

Service Manual

SX-3600 SX-720

() PIONEER

MODEL SX-3600 COMES IN THREE VERSIONS DISTINGUISHED AS FOLLOWS:

Туре	Voltage	Remarks
KU	120V only	U.S.A. model
s	110V, 120V, 220V, and 240V (Switchable)	General export model
кс	120V only	Canada model

• This service manual is applicable to the KU type. When repairing the S and KC type, please see the additional service manual (ART-538).

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1. SPECIFICATIONS

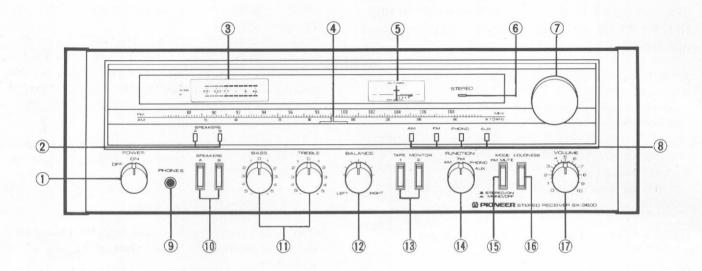
Amplifier Section	Distortion (at 65dBf)
Continuous power output of 30 watts* per channel, min., at 8 ohms from 20Hertz to 20,000 Hertz with no more than 0.05% total harmonic distortion.	MONO 100Hz 0.1% 1kHz 0.15% 6kHz 0.2% 1kHz 0.15% 6kHz 0.15% 6kHz 0.25%
Total Harmonic Distortion (20 Hertz to 20,000 Hertz, 8 ohms, from AUX) continuous rated power output No more than 0.05% 15 watts per channel power output	Capture ratio . 1.0dB Alternate Channel Selectivity $400kHz$. $60dB$ Stereo Separation $1kHz$. $40dB$ $30Hz$ to $15kHz$. $35dB$ Frequency Response
Output TAPE REC 1, 2	AM Tuner Section Sensitivity (IHF, Ferrite Antenna) . $300\mu\text{V/m}$
FM Tuner Section	Model for 0.5 8 2kg (18lb 107)

^{*}Measured pursuant to the Federal Trade commission's Trade Regulation rule on Power Output Claims for Amplifiers.

NOTE:

Specifications and the design subject to possible modifications without notice due to improvements.

2. FRONT PANEL FACILITIES



1 POWER SWITCH

Set this switch to ON to supply power to the receiver.

② SPEAKER INDICATORS

These lamps light according to the depressed speaker switch.

(3) POWER METER

This meter allows you to read out the rated power level on the fluorescent display tube when speakers with a nominal impedance of 8 ohms are connected to the speaker terminals.

4 DIAL POINTER

This pointer indicates the broadcasting stations.

(5) AM/FM TUNING METER

When an AM program is received, the meter functions as a signal meter. Adjust the tuning knob so that the pointer deflects as far to the right as possible.

When an FM program is received, the meter functions as a tuning meter. Adjust the tuning knob so that the pointer is positioned in the center.

6 FM STEREO INDICATOR

This indicator lights up when receiving an FM stereo program.

(7) TUNING KNOB

Use this knob to select the station. Observe the AM/FM tuning meter, and set the tuning knob to the optimum tuning point when aligning the target broadcast station.

8 FUNCTION INDICATORS

These lamps indicate the position of the function selector.

9 HEADPHONE JACK

Plug the headphones into this jack when you want to listen through your stereo headphones.

Release both speaker switches if you want to listen to the sound through your headphones only.

10 SPEAKER SWITCHES

Depress the switch corresponding to the speakers connected to the SPEAKERS terminals (A or B) on the rear panel.

You can depress both of these buttons to listen to the sound from two pairs of speaker systems at the same time.

(1) BASS AND TREBLE CONTROLS

Use these controls to adjust the bass and the treble. If you turn the bass control to the right from its center (0) position, you will be able to emphasize the sound in the low-frequency range. Conversely, turning this control to the left from the center (0) position will attenuate the sound. You can use the treble control to adjust the sound in the high-frequency range.

12 BALANCE CONTROL

Use this control to balance the volume of the left and right channels. First, however, set the mode/FM muting switch to MONO/OFF. If the sound appears to be louder on the right, it means that the volume of the right channel is higher. Turn the balance control to the left and adjust. Conversely, if the sound appears to be louder on the left, it means that the volume of the left channel is higher. Therefore, turn the balance control to the right and adjust. After adjusting, return the mode/FM muting switch to STEREO/ON.

13 TAPE MONITOR SWITCHES

Depress the switch 1 with a tape deck which is connected to the TAPE 1 jacks (REC and PLAY) when you want to monitor the playback or recording of a tape. The tape on a deck which is connected to the TAPE 2 jacks (REC and PLAY) can be similarly monitored by depressing the switch 2.

NOTE:

Set these switches to the released (OFF) position when you listening to records or a broadcasting.

14 FUNCTION SELECTOR

Use this selector to select the program source.

AM: Set here when receiving an AM broadcast.

FM: Set here when receiving an FM broadcast.

PHONO: Set here when playing records on a turntable

connected to the PHONO jacks.

AUX: Set here when listening to a program source

which is connected to the AUX jacks.

15 MODE/FM MUTING SWITCH

This switch is a combination of the FM muting switch and the mode selector switch. When the switch is left undepressed (STEREO/ON) the reproduction is in stereo mode, while the FM muting function acts to suppress unpleasant interstation noise while listening to FM broadcasting.

When the switch is depressed (MONO/OFF position), however, reproduction is in mono mode, while the FM muting function does not act, thus enabling suitable reception of weak radio stations when tuning in to the FM broadcasting station.

NOTE:

Recording stereophonically with the mode/FM muting switch in the MONO/OFF position may cause deterioration in channel separation.

16 LOUDNESS SWITCH

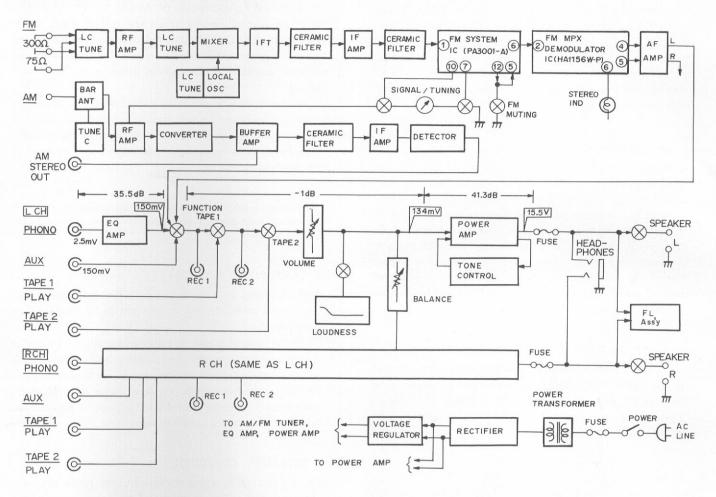
When listening to a performance with the volume control turned down, depress this switch and the bass will be accentuated.

When the volume is low, the human ear finds it harder to hear the bass than when the volume is high. The loudness switch is thus designed to compensate for this deficiency. By depressing this switch, the bass come through much more strongly and the sound takes on a punch even when the volume control is turned down.

(17) VOLUME CONTROL

Use this control to adjust the output level to the speakers and headphones. Turn it clockwise to increase the output level. No sound will be heard if you set it to "0".

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



4. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS

AM Tuner

The AM tuner stage employs a 2-ganged tuning capacitor, a single-element ceramic filter, an NPN transistor RF amplifier, a PNP transistor mixer (converter), an NPN transistor buffer amplifier, and an NPN transistor IF amplifier.

FM Tuner

The FM front end is comprised of a J-FET (2SK168) single-stage RF amplifier, an NPN transistor mixer, and an NPN transistor modified Clapp type local oscillator.

The IF stage consists of two dual-element ceramic filters, and an IF system IC (PA3001-A) which incorporates the IF limiter amplifier, FM detector, and the FM muting circuit.

The stereo decoder stage employs an FM stereo demodulator IC (HA1156W-P), while the pilot signal leak (19kHz) and sub-carrier signal (frequencies above 23kHz) are removed by an 18dB/

oct. active filter consisting of a PNP transistor. This active filter also serves as an amplifier for frequencies within its passband, and eliminates crosstalk.

Equalizer Amplifier

The equalizer amplifier is collector-to emitter feed back type 2-stage direct-coupled amplifier, designed with an gain of 35.5dB (at 1kHz), a overload level of 140mV (at 1kHz, THD 0.1%), and equalizer deviation of ±0.3dB (30Hz—15kHz).

Power Amplifier

This all-stage direct-coupled pure complementary SEPP circuit features a current mirror load differential amplifier in the first stage, and incorporates the tone control circuits in the NFB loop.

Although the incorporation of the tone control circuits in the power amplifier stage reduces the

number of elements that the signal has to pass through, and thereby further reduces noise, distortion, and cost, the power stage does require a higher gain and a higher degree of stability. In the SX-3600, this high gain and high stability are achieved by a differential amplifier in the first stage and by the use of a bootstrap circuit for the load of the pre-driver stage.

The power stage is a complementary 2-stage Darlington connection, resulting in an output power rating of 30W + 30W (8Ω , 20Hz-20kHz), harmonic distortion of less than 0.05%.

Indicator Circuit

The SX-3600 output power indicators feature fluorescent indicator tube (FL tube). In this tube, thermionic emissions from the cathode are accelerated into the fluorescent substance of the segmental anodes, resulting in the emission of light. This tube is used to indicate numerals, letters, and other symbols.

An outline of the FL tube drive circuit is shown in Fig. 4-1. The output circuit signal is applied to pin no.6 (4) of the IC (TA7318P-A). The IC contains a detector circuit, compressor (40dB), and peak hold circuit for both left and right channels. The dynamic range of the signal is thus contracted by 40dB to obtain a "peak held" DC voltage.

The output power indicator segments of the FL tube are driven by the HA12010 ICs (one for each channel) equipped with 12 pairs of differential amplifiers. These amplifiers are biased at increasing levels, so each amplifier will commence to operate separately as the input level increases. And since these amplifiers apply the voltages to the output power indicator segments, each successive segment will light up in turn as the input level rises.

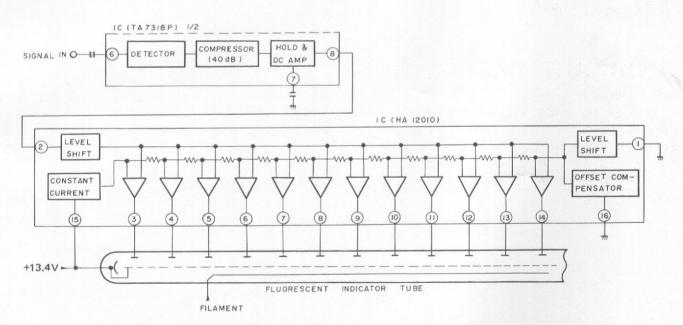


Fig. 4-1 Power indicator circuit

5. DISASSEMBLY

Side Board

Remove the two screws
on each side board.

Top Plate

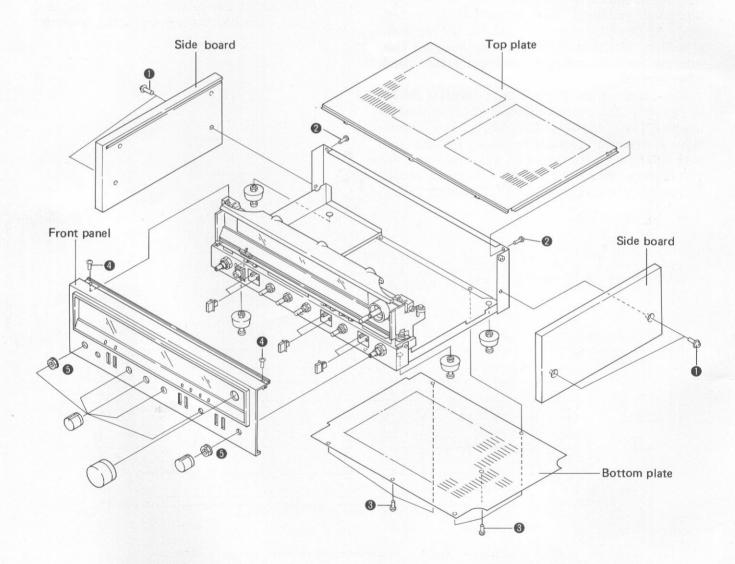
Remove the two screws 2 from the rear panel.

Bottom Plate

Remove the six screws 3 to detach the bottom plate.

Front Panel

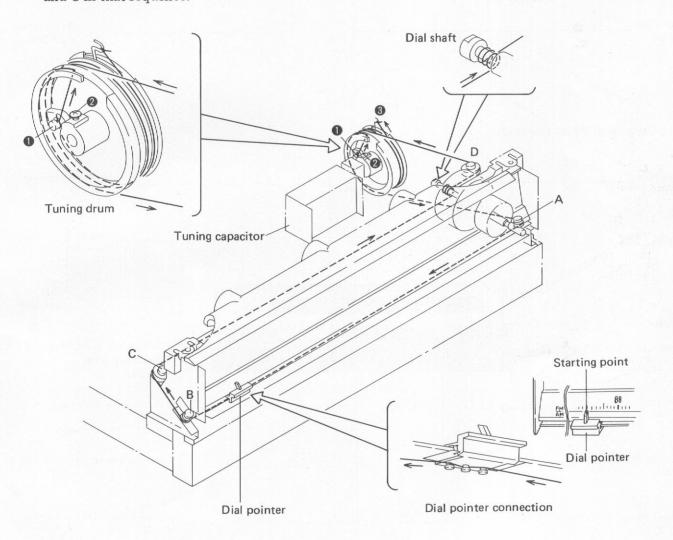
Remove the all control knobs. Remove the two screws **3** and two nuts **5** from the front panel.



6. DIAL CORD STRINGING

- 1. Remove the side board, top plate and front panel as described in the "Disassembly" section on page 8.
- 2. Remove the tuning drum from the shaft of the tuning capacitor.
- 3. Tie one end of the cord to the stud 1 located inside the tuning drum.
- 4. Rotate the tuning capacitor right around until the rotor blades are fully intermeshed.
- 5. Secure the tuning drum back onto the tuning capacitor shaft, making sure that the securing screw 2 faces directly upward.
- 6. Pass the cord out through the small opening in the circumference of the tuning drum (see diagram), and then take it over pulleys A,B and C in that sequence.

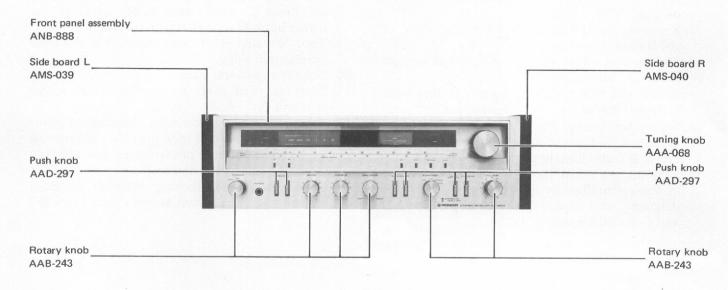
- 7. Wind the cord around the dial shaft 3 times.
- 8. Pass it over pulley D, wind it around the tuning drum 2 times, and finally tie it to the spring hook 3 so that it is tensioned.
- 9. Turn the dial shaft, and check that the cord moves smoothly.
- 10. Cut off any excess cord.
- 11. Turn the dial shaft counter-clockwise as far as it will go.
- 12. Align the dial pointer with the starting point of the dial scale, and then pass the cord over it.
- 13. Check that the dial pointer is in line with the starting point of the dial scale.
- 14. Finally apply the locking paint to the cord securing positions (stud 1) and spring hook 3).



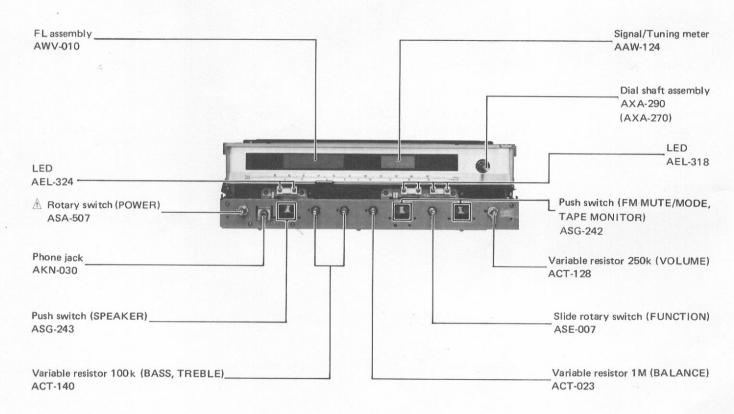
7. PARTS LOCATION

Front Panel View

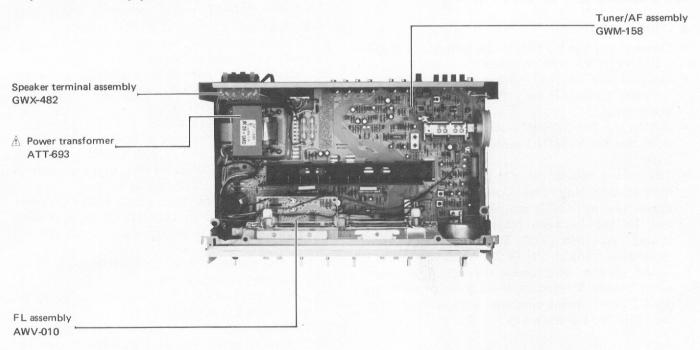
 The A mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.



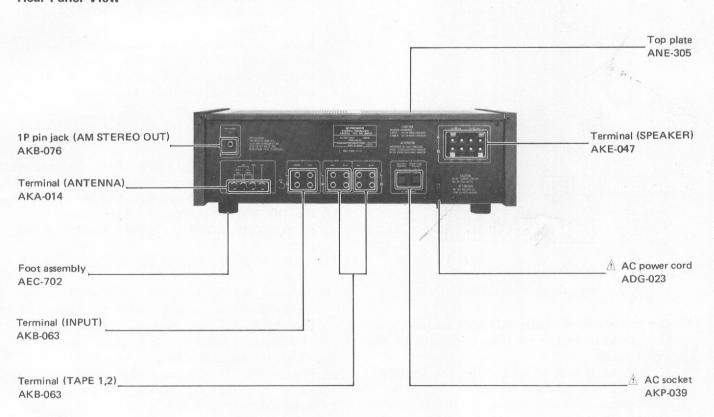
Front View with Panel Removed



Top View with Top plate Removed



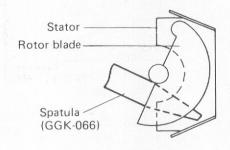
Rear Panel View



8. ADJUSTMENTS

8.1 FM TUNER

- Connect the FM SG (FM signal generator) to the FM ANTENNA 300Ω terminal.
- Connect the SIGNAL meter or DC voltmeter between Tuner/AF ass'y PA3001-A No. 13 pin and ground.
- Switch the FUNCTION selector to the FM position, the FM MUTING switch to the OFF position.
- The tuning coil in the FM front end does not have an adjusting core. Consequently, tracking adjustment at 90MHz are performed by regulating the gap between rotor and stator of the tuning capacitors (VC1, VC2, and VC3). The expression "adjust VC (VC1, VC2, and VC3)" found in the text means that the two outer rotor blades of each of these tuning capacitors are to be extended outwards with spatula (Part No GGK-066) as shown in Fig. 8-1.



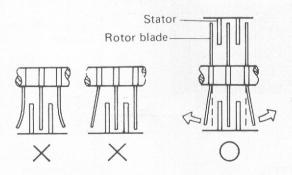


Fig. 8-1 Adjustment of tuning capacitor

- 1. Set the SX-3600 dial point to a frequency in the 106MHz region so that there will be no input signal.
- 2. Rotate the N core of T2 to bring the TUNING meter indicator to dead center.
- 3. Next tune more accurately to 106MHz, and set the FM SG output to 106MHz, 60 to 80dB (modulation-400Hz, ±75kHz deviation).

- 4. Adjust the TC3 to obtain maximum deflection of the SIGNAL meter indicator, and a dead center reading in the TUNING meter.
- 5. Then tune the dial pointer to 90MHz, and set the FM SG output frequency to 90MHz.
- 6. Adjust the VC3 to obtain maximum deflection in the SIGNAL meter, and a dead center reading in the TUNING meter.
- 7. Repeat steps 3 to 6 above.
- 8. Reset the FM SG output level to $20-30 \, \mathrm{dB}$, and adjust TC1 and TC2 at $106 \, \mathrm{MHz}$, and VC1 and VC2 at $90 \, \mathrm{MHz}$ in the same manner as described above in steps 3 to 7.
 - These adjustments will ensure optimum sensitivity in the 90 to 106MHz range, and minimum difference in sensitivity between the two extreme frequencies.
- 9. Set the FM SG output to 98MHz and tune the SX-3600 to this position.
- 10. Adjust the core of T1 to obtain maximum deflection in the SIGNAL meter.
- 11. Retune to a position with no input signal.
- 12. Rotate the N core of T2 again to set the TUNING meter indicator to dead center.
- 13. Set the FM SG output to 98MHz and 66dB, and tune the SX-3600 to this position.
- 14. Then rotate the D core of T2 to reduce distortion in the demodulator output (REC terminal) to a minimum.
- 15. Repeat steps 11 to 14 above until both specifications (center TUNING meter reading in the absence of input signal, and minimum distortion in demodulator output) are satisfactorily met.

Multiplex Decoder

- Connect the MPX SG (FM multiplex generator) to the FM SG external modulator terminal.
- Set the FM MUTING switch to the ON position.
- 16. Set the FM SG output to 98MHz and 66dB (unmodulated), and tune the SX-3600 to this position.
- 17. Adjust VR5 to obtain a 19kHz signal at terminal T.P.
- 18. Then set the FM SG output level to 85dB, and the modulation mode to external. Then with the MPX SG, set Main to 1kHz, L+R to ±67.5kHz deviation, and pilot signal to ±7.5kHz deviation.
- 19. Rotate the T1 core around by up to 90° in either direction to reduce the demodulator output distortion to a minimum.

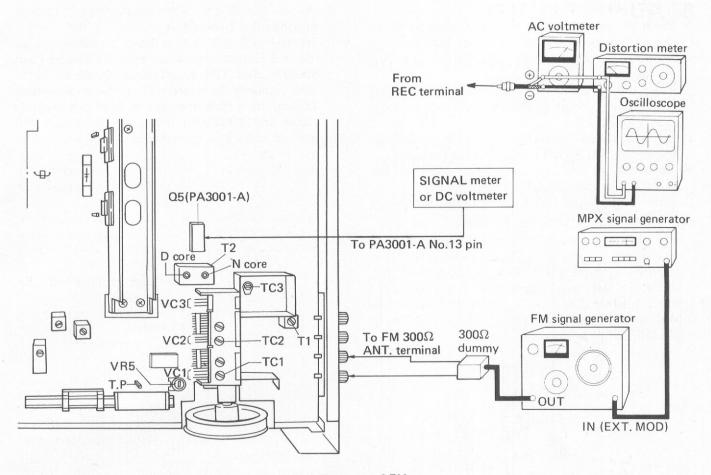


Fig. 8-2 Adjustment of FM tuner

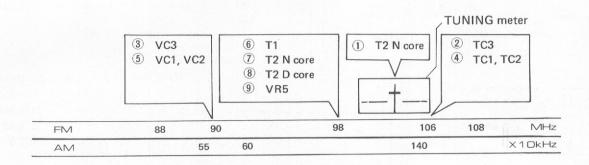


Fig. 8-3 Procedure and adjustment points

8.2 AM TUNER

- Connect the AM SG (AM signal generator) to the AM antenna terminal via a $1k\Omega$ resistor.
- Switch the FUNCTION selector to the AM position.
- 1. Tune the SX-3600 dial pointer to 600kHz, and the AM SG output to 600kHz, 100dB (modulation 400Hz, 30%).
- 2. Adjust core of T4 to obtain maximum deflection of the SIGNAL/TUNING meter indicator.
- 3. Then tune to 1,400kHz, and also set the AM SG output frequency to 1,400kHz.
- 4. This time adjust TC5 to obtain maximum SIGNAL/TUNING meter indicator.

- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 above.
- 6. Set the AM SG output level to 30dB, adjust the coil along the bar-antenna and T4 and T5 at 600kHz, and TC4 and TC5 at 1,400kHz, in the same manner as described in the above steps. This is the adjustment for optimum sensitivity across the frequency band, and minimum difference in sensitivity at different frequencies.

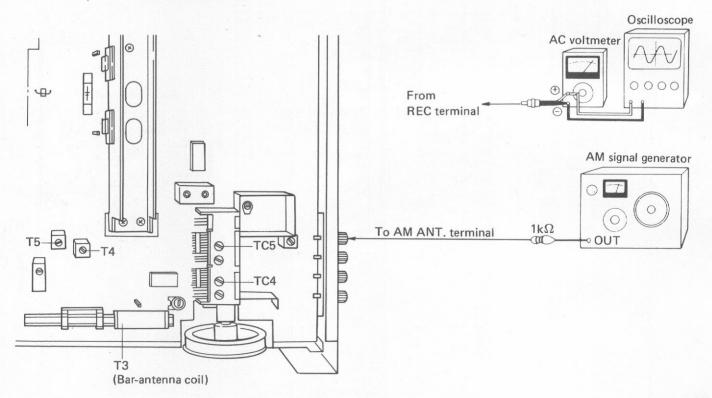


Fig. 8-4 Adjustment of AM tuner

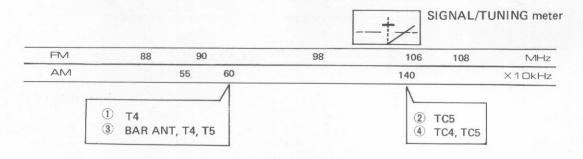


Fig. 8-5 Procedure and adjustment points

8.3 POWER AMPLIFIER

Idle Current Adjustment

- 1. Turn the VOLUME control down to minimum level, turn the power on, and wait about 10 minutes.
- 2. Connect a DC voltmeter to the TP terminals (L ch; T1 \oplus and T2 \ominus , R ch; T3 \oplus and T4 \ominus) of the GWM-158.
- 3. Check that the voltage between T1 and T2 (L ch) lies within the DC 10mV-100mV range. Then make a similar check for the R ch (between T3 and T4). If the voltage is less then 10mV, cut jumper A (L ch), and jumper B (R ch). If the voltage exceeds 100mV, check for circuit failure.

Output Indicator Adjustment

- 1. Set the tone control to the flat position.
- 2. Set the SPEAKERS selector to the A position, and connect an 8Ω resistor and AC voltmeter to the SPEAKERS A terminals.
- 3. Set the FUNCTION switch to the AUX position, and apply a 1kHz, 150mV signal to the AUX input terminals.
- 4. Adjust the VOLUME control so that the voltage reads 12.6V (20W/AC).
- 5. Adjust the VR1 (L ch) and VR2 (R ch) of the FL Ass'y to the point where the 40W segment of the FL meter goes out.

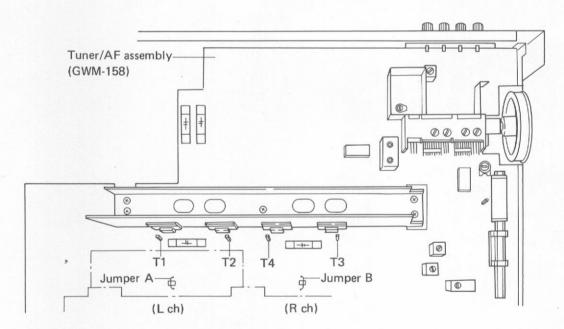


Fig. 8-6 Idle current adjustment

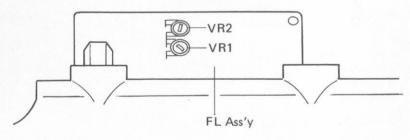
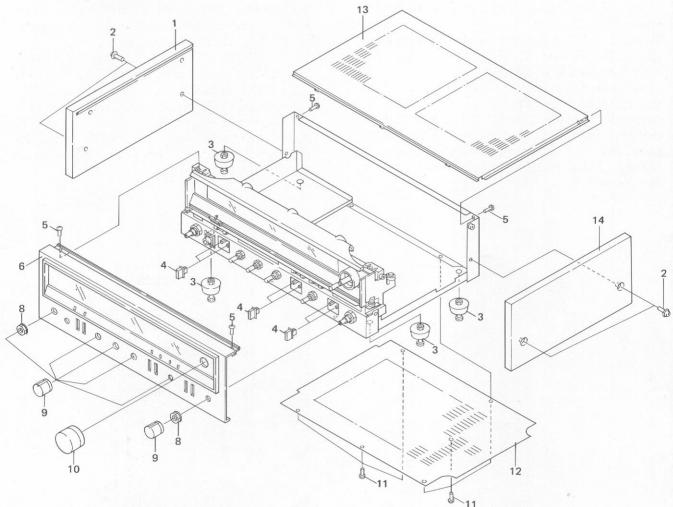


Fig. 8-7 Output indicator adjustment

9. EXPLODED VIEW

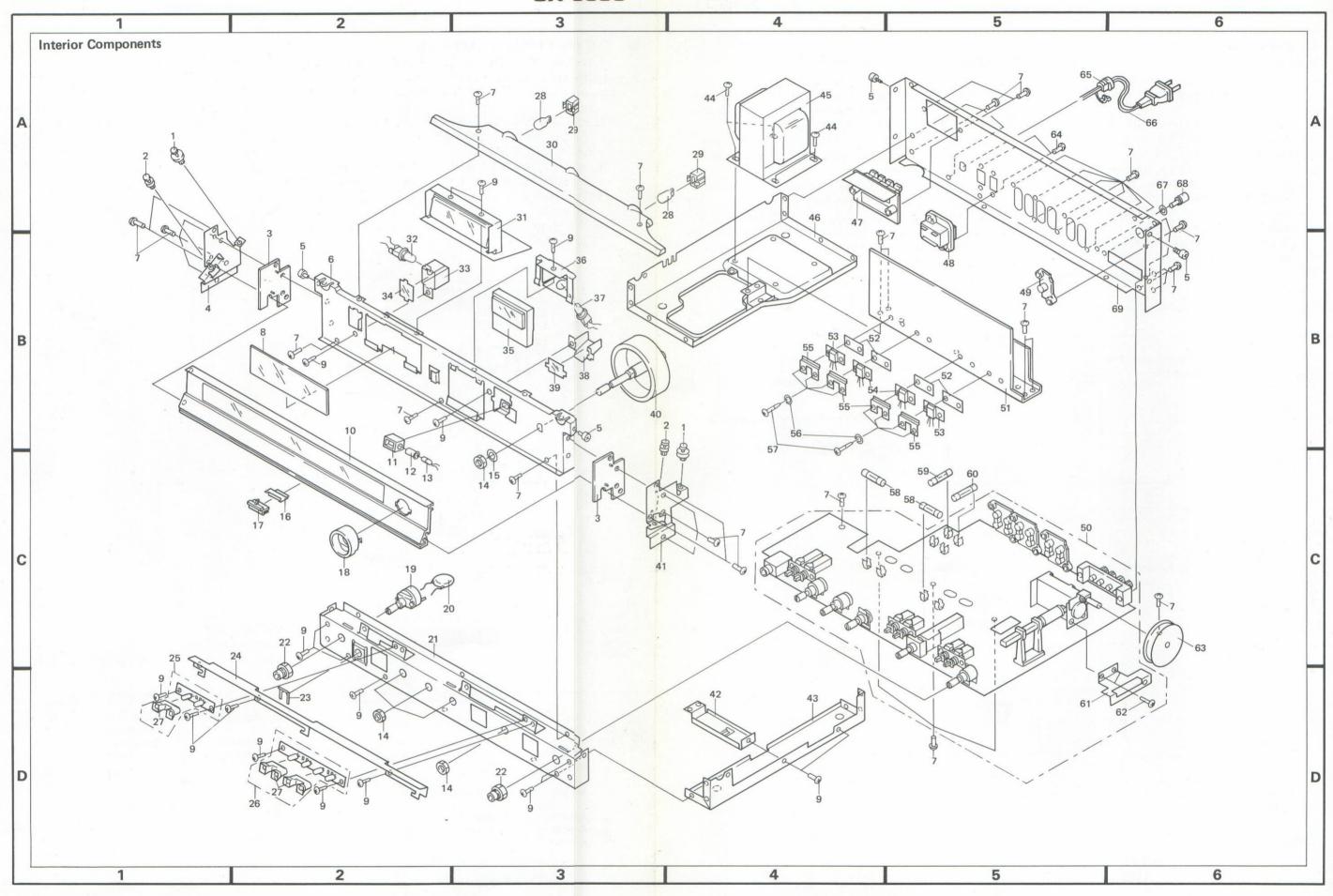
Exterior Components



Parts List

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
 The ★ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.

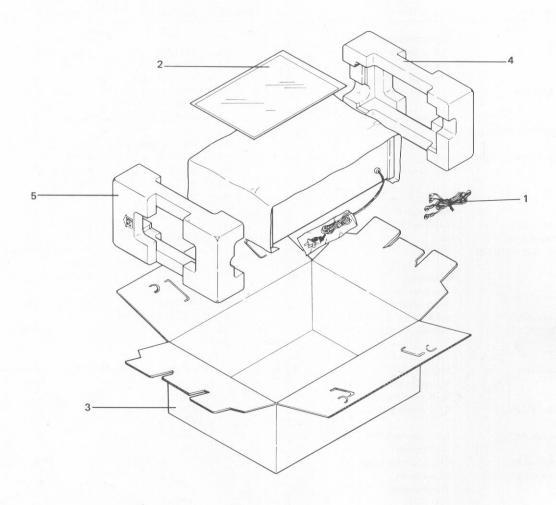
Key No.	Part No.	Description	Key No.	Part No.	Description
1.	AMS-039	Side board L	11.	VBZ30P060FMC	Screw
2.	DCZ40P150FZK	Screw	12.		Bottom plate
3.	AEC-702	Foot assembly	13.	ANE-305	Top plate
4.	AAD-297	Push knob	14.	AMS-040	Side board R
5.	BBT30P080FZK	Screw			
6.	ANB-888	Front panel assembly			
7.					
8.	ABN-024	Nut M9			
9.	AAB-243	Rotary knob			
10.	AAA-068	Tuning knob			



Parts List

Key No.	Part No.	Description	Key No.	Part No.	Description
1.		Pulley assembly	51.		Heat sink
2.		Pulley assembly (small)	52.	AEC-288	Mica wafer
3.		Side plate	53.	*2SD883A-Q	Transistor
4.		Dial scale holder L		(2SD883A-R)	
5.	ABA-204	Screw (3 × 6)	54.	*2SB773A-Q	Transistor
5.	ABA-204	0010W (0 X 0)	0	(2SB773A-R)	
6.		Dial stay	55.	AKH-008	Spacer
7.	BBT30P080FZK	Screw			
	BB130F0601 ZIX	Acrylic plate	56.	WS35F065M100	Washer
8.	VP300000EM0		57.	ABA-187	Screw
9.	VBZ30P060FMC	Screw	1 58.	AEK109	Fuse (6A)
10.		Dial panel assembly	<u>∧</u> 59.	AEK-101	Fuse (3A)
11.		Rubber B	<u>^</u> 60.	AEK-100	Fuse (4A)
12.		Lamp cap C			
13.	AEL-075	Lamp with wire (8V, 50mA)	61.		Holder
14.	NK90FUC	Nut	62.	PMZ30P040FMC	Screw
15.	WA92F140U100	Washer	63.		Tuning drum assembly
			64.	MTZ30P100FZK	Screw
16.		Smoother	65.	AEC-327	Strain relief
17.		Dial pointer			
18.		Shaft holder	№ 66.	ADG-023	AC power cord
A 19.	ASA-507	Rotary switch (S 101)	67.	WA35F100N080	Washer
<u>^</u> 20.	ACG-017	Ceramic capacitor (0.01/125V)	68.		Ground terminal
Zo.	7.00 017		69.		Rear panel
21.		Front frame			
22.	ABN-047	Union unit	*	hfe of 2SD883A and	2SB773A should have of same value.
23.	ADITION	Mounting plate			
24.		Masking plate			
25.	GWX-484	LED assemly (B)			
25.	GVVX-404	LED assemily (b)			
20	CWV 400	LED assembly (A)			
26.	GWX-483	LED assembly (A)			
27.	4 EL 000				
28.	AEL-029	Lamp (wedge type)			
29.	AKK-005	Lamp socket			
30.		Acrylic board			
31.	AWV-010	FL assembly			
32.	AEL-119	Wedge lamp assembly (8V, 300mA)			
33.		Lamp holder			
34.		PC plate B			
35.	AAW-124	Signal/Tuning meter			
36.		Meter holder			
37.	AEL-119	Wedge lamp assembly (8V, 300mA)			
38.		Lighting plate			
39.		PC plate A			
40.	AXA-290	Dial shaft assembly			
	(AXA-270)				
41.		Dial scale holder R			
42,		Heat sink holder			
43.		Right frame			
44.	WTZ40P080FMC	Screw			
↑ 45.	ATT-693	Power transformer			
△ 45.	A11-000	. Owel flausionnet			
46.		Transformer frame			
	CMV 492				
47.	GWX-482	SP terminal assembly			
1 48.	AKP-039	AC socket			
49.	AKB-076	1P pin jack			
50.	GWM-158	Tuner/AF assembly			

10. PACKING

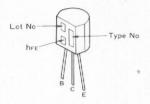


1. A	DH-004	T-type FM antenna
2. A	RB-361	Operating instructions
3. A	HD-768	Packing case
4. A	HA-197	Side pad L
5. A	HA-198	Side pad R

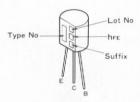
11. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM, P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM AND PARTS LIST

External Appearance of Transistors and ICs

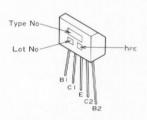
2SA 726S



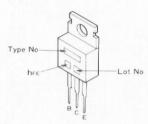
2SC945A 2SC1775A



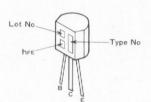
2SA798



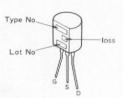
2SCD313 2SD880



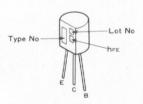
2SA850 2SC1735



2SK168



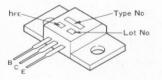
2SA750



TA7318P-A



2SB773A 2SD883A

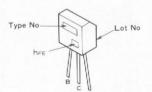


HA12010 PA3001-A



2SC461

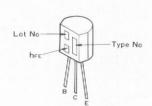


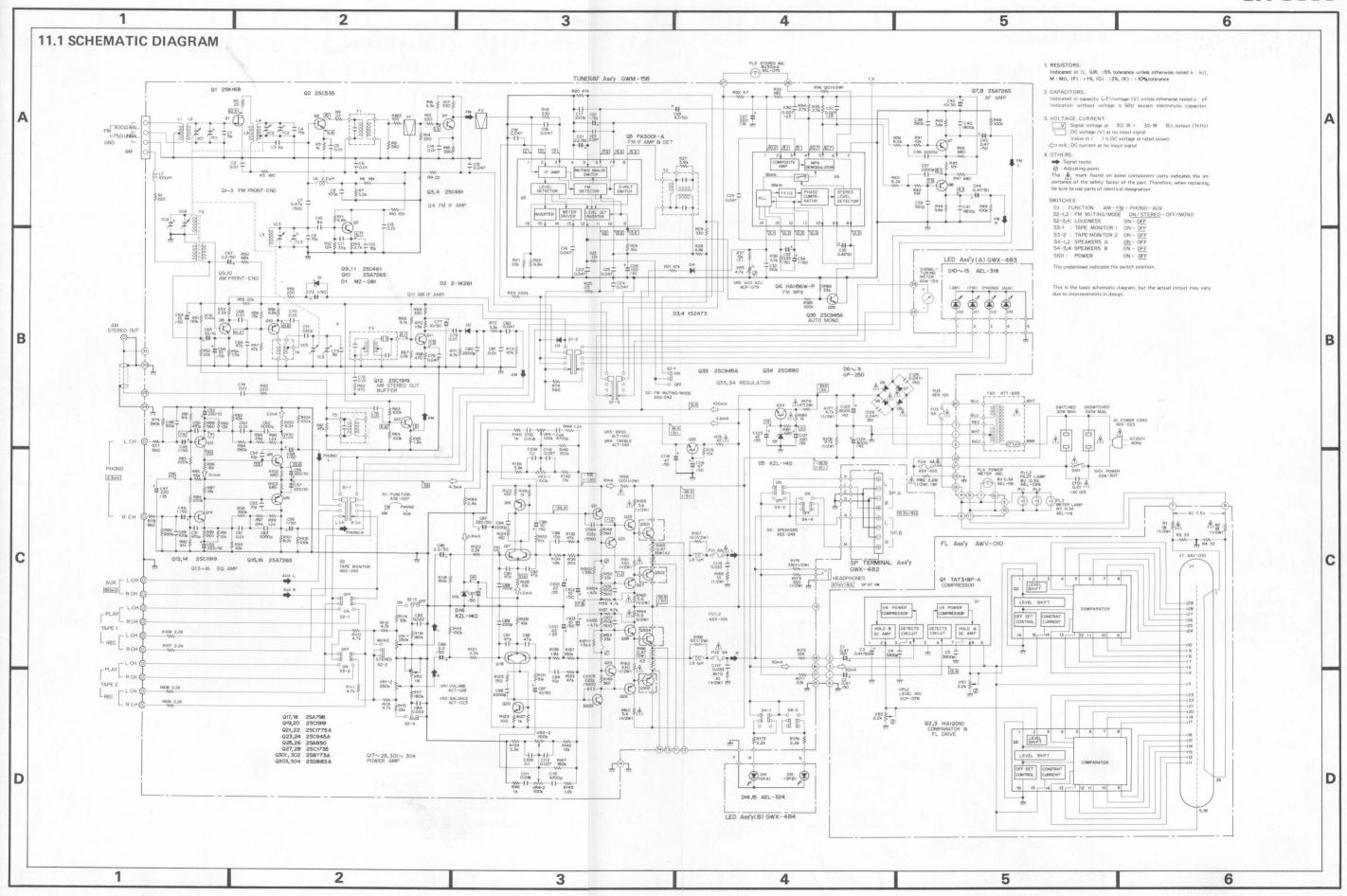


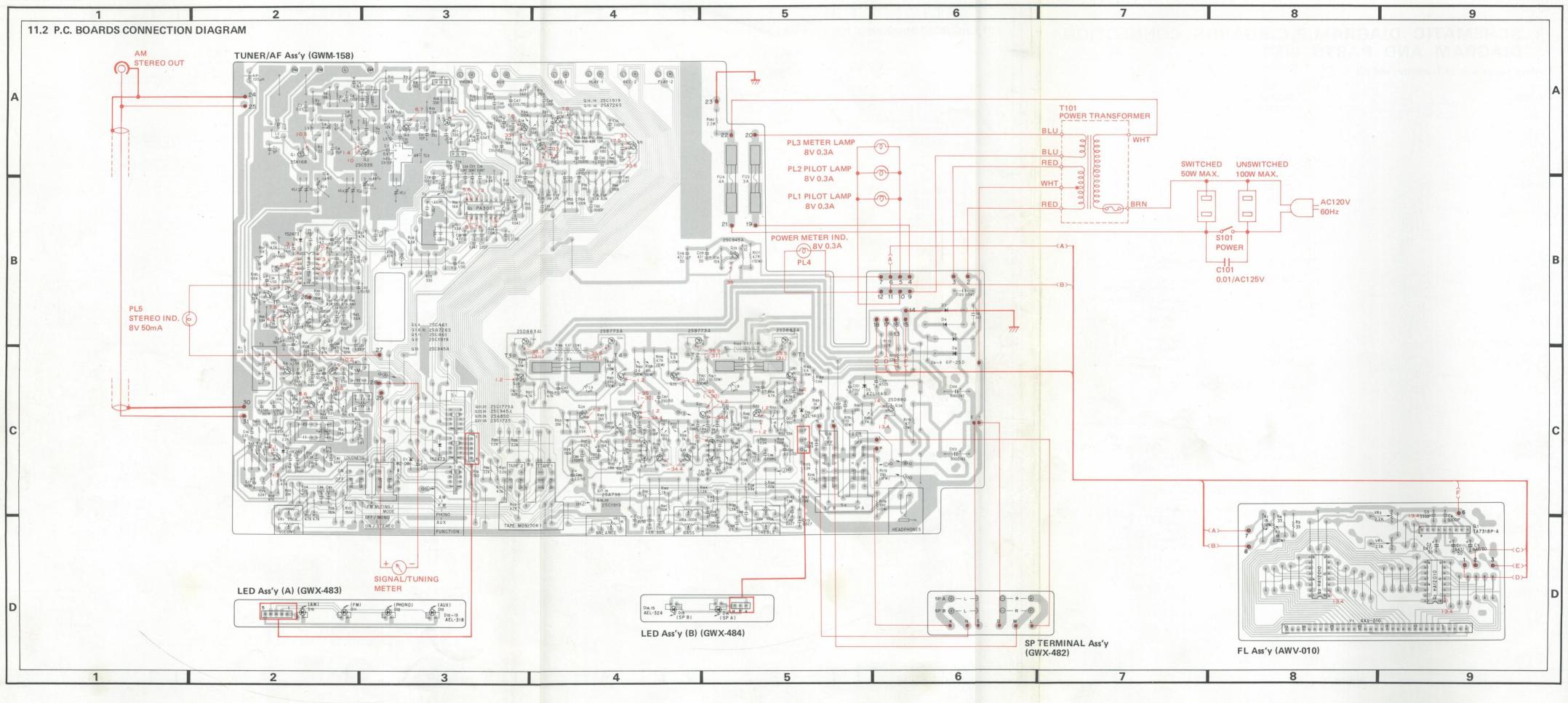
HA1156W-P



2SC1919







11.3 PARTS LIST

NOTES:

• When ordering resistors, first convert resistance values into code form as shown in the following examples.

Ex. 1 When there are 2 effective digits (any digit apart from 0), such as 560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J = 5%, and K = 10%).

Ex. 2 When there are 3 effective digits (such as in high precision metal film resistors).

 $5.62k\Omega$ $562 \times 10^{\circ}$ $5621 \dots RN4SR$ 5621 F

• The A mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.

Miscellanneous Parts SEMICONDUCTORS

Part No.	Symbol & Description	
2SB773A-Q (2SB773A-R)	Q301, Q302	
2SD883A-Q (2SD883A-R)	Q303, Q304	

*hfe of Q301-Q304 should have of same value.

FUSES

Part No.	Symbol & D	Symbol & Description		
⚠ AEK-109	FU1, FU2	6A		
⚠ AEK-101	FU3	3A		
⚠ AEK-100	FU4	4A		
LAMPS				
Part No.	Symbol & E	Description		
AEL-029	PL1, PL2	Lamp (wedge type)		
AEL-119	PL3, PL4	Wedge lamp assembly		
AEL-075	PL5	Lamp with wire		

P.C. BOARD ASSEMBLES

Symbol & Description
Tuner/AF assembly
SP terminal assembly
LED assembly (A)
LED assembly (B)
FL assembly

OTHERS

Part No.	Symbol 8	Symbol & Description		
⚠ ATT-693	T101	Power transformer		
⚠ ASK-507	S101	Rotary switch (POWER)		
⚠ ACG-017	C101	Ceramic capacitor (0.01/125V)		
⚠ AKP-039		AC socket		
AKK-005		Lamp socket		
↑ ADG-023		AC power cord		
AKB-076		1 P pin jack		
AAW-124		Signal/Tuning meter		

Tuner/AF Assembly (GWM-158) SWITCHES

Part No.	Symbol	& Description
ASE-007	S1	Slide rotary (FUNCTION)
ASG-242	\$2,\$3	Push (FM MUTE/MODE, TAPE MONITOR)
ASG-243	S4	Push (SPEAKER)

COILS AND TRANSFORMERS

Part No.	Symbol & Description		
ATE-008	T1	FM matching transformer	
ATE-043	T2	FM detector transformer	
ATB-622	T3	Bar antenna assembly	
ATB-066	T4	AM oscilator transformer	
ATB-069	T5	AM IF coil	
ATF-053	F1,F2	FM ceramic filter	
ATF-084	F3	AM ceramic filter	
T24-028	L6	RF choke coil	

CA		

Part No.	Symbol	& Description
ACK-012 ACM-006	VC1 TC3	Variable capacitor Ceramic trimmer
CCDUJ 090D 50 ACG-009 ACH-224 CEANL R33M 50 CEANL R47M 50	C123,C1 C33	26 Ceramic 0.047/150V 24 Electrolytic 8000/42V
CEANL 010M 50 CEANL 2R2M 50 CEANL 100M 50 CEA 100M 50L CEA R47M 50L	C34, C4 C85, C8 C96, C9 C42 C43, C4	7
CEA 010M 50L CEA 2R2M 50L CEA 4R7M 50L CEA 100M 50L CEA 220M 25L	C20, C75 C21, C6 C28 C64, C66 C100, C	7 3, C77, C102, C103
CEA 330M 16L CEA 470M 25L CEA 470M 50L CEA 101M 10L CEA 221M 10L	C65 C120 C118, C C26 C52, C53	119 3, C56, C57
CEA 221M 16L CEA 221M 35L CEA 331M 50L CGB R47K 500 CQMA 302J 50	C27 C47, C12 C87 C7 C62, C63	
CQSH 331K 50 CQSH 511J 50 CQMA 103J 50 CQMA 183K 50 CQMA 104K 50	C71 C32 C60, C61 C110, C1 C108, C1	11
CQMA 273K 50 CQMA 333K 50 CCDUJ 150J 50 CCDSL 060D 50 CCDRH 150J 50	C112, C1 C116, C1 C4 C3 C9	
CCDCH 080D 50 CCDCH 150J 50 CCDCH 330J 50 CCDSL 101J 50 CCDSL 221J 50	C10 C12 C11 C8, C48, C17, C88	
CCDSL 100D 50 A CCDSL 101K 500 CCDSL 470J 50 CCDXL 080D 50 A CCDSL 220K 500	C54, C55 C106, C1 C69, C90 C73 C104, C1	-C93
CKDYB 472K 50 CKDYF 223Z 50 CKDYX 273M 25 CKDYB 561K 50 CKDYB 182K 50	C114, C1 C83, C84 C30, C31 C38, C39 C40, C41	

Part No.	Symbol &	Description
CKDYB 222K 50		C80, C94, C95
CKDYB 471K 50	C50, C51	
CKDYF 103Z 50	C2, C5, C C78,C81	6, C13, C14, C68, C70, C74—C76,
CKDYF 473Z 50	C15, C16, C79, C82	C18, C19, C22, C23-C25, C29,
	resista	ordering resistors, convert the nce value into code form, and
RESISTORS	then re	ewrite the part no. as before.
Part No.	Symbol &	Description
ACT-128	VR1	Variable 250k (VOLUME)
ACT-023	VR2	Variable 1M (BALANCE)
ACT-140	VR3,VR4	Variable 100k (BASS, TREBLE)
ACP-079	VR5	Semi-fixed
ACN-114	R165,R166	6 Wire wound
ACN-029	R182	Carbon compositions
RD1/4PM□□□J	R85-R157	R31—R35, R38—R74, R76—R80, 7, R171, R172, R175, R176, I3, R185, R186
RD1/2PS□□□J ♠RD1/4PMF□□□J	R36, R167 R75,R180	–R170, R173,R174, R177,R178

RD1/4PM□□□JNL R81-R84

RN1/4PQ 0 0 0 F R37

A RD1/2PSF□□□J R158-R164

R179

SEMICONDUCTORS

⚠ RS2P□□□J

Part No.	Symbol & Description	10.434
2SK168	Q1	
2SC535	Q2	
2SC461	Q3, Q4, Q9, Q11	
2SA726S	Q7, Q8, Q10, Q15, Q16	
(2SA750)		
2SC1919	Q12-Q14, Q19, Q20	
2SA798	Q17, Q18	
2SC1775A	Q21, Q22	
2SC945A	Q23, Q24, Q33, Q35	
2SA850-D	Q25, Q26	
(2SA850-C)		
2SC1735-D (2SC1735-C)	Q27, Q28	
2SD880	034	
(2SD313)		
	228 should have of same value.	
PA3001-A	Q5	
HA1156W-P	Q6	

	Symbol & Description
MZ-081	D1
2-1 K261	D2
1S2473	D3, D4
(1S2076)	
⚠ GP-25D	D6-D9
KZL-140	D5, D16
OTHERS	
Part No.	Symbol & Description
PMZ30P040FMC	Screw
TERMINALS	
Part No.	Symbol & Description
AKN-030	Phone jack
AKA-014	Terminal (ANTENNA)
AKB-063	Terminal (L type 4P)
LED Assembly (A) (GWX-483)
LED Assembly (A	A) (GWX-483) Symbol & Description
Part No.	Symbol & Description D10-D13 LED
Part No. AEL-318	Symbol & Description D10-D13 LED
Part No. AEL-318 LED Assembly (Symbol & Description D10-D13 LED B) (GWX-484)
Part No. AEL-318 LED Assembly (Part No. AEL-324	Symbol & Description D10-D13 LED B) (GWX-484) Symbol & Description

Terminal (SPEAKERS)

AKE-047

FL Assembly (AWV-010) **CAPACITORS**

Part No.

CEA R47M 50L	C1, C2, C3
CKDYF 332Z 50	C4, C5
Not	te: When ordering resistors, convert the resistance value into code form, and
RESISTORS	then rewrite the part no. as before.
Part No.	Symbol & Description
ACP-078	VR1, VR2 Semi-fixed
ARD1/2PSF□□□J	R1, R2
RD1/4PM□□□J	R3, R4
SEMICONDUCTOR	RS

Symbol & Description

Part No.	Symbol & Description		
TA7318P-A	Q1		
HA12010	Q2, Q3		

OTHERS

Part No.	Symbo	Symbol & Description		
AAV-010	V1	Fluorescent indicator tube		
VBZ30P060FM0		Screw		



Service Manual

STEREO RECEIVER

SX-720 KU

 The basic performance of the SX-720/KU are the same as the SX-3600/KU. The only difference is in appearance.

This additional service manual is applicable to the SX-720/KU. Please refer to the SX-3600/KU service manual with exception of this supplements.

1. CONTRAST OF MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

NOTES -

• The A mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.

ASSEMBLY, PACKING AND FURNISHED PARTS

Combal	Description	Part	Remarks	
Symbol	Description	SX-3600/KU	SX-720/KU	Remarks
	FL assembly	AWV-010	AWV-014	
	Front panel assembly	ANB-888	ĄNB-912	
	Signal/Tuning meter	AAW-124	AAW-129	
R301	Resistor		PS2P221J	
	Operating instructions	ARB-361	ARB-370	
	Packing case	AHD-768	AHD-783	

FL Assembly

		Part	Remarks	
Symbol	nbol Description	SX-3600/KU	SX-720/KU	Remarks
D1,D2	Diode		LZ-018	
C6	Capacitor		CEA 470M 35L	
R5	Resistor		RD1/4 PM101J	

2. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM, P.C. BOARD PATTERN

FL ASSEMBLY (AWV-014)

