 100000, 1000 to 1000	
R78	Carbon film		RD%PS 334J	
R79	CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	330k	RD%PS 334J	
R80	Carbon film	330k 330k	RD%PS 334J	
1100	Carbon film	330K	RD%PS 334J	
R81	Carbon film	330k	DD1/BC 2241	
R82	Carbon film	330k	RD%PS 334J	
R83	Carbon film	330k	RD%PS 334J	
R84	Carbon film	330k	RD1/PS 334J	
R85			RD%PS 334J	
100	Carbon film	330k	RD¼PS 334J	
R86	Carbon film	33Ur	BD1/, BS, 224.1	
R87	Carbon film Carbon film	330k 330k	RD%PS 334J	
R88	Carbon film	330k 330k	RD%PS 334J RD%PS 334J	
R89	Carbon film Carbon film			-
R90		2.2k 2.2k	RD%PS 222J	
1130	Carbon film	Z. Z.K	RD%PS 222J	
R91	Carbon film	2.2M	BD1/ BC 225 I	
R92			RD1/PS 225J	
R92	Carbon film	2.2M	RD¼PS 225J	
R94	Carbon film	1.2M	RD%PS 125J	
R95	Carbon film Carbon film	1.2M	RD%PS 125J	¥
1195	Carbon film	360k	RD%PS 364J	
POG	Corbon file	2601	DD1/ BC 2041	
R96	Carbon film	360k	RD¼PS 364J	
R97	Carbon film	1.5k	RD¼PS 152J	
R98	Carbon film	1.5k	RD%PS 152J	
R99	Carbon film	62k	RD%PS 623J	
R100	Carbon film	62k	RD%PS 623J	

#### **SEMICONDUCTORS**

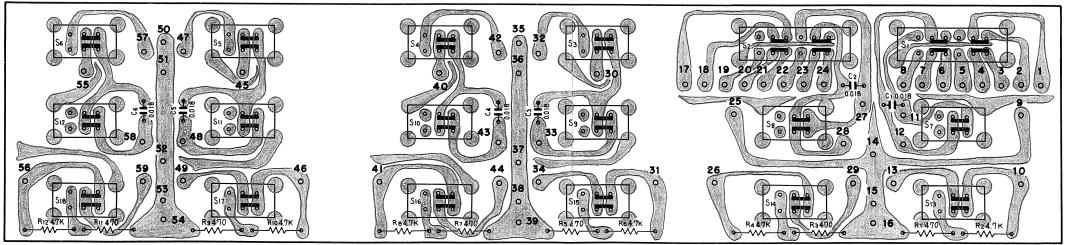
SEMICONDU	JUNO			
Symbol	Des	cription	Part No.	
Q1	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
		(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q2	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
		(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q3	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
		(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q4	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D)		
		(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q5	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
43	11411313101	(2SC1312-G or F)		
		,,		
Ω6	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
20	1101010101	(2SC1312-G or F)		
Ω7	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
ω,	11411010101	(2SC1312-G or F)		
Ω8	Transistor	2SC1344-G or F		
0.0	11411313101	(2SC1312-G or F)		
Ω9	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
Q9	i ransistor	(2SC1312-G or F)		
010	Torreitan			
Q10	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D (2SC1312-G or F)		
		(25C1312-G or F)		
Ω11	<b>T</b>	2SC1344-E or D		
011	Transistor			
010	<del>-</del>	(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q12	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
010		(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q13	Transistor	2SA725-G or F		
		(2SA763P-5 or 6)		۶
Q14	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
		(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q15	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
		(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q16	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
		(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q17	Transistor	2SA725-G or F)		
		(2SA763P-5 or 6)		
Q18	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
		(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q19	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
		(2SC1312-G or F)	4	
Ω20	Transistor	2SC1344-E or D		
		(2SC1312-G or F)		
Q21	Transistor	2SD313-D or E		
Q22	Transistor	2SC945-Q or R		
Q23	IC	TA7066P		
Q24	IC	TA7066P		
D1	Diode	SIB01-02		
		(1S1886)		
D2	Diode	SIB01-02		
_		(1S1886)		
D3	Zener diode	WZ-130		

Symbol	Desc	ription	Part No.	
R101	Carbon film	100k	RD%PS 104J	
R102	Carbon film	100k	RD%PS 104J	
R103	Carbon film	22k	RD%PS 223J	
R104	Carbon film	22k	RD¼PS 223J	
R105	Carbon film	560k	RD%PS 564J	
R106	Carbon film	560k	RD%PS 564J	
R107	Carbon film	47k	RD%PS 473J	
R108	Carbon film	47k	RD¼PS 473J	
R109	Carbon film	33k	RD%PS 333J	
R110	Carbon film	33k	RD%PS 333J	
R111	Carbon film	5.6k	RD%PS 562J	
R112	Carbon film	5.6k	RD¼PS 562J	
R113	Carbon film	33k	RD%PS 333J	
R114	Carbon film	33k	RD1/4PS 333J	
R115	Carbon film	4.7k	RD%PS 472J	
D110	Carbon film	4.71.	DD1/DC 4701	•
R116		4.7k	RD¼PS 472J	
R117	Carbon film	180k	RD¼PS 184J	
R118	Carbon film	180k	RD¼PS 184J	
R119	Carbon film	100	RD%PS 101J	
R120	Carbon film	100	RD%PS 101J	
R121	Carbon film	47k	RD%PS 473J	
R122	Carbon film	47k	RD%PS 473J	
R123	Carbon film	1.2k	RD%PS 122J	
R124	Carbon film	1.2k	RD%PS 122J	
R125	Carbon film	47k	RD%PS 473J	
R126	Carbon film	47k	RD%PS 473J	
R127	Carbon film	10k	RD%PS 103J	
R128	Carbon film	10k	RD%PS 103J	
R129	Carbon film	680	RD%PS 681J	
R130	Carbon film	680	RD%PS 681J	
R131	Carbon film	120	RD%PS 121J	
R132	Carbon film	120	RD¼PS 121J	
R133	Carbon film	100	RD%PS 101J	
R134	Carbon film	100	RD%PS 101J	
R135	Carbon film	1k	RD%PS 102J	
R136	Carbon film	1k	RD%PS 102J	
R137	Carbon film	150	RD¼PS 151J	
R138	Carbon film	270	RD¼PS 271J	
R139	Carbon film	1k	RD%PS 102J	
R140	Carbon film	1k	RD%PS 102J	
D1/11	Carbon film	3 31	DD1//DC 2221	
R141	Carbon film	3.3k	RD¼PS 332J	
R142	Carbon film	3.3k	RD¼PS 332J	
R143	Carbon film	3.3k	RD¼PS 332J	
R144	Carbon film	2.2k	RD¼PS 222J	
R145	Carbon film	2.2k	RD%PS 222J	

#### 11.4 SWITCH CIRCUIT-A ASSEMBLY (AWS-060-0)



#### Foil Side (AWS-060-0)



# Parts List of Switch Circuit-A Assembly (AWS-060-0)

#### CAPACITORS

Symbol	1	Description		Part No.	
C1	Mylar	0.018	50V	CQMA183K 50	
C2	Mylar	0.018	50V	CQMA183K 50	
C3	Mylar	0.018	50V	CQMA183K 50	
C4	Mylar	0.018	50V	CQMA183K 50	
C5	Mylar	0.018	50V	CQMA183K 50	
C6	Mylar	0.018	50V	CQMA183K 50	

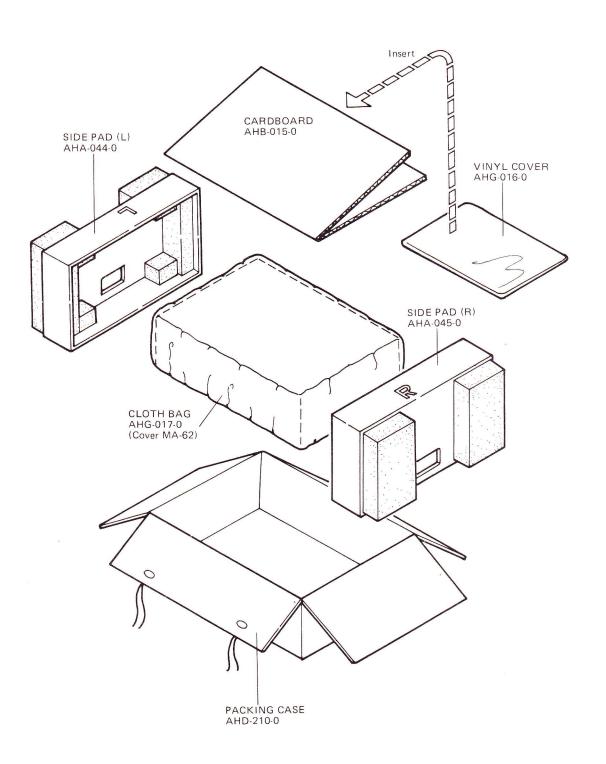
#### **RESISTORS**

Symbol	Description	Part No.	
R1	Carbon film 470	RD%PS 471J	
R2	Carbon film 4.7k	RD%PS 472J	
R3	Carbon film 470	RD%PS 471J	
R4	Carbon film 4.7k	RD%PS 472J	
R5	Carbon film 470	RD%PS 471J	
R6	Carbon film 4.7k	RD%PS 472J	
R7	Carbon film 470	RD%PS 471J	
R8	Carbon film 4.7k	RD%PS 472J	
R9	Carbon film 470	RD%PS 471J	
R10	Carbon film 4.7k	RD%PS 472J	
R11	Carbon film 470	RD%PS 471J	
R12	Carbon film 4.7k	RD%PS 472J	

#### **SWITCHES**

Symbol	Description	Part No.	
S1	Slide switch (INPUT)	ASH-010-0	
S2	Slide switch (INPUT)	ASH-010-0	
S3	Slide switch (INPUT)	ASH-009-0	
S4	Slide switch (INPUT)	ASH-009-0	
S5	Slide switch (INPUT)	ASH-009-0	
S6	Slide switch (INPUT)	ASH-009-0	
S7	Slide switch (MIC LOW-CUT)	ASH-009-0	
S8	Slide switch (MIC LOW-CUT)	ASH-009-0	
S9	Slide switch (MIC LOW-CUT)	ASH-009-0	
S10	Slide switch (MIC LOW-CUT)	ASH-009-0	
S11	Slide switch (MIC LOW-CUT)	ASH-009-0	
S12	Slide switch (MIC LOW-CUT)	ASH-009-0	
S13	Slide switch (MIC ATTENUATOR)	ASH-009-0	
S14	Slide switch (MIC ATTENUATOR)	ASH-009-0	
S15	Slide switch (MIC ATTENUATOR)	ASH-009-0	
010			
S16	Slide switch (MIC ATTENUATOR)	ASH-009-0	
S17	Slide switch (MIC ATTENUATOR)	ASH-009-0	
S18	Slide switch (MIC ATTENUATOR)	ASH-009-0	

# 12. PACKING METHOD AND PART NUMBERS



#### PIONEER ELECTRONIC CORPORATION

4-1, 1-Chome, Meguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 153, Japan

U.S. PIONEER ELECTRONICS CORPORATION

75 Oxford Drive, Moonachie, New Jersey 07074,U.S.A.

PIONEER ELECTRONIC (EUROPE) N.V.

Meir-Center Meir 21, 2000 Antwerp, Belgium

PIONEER ELECTRONICS AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD.

256-8 City Road, South Melbourne, Victoria 3205, Australia