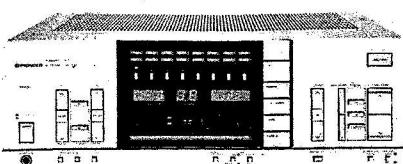


Service Manual

REPAIR & ADJUSTMENTS



ORDER NO.
ARP-043-0

COMPUTER CONTROLLED
STEREO RECEIVER

SX-8

MODEL SX-8 COMES IN FOUR VERSIONS DISTINGUISHED AS FOLLOWS:

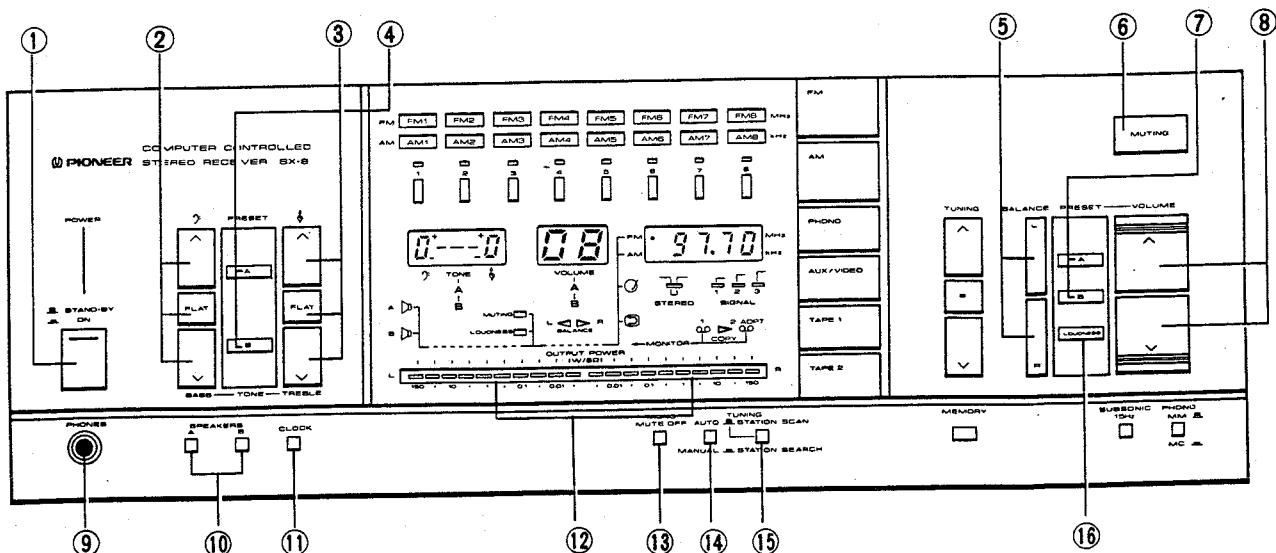
Type	Voltage	Remarks
KU	AC 120V only	U.S.A. model
S	AC 110V, 120V, 220V and 240V (Switchable)	General export model
S/G	AC 110V, 120V, 220V and 240V (Switchable)	U.S. Military model
KC	AC 120V only	Canada model

- This service manual is applicable to the KU type. When repairing the S and S/G types, please see the additional service manual (pp.45-52).
- For the circuit description, please refer to the model SX-9 service manual (ARP-088).
- Ce manuel d'instruction se réfère au mode de réglage, en français.
- Este manual de servicio trata del método de ajuste escrito en español.

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2. FRONT PANEL FACILITIES



① POWER SWITCH (STAND-BY □, ON □)

When this switch is set to the ON (depressed) position, power is supplied to all the circuits. When set to the STAND-BY position, the power to the main circuits is cut off but still supplied to the clock. The clock continues to function until the power cord is disconnected.

NOTES:

- Immediately after the power switch has been set to ON, the protection circuit is activated and no sound is heard through the speakers. The VOLUME STEP display blinks at the volume level heard before as a warning. When the numbers of the two digits blink, the output can be expected to be high. In this case, depress the VOLUME control "V" and reduce the numerical display.
 - Even when the power cord has been disconnected, the STATION CALL switch, PRESET-VOLUME and PRESET-TONE presetting information in the memory is preserved for about one week.
- When the presetting information has been erased from the memory, follow the relevant instructions and proceed with presetting again.*

② BASS TONE CONTROLS

These controls are used to adjust the bass level to your preference. To enhance the bass response, depress the "A" control; to attenuate the response, depress "V". The increase or reduction in the bass response can be monitored on the ⑥ TONE CONTROL STEP display

⑥. The response itself can be varied in 7 steps in either the "+" or "-" direction. When the center FLAT control is depressed, the bass frequency response is made flat.

③ TREBLE TONE CONTROLS

These controls are used to adjust the treble level to your preference. To enhance the treble response, depress the "A" control; to attenuate the response, depress "V". The increase or reduction in the treble response can be

monitored on the ⑥ TONE CONTROL STEP display ⑥. The response itself can be varied in 7 steps in either the "+" or "-" direction. When the center FLAT control is depressed, the treble frequency response is made flat.

④ PRESET-TONE SWITCHES

Switches A and B can memorize the bass and treble frequency responses which you have set to your preference, along with the ⑧ MEMORY switch, in two patterns (A and B). The bass and treble levels are set using the ② and ③ TONE controls while observing the ⑥ TONE CONTROL STEP display. When the ⑧ MEMORY switch is depressed, the ⑦ PRESET-TONE indicator starts to blink. When PRESET-TONE switch A or B is depressed, the set frequency response pattern is memorized in the switch. After having completed the memory operation, all you have to do to recall the frequency response which you have set is depress switch A or B.

⑤ BALANCE CONTROLS

These controls are used to adjust the balance in the volume of sound heard through the left and right speakers. When the sound tends to be louder at the left speaker, depress the R control; when it tends to be louder at the right speaker, depress the L control. When no sound is being delivered through the speakers, the balance can be checked by the ⑪ BALANCE indicators (L < or > R). Normally, both controls are depressed simultaneously and set to the center position (L < and > R light).

⑥ MUTING SWITCH

Depress this switch to attenuate the audio output indicated on the ⑫ VOLUME STEP display by 25dB. There is no need to adjust the VOLUME level when turning down the audio output temporarily and when changing over records or tapes.

NOTE:

By adjusting the VOLUME controls in combination with the MUTING switch, it is possible to adjust the volume more finely across a very wide range.

⑦ PRESET-VOLUME SWITCHES

Switches A and B can memorize the volume level which you have set to your preference, along with the ⑩ MEMORY switch, at two levels. The volume level is set using the ⑧ VOLUME controls while observing the ⑨ VOLUME STEP display. When the ⑩ MEMORY switch is depressed, the PRESET-VOLUME indicator starts to blink. When PRESET-VOLUME switch A or B is depressed, the set volume level is memorized in the switch. After having completed the memory operation, all you have to do to recall the volume level which you have set is depress switch A or B.

⑧ VOLUME CONTROLS

Use these controls to adjust the output level to the speakers and headphones. Depress the \wedge switch to increase the output level. Depress the \vee switch to decrease the output level.

⑨ PHONES JACK

Plug the headphones plug into this jack when you want to listen through your stereo headphones.

Release both SPEAKERS switches if you want to listen to the sound through your headphones only.

⑩ SPEAKERS SWITCHES

Depress the switch corresponding to the speakers connected to the SPEAKERS terminals (A and B) on the rear panel. "A" refers to the speakers which have been connected to the SPEAKERS terminals (A and B) on the rear while "B" refers to the speakers which have been connected to the B SPEAKERS terminals.

NOTE:

No sound will be heard through the speakers when both A and B switches are depressed if only one set of speakers has been connected to either A or B SPEAKERS terminals.

⑪ CLOCK SWITCH

The time appears on the ⑯ FREQUENCY/CLOCK display when this switch is depressed. The display changes when the AM or FM switch is depressed. To adjust the present time, keep this switch in the depressed position and adjust using the ⑬ TUNING controls (\wedge or \vee).

⑫ OUTPUT POWER METER

This meter allows you to read out the rated power level on the bar display when speakers with a nominal impedance of 8 ohms are connected to the SPEAKERS terminals.

⑬ MONO MUTE OFF SWITCH

The sound is heard in mono when this switch is set to the depressed position. Normally, the switch is kept at the released position. During FM or AM reception, the noise is reduced and reception is made clear. When the station is distant and its signals are weak, depress the switch and tune in the station manually.

⑭ AUTO/MANUAL SELECTOR

This is used to select the reception mode.

AUTO (released position): Auto tuning is selected in accordance with the position selected by the STATION SCAN/STATION SEARCH selector on the right.

MANUAL (depressed position): For manual tuning

Depress the TUNING controls and tune in the station manually. Each time the TUNING controls are depressed, the frequency changes in 100kHz steps during FM reception and in 9kHz or 10kHz steps during AM reception in accordance with the position of the AM CHANNEL STEP switch. When the TUNING controls are kept depressed, the frequency is continuously scanned. Tuning stops when the upper or lower limit of the frequency band is reached.

⑮ STATION SCAN/STATION SEARCH SELECTOR

This is used to select the auto tuning mode when the AUTO/MANUAL selector on the left is at AUTO.

STATION SCAN (released position): When the TUNING controls are depressed, the broadcasting stations start to be scanned and this procedure stops once a station has been picked up. After 5 seconds, the program of that station is heard for about 5 seconds. The tuning operation then resumes and sound is heard in the same way. Each of the station is thus picked up in turn.

When the ⑬ Frequency stop "■" switch is depressed once you hear the sound of the desired program, the tuning operation stops and the unit is set to the reception mode.

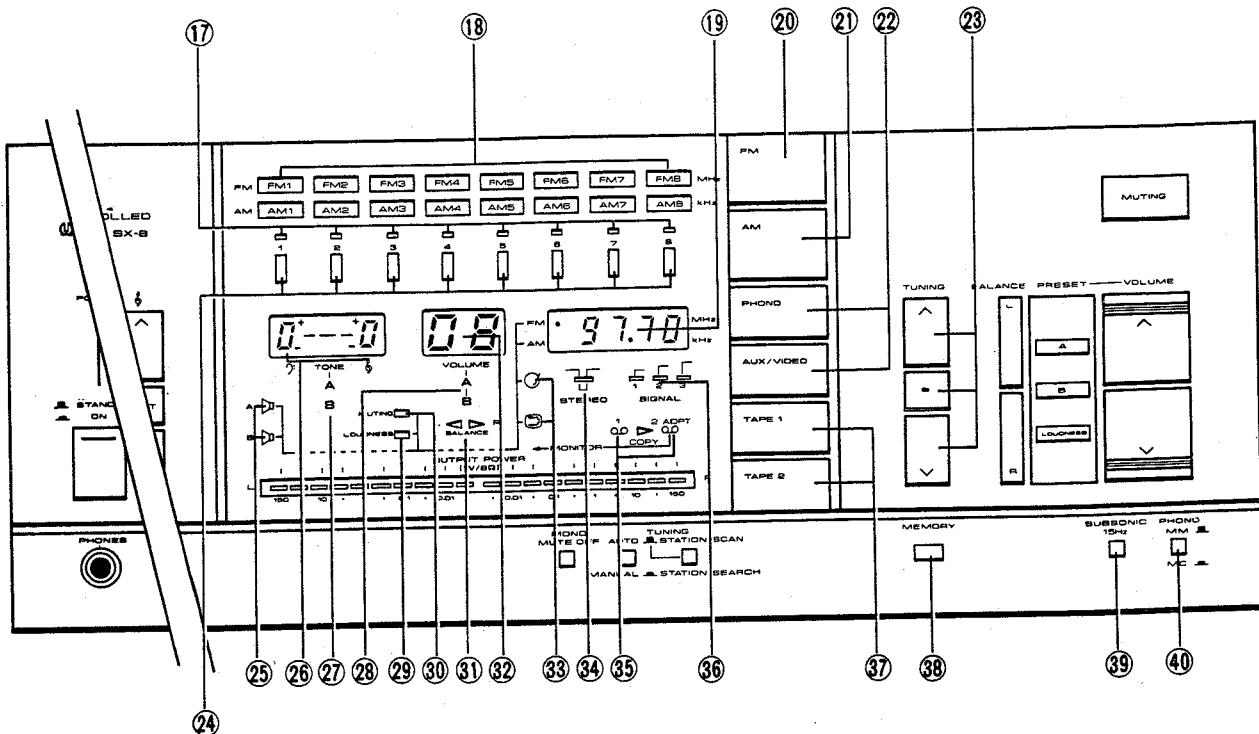
STATION SEARCH (depressed position): When the TUNING controls are depressed, the broadcasting stations start to be scanned, but this operation stops once a station has been picked up and the unit is set to the reception mode. Depress the TUNING controls again if the station picked up is not the one desired. The tuning operation now starts over again.

⑯ LOUDNESS SWITCH

When listening to a performance with the VOLUME level is low, depress this switch and the bass and treble will be accentuated.

When the volume is low, the human ear finds it harder to hear the bass and treble than when the volume is high. The LOUDNESS switch is thus designed to compensate for this deficiency.

(Continued to next page)



⑯ STATION INDICATORS

The indicator that corresponds to the STATION CALL switch which has been depressed lights.

NOTE:

When presetting a station, all eight indicators light in sequence for about 5 seconds.

⑰ STATION DISPLAY WINDOWS

Insert the frequency cards of the broadcasting stations which have been preset into the STATION CALL switches.

⑱ FREQUENCY/CLOCK DISPLAY

This indicates the broadcasting frequency when a station has been tuned in. When the clock switch is depressed, it indicates the present time.

NOTE:

When the power is switched off, the present time is displayed.

⑲ FM SWITCH

Depress this switch for FM reception.

⑳ AM SWITCH

Depress this switch for AM reception.

㉑ INPUT SELECTOR

PHONO: Press this switch when playing a record on the turntable connected to the PHONO jacks.

AUX/VIDEO: Press this switch when listening to an audio component connected to the AUX/VIDEO jacks.

㉒ TUNING CONTROLS

These controls are used to tune in the broadcast stations. Depress the "▲" control to tune in a station with a higher frequency than that indicated on the display; depress the "▼" control to tune in a station with a lower frequency. The center "■" control is used to suspend auto tuning operations using the STATION SEARCH and STATION SCAN functions.

NOTE:

For further details on the tuning, refer to the ⑭ AUTO/MANUAL SELECTOR.

②⁹ STATION CALL SWITCHES

These are pressed to call out preset broadcasting stations or to preset the station.

To call out a station, first set the desired frequency band using the FM or AM switches and then press the desired switch.

②⁹ SPEAKERS INDICATORS (A/B)

These light when SPEAKERS switch (A and/or B) has been depressed.

②⁹ TONE CONTROL STEP DISPLAY (⑨ TONE &)

This display indicates the level of the frequency response which has been increased or reduced using the TONE CONTROLS by the two symbols, “-” and “+” and numbers in 7 steps. “⑨” indicates the bass range while & indicates the treble range.

②⁹ PRESET-TONE INDICATORS (A/B)

These indicators blink when the frequency response curves are memorized using the PRESET memory function, and they light when the curves are recalled using the PRESET-TONE switches to indicate that the curves have been memorized.

②⁹ PRESET-VOLUME INDICATORS (A/B)

These indicators blink when the volume, loudness and muting level are memorized using the PRESET memory function, and light when the level is recalled using the PRESET-VOLUME switches to indicate that the level has been memorized.

②⁹ LOUDNESS INDICATOR

This lights when the LOUDNESS switch is depressed. It also lights up to indicate that the loudness level has been memorized using the PRESET memory function.

②⁹ MUTING INDICATOR

This lights when the MUTING switch is depressed. It also lights up to indicate that the muting level has been memorized using the PRESET memory function.

②⁹ BALANCE INDICATOR

This lights as the BALANCE CONTROLS are operated. The arrows indicate whether the sound tends to be louder at the left or right speaker. When both the L and R arrows light, this indicates that the balance has been set to the center position.

②⁹ VOLUME STEP DISPLAY

This display indicates the volume level in 32 steps from 00 to 31 in accordance with the adjustment of the VOLUME controls.

NOTE:

When the power is switched on, the volume step display blinks to indicate the volume level. After blinking, the volume step lights.

③⁹ INPUT INDICATORS

These light when the ②⁹ INPUT (PHONO or AUX/VIDEO) switch is pressed.

③⁹ FM STEREO INDICATOR

This lights when receiving an FM stereo program.

③⁹ TAPE MONITOR INDICATOR

This indicates the tape deck which is playing back in accordance with the position selected by the TAPE 1, 2 switches.

③⁹ SIGNAL INDICATOR

This indicator lights in sequence from 1 to 3 during the tuning of an AM or FM broadcast in accordance with the strength of the signals being received. The optimum tuning point is where the maximum number of indicators lights.

③⁹ TAPE SWITCHES

TAPE 1: Depress this switch to use the tape deck connected to the TAPE 1 jacks (REC and PLAY).

TAPE 2: This is depressed when using a tape deck or adaptor unit connected to the rear panel TAPE 2/ADAPT (Adaptor) jacks.

NOTE:

Depress TAPE 1 and release TAPE 2 when dubbing a tape in the deck connected to the TAPE 1 jacks onto a tape in the deck connected to the TAPE 2/ADPT jacks.

③⁹ MEMORY SWITCH

This switch is used to preset stations into the STATION CALL switches. It is also used when presetting the frequency response curves into the PRESET-TONE switches and the volume patterns into the PRESET-VOLUME switches.

③⁹ SUBSONIC 15Hz SWITCH

The subsonic filter with the 15Hz cut-off frequency is actuated when this switch is depressed. This filter serves to attenuate the frequencies lower than 15Hz with a 6dB/oct. slope and, therefore, it can be used to suppress the ultra-low-range noise which is generated by record warp and other factors. This noise cannot actually be heard by the ear but it can cause cross modulation distortion and even speaker damage. Use this switch when required during record play.

③⁹ PHONO MM/MC SELECTOR

This selector can be set to the position corresponding to the type of cartridge which you are using for record play.

MM  : For moving magnet cartridges

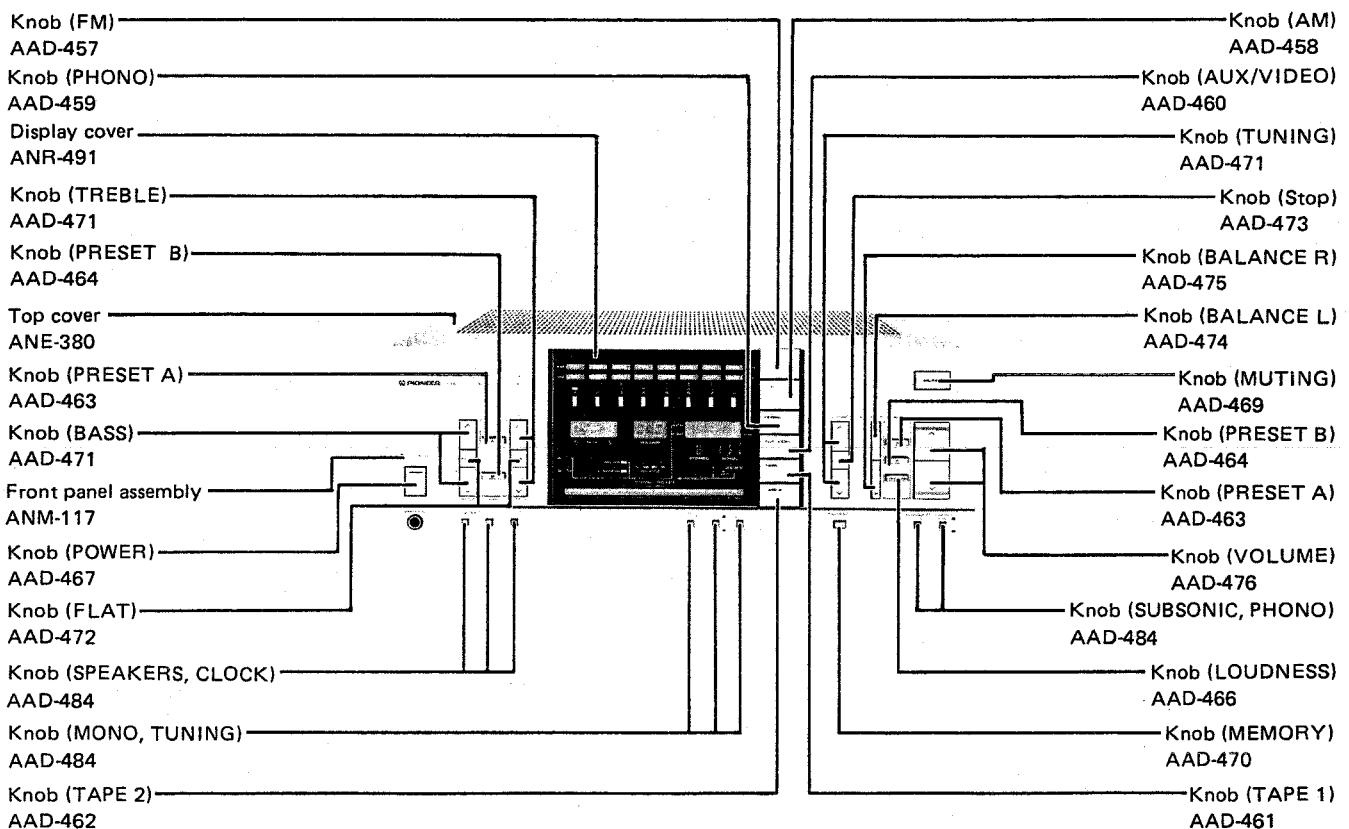
MC  : For moving coil cartridges

3. PARTS LOCATION

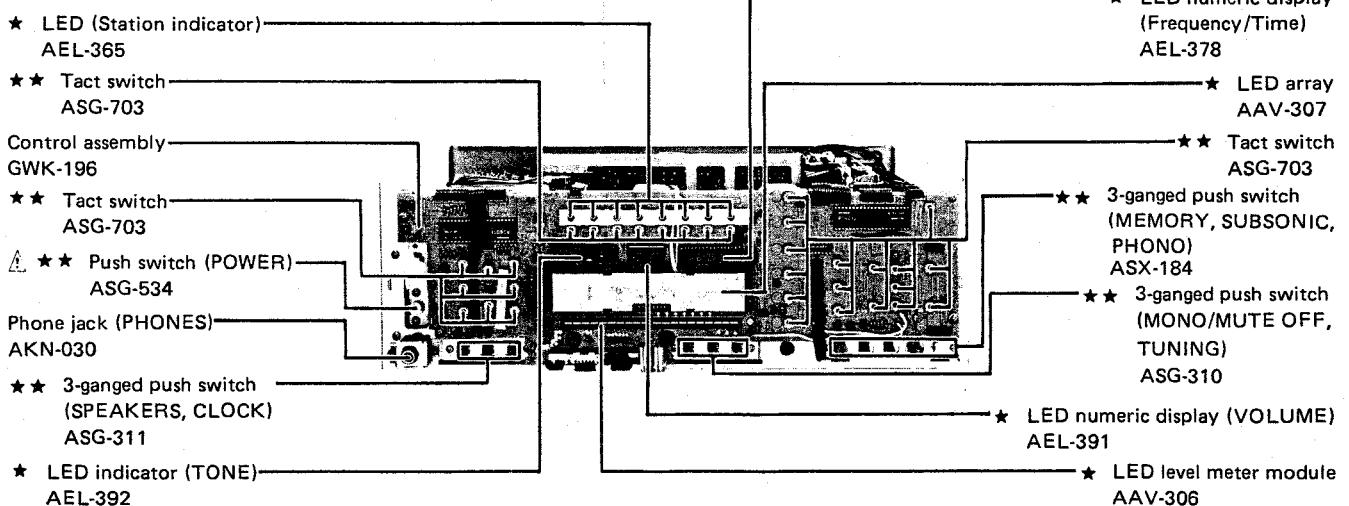
NOTES:

- The **A** mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks **★★** and **★**.
- ★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★**
- This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

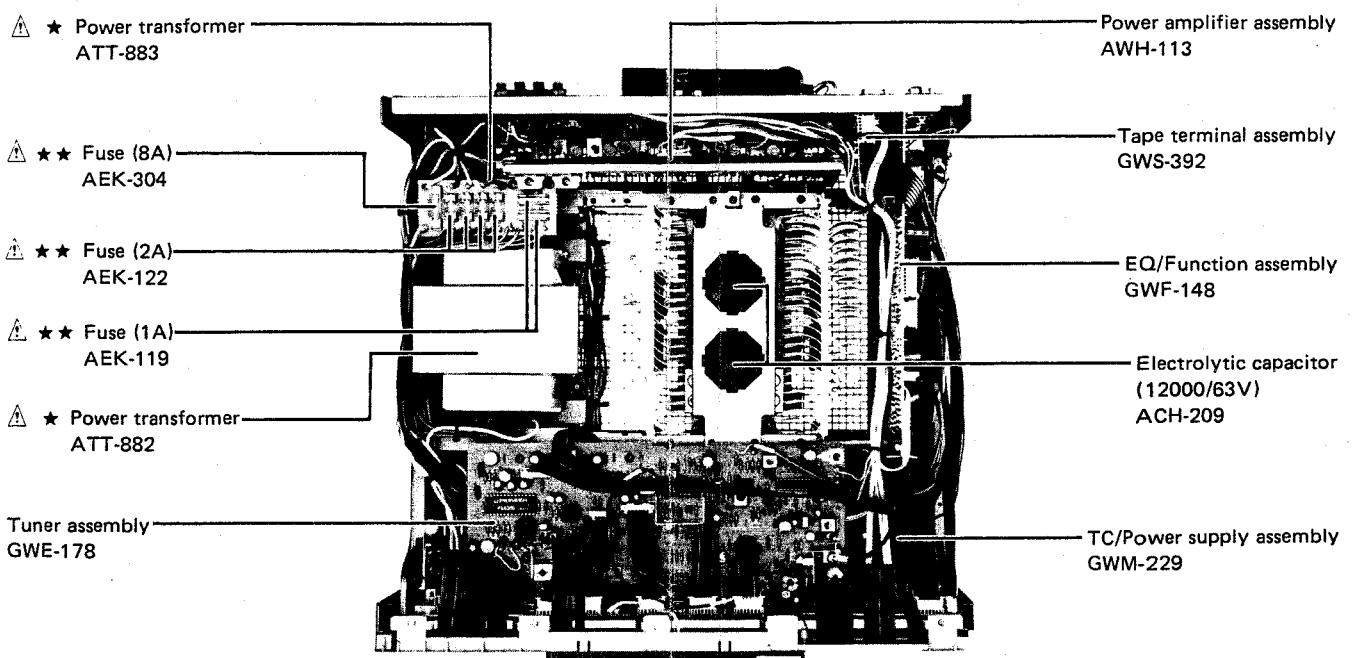
Front Panel View



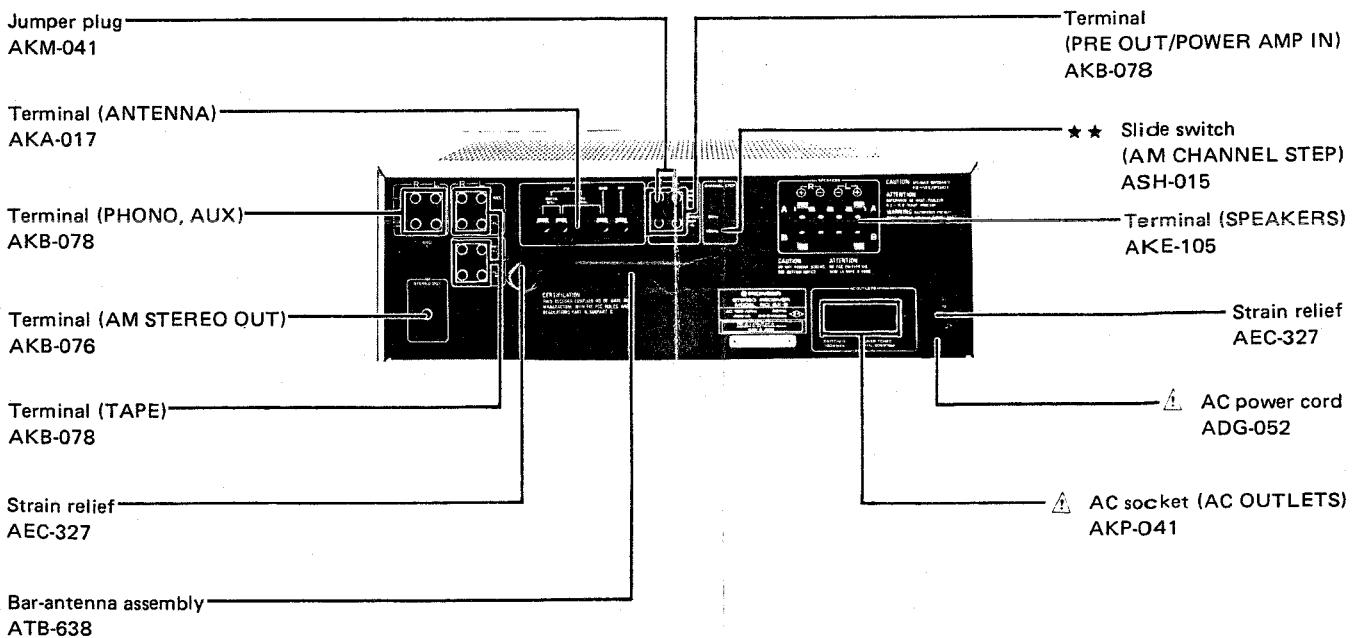
Front View with Panel Removed



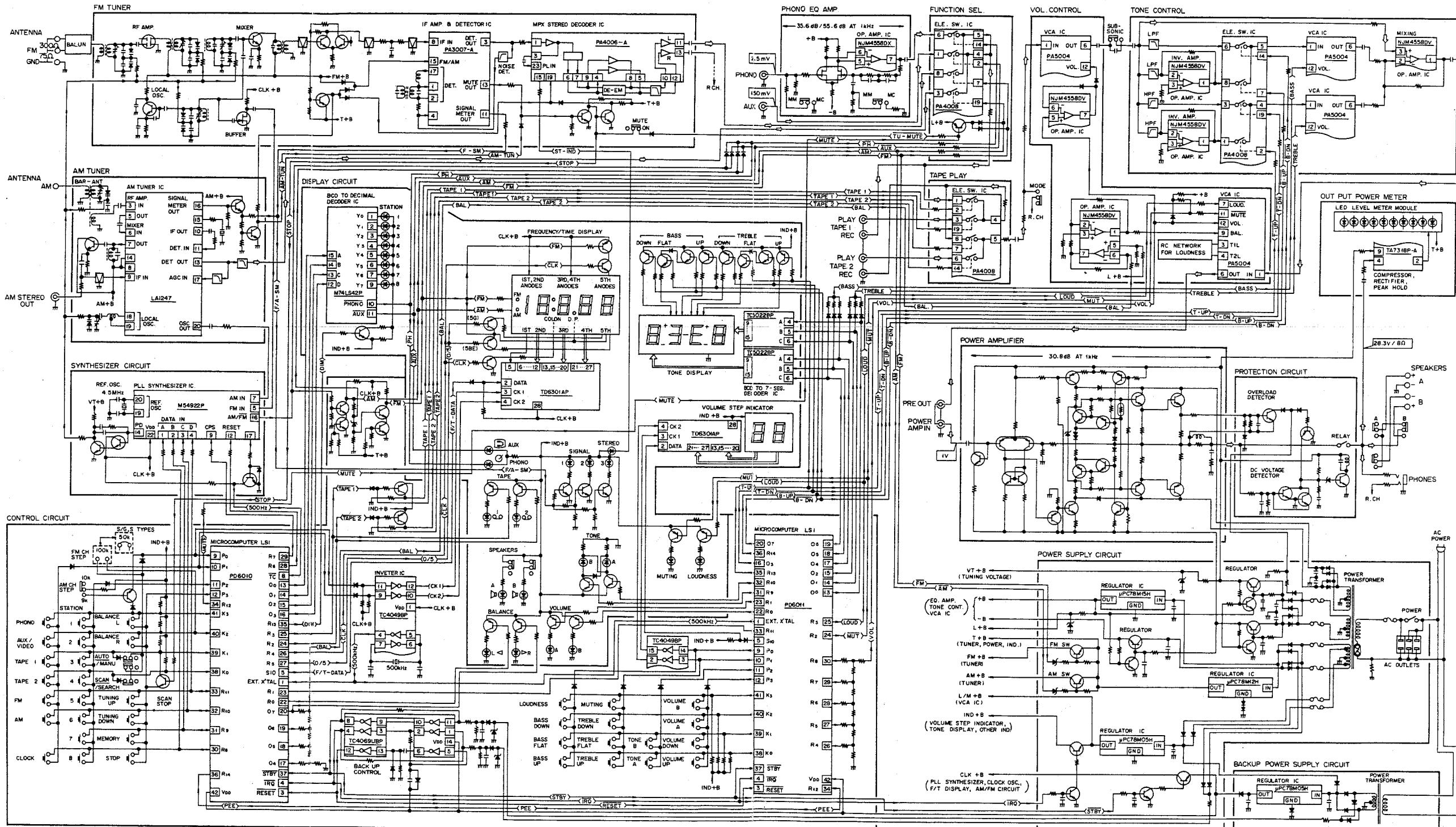
Top View



Rear Panel View

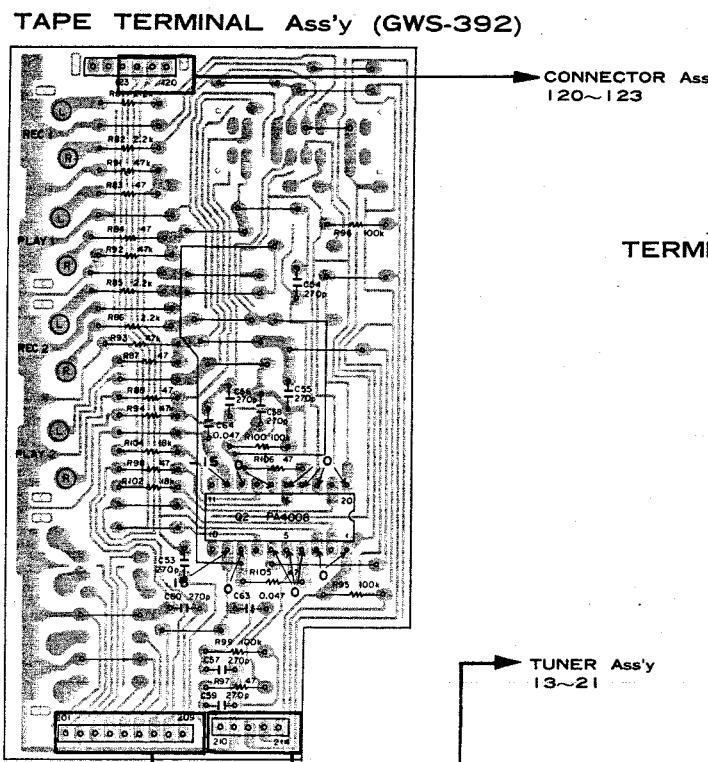


4. BLOCK DIAGRAM



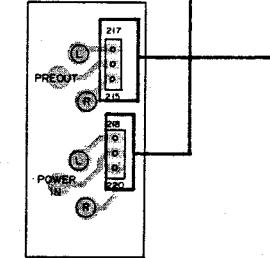
5. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

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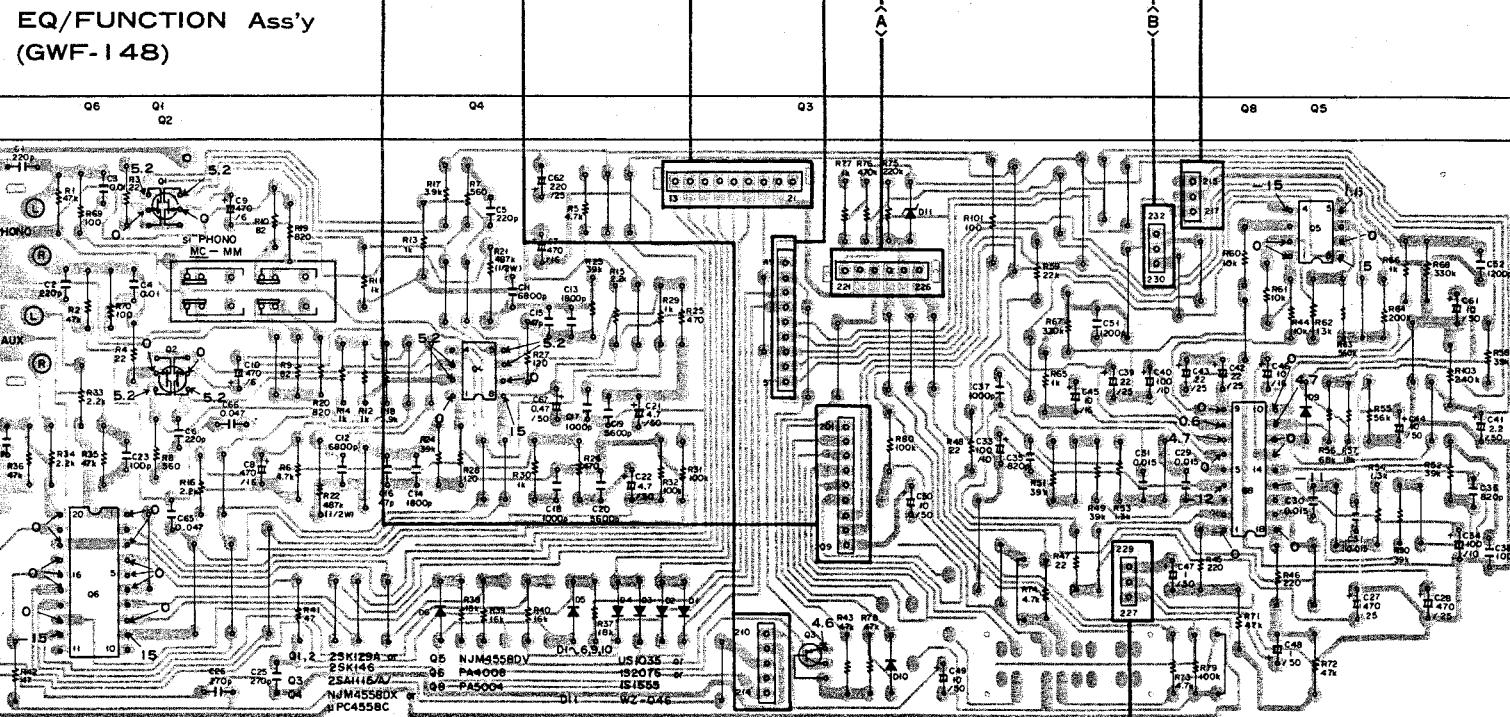


B

TERMINAL Ass'y

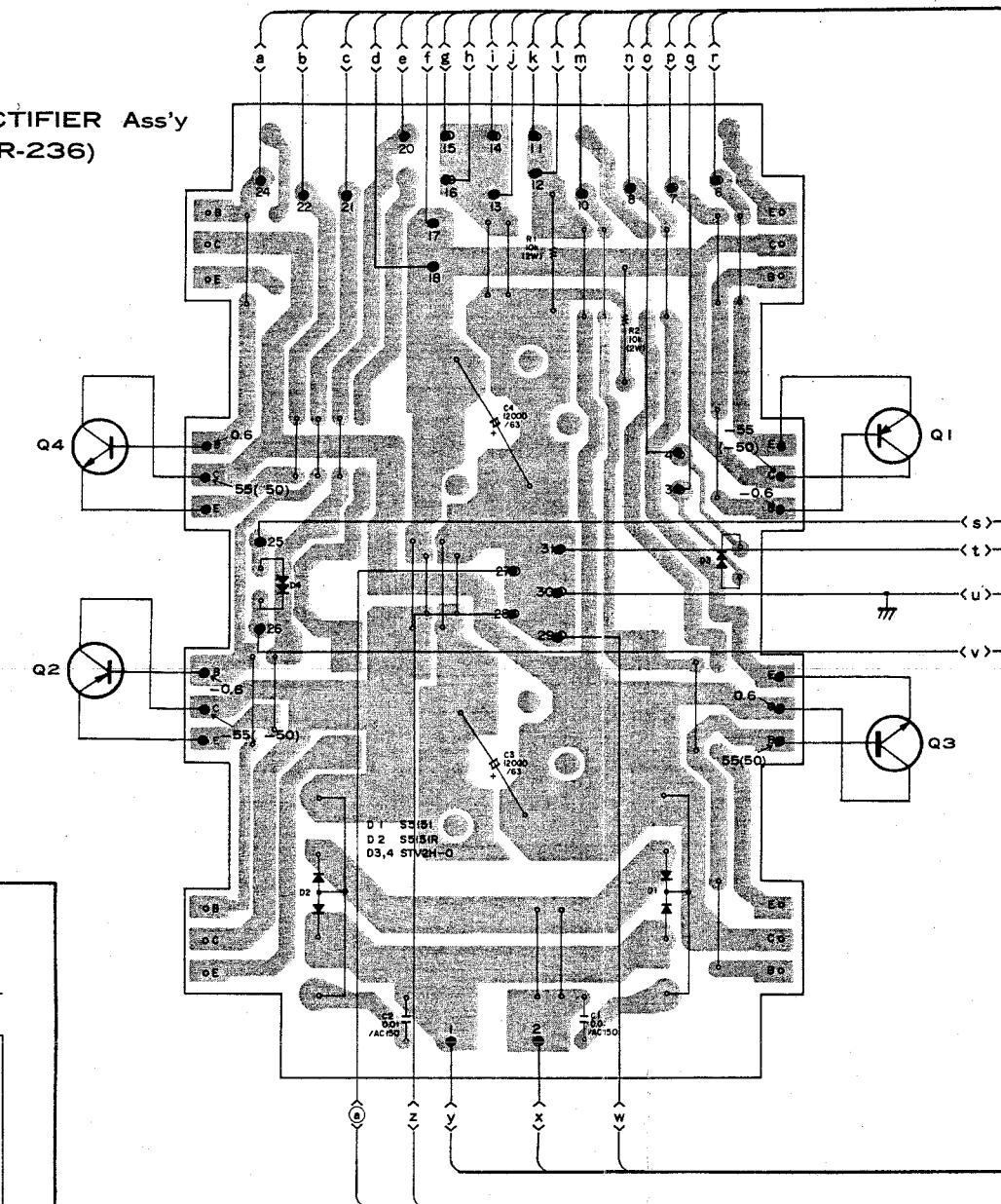


C

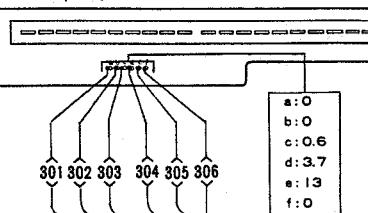


D

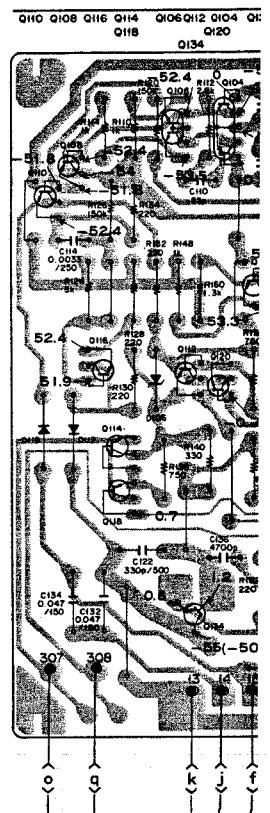
RECTIFIER Ass'y (AWR-236)



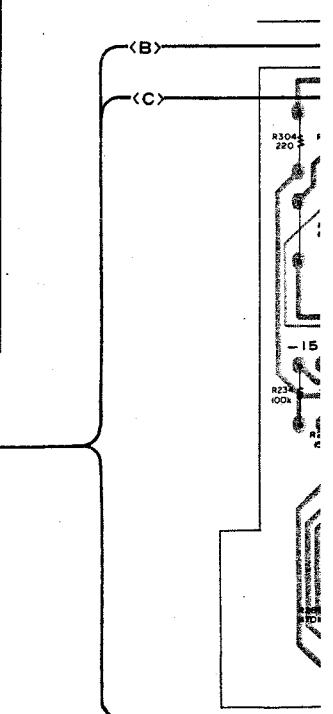
LED LEVEL METER MODULE (AAV-306)



POWER AMP As



TC/PO



7

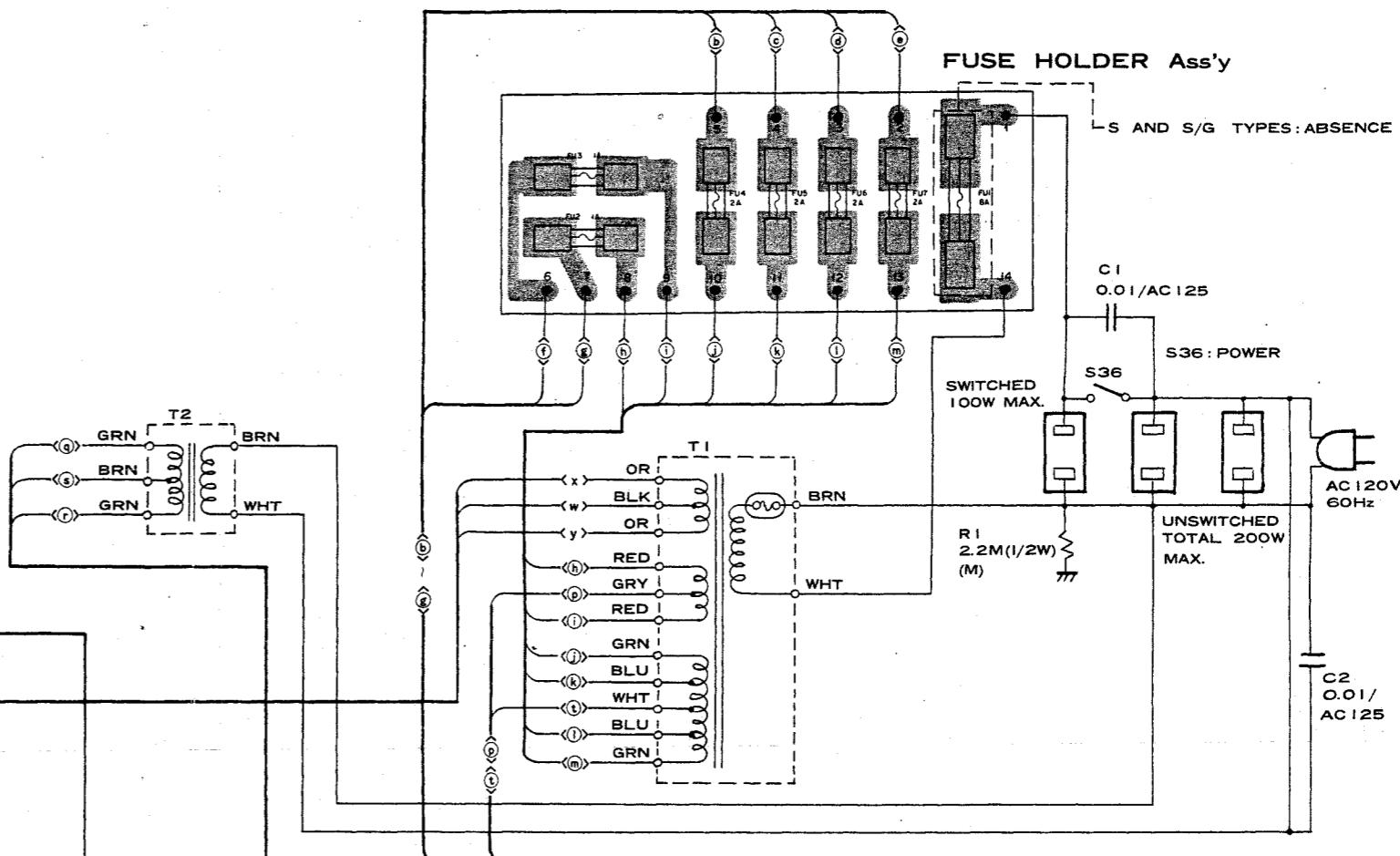
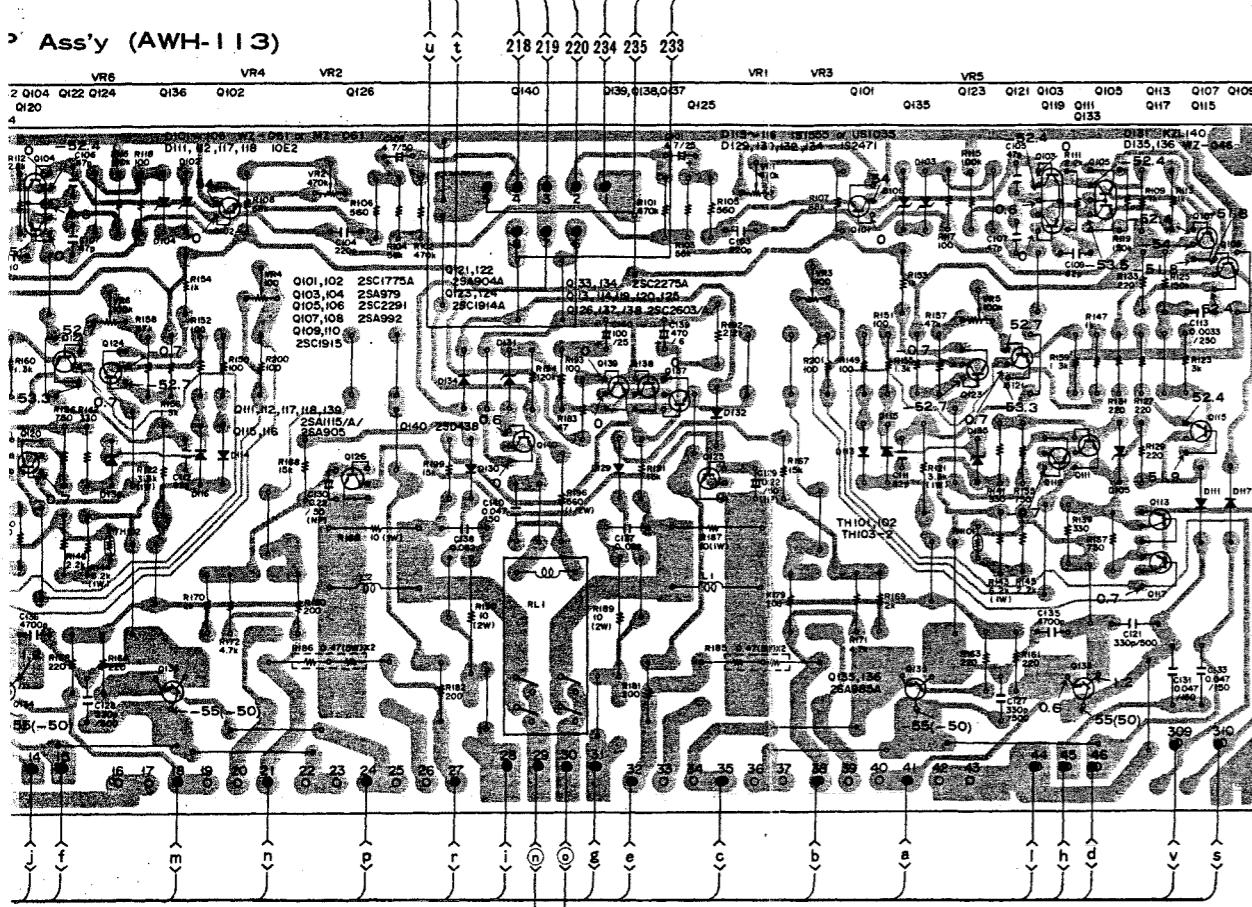
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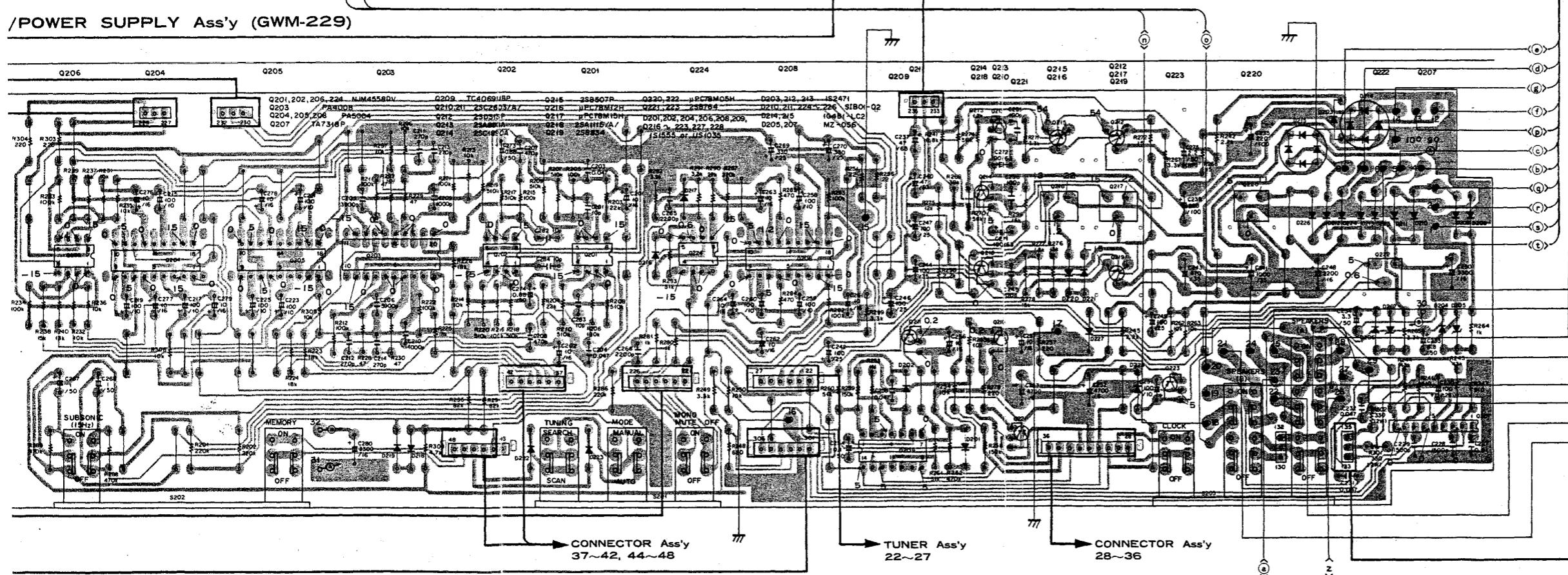
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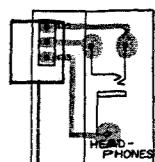
12



/POWER SUPPLY Ass'y (GWM-229)



HEADPHONES
JACK Ass'y



A

B

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D

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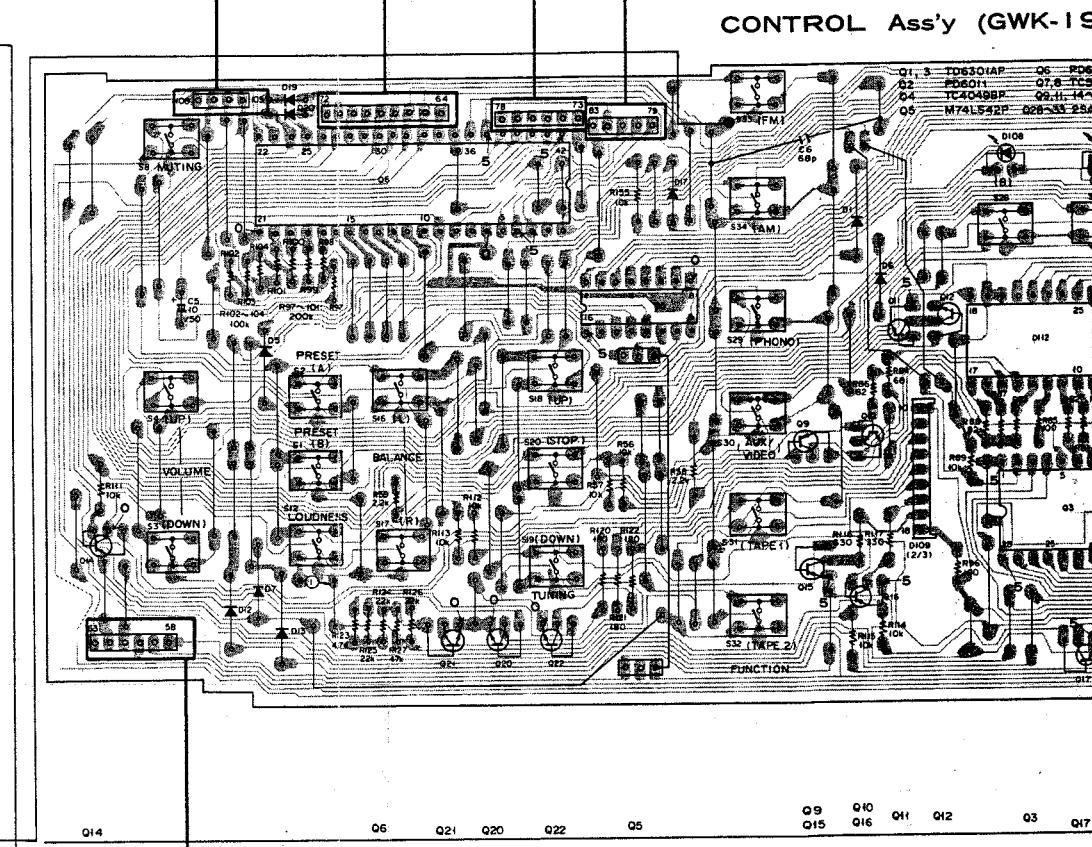
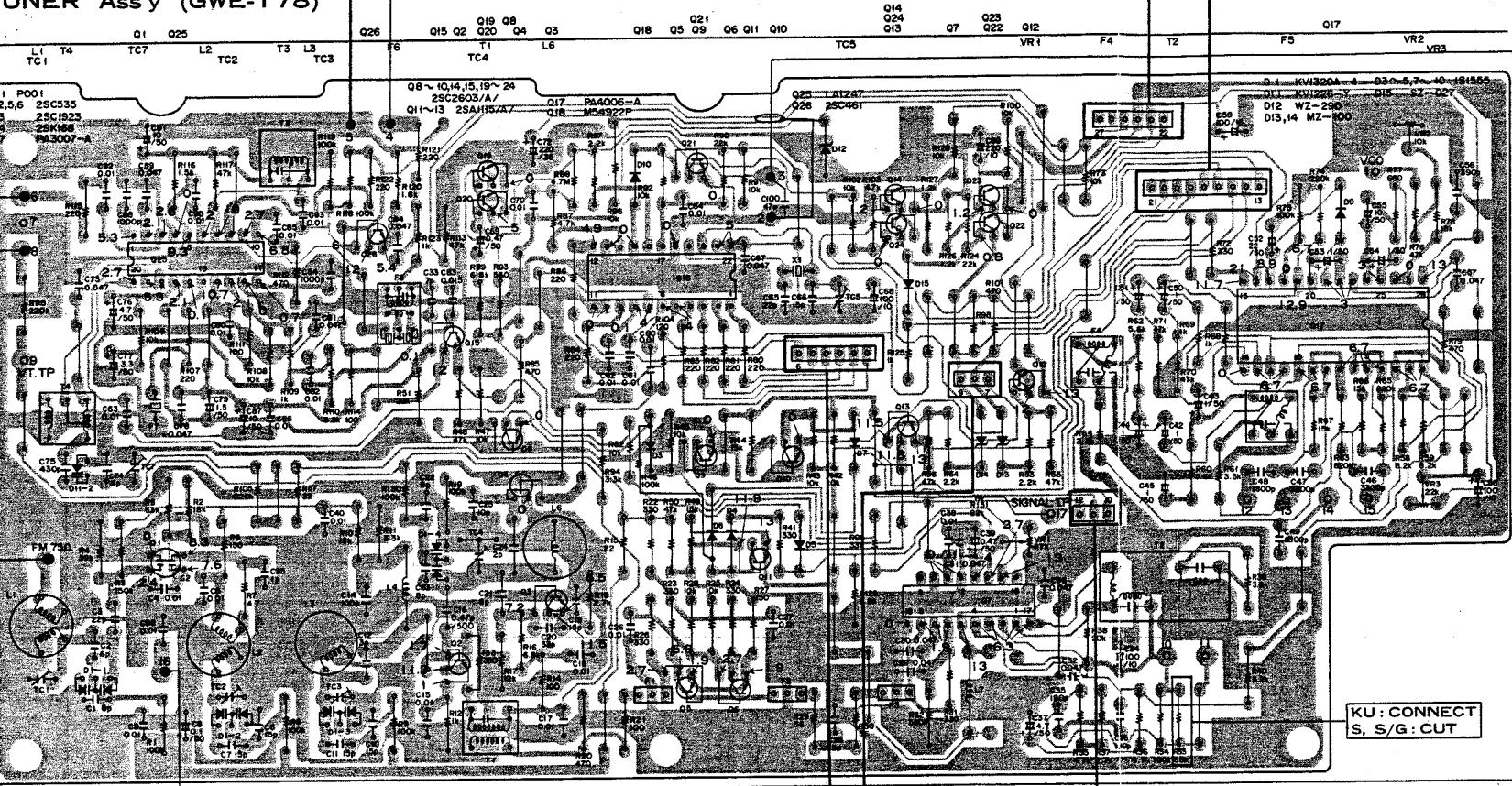
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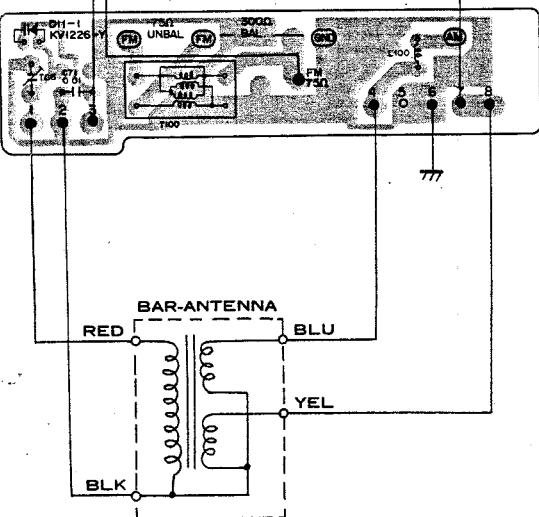
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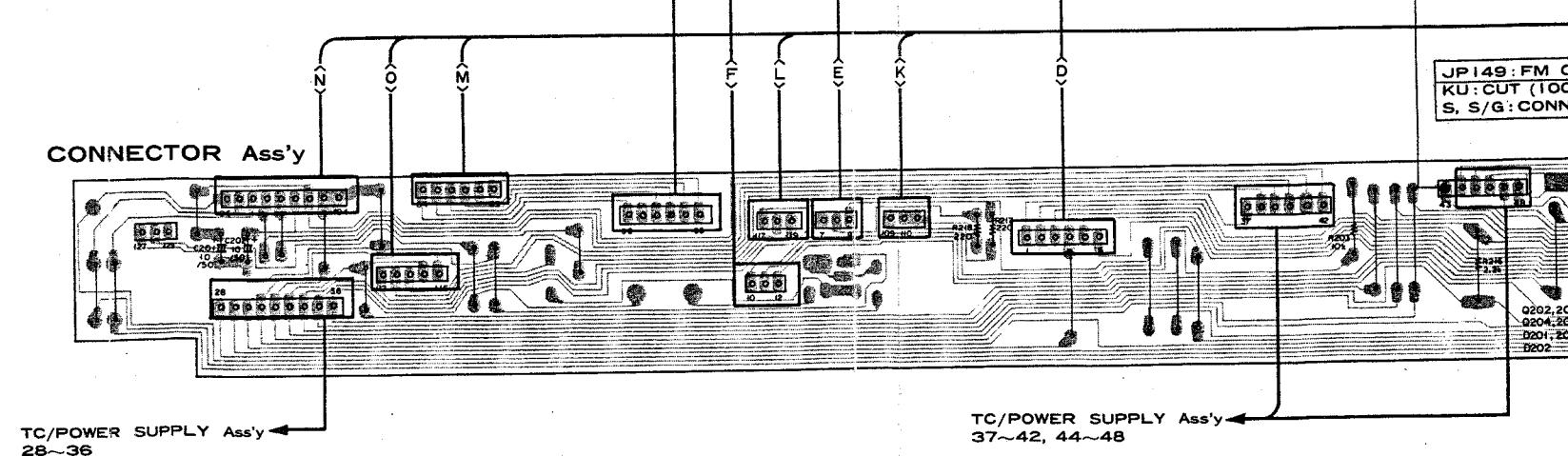
TUNER Ass'y (GWE-178)



ANTENNA TERMINAL Ass'y



CONNECTOR Ass'y



13

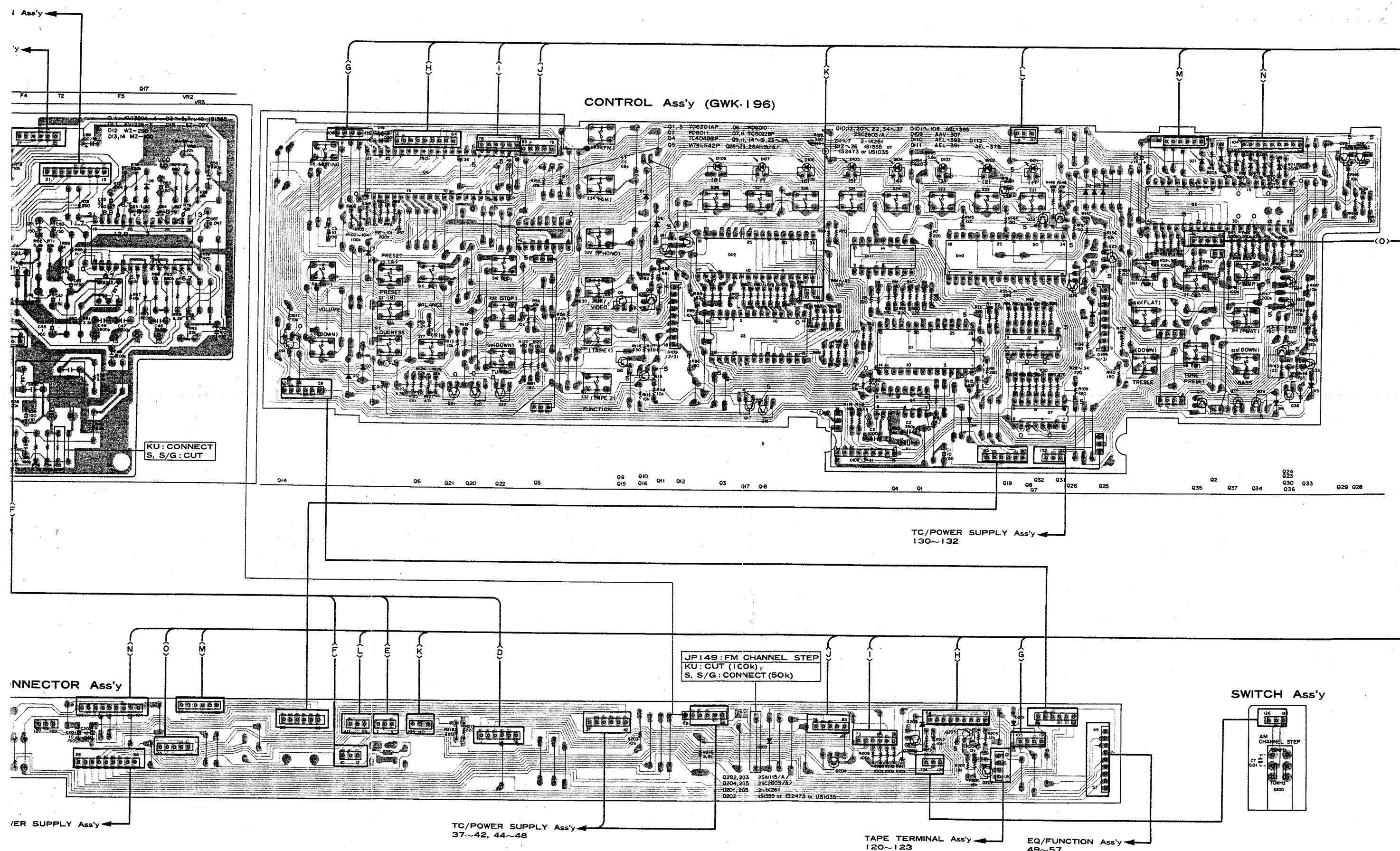
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NOTE:

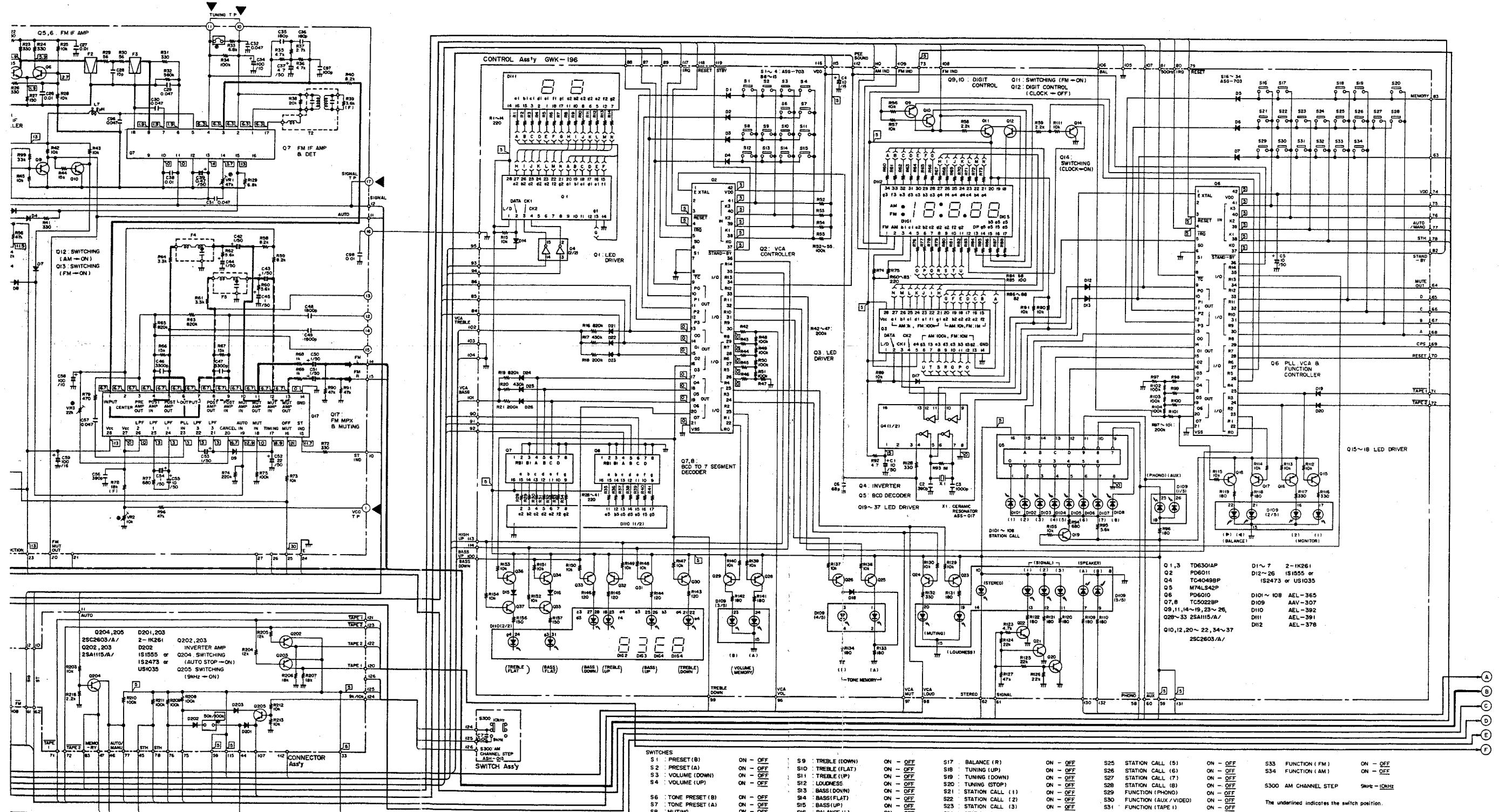
The indicated semiconductors are representative ones only. Other alternative semiconductors may be used and are listed in the parts list.

A

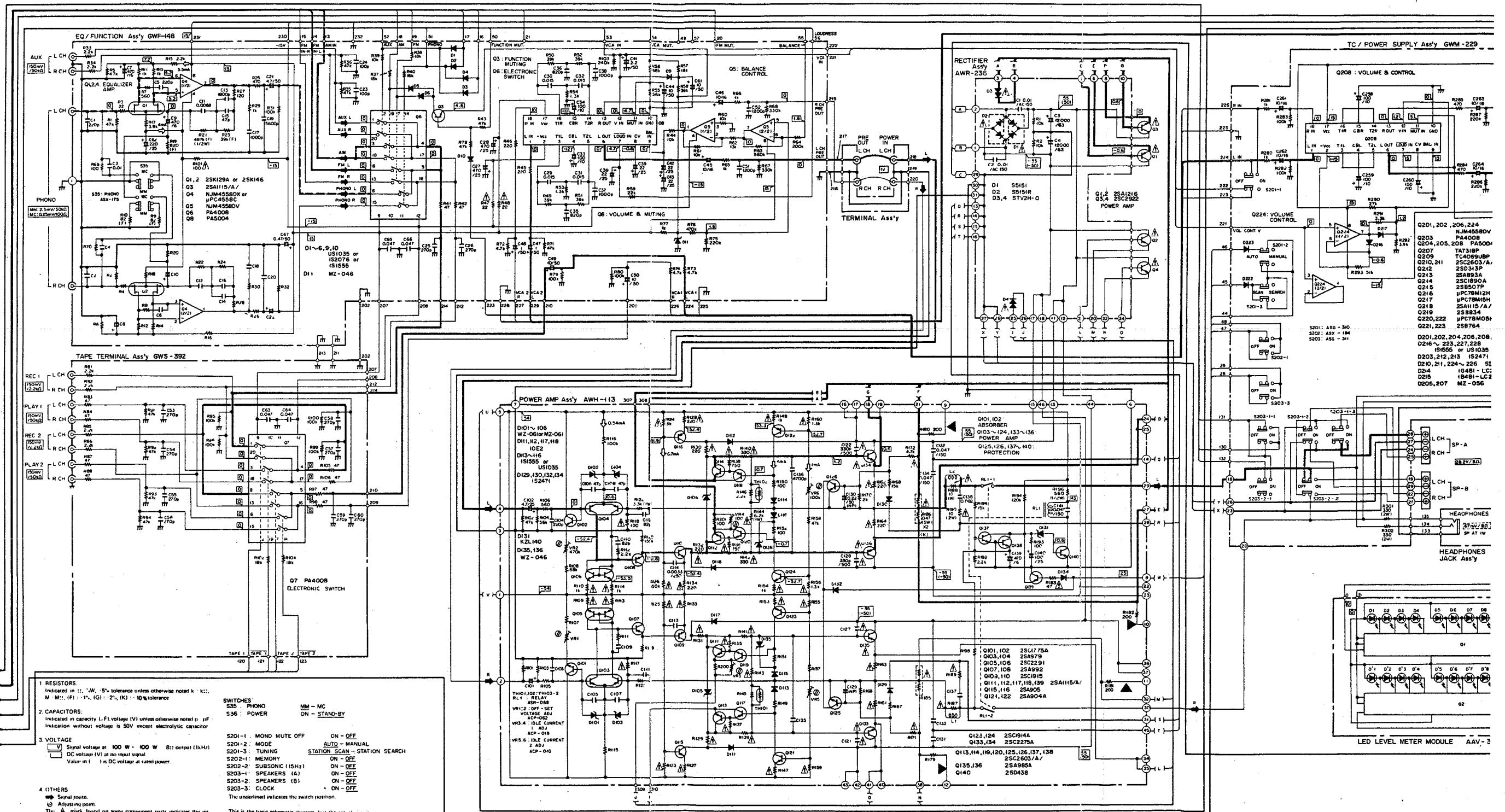
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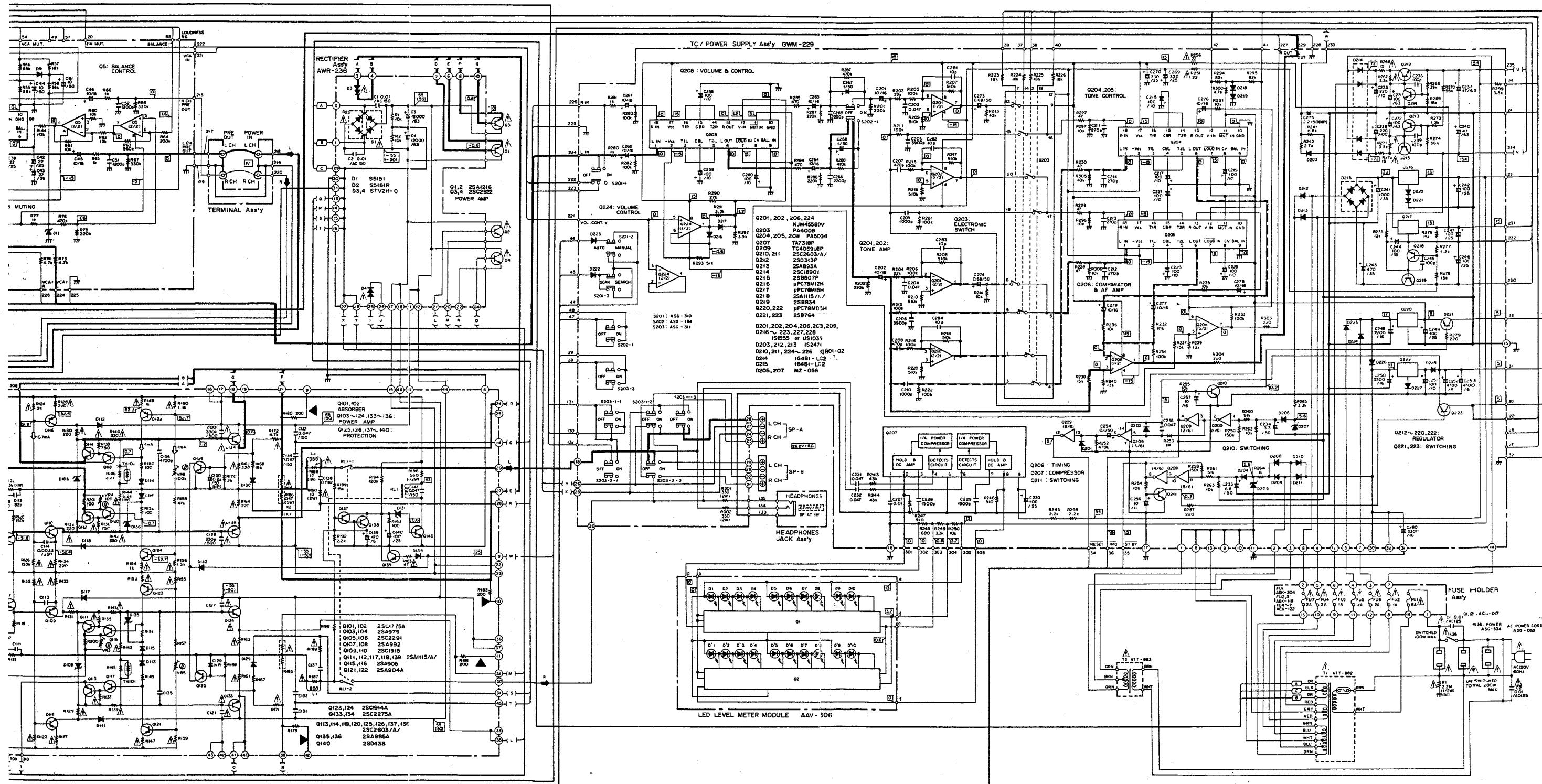


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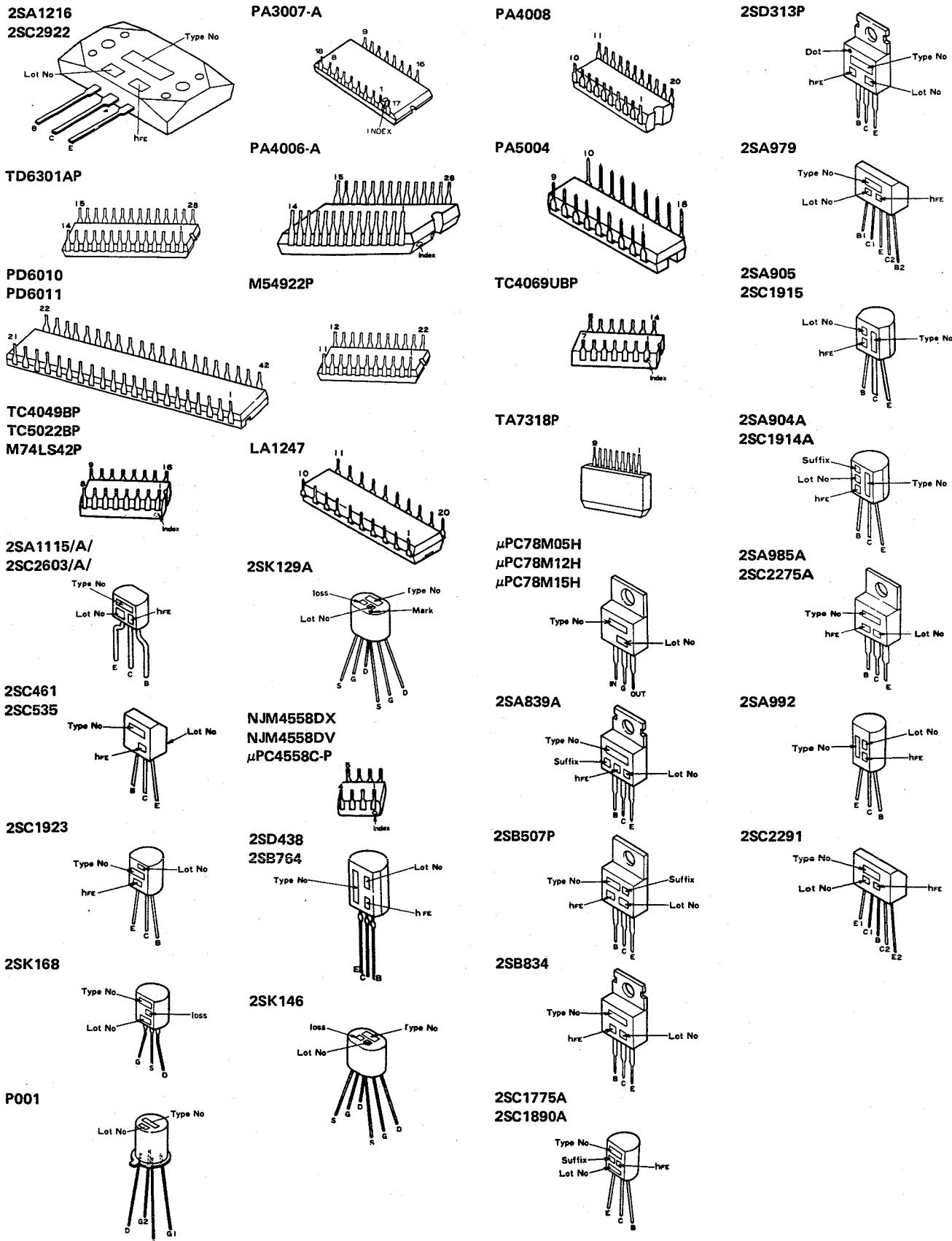


A

NOTE:
The indicated semiconductors are representative ones only. Other alternative semiconductors may be used and are listed in the parts list.



External Appearance of Transistors and ICs



SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	2SC1775A-E*	Q101,Q102
★★	or 2SC1775A-F*	
★★	2SA979-F*	Q103,Q104
★★	or 2SA979-G*	
*hfe of Q101 and Q102 should have the E-rank, if Q103 and Q104 have the F-rank.		
*hfe of Q101 and Q102 should have the F-rank, if Q103 and Q104 have the G-rank.		
★★	2SC1915	Q109,Q110
★★	2SC1914A	Q123,Q124
⚠	★★ 2SC2275A-P* (2SC2275A-Q*)	Q133,Q134
⚠	★★ 2SA985A-P* (2SA985A-Q*)	Q135,Q136

*hfe of these transistors (Q133—Q136) should have the same value.

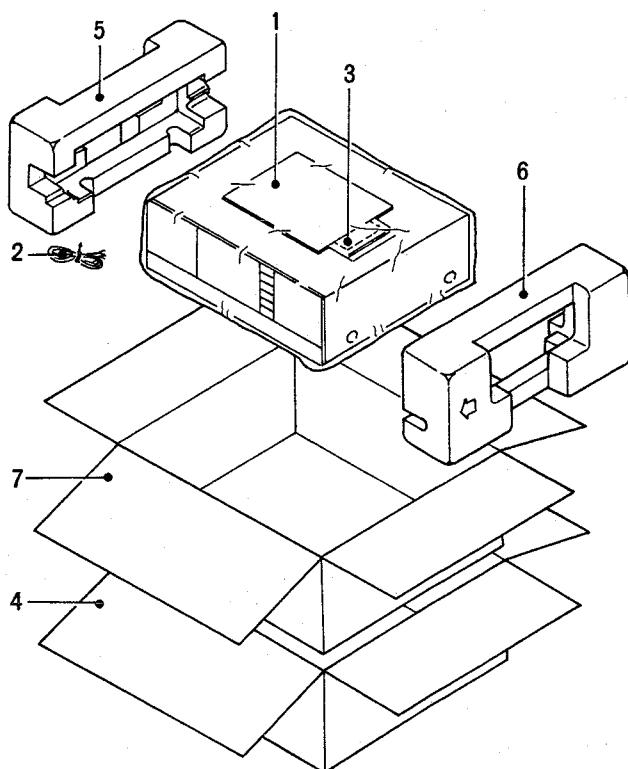
★★ 2SC2603/A/	Q113, Q114, Q119, Q120, Q125, Q126, Q137, Q138
★★ 2SC2291	Q105,Q106
★★ 2SA992-E	Q107,Q108
★★ 2SA904A	Q121,Q122
★★ 2SA905	Q115,Q116
★★ 2SA1115/A/	Q111,Q112,Q117,Q118,Q139
★★ 2SD438	Q140
★ WZ-061 (MZ-061)	D101—D106
★ KZL140	D131
★ 1S1555 (US1035)	D113—D116
★ WZ-046	D135,D136
★ 1S2471	D129,D130,D132,D134
★ 10E2	D111,D112,D117,D118
★ TH103-2	Th101,Th102

OTHERS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	ASR-068	RL1 Relay
	PBZ30P060FMC	Screw 3 x 6

8. PACKING

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
1.	ARB-467		Operating instructions
2.	ADH-004		T-type FM antenna
3.	AAN-028		Station card set
4.	AHE-019		Packing case
5.	AHA-313		Side pad L
6.	AHA-314		Side pad R
7.	AHC-063		Inside packing



1

2

3

4

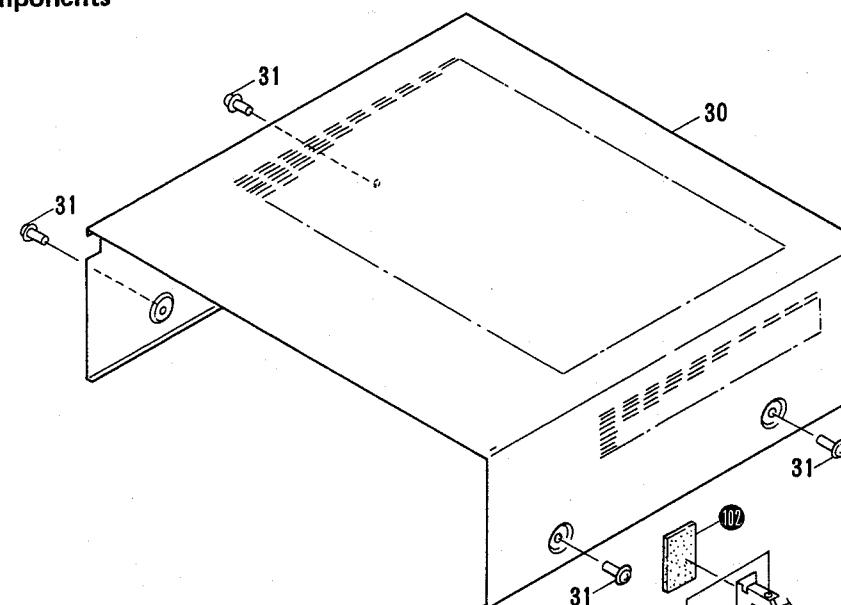
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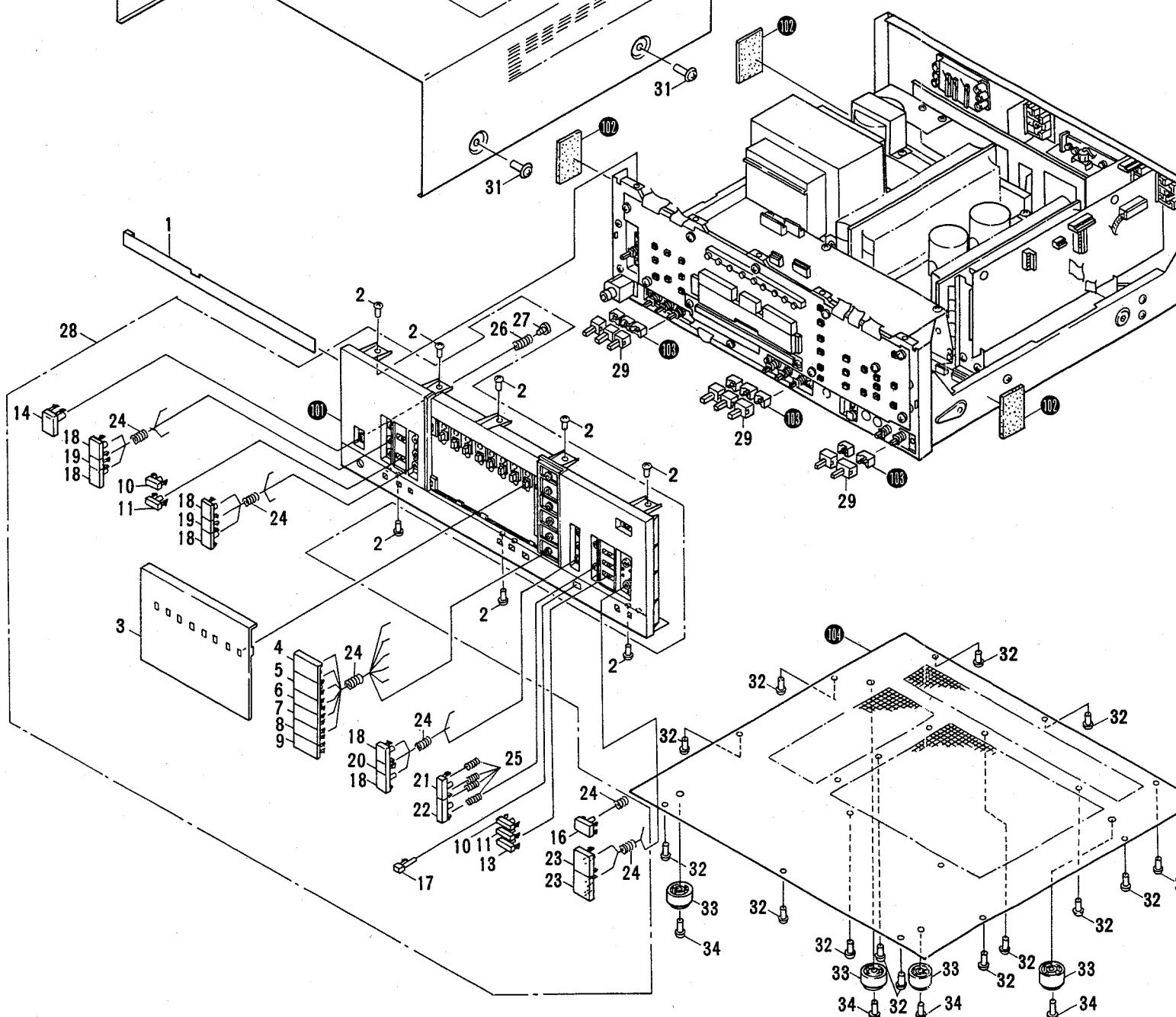
9. EXPLODED VIEW

Exterior Components

A



B



C

NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- The **A** mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.

- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks **★★** and **★**.

★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★
This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1.	ANR-450	Slider assembly
	2.	VMZ30P060FMC	Screw 3 x 6
	3.	ANR-491	Display cover
	4.	AAD-457	Knob (FM)
	5.	AAD-458	Knob (AM)
	6.	AAD-459	Knob (PHONO)
	7.	AAD-460	Knob (AUX/VIDEO)
	8.	AAD-461	Knob (TAPE 1)
	9.	AAD-462	Knob (TAPE 2)
	10.	AAD-463	Knob (PRESET A)
	11.	AAD-464	Knob (PRESET B)
	12.	Knob (LOUDNESS)
	13.	AAD-466	Knob (POWER)
	14.	AAD-467
	15.	Knob (MUTING)
	16.	AAD-469	Knob (MEMORY)
	17.	AAD-470	Knob (TONE, TUNING)
	18.	AAD-471	Knob (TONE, FLAT)
	19.	AAD-472	Knob (STOP)
	20.	AAD-473	Knob (BALANCE L)
	21.	AAD-474	Knob (BALANCE R)
	22.	AAD-475	Knob (VOLUME)
	23.	AAD-476	Coiled spring
	24.	ABH-091	Coiled spring
	25.	ABH-092	Coiled spring
	26.	ABH-093	Coiled spring
	27.	AEC-875	Stopper
	28.	ANM-117	Front panel assembly
	29.	AAD-484	Knob
	30.	ANE-380	Top cover
	31.	ABA-193	Screw 4 x 8
	32.	VBZ30P060FMC	Screw 3 x 6
	33.	AEC-083	Foot assembly
	34.	VTZ40P100FMC	Screw 4 x 10
	35.
	101.	Front panel	
	102.	Cushion	
	103.	Flexible joint	
	104.	Bottom plate	

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Interior Components

A

A

B

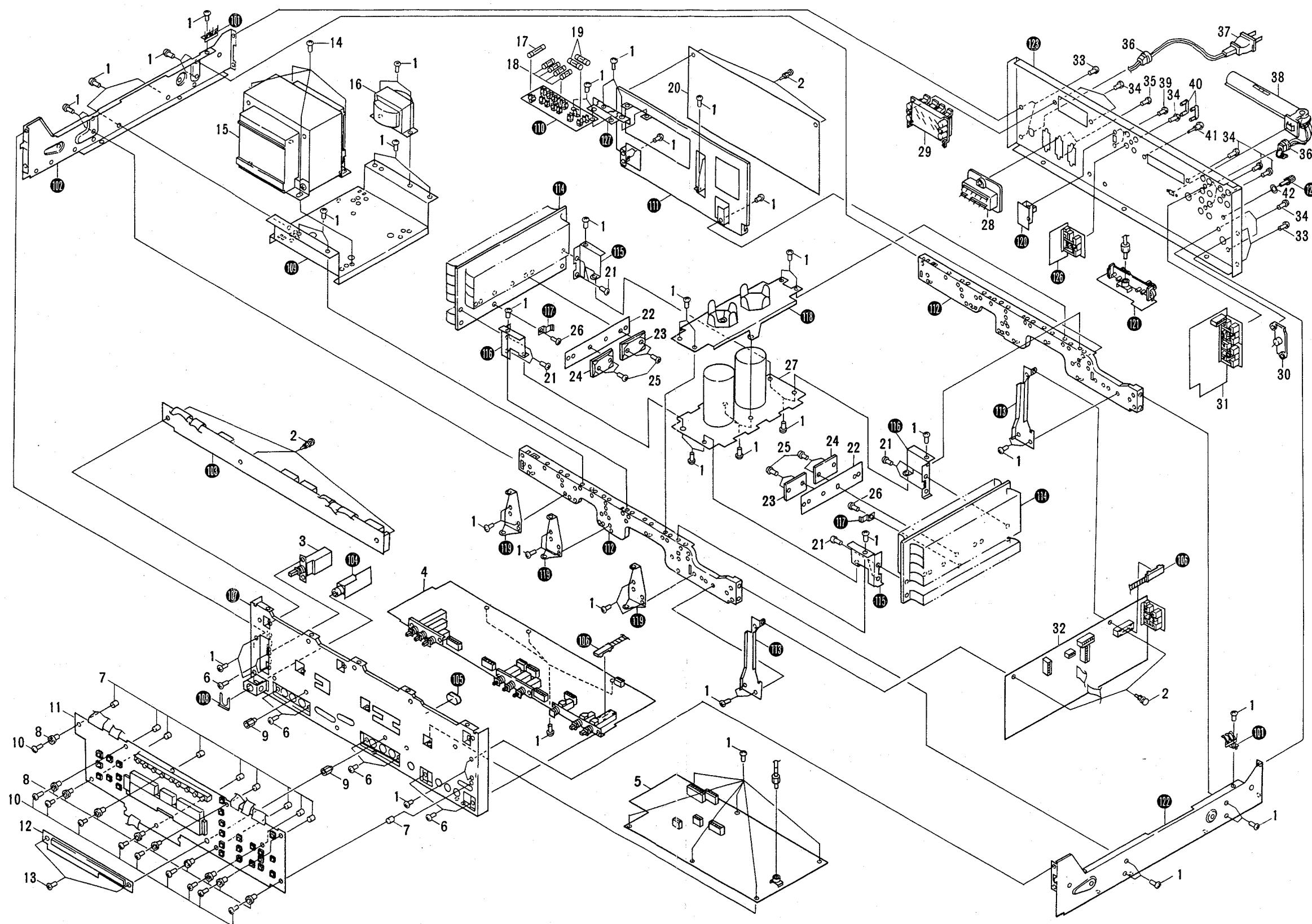
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D

D



10. ADJUSTMENTS

Power Amplifier Section

- Turn VR3, VR5 (L) and VR4, VR6 (R) fully around in the counter-clockwise direction, but set VR1 (L) and VR2 (R) to the center positions.
- Without any load or input signal, turn the POWER switch ON.

Adjustment point	Prescribed value	Measuring terminals
DC Balance		
VR1 (L)	DC 0V ±30mV	Output terminals (SPEAKERS)
VR2 (R)	DC 0V ±30mV	
Idle Current		
VR3 (L)	DC 56mV	JP1 (+) and JP2 (-)
VR5 (L)	DC 70mV	
VR4 (R)	DC 56mV	JP4 (+) and JP3 (-)
VR6 (R)	DC 70mV	

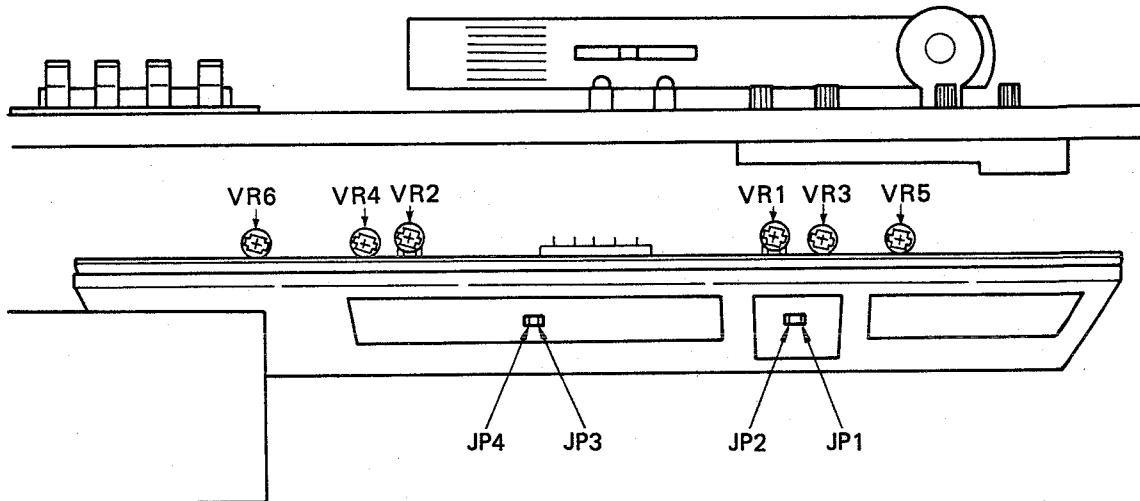


Fig. 10-1

FM Tuner Section

- Connect the FM signal generator (FM SG) to the FM ANTENNA 300 Ω terminal through a 300 Ω dummy antenna.
- Set the AUTO/MANUAL switch to the MANUAL position, the FM (FUNCTION) switch to the ON position and the MODE MONO (MUTE OFF) switch to the MONO (MUTE OFF) position.
- (*) Tune the FM SG to the SX-8.
- (*) Connect the FM multiplex stereo signal generator to the FM SG external modulator terminal. Set the modulation to Pilot 19kHz/ \pm 7.5kHz deviation only.
- (*) Connect the FM multiplex stereo signal generator to the FM SG external modulator terminal. Set the modulation to Main 1kHz/L +R/ \pm 67.5kHz deviation, Pilot 19kHz/ \pm 7.5kHz deviation.

Step	FM SG (400Hz, \pm 75kHz deviation)		SX-8 Frequency display	Adjustment point	Adjustment procedure
	Frequency	Level			
1.	No signal		87.5MHz	L6	7.2V DC between terminal no. 9 and ground.
2.	No signal		108.0MHz	TC4	24V DC between terminal no. 9 and ground.
3.	Repeat steps 1 and 2 until both specifications are correct.				
4.	90.0MHz (*)	60dB	90.0MHz	L1,L2,L3	Adjust until DC voltage between terminal no. 17 and ground is maximum.
5.	106.0MHz (*)	60dB	106.0MHz	TC1,TC2,TC3	
6.	Repeat steps 4 and 5 until maximum sensitivity is attained.				
7.	98.0MHz (*)	60dB	98.0MHz	T1	Adjust until DC voltage between terminal no. 17 and ground is maximum.
8.	98.000MHz**	60dB	98.0MHz	T2 (CENTER)	0V DC between terminal no. 10 and no. 11.
9.	98.000MHz**	60dB	98.0MHz	T2 (DIST)	Adjust until distortion at TAPE 1 REC terminal is minimum.
10.	Repeat steps 8 and 9 until both requirements are satisfied.				
11.	Set the MODE MONO switch to the STEREO position.				
12.	98.0MHz (*)	60dB (not modulation)	98.0MHz	VR2	Adjust signal at terminal no. 1 to 76kHz (\pm 500Hz)
13.	98.0MHz (*) Set to pilot modulation (*) 2	60dB	98.0MHz	VR3	Adjust so that a leakage of 19kHz at TAPE 1 REC terminal is balanced between R and L channels and minimized at the same time.
14.	98.0MHz (*) Set to stereo modulation (*) 3	60dB	98.0MHz	T1 (within \pm 90°)	Adjust until distortion at TAPE 1 REC L or R terminal is minimum.
15.	98.0MHz (*) Set to stereo modulation (*) 3	31dB	98.0MHz	VR1	Obtain a position just prior to activation of the muting circuit and light up the STEREO indicator.

**Frequency must be accurate.

AM Tuner Section

- Connect the AM signal generator (AM SG) to the AM ANTENNA terminal through a $10k\Omega$ resistor.
- Set the AM (FUNCTION) switch to the ON position and AM CHANNEL STEP switch (on the rear panel) to 10kHz position.

(*4) Tune the AM SG to the SX-8.

Step	AM SG (400Hz, 30% modulation)		SX-8 Frequency display	Adjustment point	Adjustment procedure
	Frequency	Level			
1.	No signal		520kHz	T4	2V DC between terminal no. 9 and ground.
2.	No signal		1620kHz	TC7	24V DC between terminal no. 9 and ground.
3.	Repeat steps 1 and 2 until both specifications are correct.				
4.	600kHz (*4)	40dB	600kHz	Bar-antenna	Adjust until DC voltage between terminal no. 17 and ground is maximum.
5.	1400kHz (*4)	40dB	1400kHz	TC6	
6.	Repeat steps 4 and 5 until maximum sensitivity is attained.				

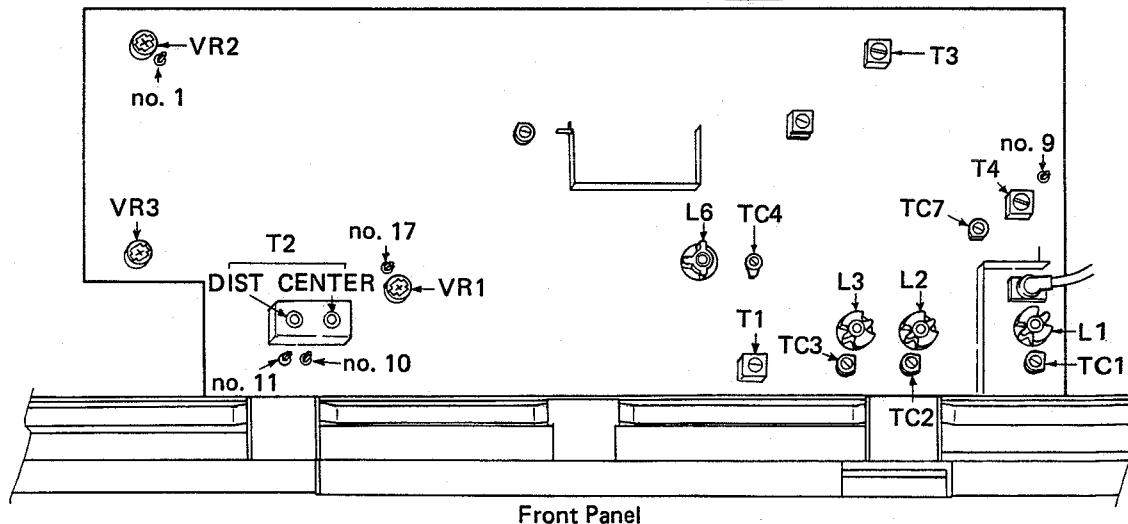
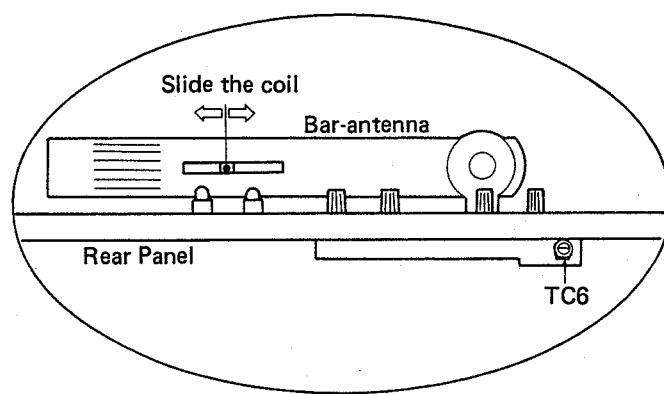


Fig. 10-2

10. RÉGLAGE

Section d'amplificateur de puissance

- Tourner VR3, VR5 (gauche) et VR4, VR6 (droite) à fond au sens contraire du mouvement des aiguilles d'une montre, mais laisser VR1 (gauche) et VR2 (droite) sur la position centrale.
- Régler l'interrupteur général sur ON sans appliquer de charge ou de signal d'entrée.

Point de réglage	Valeur prescrite	Bornes de mesure
Balance CC		
VR1 (gauche)	0V ± 30 mV, CC	Bornes de sortie (SPEAKERS)
VR2 (droite)	0V ± 30 mV, CC	
Courant déwatté		
VR3 (gauche)	56 mV, CC	JP1 (+) et JP2 (-)
VR5 (gauche)	70 mV, CC	
VR4 (droite)	56 mV, CC	JP4 (+) et JP3 (-)
VR6 (droite)	70 mV, CC	

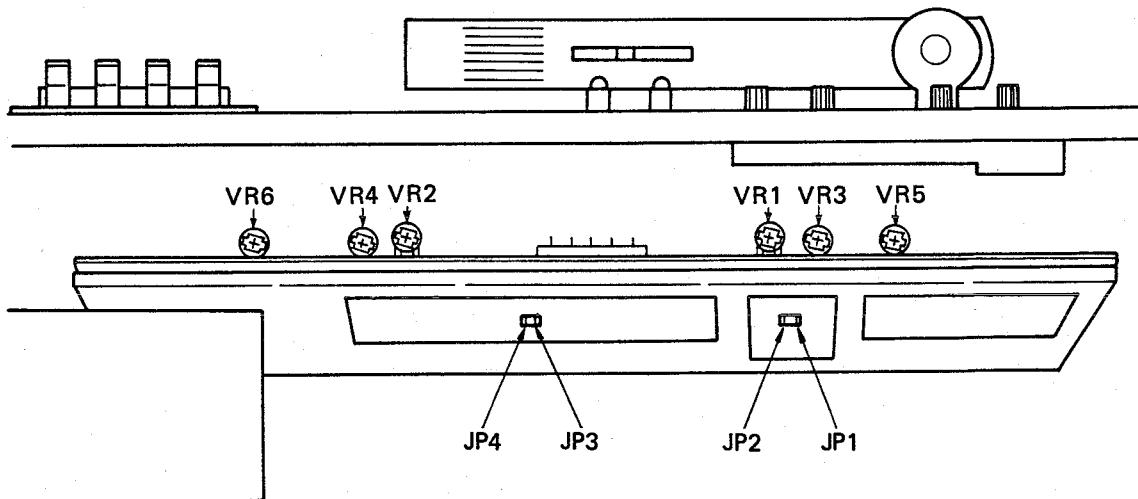


Fig. 10-1

Section de Tuner FM

- Raccorder le générateur de signaux (FM SG) sur la borne de l'antenne FM (FM ANTENNA) 300Ω par l'intermédiaire d'une antenne factice 300Ω .
- Régler le commutateur AUTO/MANUAL sur la position MANUAL, le commutateur FM (FUNCTION) sur la position ON et le commutateur MODE MONO (MUTE OFF) sur la position MONO (MUTE OFF).
- (*) Accorder le générateur de signaux FM sur SX-8.
- (*) Raccorder le générateur de signaux FM stéréo multiplex sur la borne du modulateur externe FM SG. Régler la modulation sur déviation pilote $19\text{ kHz}/\pm 7,5\text{ kHz}$ seulement.
- (*) Raccorder le générateur de signaux FM stéréo multiplex sur la borne du modulateur externe FM SG. Régler la modulation sur déviation principale $1\text{ kHz/gauche+droit (L+R)}/\pm 67,5\text{ kHz}$, déviation de synchronisation $19\text{ kHz}/\pm 7,5\text{ kHz}$.

Phase	FM SG (400Hz, $\pm 75\text{kHz}$ déviation)		Affichage de fréquence SX-8	Point de réglage	Procédure de réglage
	Fréquence	Niveau			
1	Pas de signal		87,5MHz	L6	7,2V CC entre la borne n° 9 et la borne de terre.
2	Pas de signal		108,0MHz	TC4	24V CC entre la borne n° 9 et la borne de terre.
3	Répéter les phases 1 et 2 afin d'obtenir les deux caractéristiques correctes.				
4	90,0MHz (*1)	60dB	90,0MHz	L1, L2, L3	Régler afin d'obtenir la tension CC maximum entre la borne n° 17 et la borne de terre.
5	106,0MHz (*1)	60dB	106,0MHz	TC1, TC2, TC3	
6	Répéter les phases 4 et 5 afin d'obtenir la sensibilité maximum.				
7	98,0MHz (*1)	60dB	98,0MHz	T1	Régler afin d'obtenir la tension CC maximum entre la borne n° 17 et la borne de terre.
8	98,000MHz**	60dB	98,0MHz	T2 (CENTRE)	0V CC entre la borne n° 10 et la borne n° 11.
9	98,000MHz**	60dB	98,0MHz	T2 (DIST)	Régler afin d'obtenir la distorsion minimum à la borne TAPE 1 REC.
10	Répéter les phases 8 et 9 afin d'obtenir les deux conditions requises.				
11	Régler le commutateur MODE MONO sur la position STEREO.				
12	98,0MHz (*1)	60dB (pas de modulation)	98,0MHz	VR2	Régler le signal à la borne n° 1 to 76 kHz ($\pm 500\text{ Hz}$).
13	98,0MHz (*1)	60dB Régler sur modulation pilote (*2).	98,0MHz	VR3	Régler de sorte que la fuite de 19 kHz à la borne REC de TAPE 1 soit équilibrée entre les canaux R et L, et réduite au minimum en même temps.
14	98,0MHz (*1)	60dB Régler sur modulation stéréo (*3).	98,0MHz	T1 (entre $\pm 90^\circ$)	Régler afin d'obtenir la distorsion minimum à la borne TAPE 1 REC L ou R.
15	98,0MHz (*1)	31dB Régler sur modulation stéréo (*3).	98,0MHz	VR1	Régler sur la position précédant l'excitation du circuit d'atténuation et allumant l'indicateur STEREO.

** La fréquence doit être précise.

Section de Tuner AM

- Raccorder le générateur de signaux AM (AM SG) sur la borne d'antenne AM (AM ANTENNA) par l'intermédiaire d'un résisteur de $10K\Omega$.
- Régler le commutateur AM (FUNCTION) sur la position ON et le commutateur AM CHANNEL STEP (situé sur le panneau arrière) sur la position 10kHz.
- (*4) Accorder le générateur de signaux AM SG sur SX-8.

Phase	AM SG (400Hz, 30% modulation)		Affichage de fréquence SX-8	Point de réglage	Procédure de réglage
	Fréquence	Niveau			
1	Pas de signal		520kHz	T4	2V CC entre la borne n° 9 et la borne de terre.
2	Pas de signal		1620kHz	TC7	24V CC entre la borne n° 9 et la borne de terre.
3	Répéter les phases 1 et 2 afin d'obtenir les deux caractéristiques correctes.				
4	600kHz (*4)	40dB	600kHz	Antenne -tige	Régler afin d'obtenir la tension CC maximum entre la borne n° 17 et la borne de terre.
5	1400kHz (*4)	40dB	1400kHz	TC6	
6	Répéter les phases 4 et 5 afin d'obtenir la sensibilité maximum.				

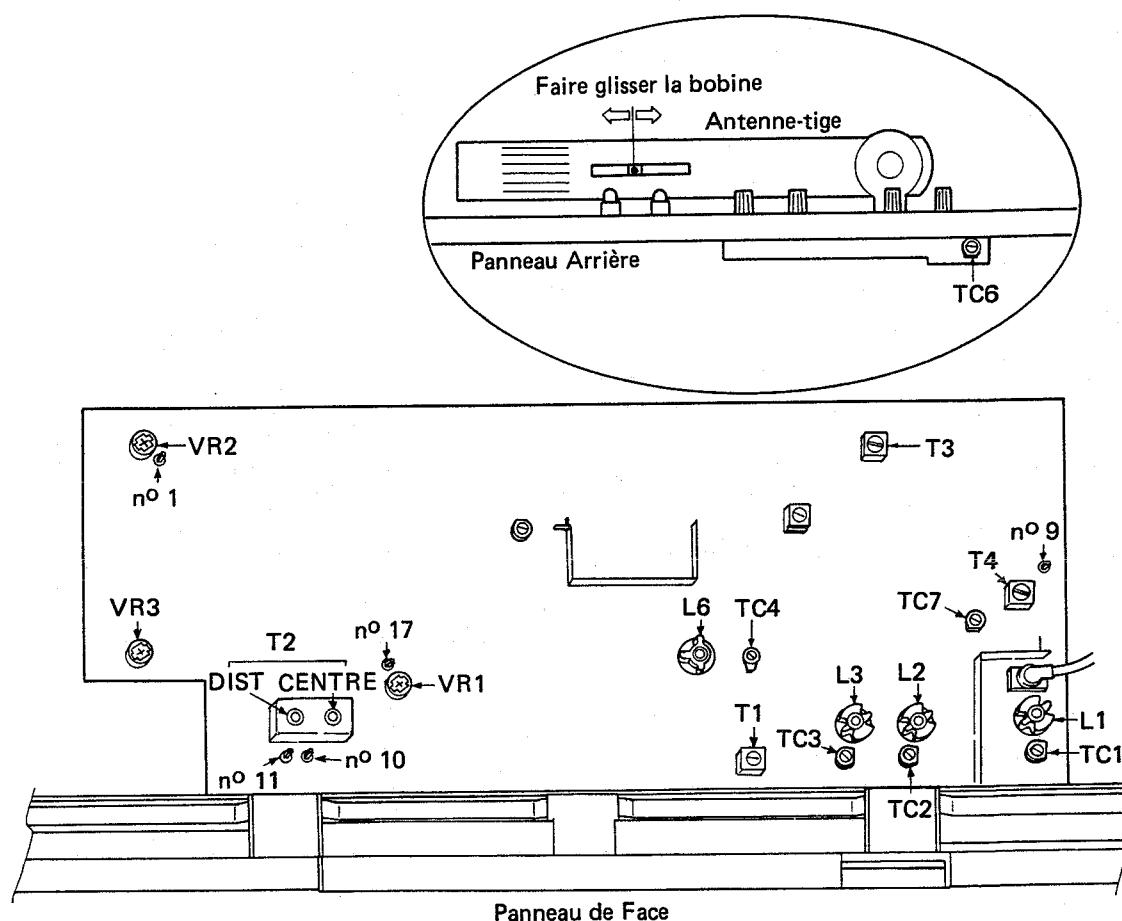


Fig. 10-2

10. AJUSTE

Sección de amplificador de potencia

- Girar completamente VR3, VR5 (izq.) y VR4, VR6 (der.) en el sentido del movimiento de las manecillas del reloj, pero dejar VR1 (izq.) y VR2 (der.) en la posición central.
- Sin ninguna carga ni señal de entrada, poner el interruptor de la alimentación (POWER) en la posición ON.

Punto de ajuste	Valor prescrito	Terminales de medición
Equilibrio de CC		
VR1 (izq.)	0V ± 30 mV, CC	Terminales de salida (SPEAKERS)
VR2 (der.)	0V ± 30 mV, CC	
Corriente deviada		
VR3 (izq.)	56 mV, CC	JP1 (+) y JP2 (-)
VR5 (izq.)	70 mV, CC	
VR4 (der.)	56 mV, CC	JP4 (+) y JP3 (-)
VR6 (der.)	70 mV, CC	

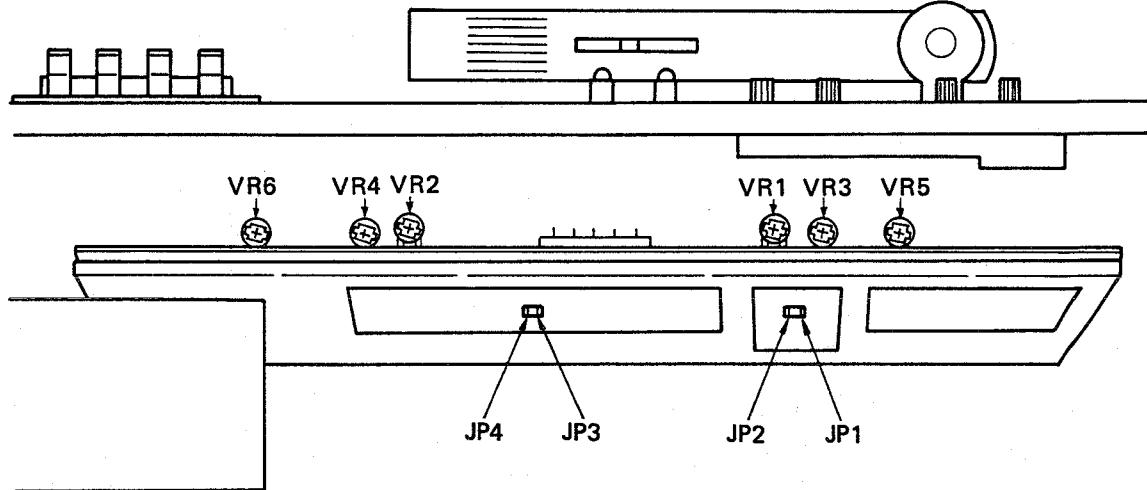


Fig. 10-1

Sección de Sintonizador de FM

- Conectar el generador de señales de FM (FM SG) al terminal FM ANTENNA 300Ω a través de una antena ficticia de 300ohmios.
- Conectar el selector AUTO/MANUAL en la posición MANUAL, el selector de función de FM en la posición ON y el de modo de MONO (MUTE OFF) en la posición MONO (MUTE OFF).
- (*1) Sintonizar el FM SG con el SX-8.
- (*2) Conectar un generador de señales estereofónicas de FM multiplex al terminal modulador exterior del FM SG.
Ajustar la modulación a Piloto 19 kHz/ \pm 7,5 kHz de desviación solamente.
- (*3) Conectar un generador de señales estereofónicas de FM multiplex al terminal modulador exterior del FM SG.
Ajustar la modulación a Principal 1 kHz/Izq. + Der. (L+R)/ \pm 67,5 kHz de desviación; Piloto 19kHz/ \pm 7,5 kHz de desviación.

Paso	FM SG (400Hz, \pm 75kHz desviación)		Frecuencímetro del SX-8	Punto de ajuste	Procedimientos de ajuste
	Frecuencia	Nivel			
1	Sin señal		87,5MHz	L6	7.2V CC entre el terminal no. 9 y masa.
2	Sin señal		108,0MHz	TC4	24V CC entre el terminal no. 9 y masa.
3	Repetir los pasos 1 y 2 hasta que ambas especificaciones sean correctas.				
4	90,0MHz (*1)	60dB	90,0MHz	L1, L2, L3	Ajustar hasta que la tensión de CC entre el terminal no. 17 y masa sea la máxima.
5	106,0MHz (*1)	60dB	106,0MHz	TC1, TC2, TC3	
6	Repetir los pasos 4 y 5 hasta lograrse la máxima sensibilidad.				
7	98,0MHz (*1)	60dB	98,0MHz	T1	Ajustar hasta que la tensión de CC entre el terminal no. 17 y masa sea la máxima.
8	98,000MHz**	60dB	98,0MHz	T2 (CENTER)	0V CC entre el terminal no. 10 y el no. 11.
9	98,000MHz**	60dB	98,0MHz	T2 (DIST)	Ajustar hasta que la distorsión en el terminal TAPE 1 REC sea la mínima.
10	Repetir los pasos 8 y 9 hasta que se satisfagan ambos requisitos.				
11	Poner el selector MODE MONO en la posición STEREO.				
12	98,0MHz (*1)	60dB (sin modulación)	98,0MHz	VR2	Ajustar la señal en el terminal no. 1 to 76 kHz (\pm 500 Hz).
13	98,0MHz (*1) Ajustar a modulación piloto(*2)	60dB	98,0MHz	VR3	Ajustar de manera tal que la fuga de 19 kHz en el terminal REC de TAPE 1 sea equilibrada entre los canales R y L, y minorizada al mismo tiempo.
14	98,0MHz (*1) Ajustar a modulación estereofónica (*3)	60dB	98,0MHz	T1 (dentro de \pm 90°)	Ajustar hasta que la distorsión en el terminal TAPE 1 REC L o R sea la mínima.
15	98,0MHz (*1) Ajustar a modulación estereofónica (*3)	31dB	98,0MHz	VR1	Obtener una posición anterior a la activación del circuito de silenciamiento y antes de que se ilumine el indicador STEREO.

** La frecuencia tiene que ser precisa.

Sección de Sintonizador de AM

- Conectar el generador de señales de AM (AM SG) al terminal AM ANTENNA a través de un resistor de 10Kohmios.
- Poner el selector de función de AM en la posición ON y el de AM CHANNEL STEP (del panel posterior) en la posición de 10kHz.
- (*) Sintonizar el AM SG con el SX-8.

Paso	AM SG (400Hz, 30% modulación)		Frecuencímetro del SX-8	Punto de ajuste	Procedimientos de ajuste
	Frecuencia	Nivel			
1	Sin señal		520kHz	T4	2V CC entre el terminal no. 9 y masa.
2	Sin señal		1620kHz	TC7	24V CC entre el terminal no. 9 y masa.
3	Repetir los pasos 1 y 2 hasta que ambas especificaciones sean correctas.				
4	600kHz (*4)	40dB	600kHz	Antena de barra	Ajustar hasta que la tensión de CC entre el terminal no. 17 y masa sea la máxima.
5	1400kHz (*4)	40dB	1400kHz	TC6	
6	Repetir los pasos 4 y 5 hasta lograrse la máxima sensibilidad.				

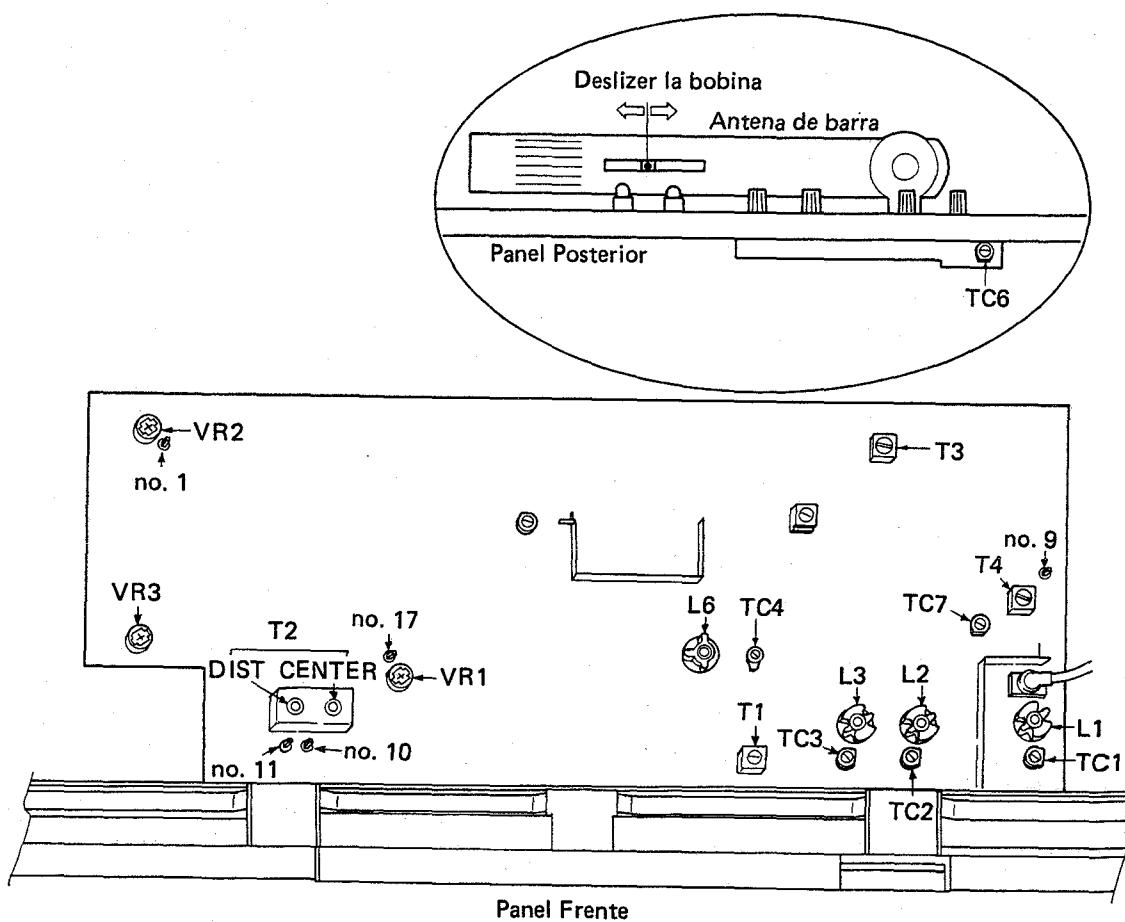


Fig. 10-2

ADDITIONAL

 PIONEER®

Service Manual

**COMPUTER CONTROLLED
STEREO RECEIVER**

SX-8

S, S/G

The basic performance of the S/G type (U.S. Military model) and S type (General export model) is the same as the KU type (U.S.A. model). This additional service manual is applicable to the S/G and S types, please refer to the KU type service manual (pp.1-44) with the exception of this supplement.

SPECIFICATIONS

The specifications for S/G and S types are the same as the KU type except for following sections:

Miscellaneous

Power Requirements AC110/120/220/240V(Switchable), 50/60Hz

Power Consumption 225W

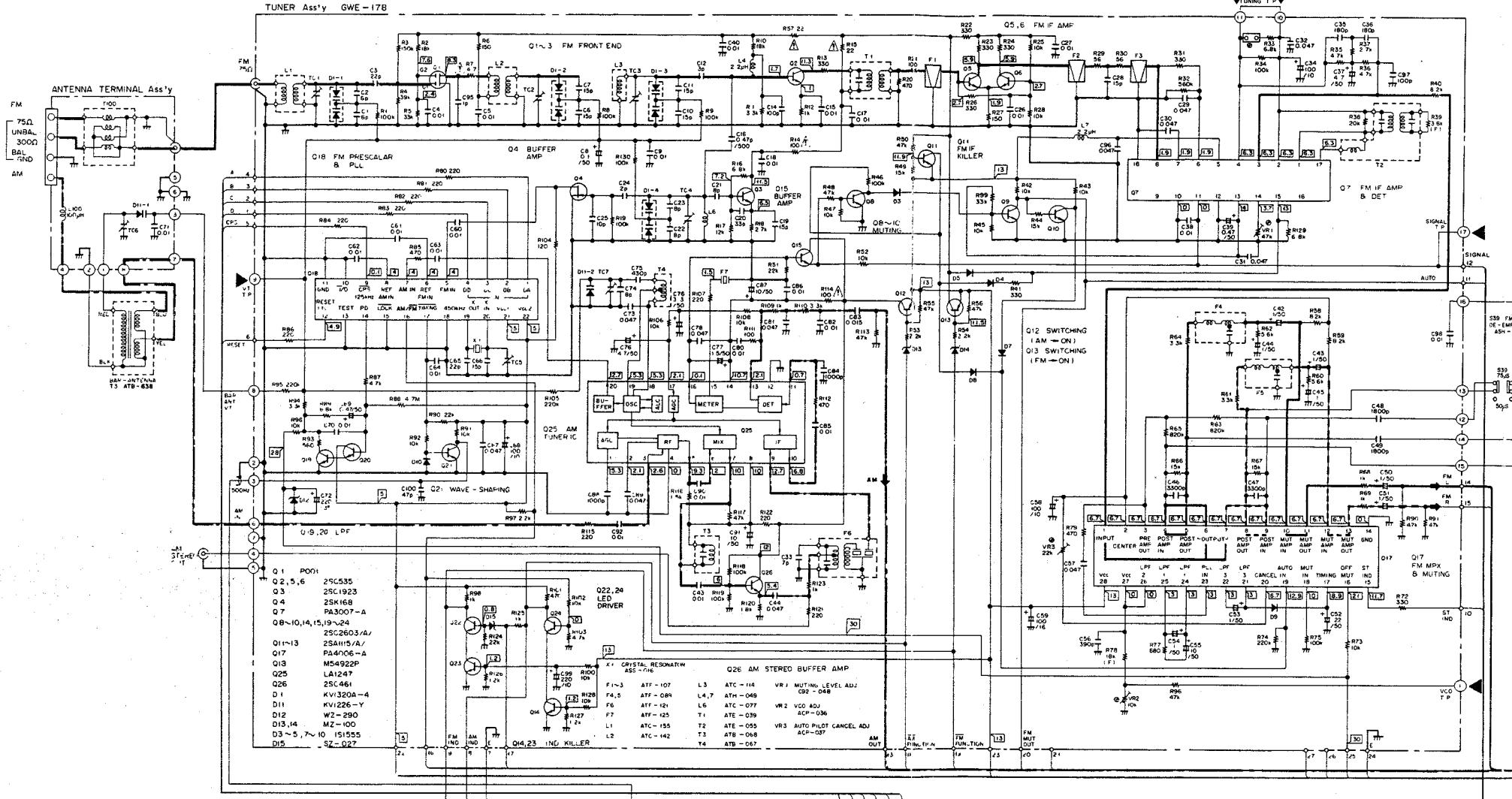
Weight (without package) 15.2kg (33 lb 8 oz)

Furnished Parts

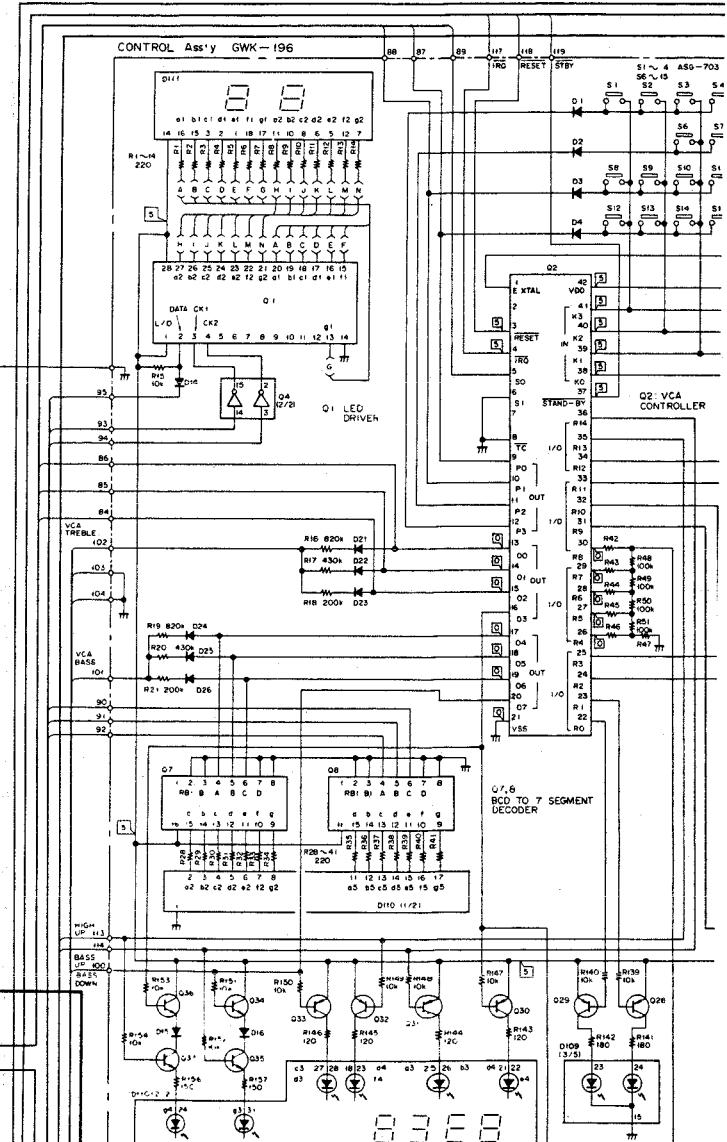
Fuse (8A) x 1
(4A) x 1

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SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM FOR S AND S/G TYPES(1/2)

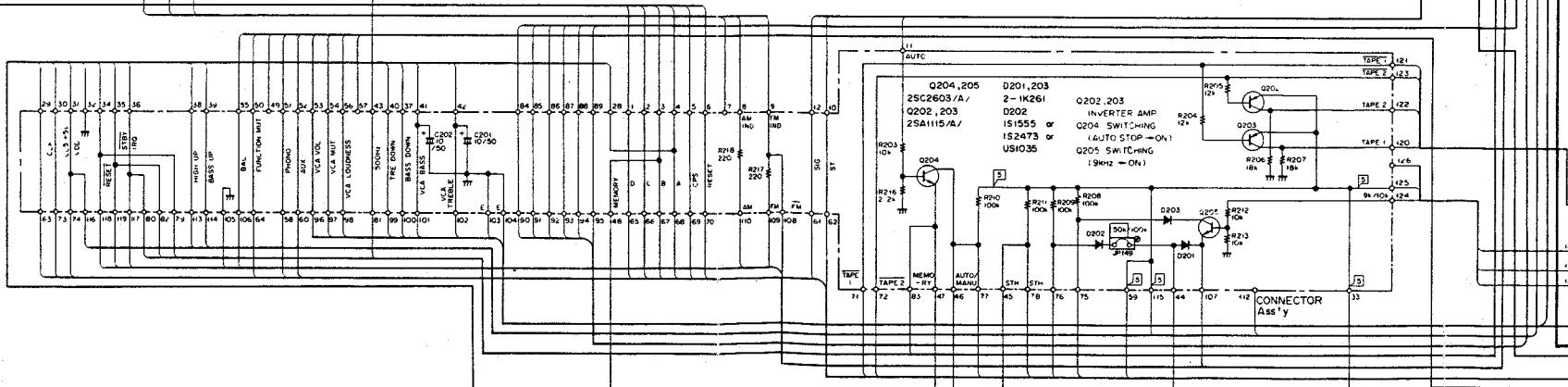
A



B



C



D

SWITCHES

S.1	PRESET (B)	ON - OFF
S.2	PRESET (A)	ON - OFF
S.3	VOLUME (DOWN)	ON - OFF
S.4	VOLUME (UP)	ON - OFF
S.6	TONE PRESET (B)	ON - OFF
S.7	TONE PRESET (A)	ON - OFF
S.8	MUTING	ON - OFF

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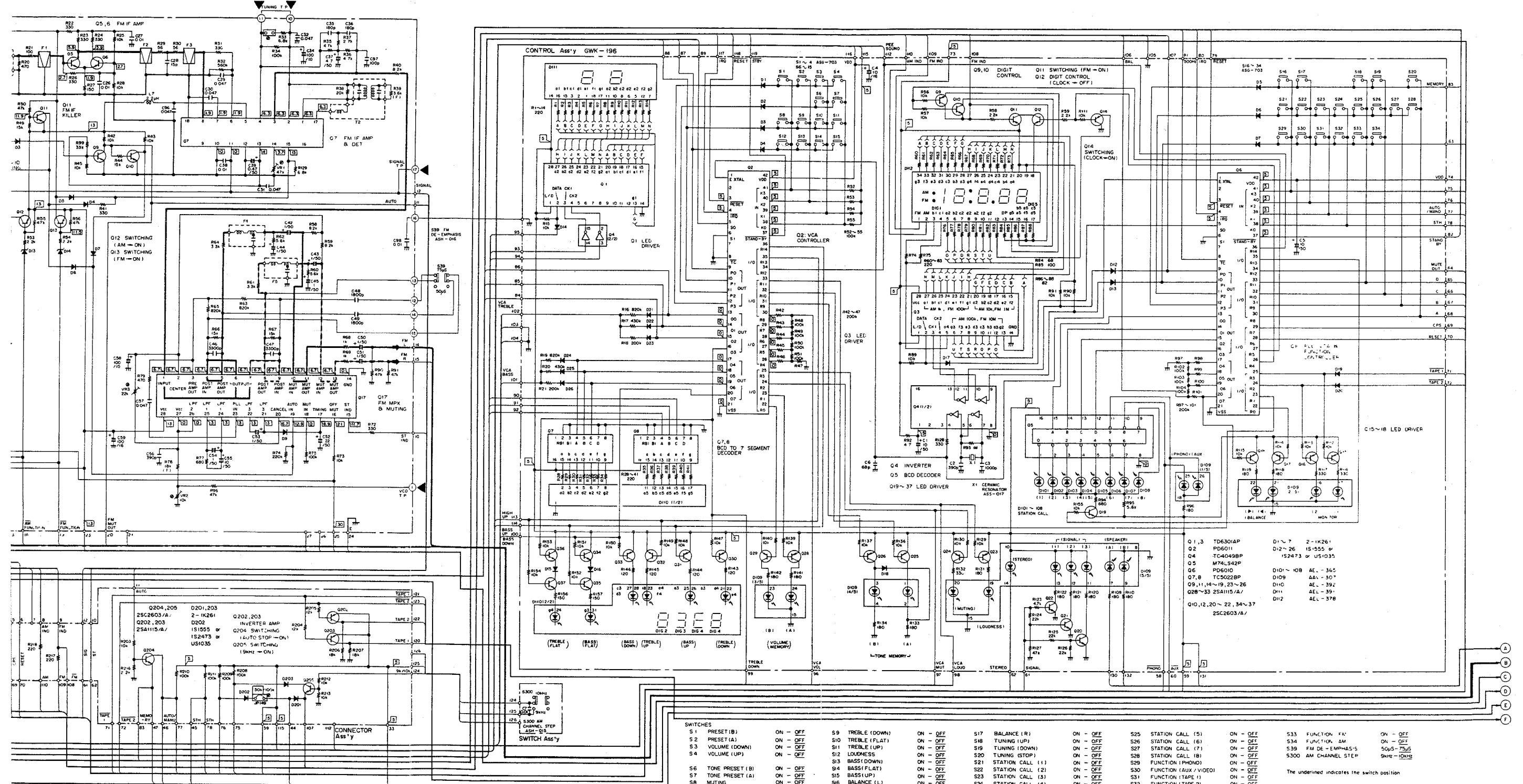
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A

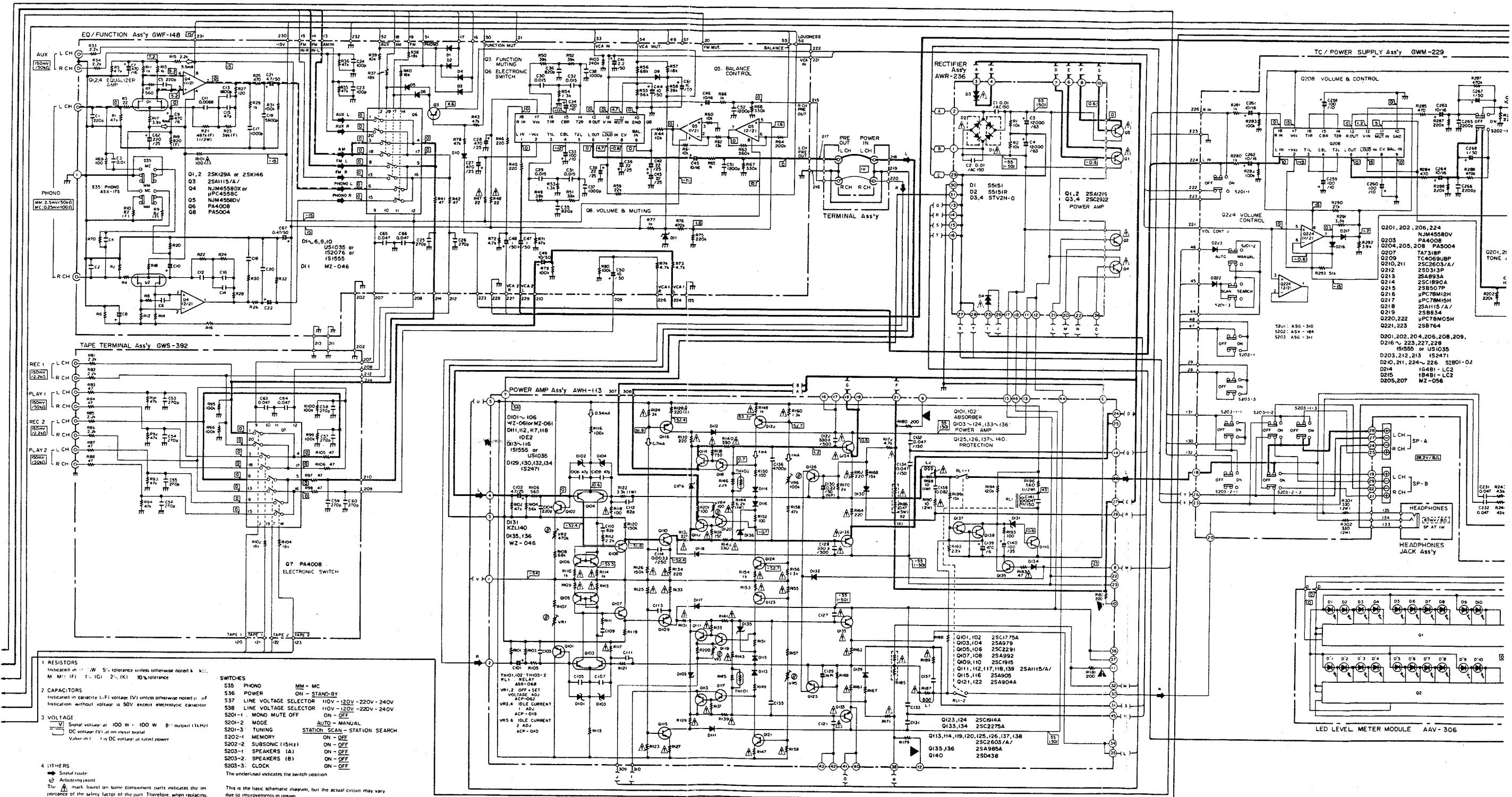
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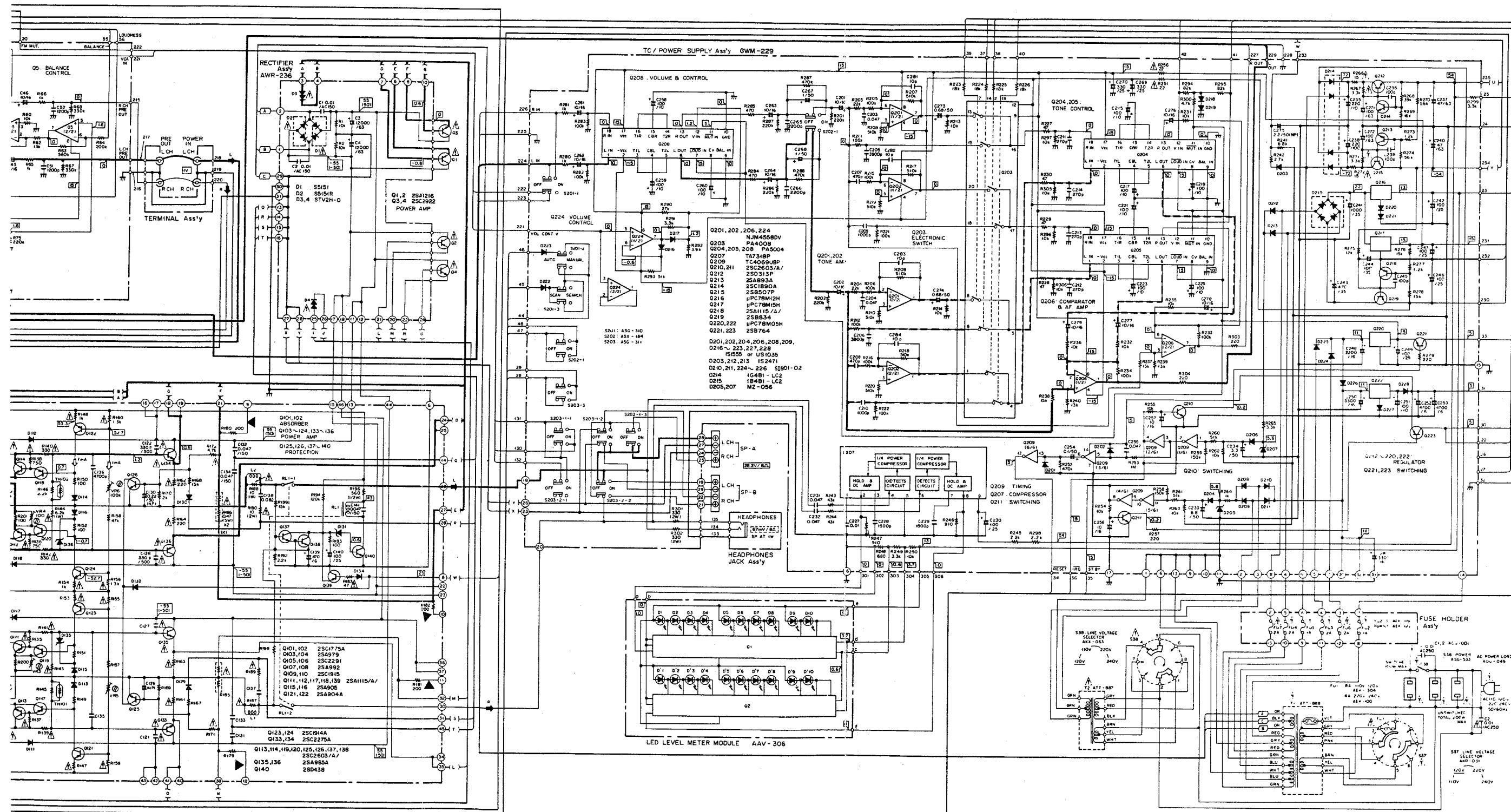
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SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM FOR S AND S/G TYPES(2/2)

A





A

B

C

D

