# ROBERTS' RADIO **P4D** ALL-DRY BATTERY PORTABLE

**R** 18



This compact receiver is made by Roberts Radio, of Creek Road, East Molesey, Surrey (Phone: Molesey 2684), and priced at £21 0s. 6d.

MPLOYING an effective superhet circuit, this all-dry portable fourvalver switches easily at will over the long, medium and short wave

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION Tuned frame aerial input L1, L2, C3

(MW, LW) and L3, C3 (SW) to heptode valve (VI, Mullard DK32).

Oscillator grid coils L4 (MW), L5 (LW) and L6 (SW), are tuned by C6: parallel trimming by C8 (MW), C9 (LW), and C10 (SW); series tracking by C11 (MW), C12 (LW), and C13 (SW). Reaction by coils L7, L8 and L9 between oscillator anode and HT.

Second valve (V2 Mullard DF33) is a variable mu R.F. pentode operating as intermediate frequency amplifier with tuned primary, tuned secondary couplings C15, L10, C16, L11 and C17, L12, C18, L13. All the tuning capacitors are fixed and tuning is effected by adjustment of the iron dust cores.

The Intermediate frequency is 467 Kc/s.

Diode second detector is part of single diode triode valve (V3 Mullard DAC32).

Audio frequency component in rectified output is developed across load resistance R4, which is the manual volume control, and passed via the A.F. coupling condenser C19 and grid leak R5 to control grid of triode section which operates as A.F. amplifier.

D.C. Potential developed across R4 is fed back as G.B. via R6 to V2 on all wavebands and V1 on MW and LW giving automatic volume control.

Resistance capacity coupling by R7. C21 and R8 between V3 triode and pentode output valve (V4 Mullard Tone correction by C22. G.B. potential for V4 is obtained from the voltage drop across R9. DISMANTLING THE SET

Removing Chassis.—Remove the two 4BA cheese headed steel screws on either side of the chassis. Unsolder aerial and earth leads from their sockets.

The whole chassis with the exception of the speaker but including the frame windings can then be withdrawn to the extent of the speaker leads.

This single operation gives access to every part of the chassis, while the receiver remains in working order. If it becomes necessary free the assembly entirely, unsolder the two leads connecting the speaker to the chassis.

When replacing be sure to connect red lead to upper tag and black lead to

Removing Speaker.—Remove the four 4BA nuts round the rim of the speaker.

When replacing, see that the connecting tags are on the left.

### GENERAL NOTES

Switches S1-9 are the waveband switches, in a single rotary unit indicated in our front view of the chassis.

The diagram below, drawn as seen looking in the direction of the arrow in the front chassis view, shows the switches in detail. The table beside it gives the switch positions for the three control settings, starting from anti-clockwise. Where a dash appears it indicates that the contacts are open. The letter C indicates closed contacts.

## VALVE ANALYSIS

The voltages and currents given in the table at the foot of this page; column three, were measured with an H.T. Battery voltage of 90. The receiver was tuned to the lowest wavelength on the MW Band and the volume control was at maximum, but a 0.1 mfd condenser was connected from the top cap of V1 to chassis to ensure there would be no signal input. The voltages were measured on the 1,000 volts range of a Model 7 Universal Avonmeter, chassis being negative.

Coils, L1, L2 are MW and LW frame aerial windings, and L3 is the short wave aerial coil. L4-L9 are in a single screened unit which with S1-9 are mounted on a bracket on the underside of the top panel. The I.F. transformers L10, L11 and L12, L13 are in two screened units mounted on the rear of the chassis. S10 is the on-off switch ganged with R4.

Battery.—The battery a combined

H.T. and L.T. Type All-dry No. 3. The connection to the battery is via a four-way cable and plug. connections to this plug as shown in the circuit diagram, are as seen when looking at the free end of the pins. CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

I.F. Stages.-Turn volume control to maximum. Connect signal generator to top cap of V2 and chassis. Feed in a 467 Kc/s signal, and adjust L12, L13 for maximum output.

Transfer signal generator to top cap of V1 and adjust L10,L11 for maximum output. Re-check L12, L13 and L10,

L11. R.F. and Oscillator Stages.-With gang at maximum, pointer should cover datum lines at upper wavelength end of scale. On MW and LW sufficient pick up from the signal generator should be obtained with the generator output lead laying on the bench close to the frame. Disconnect H.T. lead to second I.F. transformer, and insert a (Continued on next page)

# SWITCH POSITIONS

TCH	SW C	MW -	LW
	_		-
5 6 7	<u>c</u>	00 10 110	c 
	4 5 6 7 8 9	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} C \\ - \\ C \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}  \begin{bmatrix} C \\ - \\ C \\ \end{bmatrix}  \begin{bmatrix} - \\ C \\ - \\ \end{bmatrix}$

#### Valve Voltage and Current Readings

	Valve	Anode Volts (V)	Anode Current (mA)	Screen Volts (V)	Screen Current (mA)
V1	DK32	82 Oscil		} 50	1.09
	DF33	82	0.9	82	0.21
	DAC32 DL35	25 78	0.024 5.15	82	1.24

0-2 m/a meter in series to act as a tuning indicator.

MW.—Set switch to MW, tune to 250 mts. on scale, set generator to 250 mts. (1,200 Kc/s) adjust C8 then C1 for maximum output. Set generator to 500 mts. (600 Kc/s) tune in signal and adjust C11 for maximum output, while rocking the gang for optimum results.

LW.—Set switch to LW, tune to 1,200 mts. on scale, set generator to 1,200 mts. (250 Kc/s) and adjust C9 then C2 for maximum output. Set generator to 1,800 mts. (166·7 Kc/s) tune in signal and adjust C12 for maximum output, while rocking the gang for optimum results.

SW.—Set switch to SW. Connect generator to aerial and earth leads via a dummy aerial. Set pointer to 16 mts. on scale, set generator to 16 mts. (18.75 M/cs.) and adjust C10 for maximum output. Two settings will be found for C10, the setting involving the least capacity should be chosen. Check calibration at 50 mts. (6 Mc/s.).

CONDENSERS	Values (μF)	R4 R5	V3 Diode Load Manual Volume Control V3 Grid Leak	1,0
Frame Aerial MW Trimmer	_	R6	AVC Decoupling	1.0
Frame Aerial LW Trimmer	_	R7	V3 Anode Load	1.0
Frame Aerial Tuning	_	R8	V4 Grid Leak	2,0
V1 SG Decoupling	0.1	R9	V4 Grid Bias	- 2
AVC Line Decoupling	0.1	- 4-0		
Oscillator Circuit Tuning			OTHER COMPONENTS	V
V1 Osc. Grid Blocking	0.0001			((
Osc. Circuit MW Trimmer	_	LI	MW Frame Aerial	
Osc. Circuit LW Trimmer	_	L2	LW Frame Aerial	
Osc. Circuit SW Trimmer Osc. Circuit MW Padder	_	L3	SW Aerial Coil	
Osc. Circuit MW Padder	- 1	L4	Osc. Circuit MW Tuning	
Osc. Circuit LW Padder	-		Coil	
Osc. Circuit SW Padder HT Decoupling	0.005	L5	Osc. Circuit LW Tuning	
HT Decoupling	0.1		Coil	
1st IF Trans. PRI Tuning	0.0001	L6	Osc. Circuit SW Tuning Coil	
1st IF Trans. SEC Tuning	0.0001	L7	Osc. Circuit MW Reaction	
2nd IF Trans. PRI Tuning	0.0001		Winding	
2nd IF Trans. SEC Tuning AF Coupling to V3 Triode	0.0001	L8.	Osc. Circuit LW Reaction	
	0.01	* 0	Winding	
IF By-pass V3-V4 AF Coupling	0-0001	L9	Osc. Circuit SW Reaction	
V3-V4 AF Coupling	0.005	T 10	Winding	
Tone Corrector V4 GB By-pass	0.001	L10	1st IF Trans. PRI	
V4 GB By-pass	50.0	L11	1st IF Trans. SEC	
	1	L12		
RESISTANCES	Values	L13	2nd IF Trans. SEC	
RESISTANCES		L14	Speaker Speech Coil	,
	(Ohms)	TI	Output Transfomer PRI SEC	6
V1 SG HT Feed	30,000		S1-9 Waveband Switches	
VI O C-11 C.	100		S10 On-Off Switch Ganged	
VI Osc. Grid Stopper VI Osc. Grid Leak	200,000		D.A.	
TA OSC. GIRG LORK	200,000		R4	





