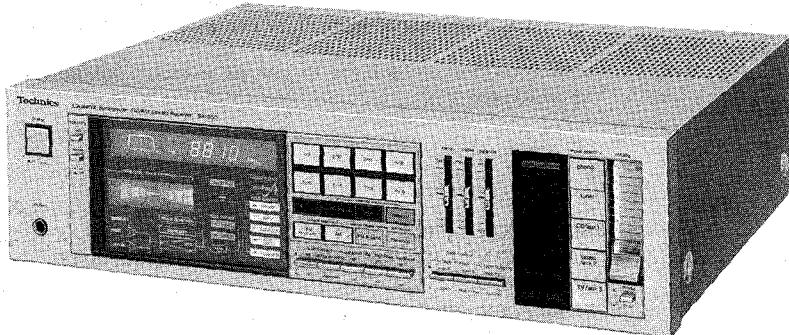


# Service Manual

**QUARTZ Synthesizer  
FM/AM Stereo Receiver**



Receiver

**SA-850**

## Color

- |                     |
|---------------------|
| (K) ... Black Type  |
| (S) ... Silver Type |

Color	Area
(S)	[PA] ... Far East PX.
(S)	[PE] ... European Military.
(K) (S)	[PC] ... European Audio Club.

**SPECIFICATIONS**

(IHF '78)

## ■ AMPLIFIER SECTION

**Rated minimum sine wave RMS power output**

20 Hz~20 kHz both channels driven

0.005% total harmonic distortion

100W per channel (8 ohms)

**1 kHz continuous power output**

both channels driven

0.005% total harmonic distortion

105W per channel (8 ohms)

**Dynamic headroom**

1.8 dB (8 ohms)

**Total harmonic distortion**

rated power at 20 Hz~20 kHz

0.005% (8 ohms)

half power at 20 Hz~20 kHz

0.005% (8 ohms)

half power at 1 kHz

0.001% (8 ohms)

**SMPTE intermodulation distortion**

0.01% (8 ohms)

**Frequency response**

PHONO RIAA standard curve ±0.8 dB

CD/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TV/AUX 3,

TAPE 1, TAPE 2/EXT 5 Hz~100 kHz~3 dB

**Input sensitivity**

PHONO 0.25 mV (2.5 mV, IHF '66)

CD/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TV/AUX 3,

TAPE 1, TAPE 2/EXT 15 mV (150 mV, IHF '66)

**S/N (IHF, A)**

PHONO 74 dB (81 dB, IHF '66)

CD/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TV/AUX 3,

TAPE 1, TAPE 2/EXT 77 dB (95 dB, IHF '66)

**Maximum input voltage**

PHONO 170 mV (170 mV, 1 kHz)

**Input impedance**

PHONO 47 kilohms

CD/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TV/AUX 3,

TAPE 1, TAPE 2/EXT 22 kilohms

**Tone controls**

BASS 50 Hz, +10 dB~-10 dB

TREBLE 20 kHz, +10 dB~-10 dB

**Subsonic filter**

30 Hz, -6 dB/oct.

**High filter**

7 kHz, -6 dB/oct.

05100238 91004988 16  
SM-SA850MM 1 ST  
SVC MNL ... PX/MM/AC ... *A*

Loudness control (volume at -30 dB) 50 Hz, +9 dB  
Low frequency damping factor 40 (8 ohms)  
20 (4 ohms)

Load impedance 4~16 ohms  
MAIN or REMOTE  
MAIN and REMOTE 8~16 ohms

## ■ FM TUNER SECTION

Frequency range 87.9~107.9 (87.50~108.00) MHz  
Sensitivity 10.8 dBf (1.9  $\mu$ V, IHF '58)

50 dB quieting sensitivity  
MONO 16.1 dBf (3.5  $\mu$ V IHF '58)  
STEREO 38.3 dBf (45  $\mu$ V IHF '58)

Total harmonic distortion  
100 Hz 0.05% (MONO), 0.07% (STEREO)  
1 kHz 0.04% (MONO), 0.06% (STEREO)  
6 kHz 0.1% (MONO), 0.20% (STEREO)

S/N 78 dB  
MONO 72 dB  
STEREO

Frequency response 20 Hz~15 kHz, +1 dB, -2 dB  
Alternate channel selectivity normal

super narrow ±400 kHz 55 dB  
Capture ratio ±300 kHz 25 dB  
±200 kHz 25 dB

Image rejection at 98 MHz 1 dB  
IF rejection at 98 MHz 75 dB

Spurious response rejection at 98 MHz 100 dB  
AM suppression 100 dB

Stereo separation 55 dB  
1 kHz 45 dB  
10 kHz 35 dB

Carrier leak ~40 dB  
19 kHz ~55 dB  
38 kHz

Antenna terminals 300 ohms (balanced)  
75 ohms (unbalanced)

# Technics

Panasonic Tokyo

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.  
1-2, 1-chome, Shibakoen, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105 JapanMatsushita Electric Trading Co., Ltd.  
P.O. Box 288, Central Osaka Japan

**■ AM TUNER SECTION**

<b>Frequency range</b>	530~1620 (522~1611) kHz
<b>Sensitivity</b>	20 $\mu$ V, 300 $\mu$ V/m
<b>Selectivity</b>	55 dB
<b>Image rejection at 1000 kHz</b>	40 dB
<b>IF rejection at 1000 kHz</b>	40 dB

**■ GENERAL**

<b>Power consumption</b>	500W
<b>Power supply</b>	AC 110V/120V/220V/240V, 50/60 Hz
<b>Dimensions (W×H×D)</b>	430 × 120 × 353 mm (16-15/16" × 4-23/32" × 13-29/32")

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<b>Weight</b>	10.4 kg (22.9 lb.)
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**Notes:**

- 1) Total harmonic distortion is measured by the digital spectrum analyzer (HP. 3045 system).
- 2) This unit is equipped with an FM/AM allocation selector on the rear panel. The specifications shown above are correct with this selector set to the "FM 0.2 MHz/AM 10 kHz" position. If it is set to the "FM 0.05 MHz/AM 9 kHz" position, however, the FM frequency range becomes 87.50~108.00 MHz, and the AM frequency becomes 522~1611 kHz.

(Specifications are subject to change without notice for further improvement.)

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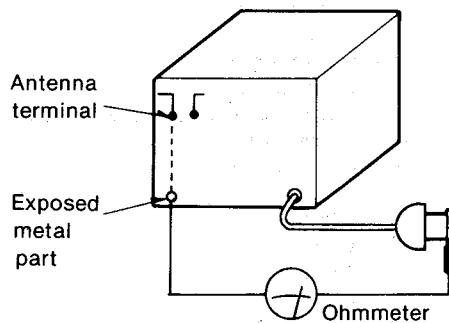
**■ SAFETY PRECAUTION**

1. Before servicing, unplug the power cord to prevent an electric shock.
2. When replacing parts, use only manufacturer's recommended components for safety.
3. Check the condition of the power cord. Replace if wear or damage is evident.
4. After servicing, be sure to restore the lead dress, insulation barriers, insulation papers, shields, etc.
5. Before returning the serviced equipment to the customer, be sure to make the following insulation resistance test to prevent the customer from being exposed to a shock hazard.

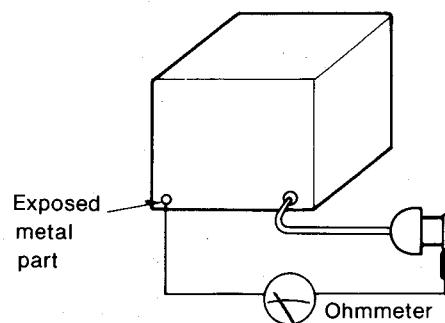
**● INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST**

1. Unplug the power cord and short the two prongs of the plug with a jumper wire.
2. Turn on the power switch.
3. Measure the resistance value with ohmmeter between the jumpered AC plug and each exposed metal cabinet part, such as screwheads, antenna, control shafts, handle brackets, etc. Equipment with antenna terminals should read between  $3M\Omega$  and  $5.2M\Omega$  to all exposed parts. (Fig. A) Equipment without antenna terminals should read approximately infinity to all exposed parts. (Fig. B)

**Note:** Some exposed parts may be isolated from the chassis by design. These will read infinity.



(Fig. A)



(Fig. B)

$$\text{Resistance} = 3M\Omega - 5.2M\Omega$$

$$\text{Resistance} = \text{Approx } \infty$$

4. If the measurement is outside the specified limits, there is a possibility of a shock hazard. The equipment should be repaired and rechecked before it is returned to the customer.

## ■ HOW TO PRESET RADIO BROADCAST FREQUENCIES

This unit is used to preset as many as 16 radio broadcast frequencies: FM/AM random presetting. After broadcast frequencies have been preset as described below, any desired station can be quickly and easily selected by simply touching one button.

### ● Memory presetting

There are two types of memory presetting: automatic and manual. Select whichever is preferred.

#### 1. Automatic presetting:

Beginning at the frequency indicated by the digital display, the FM broadcasting stations and AM broadcasting stations will be automatically preset to "channels" 1 through 8 for FM and 9 through 16 for AM, respectively.

#### ● Automatic memory presetting

##### 1 • To preset an FM station: press the "FM" button.

**Note:** If the button is pressed slightly longer, the frequency now tuned is shifted +25 kHz (allocation switch setting : FM 0.05 MHz/AM 9 kHz).

##### • To preset an AM station: press the "AM" button.

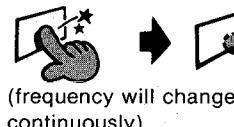
##### 2 • To preset FM broadcasting stations: Set to 87.9 MHz (or 87.50 MHz).

##### • To preset AM broadcasting stations: Set to 530 kHz (or 522 kHz).

- ① Press the button and hold slightly (frequency will change continuously).

- ② Release it at 87.9 MHz (or 87.50 MHz) for FM or 530 kHz (or 522 kHz) for AM, and then press the button again momentarily (frequency change will stop).

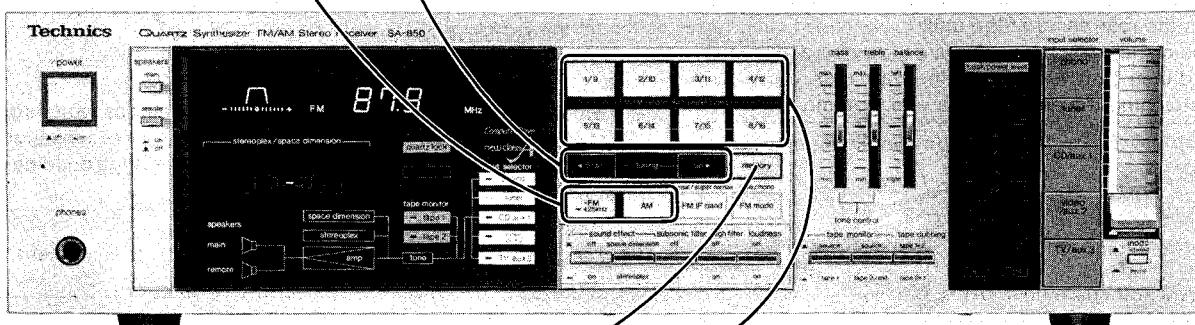
- ③ Press the button momentarily (frequency will change each time the button is pressed), and tune to one of the above frequencies.



(frequency will change continuously).



(frequency change will stop).



##### 3 Press. When the frequency indication begins to change, release.

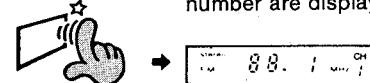


(The frequency will change upward, and the automatic presetting will begin with the broadcasting station of the lowest frequency and will continue in order.)

- 4 Confirm the names (call signs, etc.) of the broadcasting stations which are preset to each channel, and enter them on the station memory file sheet.

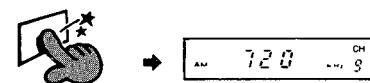
##### To check the front channels (CH 1~8):

Press momentarily. Frequency stored in the memory and channel number are displayed.



##### To check the back channels (CH 9~16):

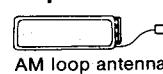
Press slightly longer. Frequency stored in the memory and channel number are displayed.



#### Notes:

- In areas where there are less than 8 FM stations, the remaining channels (through channel 8) will be left empty. The empty channels can be filled by using manual memory presetting.
- If a new broadcasting station is preset into a channel, the broadcasting station which was previously entered in that channel will be automatically erased.

### Important!



This antenna must be installed to receive AM broadcasts.

Note that in mountainous or remote areas, broadcasting stations which have weak broadcasting signals cannot be automatically preset into the memory.

#### 2. Manual presetting:

Stations can be freely preset to any desired channel.

##### Before memory presetting

Each button is used to preset two stations.  
Presetting front channels (CH 1~8)

Presetting back channels (CH 9~16)



Press momentarily.



Press slightly longer.

## • Manual memory presetting

### 1 To preset an FM station: press the "FM" button.

Note: If the button is pressed slightly longer, the frequency now tuned is shifted +25 kHz (allocation switch setting : FM 0.05 MHz/AM 9 kHz).

To preset an AM station: press the "AM" button.

### 2 Press the appropriate tuning button to tune to the desired broadcast.

#### • Auto tuning

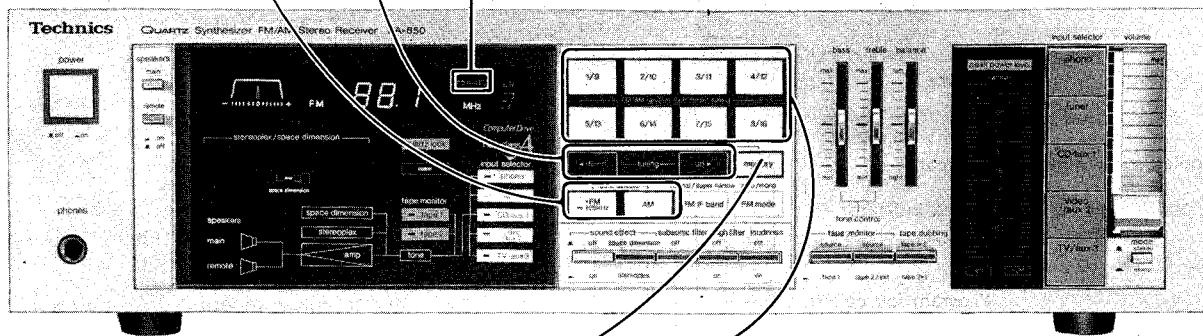
Press the button. When the frequency indication begins to change, release the button (a broadcasting station will be selected automatically). Repeat this operation until the desired station is found.

Memory indicator



#### • Manual tuning

Press the button momentarily and tune to the desired station (the frequency will change each time the button is pressed). broadcasting station whose frequency is located on a 0.025 MHz step.



### 3 Press momentarily, and then release.



(The memory indicator will illuminate for approximately 4 seconds.)

#### Note:

If the button is pressed continuously, the frequency will begin to change, and the memory will be preset automatically. To stop the automatic memory presetting, once again press either the "up" button or the "down" button.

### 5 Enter the name (call sign, etc.) of the preset broadcasting station on the file sheet (above).

This completes the procedures for presetting radio broadcast frequencies. The other preset-tuning buttons can be preset in the same way by following steps (2) through (5).

### 4 While the memory indicator is illuminated, press the button of the desired channel.

#### • To preset channels 1 through 8:



Press the button momentarily, and then release.

#### • To preset channels 9 through 16:



Press the button slightly longer, and then release.

#### Note:

1. If the memory indication illumination stops before you press the button, once again repeat step (5) and then step (6).
2. If a new broadcasting station is preset into a channel, the broadcasting station which was previously entered in that channel will be automatically erased.

## ■ PROTECTION CIRCUITRY

The protection circuitry may have operated if either of the following conditions is noticed.

- No sound is heard when the power is turned on.
- Sound stops during a performance.

The function of this circuitry is to prevent circuitry damage if, for example, the positive and negative speaker connection wires are "shorted". The protection circuitry may also function if a speaker system with an impedance much below the rated impedance of this unit is connected.

If this occurs, follow the procedure outlined below:

1. Turn off the power.
2. Determine the cause of the problem and correct it.
3. Turn on the power once again after one minute.

#### Note

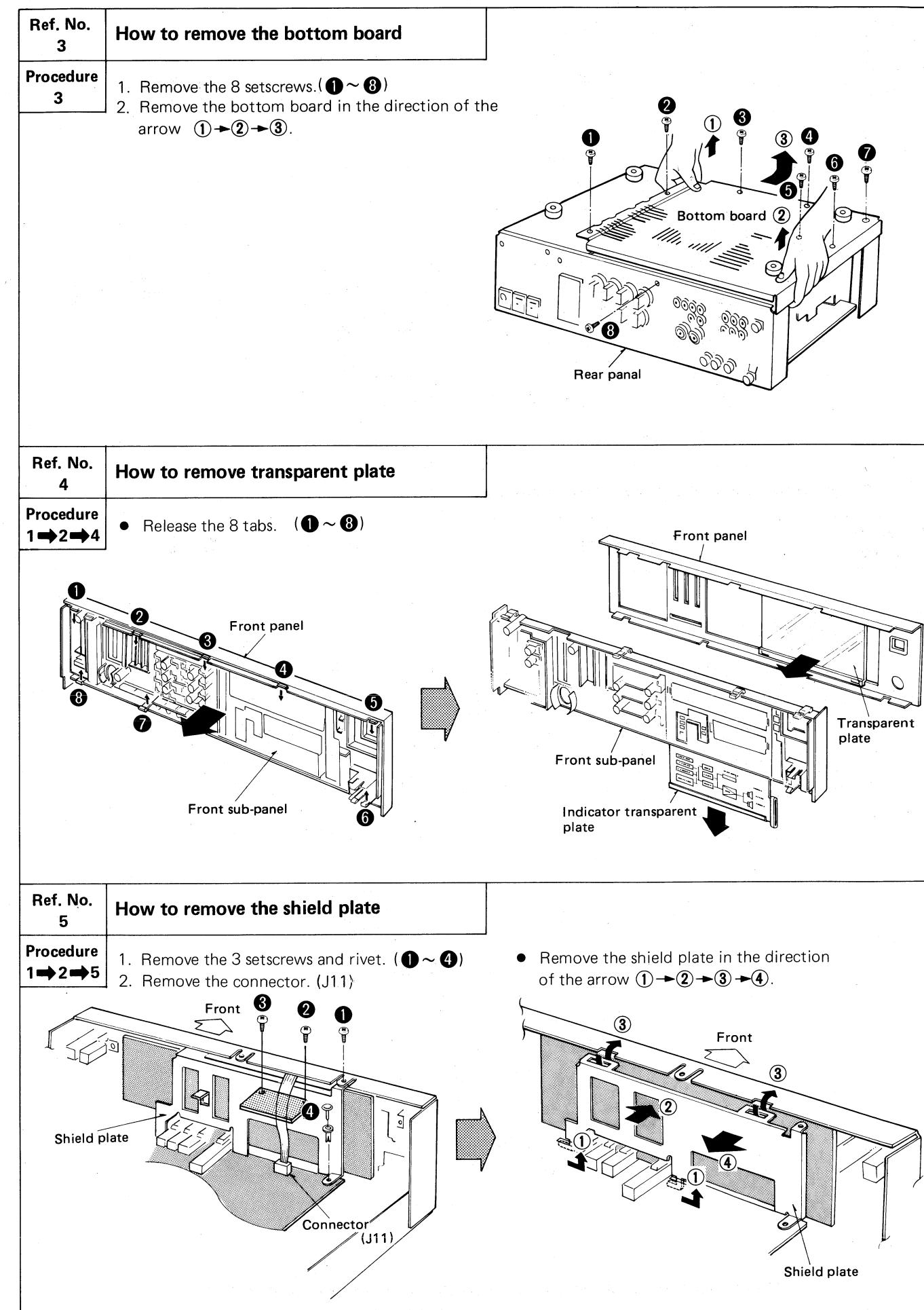
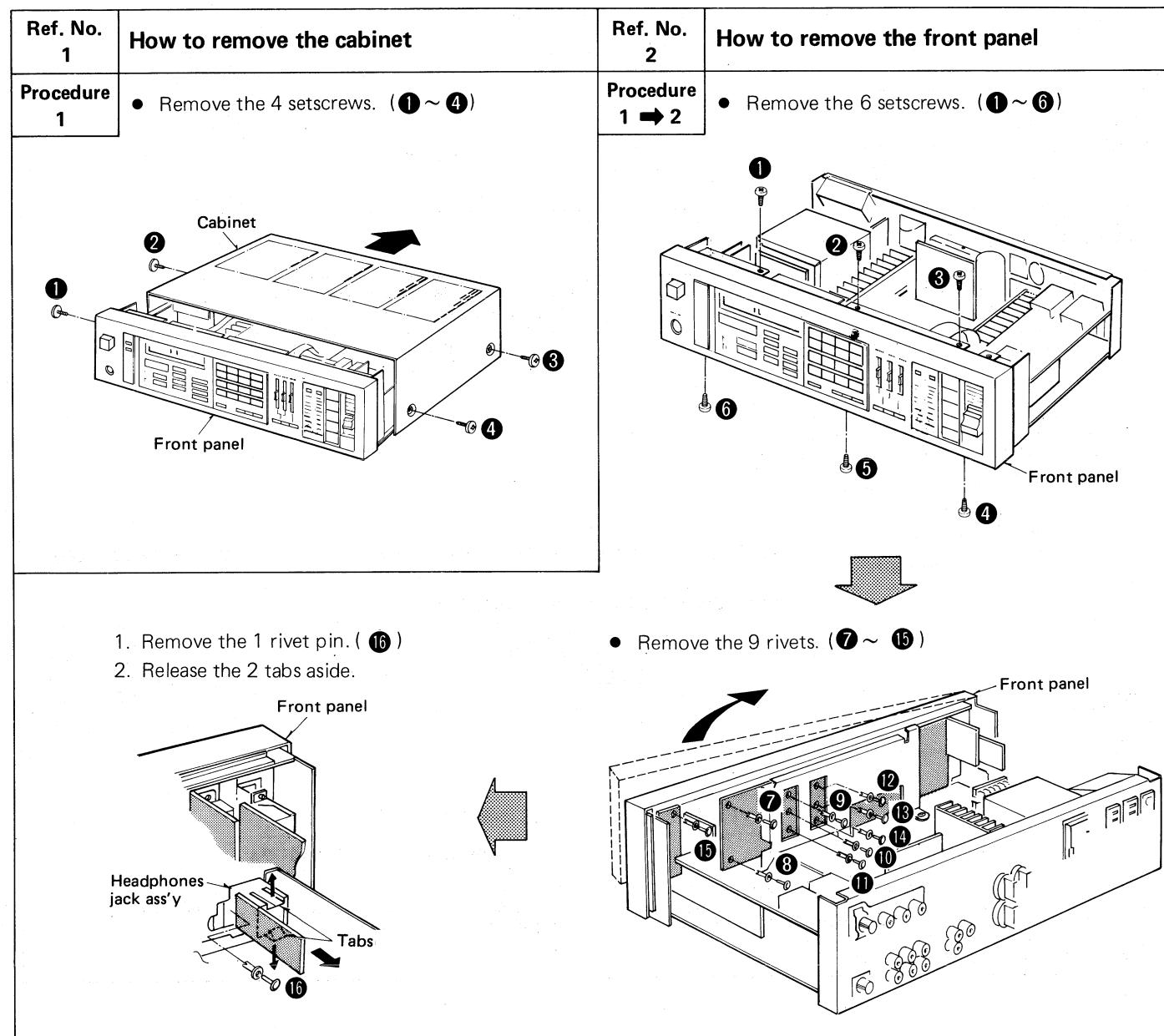
When the protection circuitry functions the unit will not operate unless the power is first turned off and then on again.

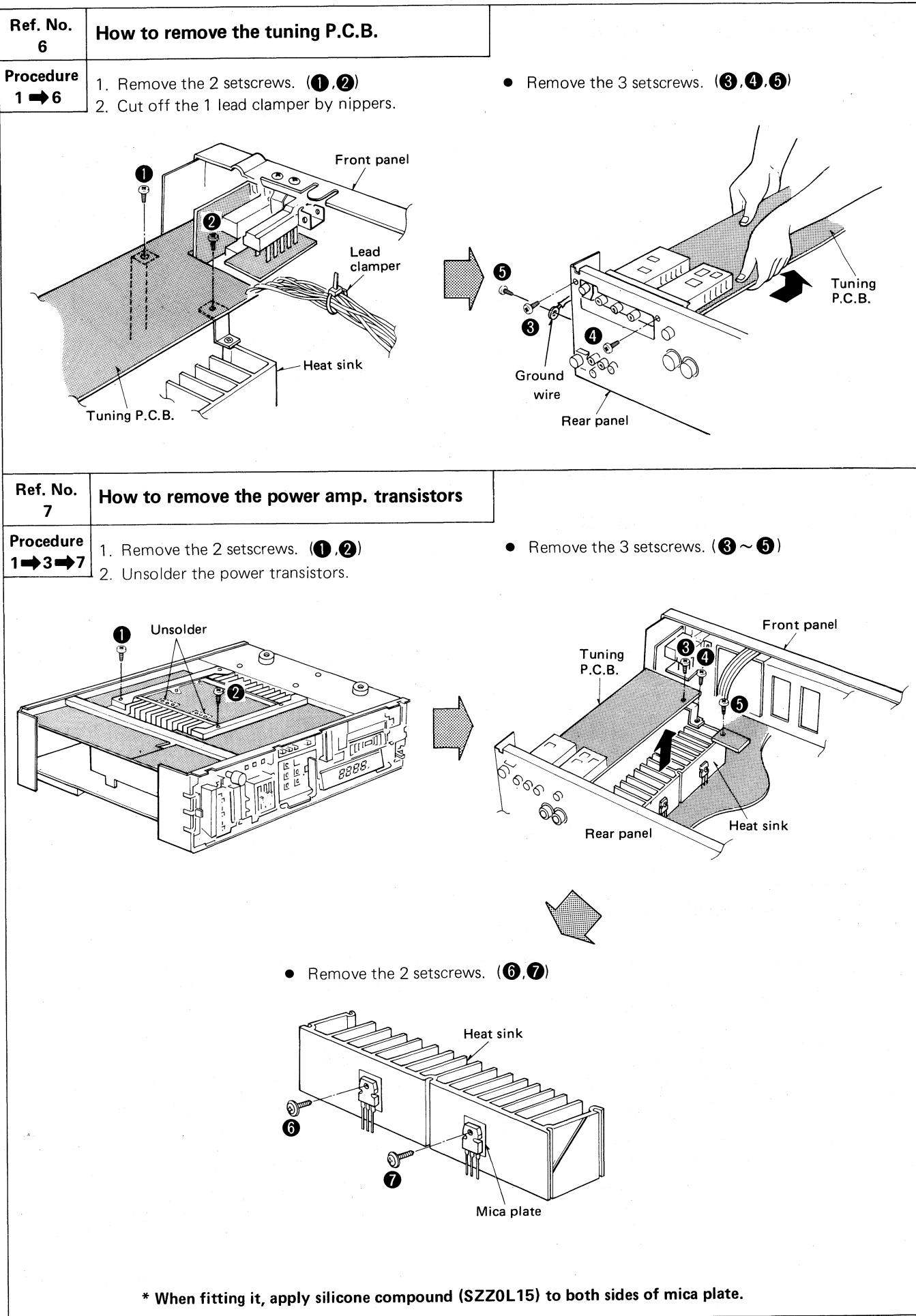
## ■ BEFORE REPAIR AND ADJUSTMENT

1. Turn off the power. Discharge both power supply capacitors (C702, C703, 12000μF) through a 10 ohm, 5W resistor to ground. Do not short between C702 and C703. It may damage the capacitors.
2. After completion of repair, slowly apply the primary voltage by using a variac to avoid over current. Current consumption at 60Hz/50Hz in no signal mode should be shown below with respect to supply voltage 110V/120V/220V/240V.

Power supply voltage	AC110V	AC120V	AC220V	AC240V	
Consumed current	50Hz 60Hz	320~570mA 300~550mA	270~520mA 250~500mA	120~370mA 100~350mA	100~350mA 80~330mA

## ■ DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS





## ■ MEASUREMENTS AND ADJUSTMENTS

### [TUNER SECTION]

Note: AM OSC coil (L204) have been already adjusted, and require no adjustment.

#### AM ADJUSTMENT

\* Setting and Equipment used

1. DC and AC electronic voltmeters (EVM)
2. AM signal generator (AM-SG):
3. Set Band selector to "AM" position.
4. Maintain line voltage at rated voltage.

5. Set FM/AM allocation selector to "FM 0.2 MHz/AM 10 kHz" position.
6. Output of signal generator should be no higher than necessary to obtain an output reading.
7. Use a non-metal screwdriver for the adjustment.

Step No.

1

2  
3

#### FM ADJUSTMENT

\* Setting and Equipment used

1. FM signal generator (FM-SG).
2. Distortion analyser
3. Oscilloscope
4. DC electronic voltmeters (EVM).
5. Frequency counter (19 kHz and 108 MHz measurable).
6. Set band selector to "FM" position.
7. Set FM mode selector to "mono" position.
8. Set FM IF band selector to "normal" position.
9. Set FM/AM allocation selector to "FM 0.2 MHz/AM 10 kHz" position.
10. Maintain line voltage at rated voltage.

\* Preparation of FM signal generator (FM-SG)

1. The standard input of the set is 60 dB (1 mV), 400 Hz, 100% modulation (Because of attenuation, using coaxial cables, SG output must be 6 dB plus. That is, when input 60 dB, SG output is to be 66 dB.)

4

5

6

#### FM SIGNAL GENERATOR

#### DISPLAY FREQUENCY

#### PREPARATIONS

#### PARTS ADJUSTED

#### ADJUSTING PROCEDURE

#### FM MONO DISTORTION ADJUSTMENT

- Connect FM-SG to FM antenna terminal referring to Fig. 2. (Apply 60 dB to antenna terminal.)

100.1 MHz  
(100% Mod.  
with 400 Hz)

100.1 MHz

- Connect DC EVM between TP103 (-) and TP104 (+) through choke coil. (Refer to Fig. 2)
- Connect distortion analyser to "speaker" terminal.

T101 (Discri. IFT)

T102 (Discri. IFT)

1. Adjust T101 core so that voltage measured in signal mode is 0 mV in 300 mV range.
2. Adjust T102 core so that distortion of right and left channels are minimized.

#### FM MPX V.C.O. ADJUSTMENT

#### USING A FREQUENCY COUNTER

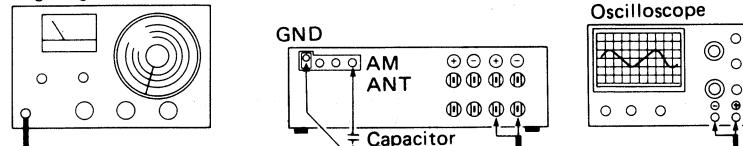
1. 100.1 MHz, 60 dB non-modulated mono signal applied to set.
2. FM mode switch to "auto" position.
3. Connect frequency counter to TP301 through capacitor (50V, 1μF) and resistor (100kΩ) referring to Fig. 3.
4. Adjust VR301 to 19 kHz ± 30 Hz.

#### USING ALTERNATE SYSTEM

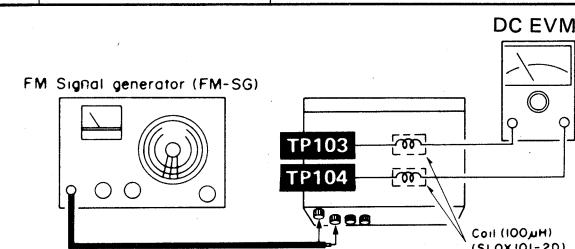
1. Apply stereo signal from generator or stereo station to tuner.
2. Adjust VR301 until stereo indicator lights up. Cement arm of VR301 as shown in Fig. 4.

FM SIGNAL GENERATOR		DISPLAY FREQUENCY	PREPARATIONS	PARTS ADJUSTED	ADJUSTING PROCEDURE
CONNECTION	FREQUENCY				
<b>MUTING ON LEVEL ADJUSTMENT</b>					
7	Connect FM-SG to FM antenna terminal referring to Fig. 5. (Apply 20 dB to antenna terminal.)	100.1 MHz (100% Mod. with 1 kHz)	100.1 MHz	Connect oscilloscope to "speaker" terminal.	VR201 (Muting on level)
					1. Set FM mode selector to "FM auto" position. 2. Adjust VR201 so that signal output is delivered. (Check to see that delivery of output is discontinued with input level lowered by 1 ~ 2 dB.)
<b>SEPARATION ADJUSTMENT</b>					
8	Connect FM-SG to FM antenna terminal referring to Fig. 5. (Apply 60 dB to antenna terminal.) (Pilot 10% Mod. stereo signal.)	100.1 MHz (100% Mod. with 1 kHz) (L or R mode)	100.1 MHz	Connect AC EVM or oscilloscope to "speaker" terminal.	VR302 (Separation)
					1. Set mode switch to "auto" position. 2. Adjust VR302 so that R output is minimized when stereo modulator is in L (L ch. modulation) mode and that L output is minimized in R mode.

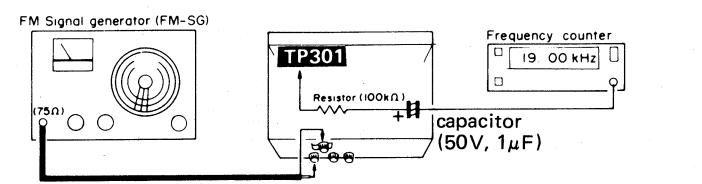
AM Signal generator (AM-SG)



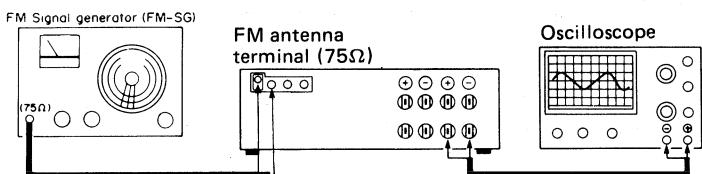
[Fig. 1]



[Fig. 2]

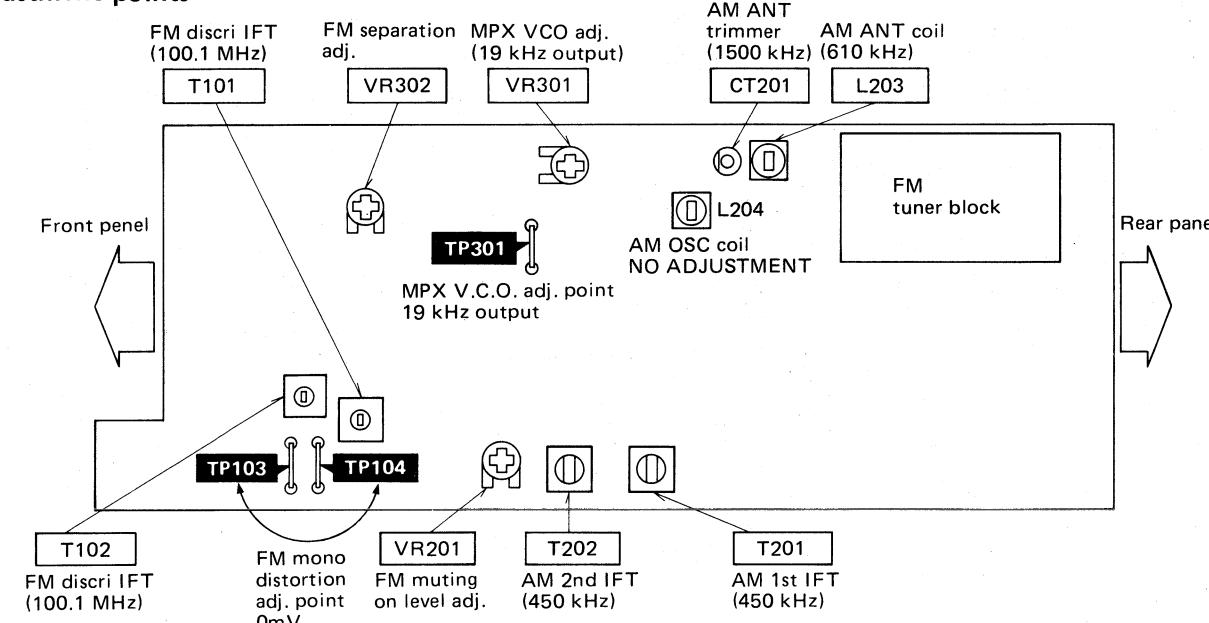


[Fig. 3]



[Fig. 5]

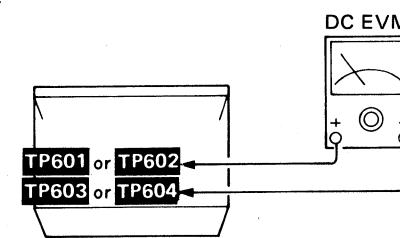
### • Adjustment points



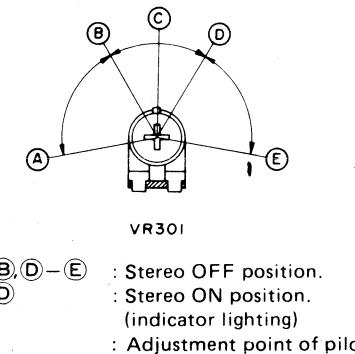
## [AMPLIFIER SECTION]

### Idling (Icq) Adjustment (after repairing the main amp.) [Fig. 6]

- After the repair, set the sound volume to minimum before turning on the power switch, and connect nothing to the speaker terminal.
- Completely turn Icq control (VR601, VR602) counter-clockwise.
- Increase the voltage applied to the amplifier gradually from 0V by means of a power supply voltage controller, and make sure of the value in the Figure on page 7 before starting the adjustment.
- Connect the DC electronic voltmeter to TP601 (+) and TP603 (-) (L ch.) or TP602 (+) and TP604 (-) (R ch.).
- Adjust VR601 (L ch.) or VR602 (R ch.) so that the voltage is 4 ~ 5 mV about 1 min. after power switch "on".



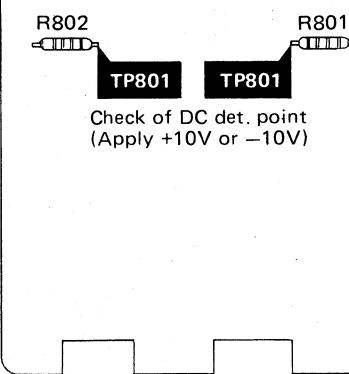
[Fig. 6]



[Fig. 4]

### • Adjustment points

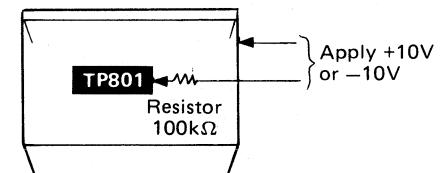
#### Icq control P.C.B.



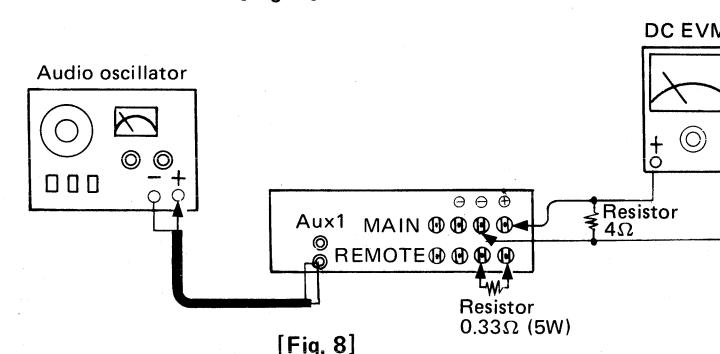
### Check of DC detection Circuit [Fig. 7]

- Apply DC voltage +10V or -10V to TP801 (R801) or R802 through 100kΩ resistor.
- Make sure, relay is off.
- Main speaker selector is "on" position.
- Connect the audio oscillator to the CD/aux 1 terminal and apply the input signal of 1 kHz to the terminal. Then adjust the output level of the audio oscillator so that the output level of the speaker terminals becomes 5V.
- Connect 0.33Ω (5W) resistor to the remote speaker terminal.
- Remove speaker selector is "on" position.
- Make sure that no output is delivered when main speaker switch is set to "on".

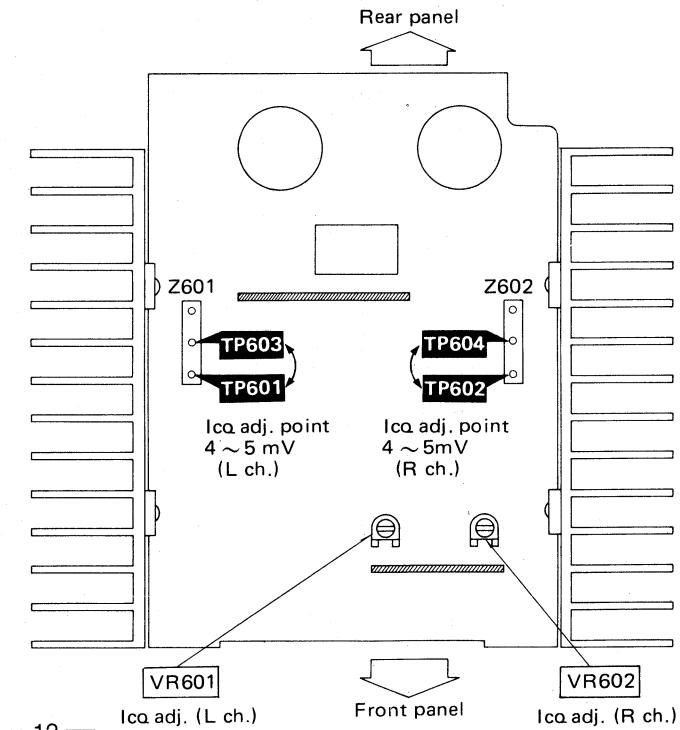
When the protection circuit functions, the unit will not operate unless the power is first turned off and then on again.



[Fig. 7]



[Fig. 8]



Rear panel

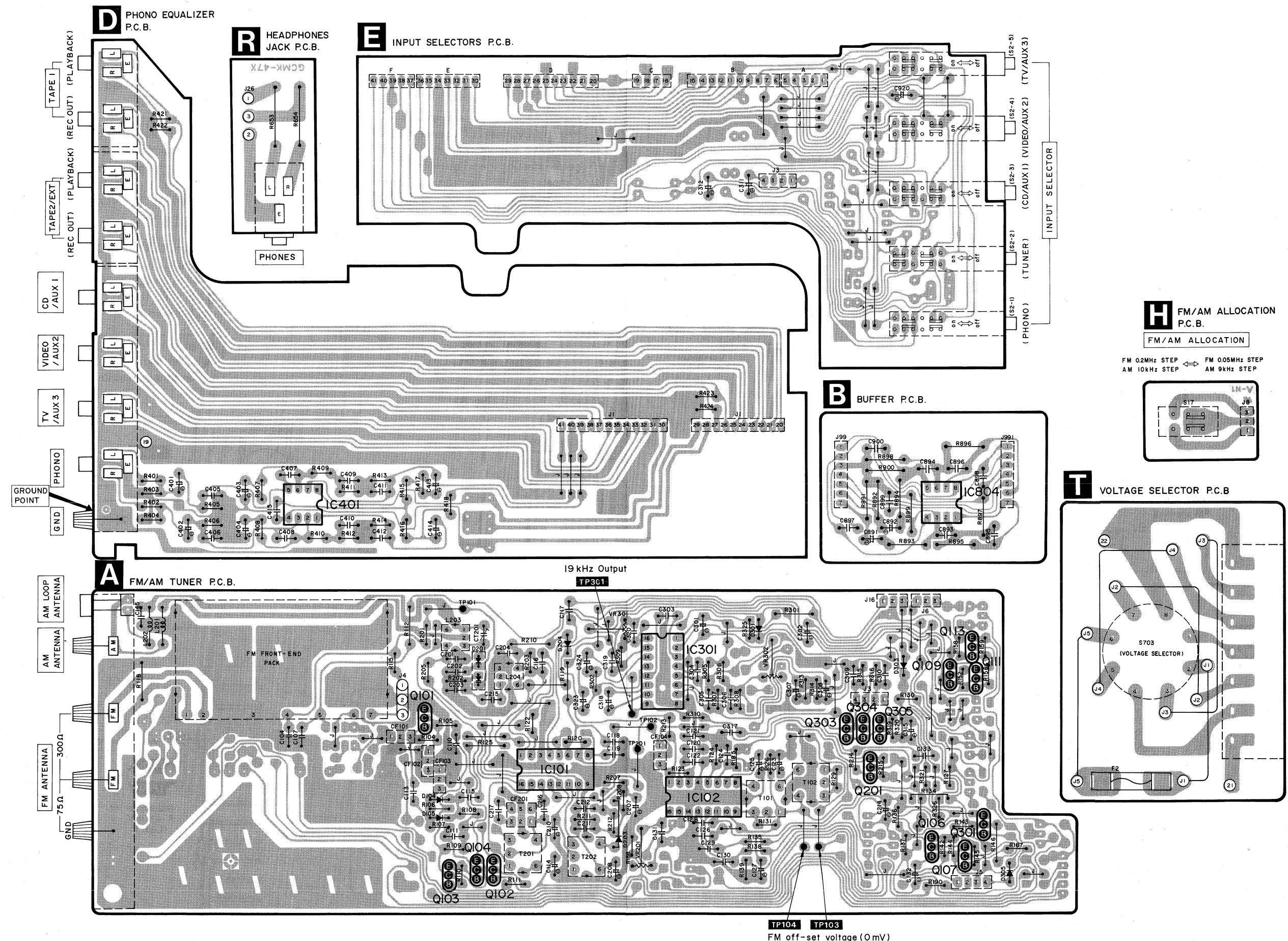
Front panel

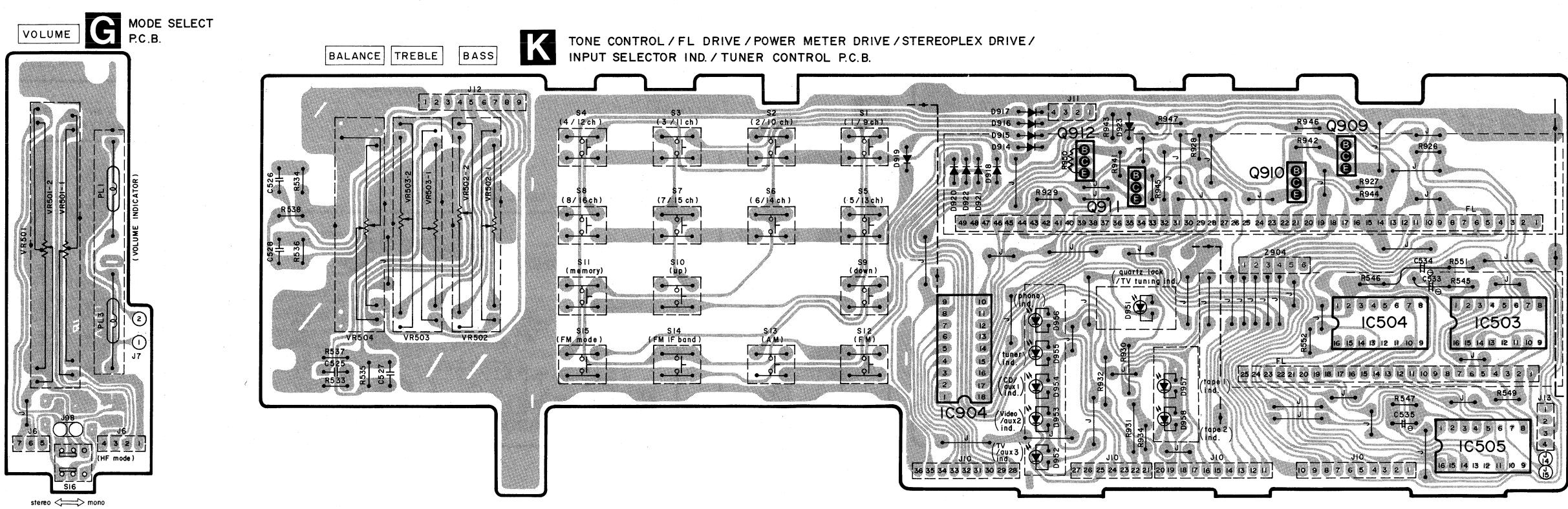
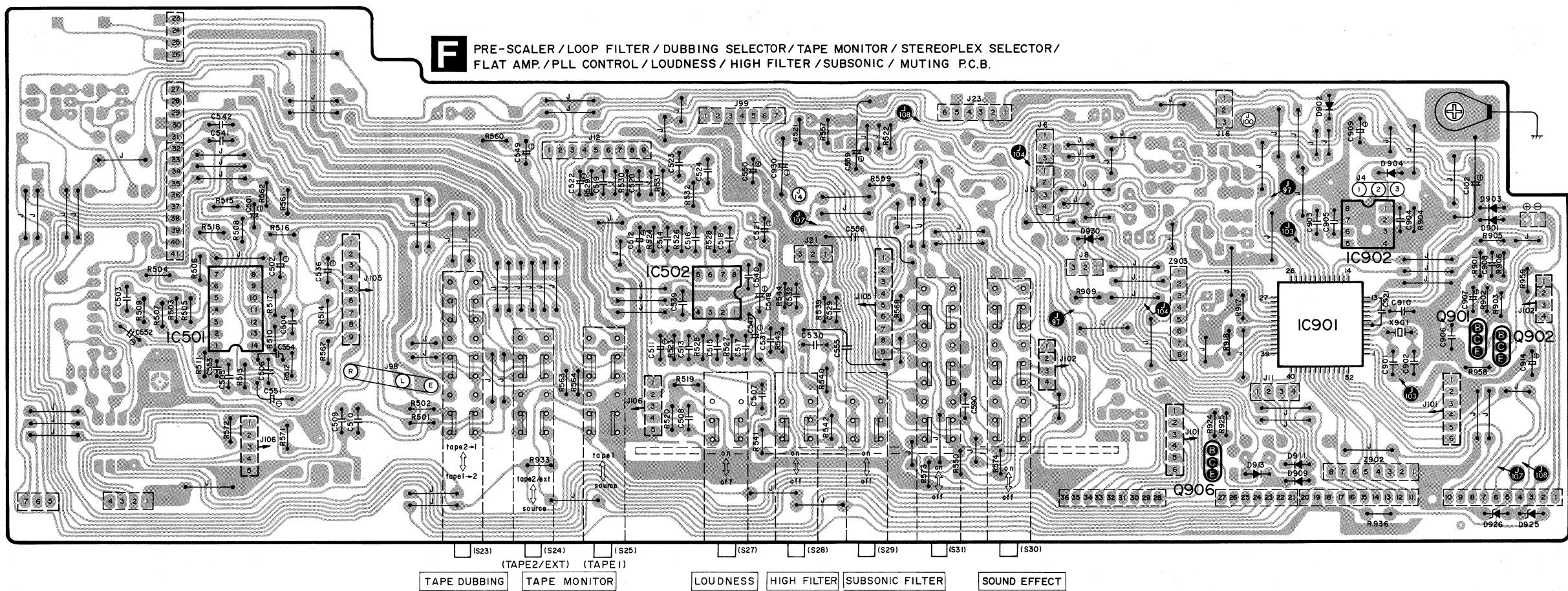
Front panel

Front panel

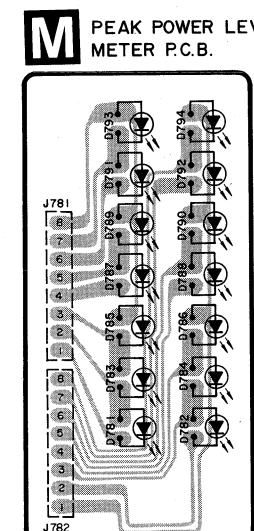
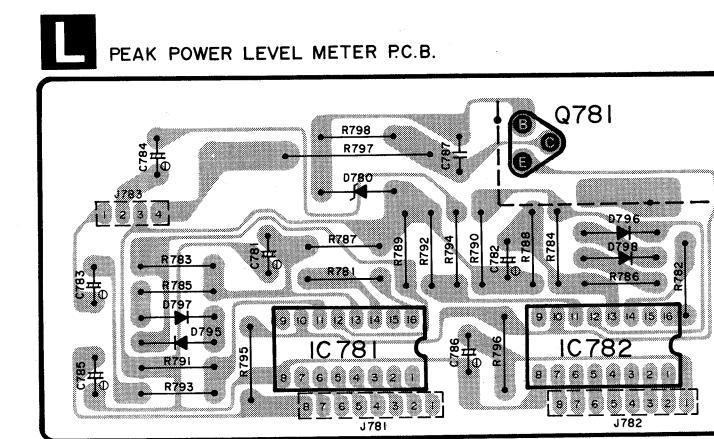
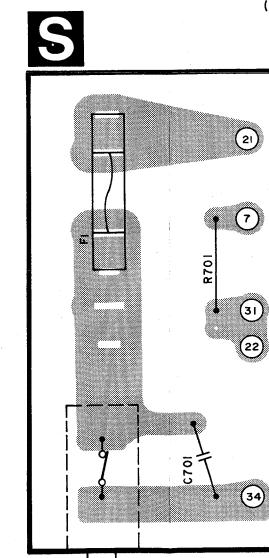
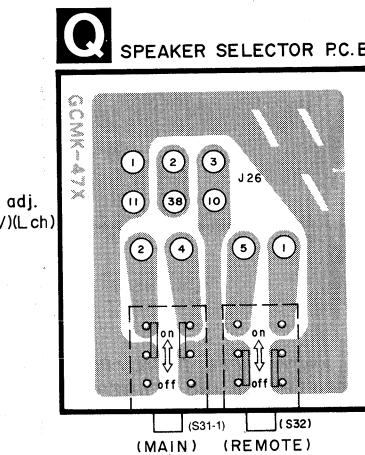
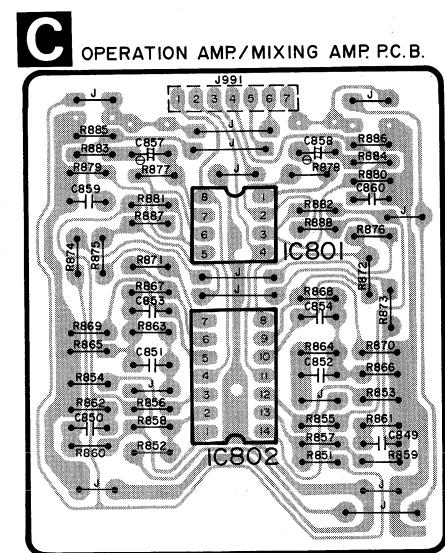
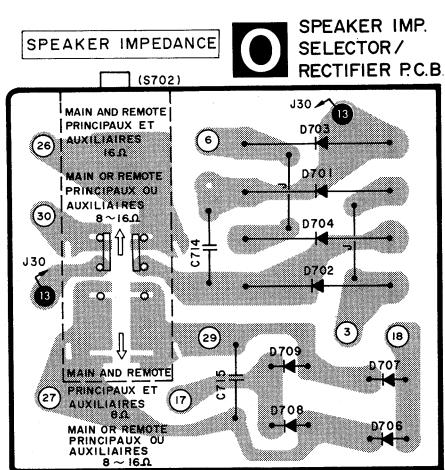
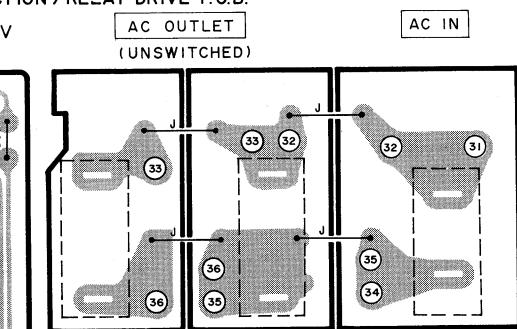
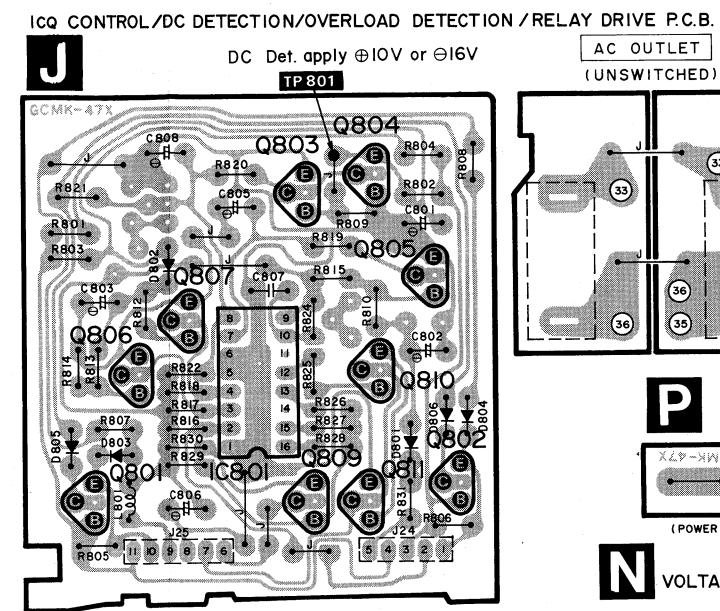
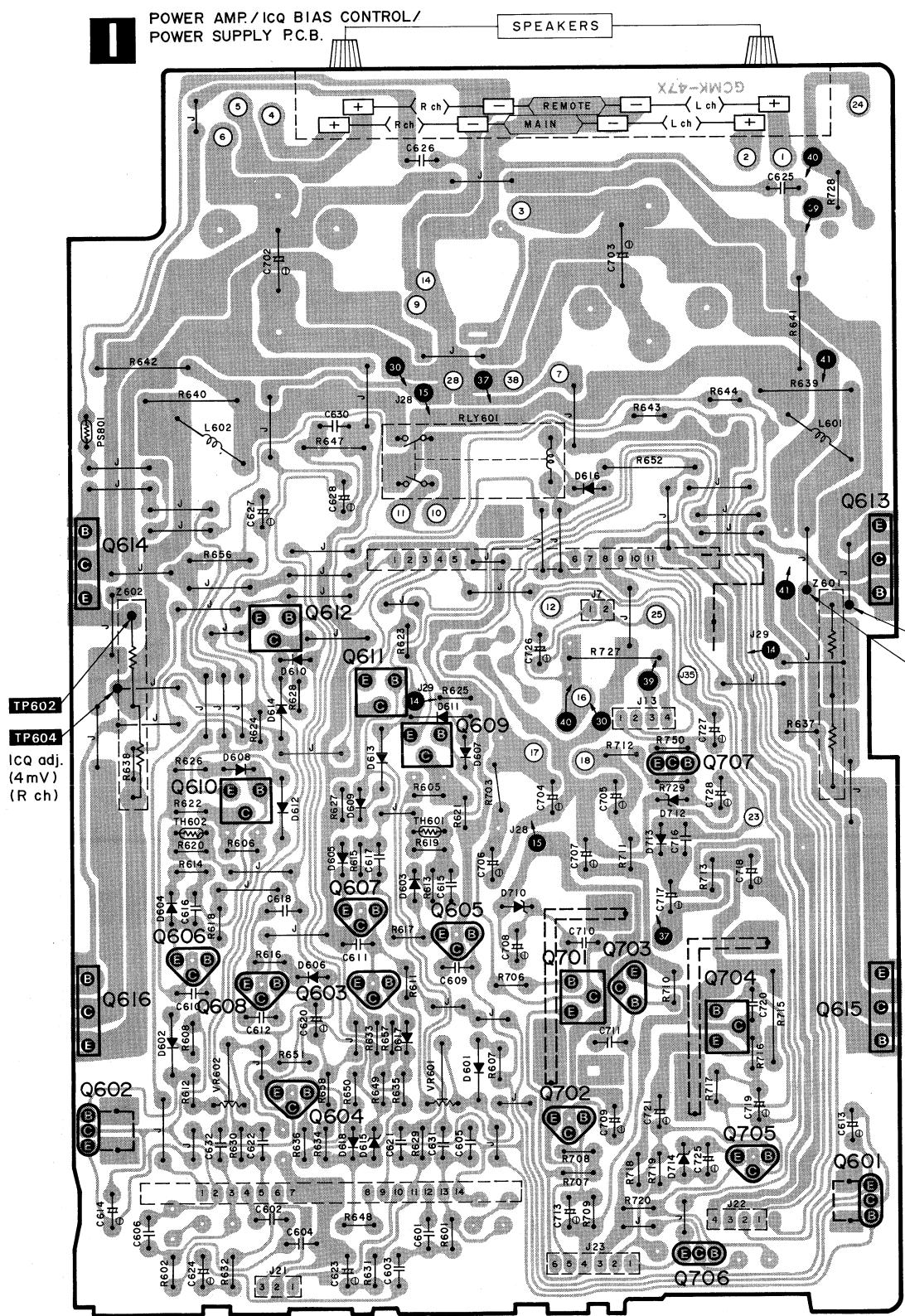
# SA-850 SA-850

## ■ PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS

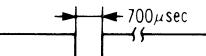
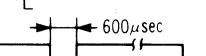
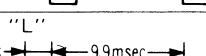
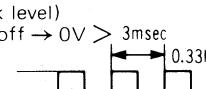
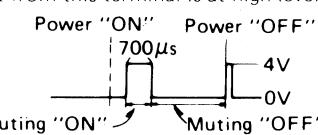
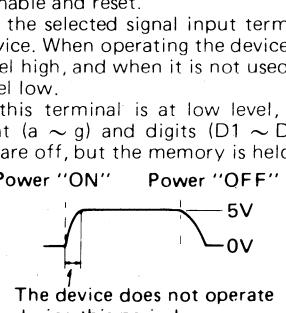
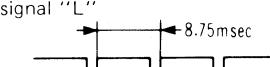
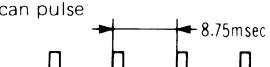
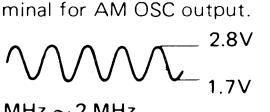
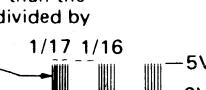
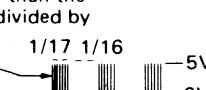
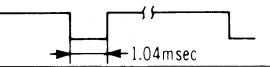
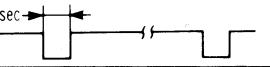
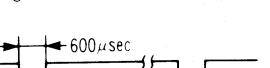




# **SA-850 SA-850**

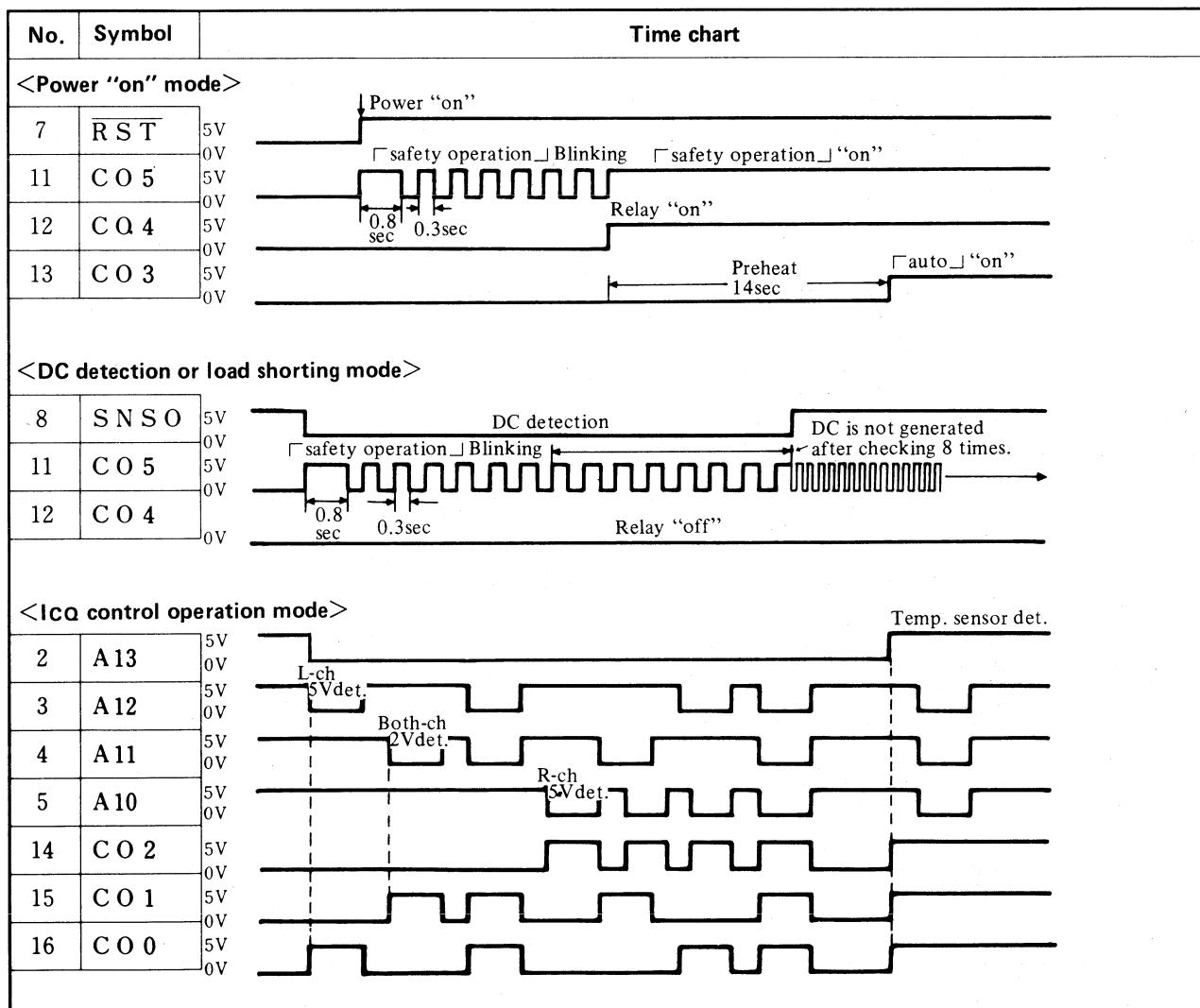


## ■ FUNCTION OF TERMINAL (PLL control IC901: SVID1707G517)

PIN No.	I/O	Mark	Description of terminal	PIN No.	I/O	Mark	Description of terminal
1	OUTPUT	D3	Grid 5 control signal "L" 	21	-	GND	Ground for CPU
2	OUTPUT	D2	Grid 4 control signal "L" 	22	OUTPUT	PC3	Not used in this unit
3	OUTPUT	D1	Grid 3 control signal "L" 	23	OUTPUT	PC2	Not used in this unit
4	OUTPUT	CGP	Clock generator port (For recording-check level) <rec on → 1V rec off → 0V > 3msec 	24	OUTPUT	RF SW	Not used in this unit.
5	INPUT	X1	Connecting terminal for crystal oscillator. The crystal connected is at 4.5MHz.	25	OUTPUT	PC1	Not used in this unit
6	INPUT	X2		26	INPUT	INT	This is the interrupt demand signal input terminal. The signal from the control input terminal is put into this terminal, demanding for interruption, then the flow of program will be unconditionally shifted to the address No. 1.
7	-	VDD1	Power supply terminal of the device	27	OUTPUT	FM/AM	FM/AM switching signal (AM → 5V, FM → 0V)
8	-	VDD2	VDD for internal A-D converter	28	OUTPUT	LW/MONO	Stereo/Monaural switching signal. (Monaural → 5V, Stereo → 0V)
9	INPUT	AD2	Not used in this unit	29	OUTPUT	REC	Not used in this unit.
10	INPUT	SD	This input terminal detects the reception of a broadcasting station. The voltage is 5V during reception, and otherwise 0V.	30	OUTPUT	i	Diode matrix scan pulse
11	INPUT	SL	Signal strength level (0 ~ 2.3V DC)	31	OUTPUT	j	Not used in this unit
12	-	GND3	Ground for internal A-D converter	32	OUTPUT	PA2/SI	Not used in this unit
13	-	GND2	Ground for internal PLL stage	33	-	VDD1	This terminal is connected to Pin 7 at inside stage.
14	-	NC	Not used in this unit.	34	OUTPUT	PA1	Not used in this unit
15	OUTPUT	EO2	Not used in this unit.	35	OUTPUT	IF SW	Normal/super narrow select for, FM IF signal flow (output "L" - FM IF band is normal output "H" - FM IF band is super narrow)
16	OUTPUT	EO1	When the divided oscillation frequency is higher than the standard frequency, H-level output is delivered from these terminals. When it is lower, L-level (0V) output is delivered. When they coincide, it results in floating.	36	OUTPUT	MUTE	This is the output terminal to eliminate shock noise due to unlocking at PLL. When the CE terminal is at low level, the output from this terminal is at high level. 
17	INPUT	CE	Chip enable and reset. This is the selected signal input terminal of the device. When operating the device, make the level high, and when it is not used, make the level low. When this terminal is at low level, all the segment (a ~ g) and digits (D1 ~ D7) terminals are off, but the memory is held. 	37	OUTPUT	D7	Grid 1 control signal "L" 
18	INPUT	FM IN	Input terminal for FM OSC output frequency-divided to 1/16 or 1/17 by prescaler.	38	OUTPUT	h	Diode matrix scan pulse 
19	INPUT	AM IN	AM OSC input from IC101. Input terminal for AM OSC output. 	39	INPUT	K3	Input terminal for key return signal from external key matrix. The output of segment terminals (a ~ g) is used as the key return signal source. 
20	OUTPUT	PSC	Reference signal for pre-scaler. This is the terminal to deliver the frequency dividing ratio changeover output signal to the pre-scaler. The terminal continues to produce pulses at the rise of the signal applied to FM terminal (18) until the content of the inside swallow counter is 0. When the swallow counter comes to 0, the terminal level becomes low, then the frequency dividing ratio of pre-scaler is 1/16.  Pulse two times larger than the value that cannot be divided by VCO/16. 	40	INPUT	K2	
				41	INPUT	K1	
				42	INPUT	K0	
				43	OUTPUT	g	
				44	OUTPUT	f	
				45	OUTPUT	e	
				46	OUTPUT	d	
				47	OUTPUT	c	
				48	OUTPUT	b	
				49	OUTPUT	a	
				50	OUTPUT	D6	Grid 8 control signal "L" 
				51	OUTPUT	D5	Grid 7 control signal "L" 
				52	OUTPUT	D4	Grid 6 control signal "L" 

## ■ FUNCTION OF TERMINAL (ICQ CONTROL IC801: MN1404STE)

No.	Symbol	Name of block	Description of terminal
1	V S S	Power supply input terminal Input port A	Grounded. (0V)
2	A 13		Temperature detection circuit. When 60°C (140°F) sensor of power amplifier operates, "H" is put in causing the outputs of terminals 14 ~ 16 to go "H".
3	A 12		When effective output 5V signal sensor of L-ch power amplifier operates, "L" is put in causing the output of terminal 14 to go "H".
4	A 11		When effective output 2V signal sensors of both-ch power amplifiers operate, "L" is put in causing the output of terminal 15 to go "H".
5	A 10		Not used in this unit.
6	T S T	Test input terminal	Terminal for testing LSI. (Ground)
7	R S T	Reset input terminal	All outputs are cleared or reset with input at "L". (It is connected to power supply circuit)
8	S N S O	Sensor input terminal	When overload detection circuit of power amplifier output operates, "L" is put in causing the output of terminal 12 to go "L".
9	V D D	Power supply input terminal	Apply 5V.
10	O S C	OSC input terminal	Clock signal (about 415kHz) can be obtained by internal oscillation circuit.
11	C O 5	Output port C	When protection circuit operates, "H" and "L" outputs are repeated and "safety operation" indicator blinks.
12	C O 4		Output relay and meter relay turn ON with "H" output.
13	C O 3		Indicator "auto" lights up at "H".
14	C O 2		
15	C O 1		ICQ control signal is emitted from A input port (temp. sensor, signal sensor). ("H" output)
16	C O 0		



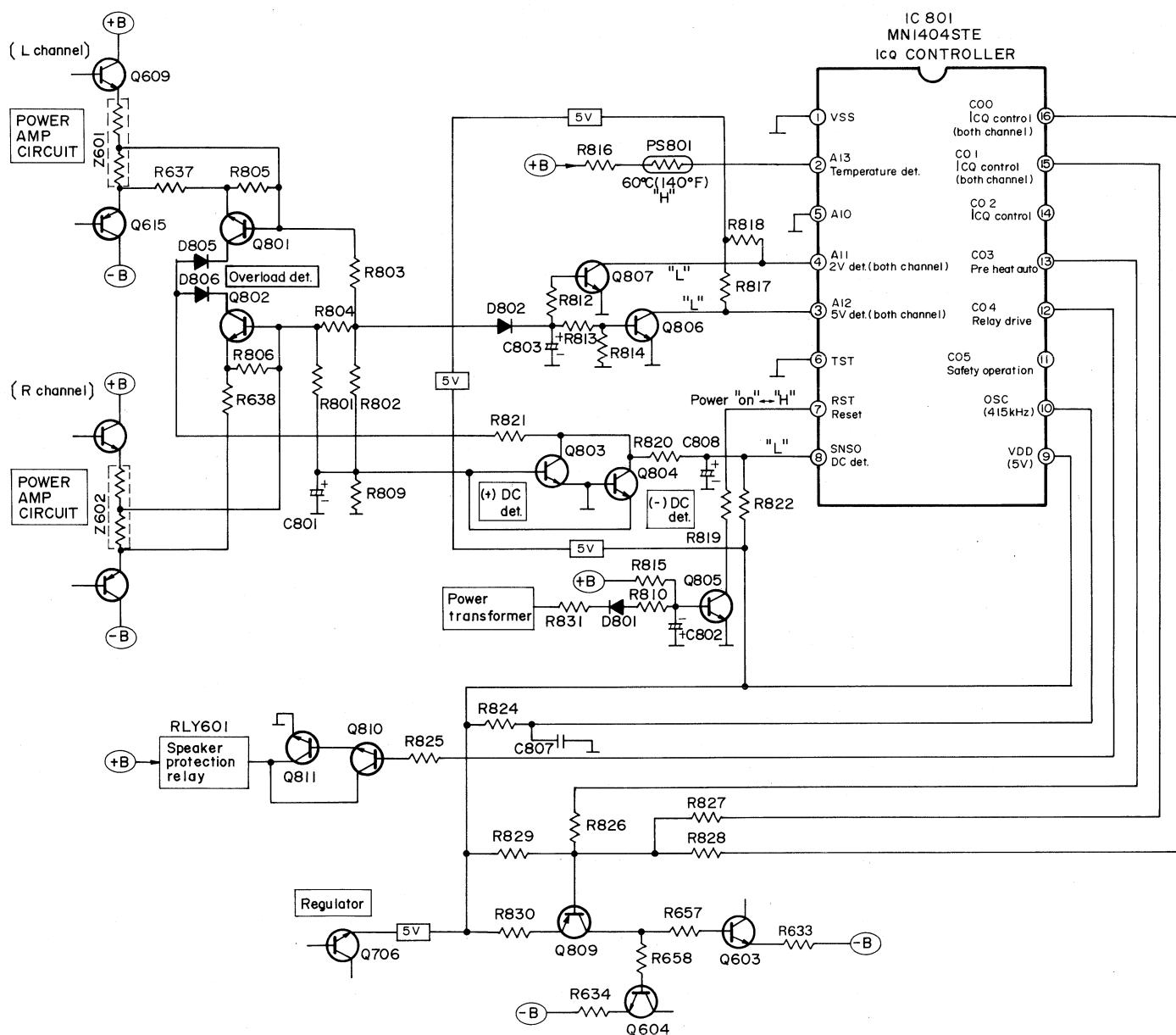
## ■ DESCRIPTION OF ICQ CONTROL CIRCUIT

### Signal and temperature detection

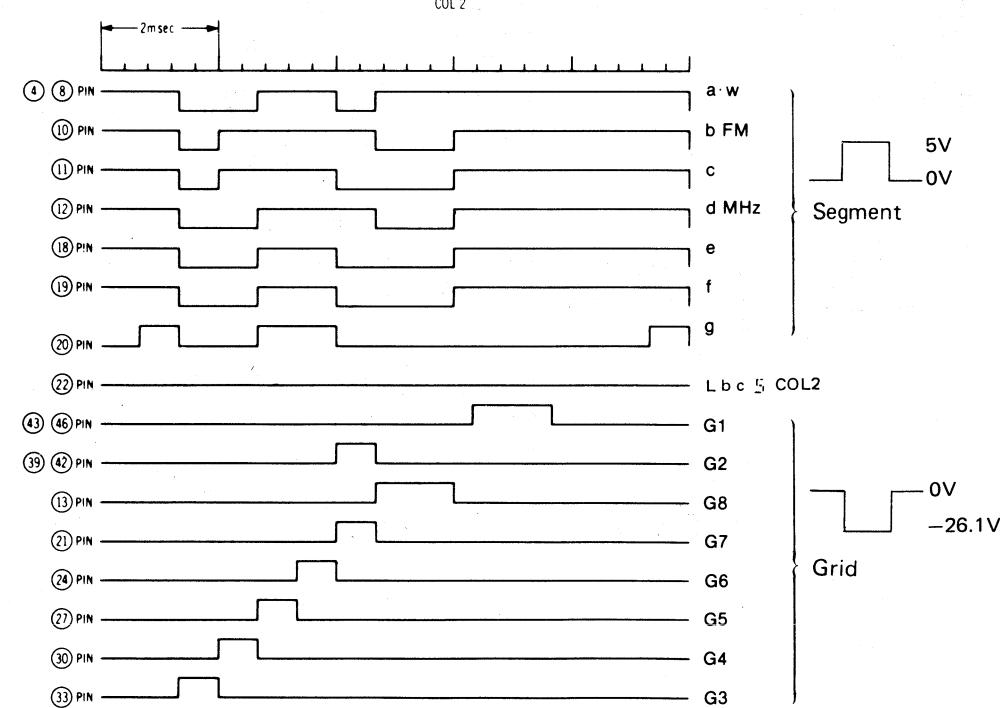
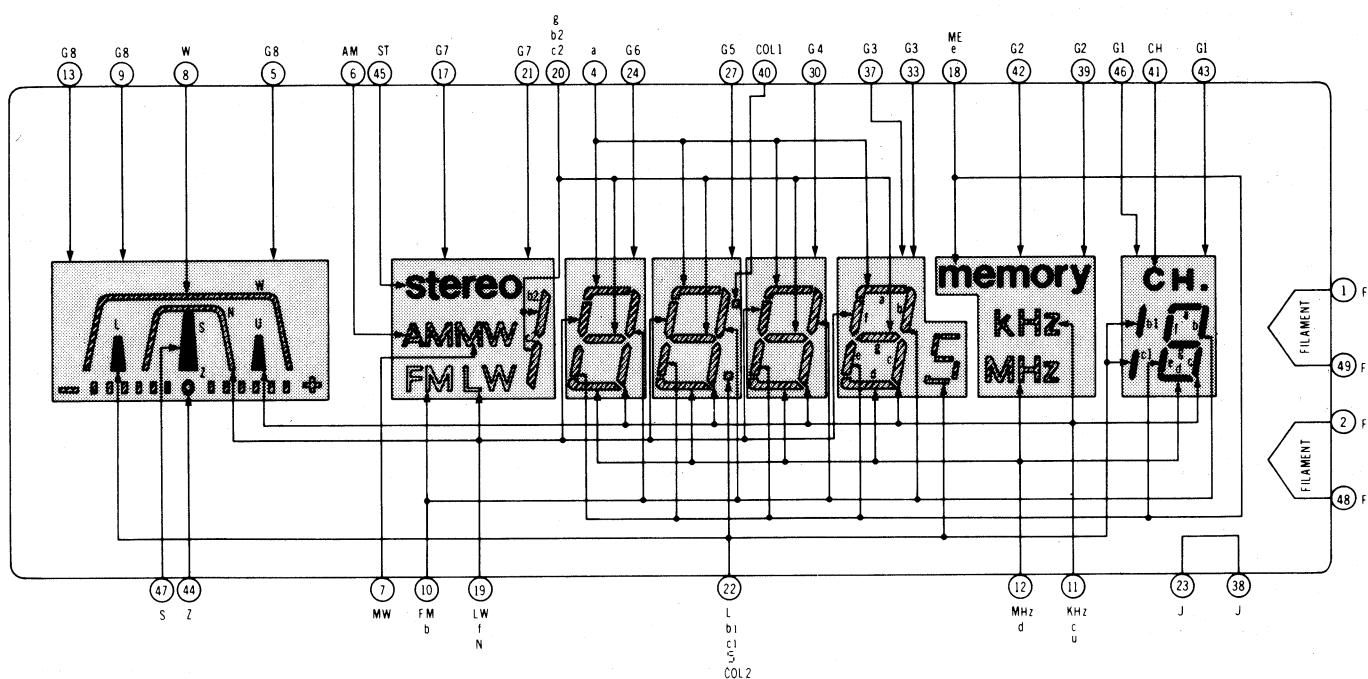
- Music signal of power amplifier is applied to IC801 terminal ③ of D802 and Q806. When the signal rectified by D802 and C803 exceeds about 5V, Q806 turns "on" causing "L" input to be applied to IC801 terminal ③. Also, when the signal is over 2V, Q807 turns "on" causing "L" put to be applied to IC801 terminal ④. As "L" is put into IC801 terminals ③ and ④, the outputs of terminals ⑯ and ⑯ go "H" to make ICQ control.
- PS801 is the thermistor (positer) for heat sink temperature detection which detects the temperature [60°C (140°F)] of the heat sink. When the heat sink temperature becomes [60°C (140°F)], the resistance of PS801 increases causing "H" input to be applied to IC801 terminal ②. As "H" is put into IC801 terminal ②, the outputs of IC801 terminals ⑯ and ⑯ go "H" to make ICQ control.

### Overload detection circuit

When speaker terminals are shorted, great current flows to R805 (R806) causing the base potential of Q801 (Q802) (overload detection circuit) to increase, then the base voltage of Q801 (Q802) rises and Q801 (Q802) turns "on". With Q801 (Q802) turned ON, both Q803 and Q804 turn "on" causing "L" input to be applied to IC801 terminal ⑧. Then, "L" output is applied to IC801 terminals ⑫ and ⑬. As terminal ⑫ goes "L" Q810 and Q811 turn "off" causing RLY601 to turn "off".

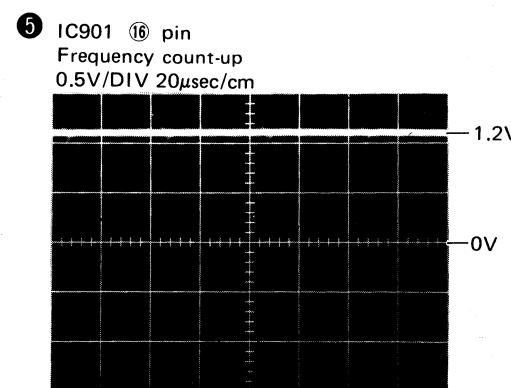
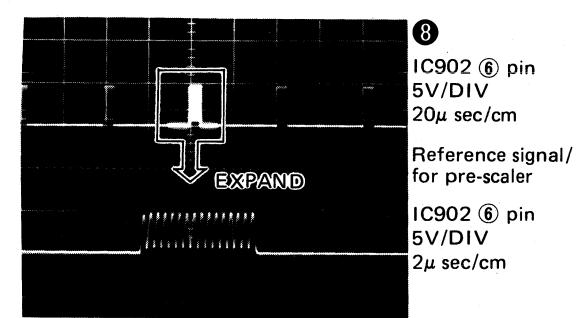
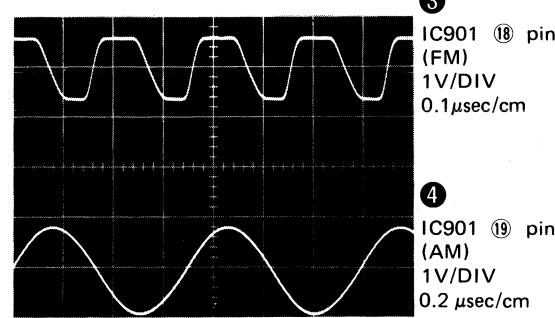
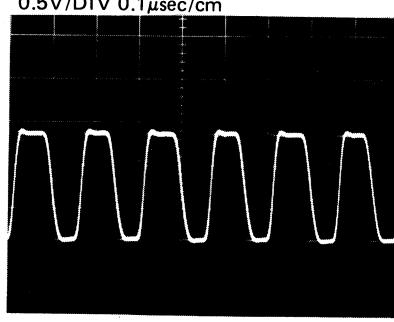
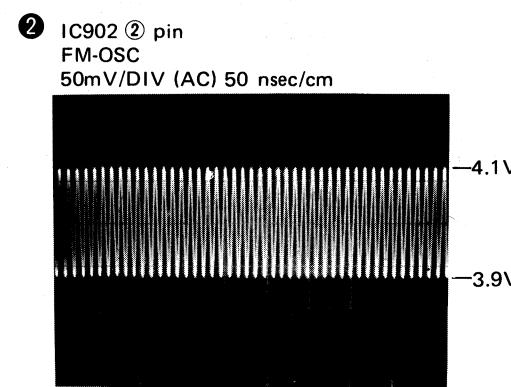
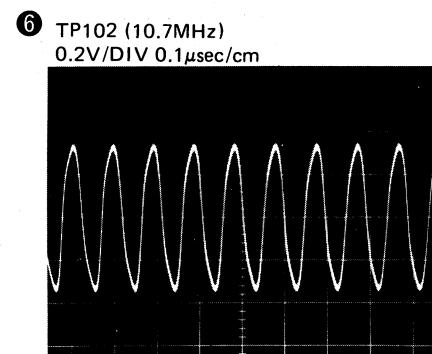
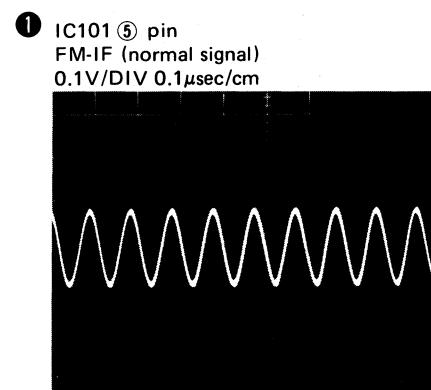


## ■ FLUORESCENT DISPLAY TUBE (FL) AND TIMECHART

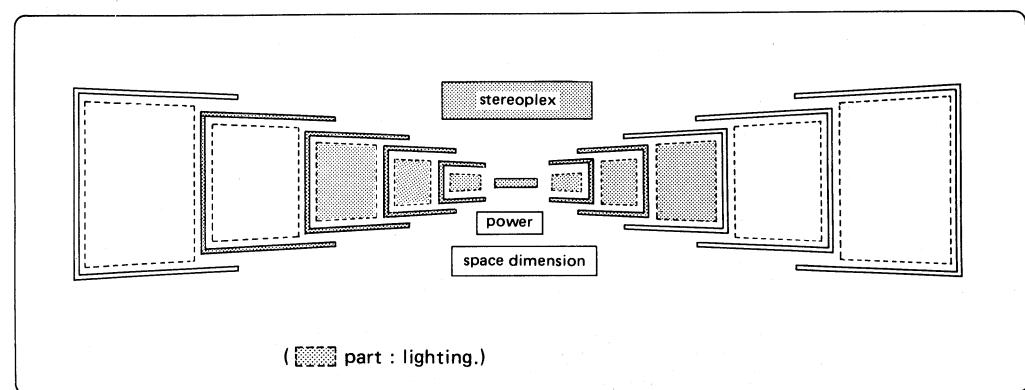
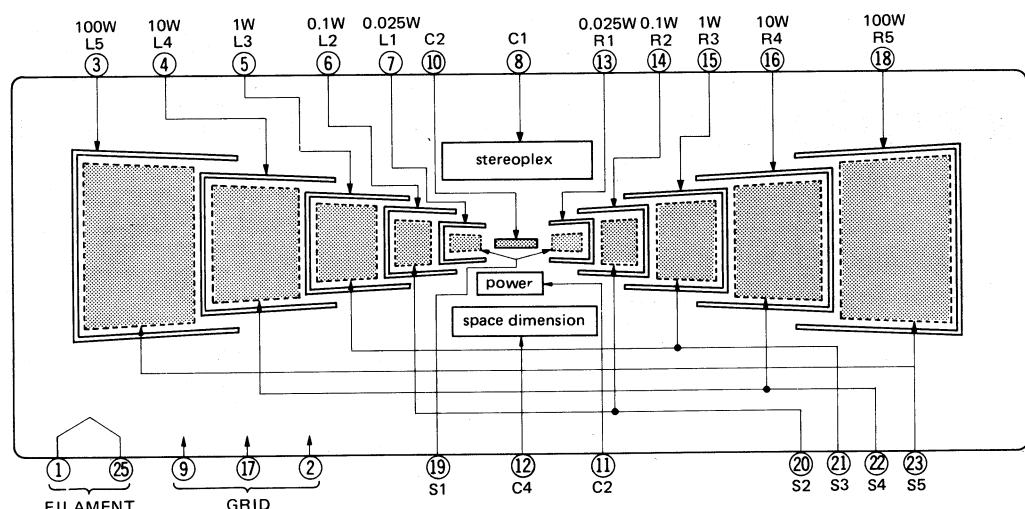


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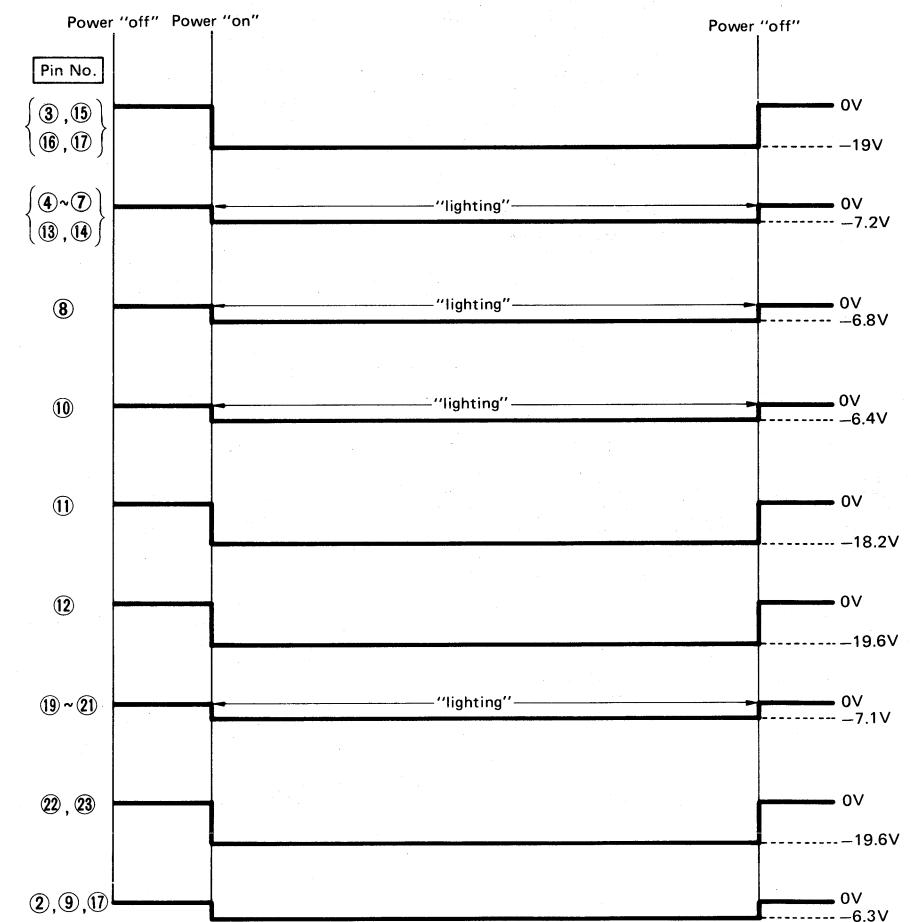
## ■ WAVEFORM



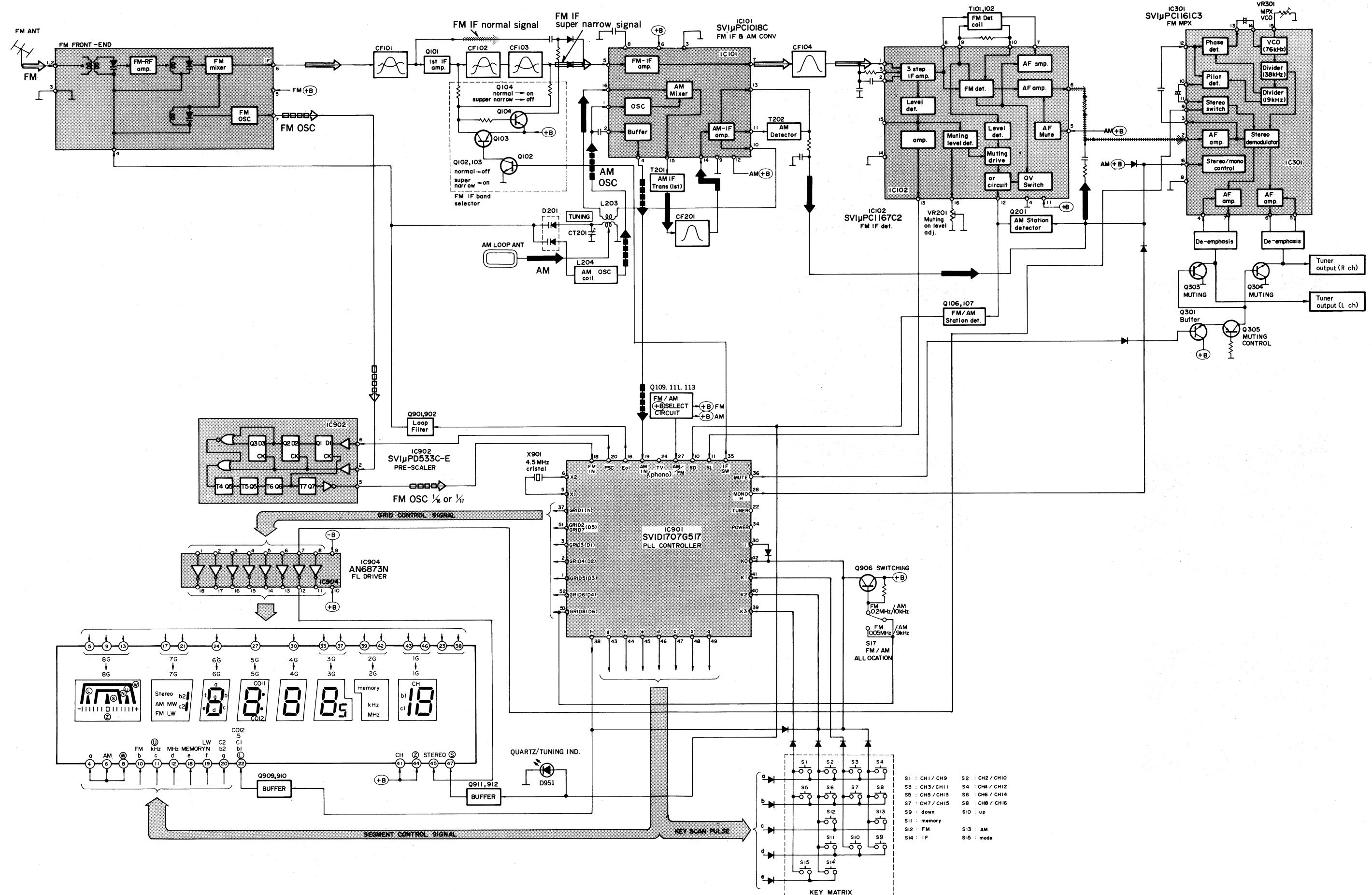
## ■ STEREOPLEX/SPACE DIMENSION DISPLAY TUBE AND TIMECHART

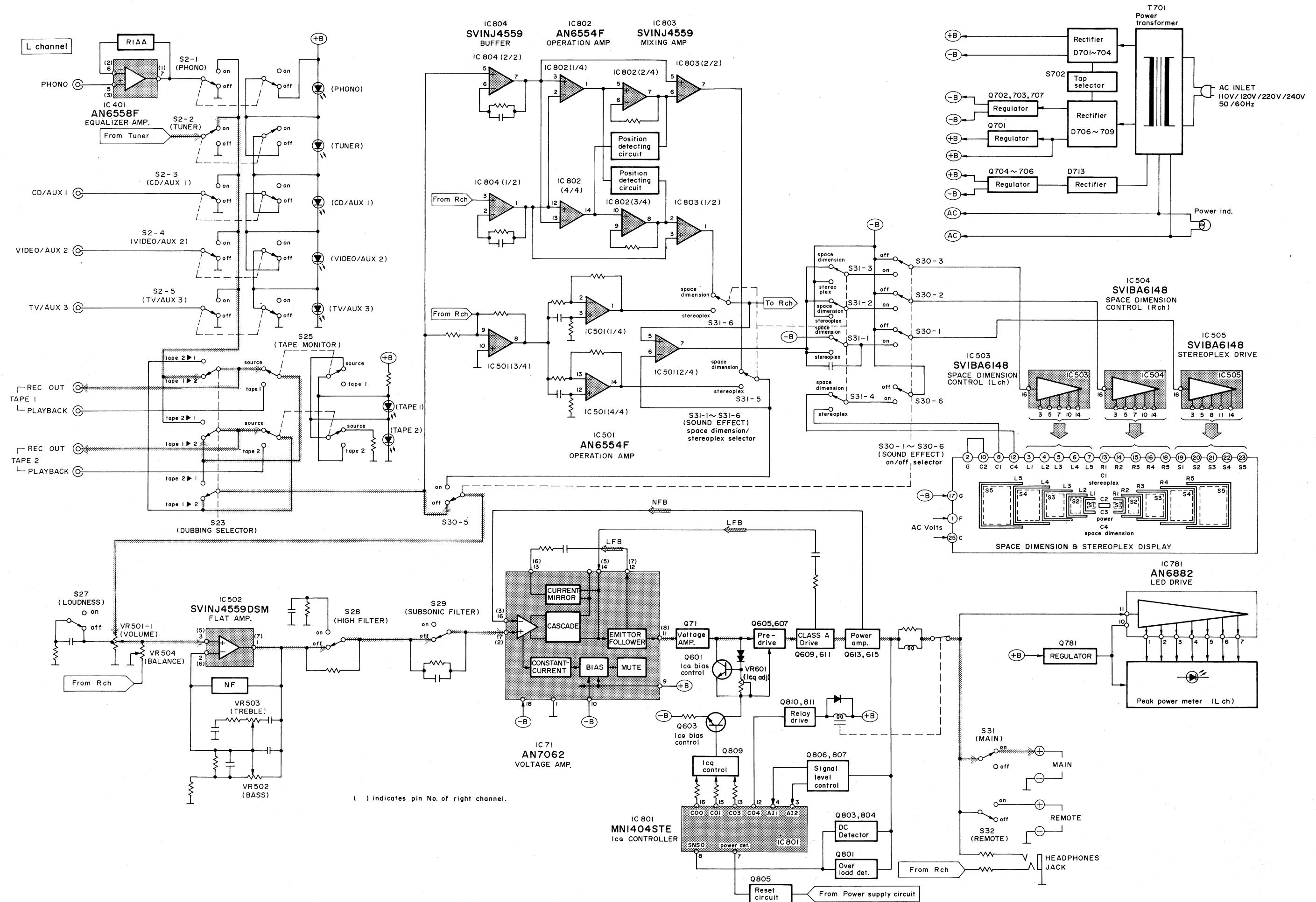


(■ part : lighting.)



## ■ BLOCK DIAGRAM





# SA-850 SA-850

## ■ RESISTORS AND CAPACITORS

**Notes:** 1. Part numbers are indicated on most mechanical parts.

Please use this part number for parts orders.

2. Important safety notice:

Components identified by  $\Delta$  mark have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components, use only manufacturer's specified parts.

3. The "(S)" mark is service standard parts and may differ from production parts.

### Numbering System of Resistor

**Example**

ERD	25	F	J	101
Type	Wattage	Shape	Tolerance	Value
ERG	2	AN	J	2R2
Type	Wattage	Shape	Tolerance	Value

Resistor Type	Wattage	Tolerance
ERD : Carbon	10 : 1/8W	G : $\pm 2\%$
ERO : Metal Film	12 : 1/2W	J : $\pm 5\%$
ERG : Metal Oxide	S2 : 1/4W	K : $\pm 10\%$
ERC : Solid	25 : 1/4W	
	S1 : 1/2W	
	1 : 1W	
	2 : 2W	

ERD10TLJ  $\square\square\square$  → Chip type carbon

### Numbering System of Capacitor

**Example**

ECKD	1H	102	Z	F
Type	Voltage	Value	Tolerance	Peculiarity
ECEA	50	M	R47	R
Type	Voltage	Peculiarity	Value	Special use

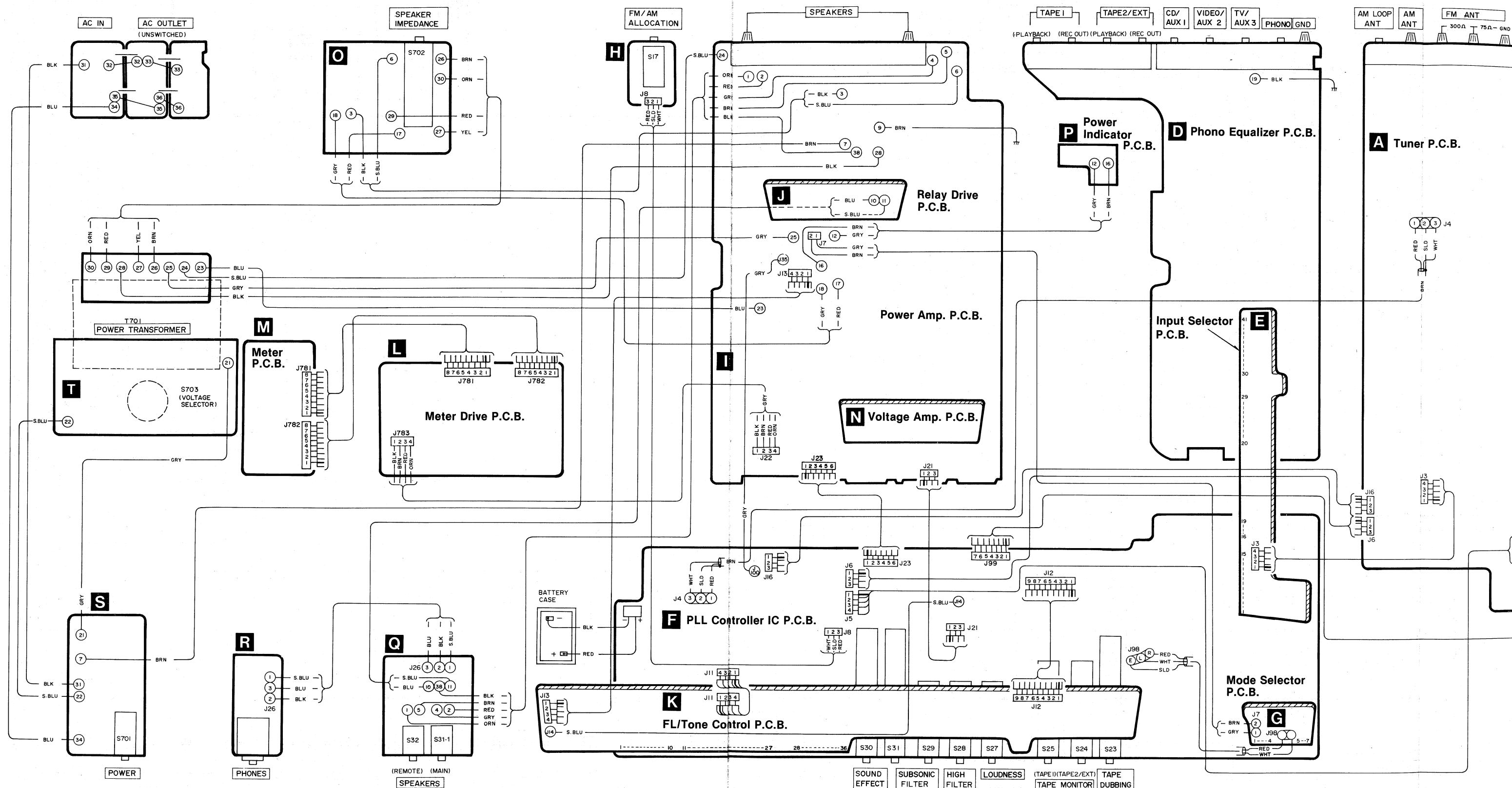
Capacitor Type	Voltage			Tolerance
	ECEA Type	Other		
ECEA : Electrolytic	OJ : 6.3V	1H : 50V	C : $\pm 0.25\mu F$	
ECCD : Ceramic	1A : 10V	2H : 500V	J : $\pm 5\%$	
ECKD : Ceramic	1C : 16V	KC : 400V AC	K : $\pm 10\%$	
ECQM : Polyester	1E : 25V		Z : $+80\%, -20\%$	
ECQP : Polypropylene	1H : 50V		M : $\pm 20\%$	
ECES : Electrolytic	1V : 35V		P : $+100\%, -0\%$	
	50 : 50V			
	25 : 25V			
	1J : 63V			
	2A : 100V			

### • RESISTORS

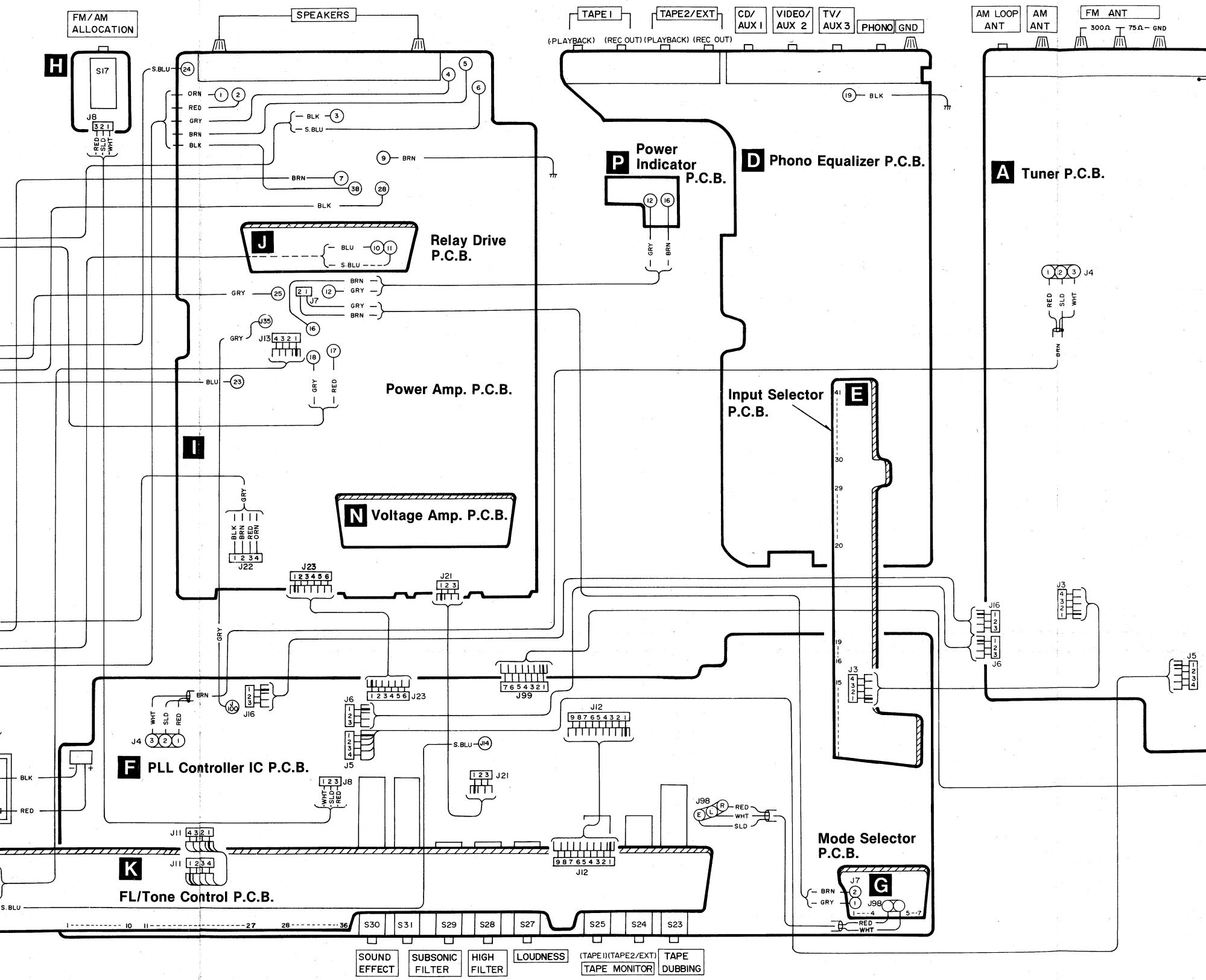
Ref. No.	Part No.	Value	Ref. No.	Part No.	Value	Ref. No.	Part No.	Value	Ref. No.	Part No.	Value
R71, 72	ERD10TLJ334U	330K	R187	ERDS2TJ393	39K	R503	ERDS2TJ103	10K	R619, 620	ERDS2TJ223	22K
R73, 74	ERD10TLJ102U	1K	R188	ERDS2TJ562	5.6K	R504, 505	ERDS2TJ103	10K	R621, 622 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ331	10
R75, 76	ERD10TLJ124U	120K	R190	ERDS2TJ273	27K	R507, 508	ERDS2TJ153	15K	R623, 624 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ331	330
R77, 78	ERD10TLJ103U	10K	R201	ERDS2TJ102	1K	R509, 510	ERDS2TJ393	39K	R625, 626	ERDS2TJ184	180K
R79, 80	ERD10TLJ220U	22	R202	ERDS2TJ104	100K	R511, 512	ERDS2TJ393	39K	R629, 630	ERDS2TJ124	120K
R104	ERDS2TJ184	180K	R203	ERDS2TJ821	820	R513, 514	ERDS2TJ104	100K	R631, 632	ERDS2TJ332	3.3K
R105	ERDS2TJ102	1K	R205	ERDS2TJ273	27K	R515, 516	ERDS2TJ333	33K	R633, 634 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ470	47
R106, 107	ERDS2TJ682	6.8K	R207	ERDS2TJ273	27K	R517	ERDS2TJ153	15K	R635, 636	ERDS2TJ221	220
R108	ERDS2TJ332	3.3K	R208	ERDS2TJ123	12K	R518	ERDS2TJ103	10K	R637, 638	ERDS2TJ331	330
R109	ERDS2TJ472	4.7K	R210	$\Delta$ ERDS1FJ102	1K	R519, 520	ERDS2TJ682	6.8K	R639, 640 $\triangle$	ERG1ANJ100	10
R110	ERDS2TJ104	100K	R211	ERDS2TJ562	5.6K	R521	ERDS2TJ103	10K	R641, 642 $\triangle$	ERG1ANJ100	10
R111	ERDS2TJ103	10K	R212	ERDS2TJ471	470	R523, 524	ERDS2TJ474	470K	R643, 644	ERDS2TJ103	10K
R112	$\triangle$ ERS2TJ151	150	R213	ERDS2TJ104	100K	R524	ERD25FJ470	47	R647 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ470	47
R115	ERDS2TJ562	5.6K	R214	ERDS2TJ273	27K	R525, 526	ERDS2TJ474	470K	R648	ERDS2TJ683	68K
R118	$\Delta$ ERS2FJ823	82K	R215	ERDS2TJ823	82K	R527, 528	ERDS2TJ474	470K	R649, 650	ERDS2TJ223	22K
R119	$\triangle$ ERS2FJ821	820	R301	$\triangle$ ERD25FJ151	150	R529, 530	ERDS2TJ392	3.9K	R651	ERDS2TJ123	12K
R120	ERDS2TJ331	330	R302	ERDS2TJ102	1K	R531, 532	ERDS2TJ223	22K	R652 $\triangle$	ERG1ANJ561	560
R122	ERDS2TJ104	100K	R303, 306	ERDS2TJ223	22K	R533, 534	ERDS2TJ102	1K	R653, 654 $\triangle$	ERG1ANJ331	330
R123	ERDS2TJ331	330	R307, 308	ERDS2TJ473	47K	R535, 536	ERDS2TJ393	39K	R655, 656 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ470	47
R124	ERDS2TJ824	820K	R309	ERDS2TJ153	15K	R537, 538	ERDS2TJ332	3.3K	R657, 658	ERDS2TJ104	100K
R125	$\triangle$ ERD25FJ151	150	R310	ERDS2TJ221	220	R539, 540	ERDS2TJ824	820K	R659, 660 $\triangle$	ERG12ZGK335	3.3M
R126	ERDS2TJ183	18K	R313, 314	ERDS2TJ104	100K	R541, 542	ERDS2TJ272	2.7K	R661, 662 $\triangle$	ERG2ANJ181	180
R127	ERDS2TJ393	39K	R315, 316	ERDS2TJ392	3.9K	R543, 544	ERDS2TJ824	820K	R663, 664 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ470	47
R129	ERDS2TJ182	1.8K	R319	ERDS2TJ103	10K	R545, 546	ERDS2TJ103	10K	R665, 666 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R130	ERDS2TJ683	68K	R320	ERDS2TJ104	100K	R547	ERDS2TJ103	10K	R667, 668 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R131	ERDS2TJ682	6.8K	R321	ERDS2TJ102	1K	R549	ERDS2TJ102	1K	R669, 670 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R134	$\triangle$ ERD25FJ121	120	R325	ERDS2TJ273	3.3K	R550	ERDS2TJ223	22K	R671, 672 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R135, 136	ERDS2TJ103	10K	R326	ERDS2TJ474	470K	R551, 552	ERDS2TJ153	15K	R673, 674 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R137	ERDS2TJ273	27K	R327	ERDS2TJ101	100	R553	ERDS2TJ333	33K	R675, 676 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R138	ERDS2TJ103	10K	R328	ERDS2TJ273	27K	R555, 556	ERDS2TJ101	100	R677, 678 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R139	ERDS2TJ473	47K	R329	ERDS2TJ101	100	R557	ERDS2TJ333	33K	R679, 680 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R142	ERDS2TJ471	470	R401, 402	ERDS2TJ391	390	R559	ERDS2TJ273	27K	R681, 682 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R143	ERDS2TJ223	22K	R403, 404	ERDS2TJ224	220K	R561, 562	ERDS2TJ824	820K	R683, 684 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R144	ERDS2TJ272	2.7K	R407, 408	ERDS2TJ271	270	R563, 564	ERDS2TJ824	820K	R685, 686 $\triangle$	ERD25FJ330	33
R145	ERDS2TJ123	12K	R409, 410	ERDS2TJ680	68	R567, 568	ERDS2TJ222	2.2K	R687, 688 $\triangle$	ER	

**SA-850**   **SA-850**

## ■ WIRING CONNECTION DIAGRAM

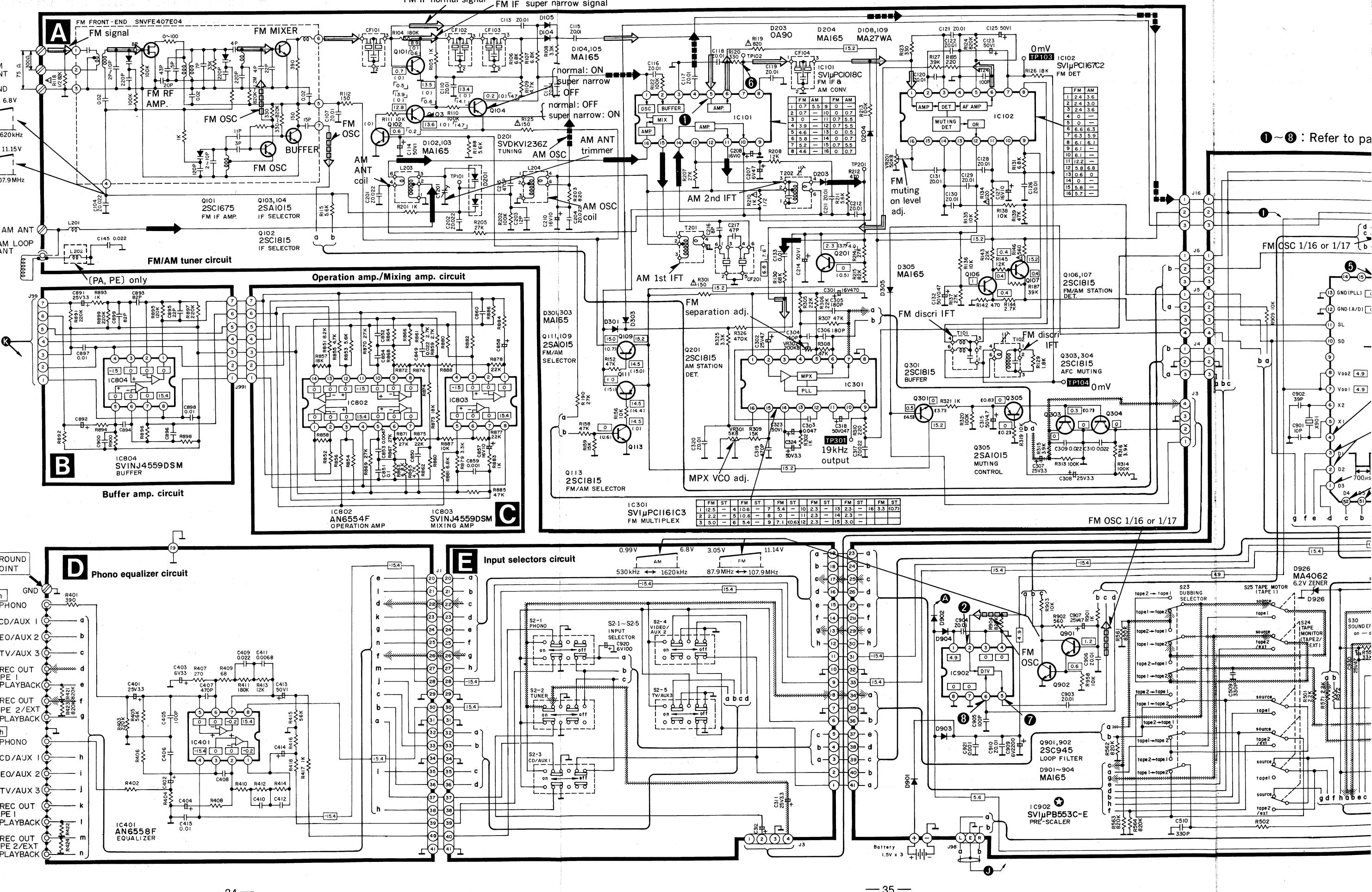


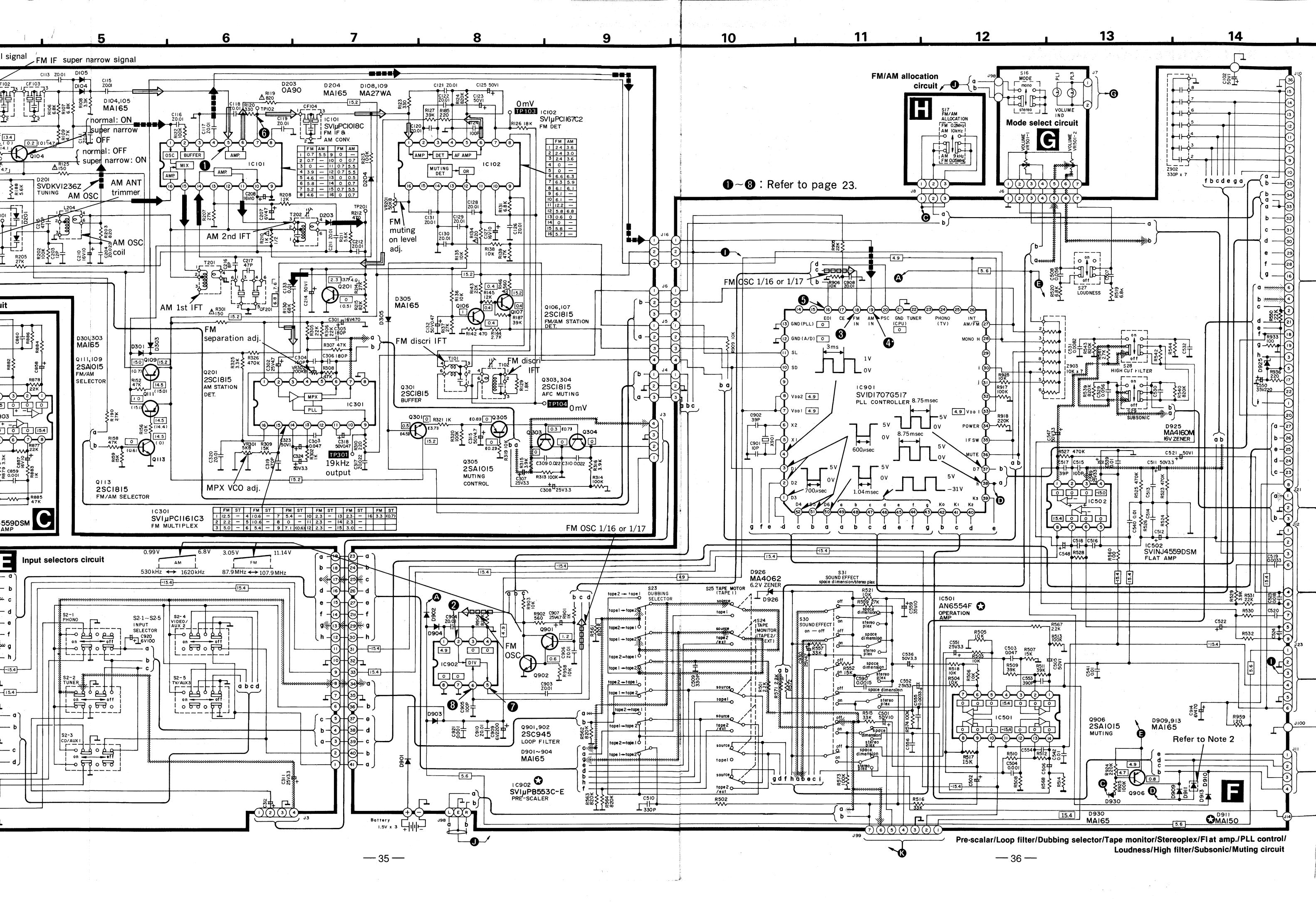
**■ TERMINAL GUIDE OF TRANSISTORS,  
DIODES AND IC'S**

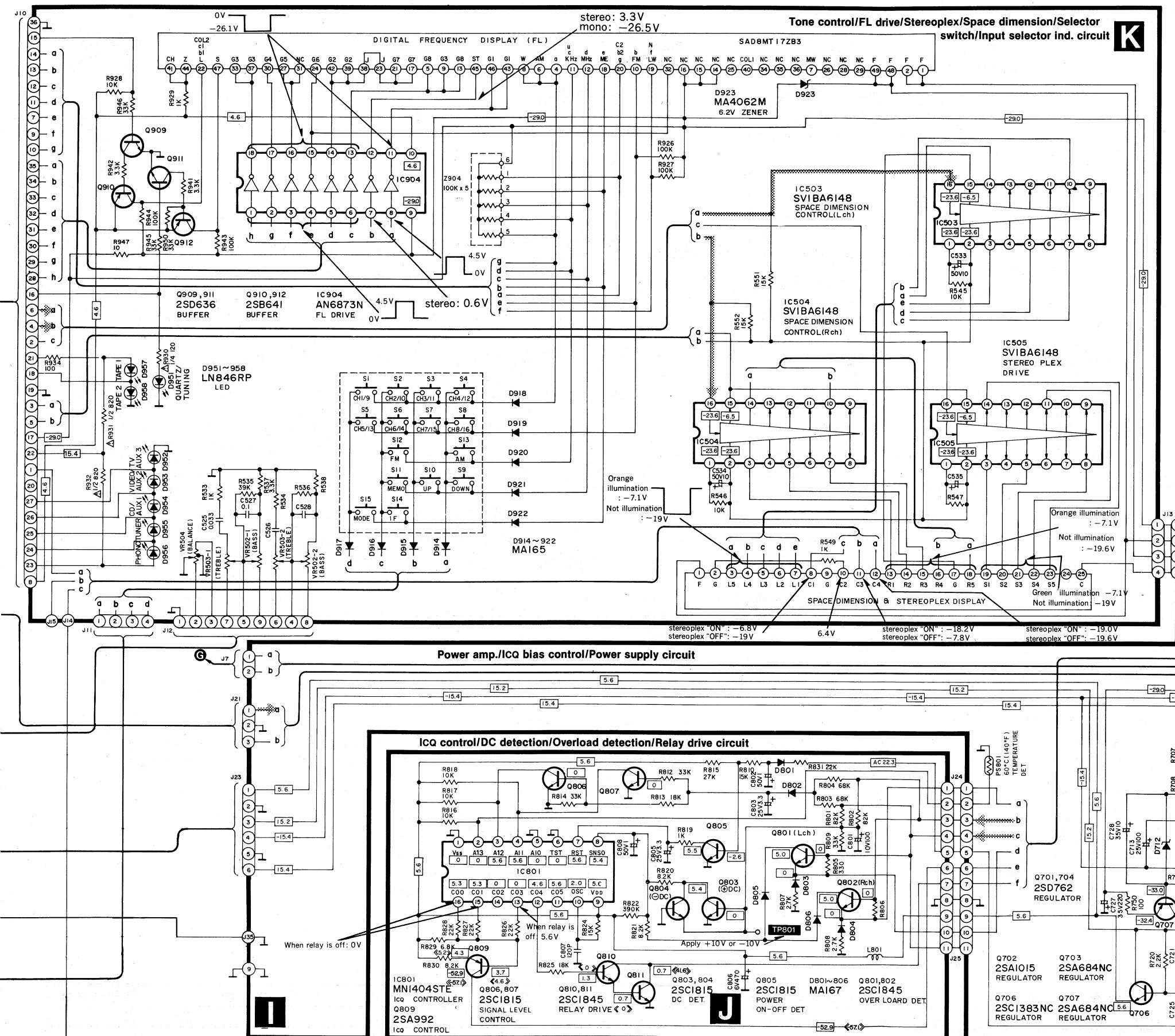


AN6558F SVINJ4559DSM SVIUPB553C-E AN6554F MN1404STE SVIUPC1018C SVIBA6148 SVIUPC1167C2 SVIUPC1161C3 AN6882 AN6873N AN7062	8 pin	
MN1404STE SVIUPC1018C SVIBA6148 SVIUPC1167C2 SVIUPC1161C3 AN6882 AN6873N AN7062	14 pin	
SVIBA6148 SVIUPC1167C2 SVIUPC1161C3 AN6882 AN6873N AN7062	16 pin	
SVID1707G511 2SA1112, 2SD762 2SC2592	18 pin	
2SA1123, 2SC1815 2SA1015, 2SC1383 2SC1675, 2SA992 2SA684, 2SC2631, 2SC1845	2SC3182	
MA162A, MA150	2SA1301 2SC3280	
MA165, MA27W-A	2SB641, 2SD636	
MA1160L	LN846RP	
SVDKV1236Z MA4062M, MA4075 MA4110M, MA4330L MA4160L	SVDAY553KIM SVDS3V20	
MA167	20A90FV SVD1SR35200	

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10







## ■ SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

(This schematic diagram may be modified at any time with the development of new technology.)

\* The part No. of transistors, IC and diodes mentioned in the schematic diagram stand for production part No. Regarding the part No. with  mark, the production part No. are different from the replacement part No. Therefore, when placing an order for replacement part, please use the part No. in the replacement part list.

**Note 1:**

1. **S1 ~ S8** : Preset tuning switch.  

$$\begin{cases} S1 \text{ --- CH 1/CH 9} & S4 \text{ --- CH 4/CH 12} & S7 \text{ --- CH 7/CH 15} \\ S2 \text{ --- CH 2/CH 10} & S5 \text{ --- CH 5/CH 13} & S8 \text{ --- CH 8/CH 16} \\ S3 \text{ --- CH 3/CH 11} & S6 \text{ --- CH 6/CH 14} & \end{cases}$$
    - \* With it lightly pushed and released, the 1 ~ 8 CH (front stations) are received.
    - \* With it continuously pushed and released, the 9 ~ 16 CH (back stations) are received.
  2. **S2-1 ~ S2-5** : Input selector switch in "tuner" position.  

$$\begin{cases} S2-1 : \text{phono}, & S2-3 : \text{CD/aux 1} & S2-5 : \text{TV/aux 3} \\ S2-2 : \text{tuner}, & S2-4 : \text{video/aux 2} & \end{cases}$$
  3. **S9, 10** : Tuning switch.  

$$\begin{cases} S9 \text{ --- down (tuning to lower frequency)} \\ S10 \text{ --- up (tuning to higher frequency)} \end{cases}$$
  4. **S11** : Memory switch.  

$$(\text{manual} \leftrightarrow \text{auto})$$
  5. **S12, 13** : Band selector switch.  

$$S12 \text{ --- FM}, \quad S13 \text{ --- AM}$$
  6. **S14** : FM IF band selector switch.  

$$(\text{normal/super narrow})$$
  7. **S15** : FM mode selector switch.  

$$(\text{auto} \leftrightarrow \text{mono})$$
  8. **S16** : Mode selector switch in "stereo" position.  

$$(\blacksquare \text{ stereo}, \blacksquare \text{ mono})$$
  9. **S17** : FM/AM allocation switch in "FM 0.05MHz/AM 9 kHz" position.  

$$(\text{FM } 0.05\text{MHz/AM } 9 \text{ kHz step} \leftrightarrow \text{FM } 0.2 \text{ MHz/AM } 10 \text{ kHz step})$$
  10. **S23** : Tape dubbing selector switch in "tape 1 → 2" position.  

$$(\blacksquare \text{ tape 1} \rightarrow 2, \blacksquare \text{ tape 2} \rightarrow 1)$$
  11. **S24** : Tape monitor selector switch in "source" position.  

$$(\blacksquare \text{ source}, \blacksquare \text{ tape 2/ext})$$
  12. **S25** : Tape monitor selector switch in "source" position.  

$$(\blacksquare \text{ source}, \blacksquare \text{ tape 1})$$
  13. **S27** : Loudness switch in "off" position.  

$$(\blacksquare \text{ off}, \blacksquare \text{ on})$$
  14. **S28** : High cut filter switch in "off" position.  

$$(\blacksquare \text{ off}, \blacksquare \text{ on})$$
  15. **S29** : Subsonic filter switch in "off" position.  

$$(\blacksquare \text{ off}, \blacksquare \text{ on})$$
  16. **S30** : Sound effect (on/off) switch in "off" position.  

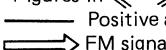
$$(\blacksquare \text{ off}, \blacksquare \text{ on})$$
  17. **S31** : Sound effect (space dimension/stereoplex) switch in "space dimension" position.  

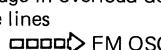
$$(\blacksquare \text{ space dimension}, \blacksquare \text{ stereoplex})$$
  18. **S31-1** : Main speaker switch in "on" position.  

$$(\blacksquare \text{ off}, \blacksquare \text{ on})$$
  19. **S32** : Remote speaker switch in "off" position.  

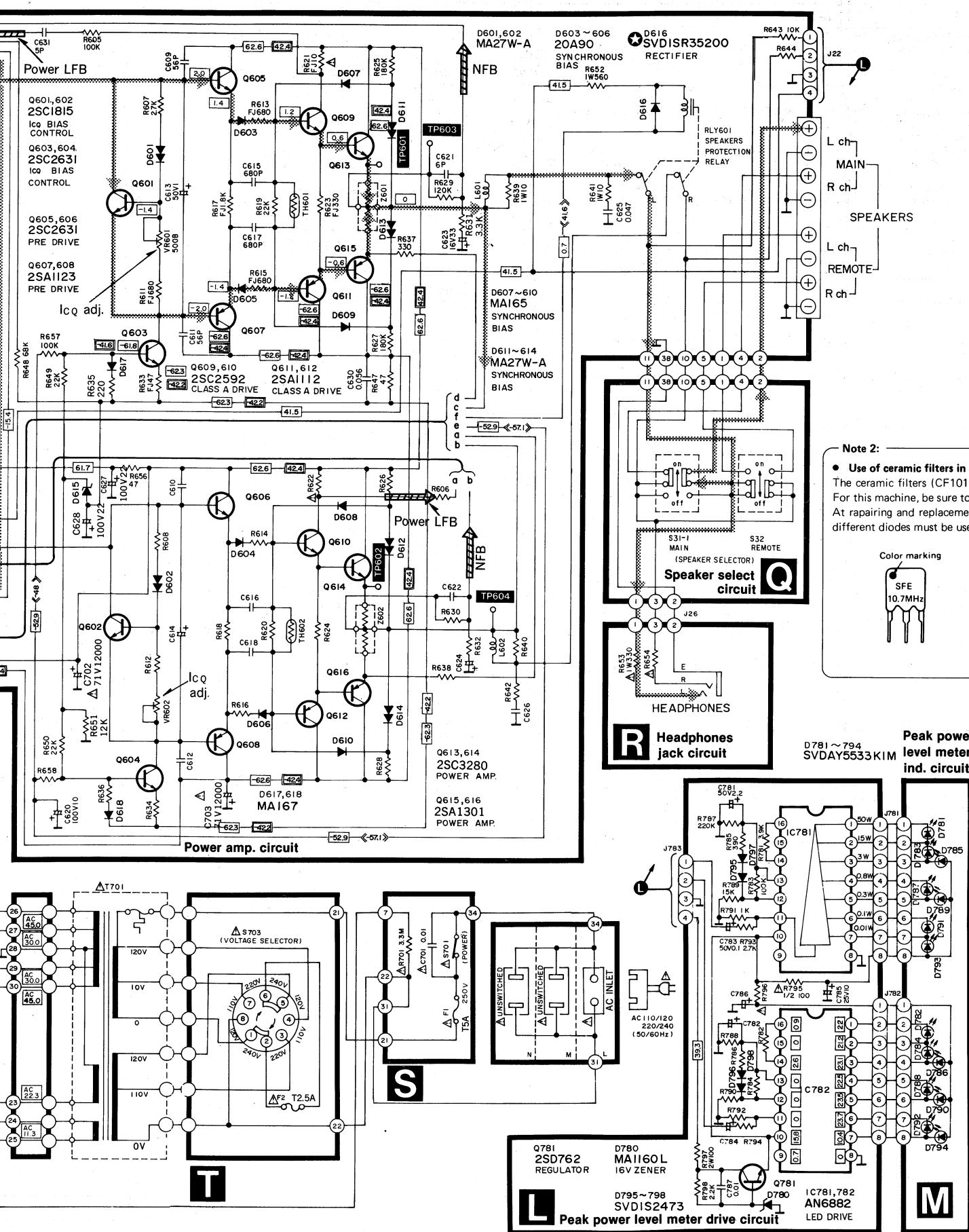
$$(\blacksquare \text{ off}, \blacksquare \text{ on})$$
  20. **S701** : Power switch in "on" position.
  21. **S702** : Speaker impedance selector switch in "8 ~ 16Ω/16Ω" position.  

$$(\blacksquare \text{ } 8 \sim 16\Omega / 16\Omega, \blacksquare \text{ } 4 \sim 6\Omega / 8\Omega)$$
  22. **S703** : Voltage selector switch in "240V" position.  

$$(110V \leftrightarrow 120V \leftrightarrow 240V \leftrightarrow 220V)$$
  23. Indicated voltage values are the standard values for the unit measured by the DC electronic circuit tester (high-impedance) with the chassis taken as standard. Therefore, there may exist some errors in the voltage values, depending on the internal impedance of the DC circuit tester.
    - \* Figures in  $\boxed{\quad}$  stand for DC voltage in FM signal (monaural signal) reception mode.
    - \* Figures in  $\langle \quad \rangle$  stand for DC voltage in FM stereo signal reception mode.
    - \* Figures in  $( \quad )$  stand for DC voltage in AM signal reception mode.
    - \* Figures in  $\lceil \quad \rceil$  stand for DC voltage in TV signal reception mode.
    - \* Figures in  $(( \quad ))$  stand for DC voltage in muting.
    - \* Figures in  $\boxed{\quad}$  stand for DC voltage in  $4 \sim 6\Omega / 8\Omega$ . (Low tap)
    - \* Figures in  $\ll \gg$  stand for DC voltage in overload detection circuit is on.
  24.  $\rule{1cm}{0.4pt}$  Positive and negative voltage lines  
  


  25. Important safety notice:  
 Components identified by  $\Delta$  mark have special characteristics important for safety.  
 When replacing any of these components, use only manufacturer's specified parts.



## **REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST**

**Notes:**

- Part numbers are indicated on most mechanical parts.  
Please use this part number for parts orders.
- Important safety notice:**  
Components identified by  mark have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components, use only manufacturer's specified parts.
- The  mark is service standard parts and may differ from production parts.
- Bracketed indications in Ref. No. columns specify the area.

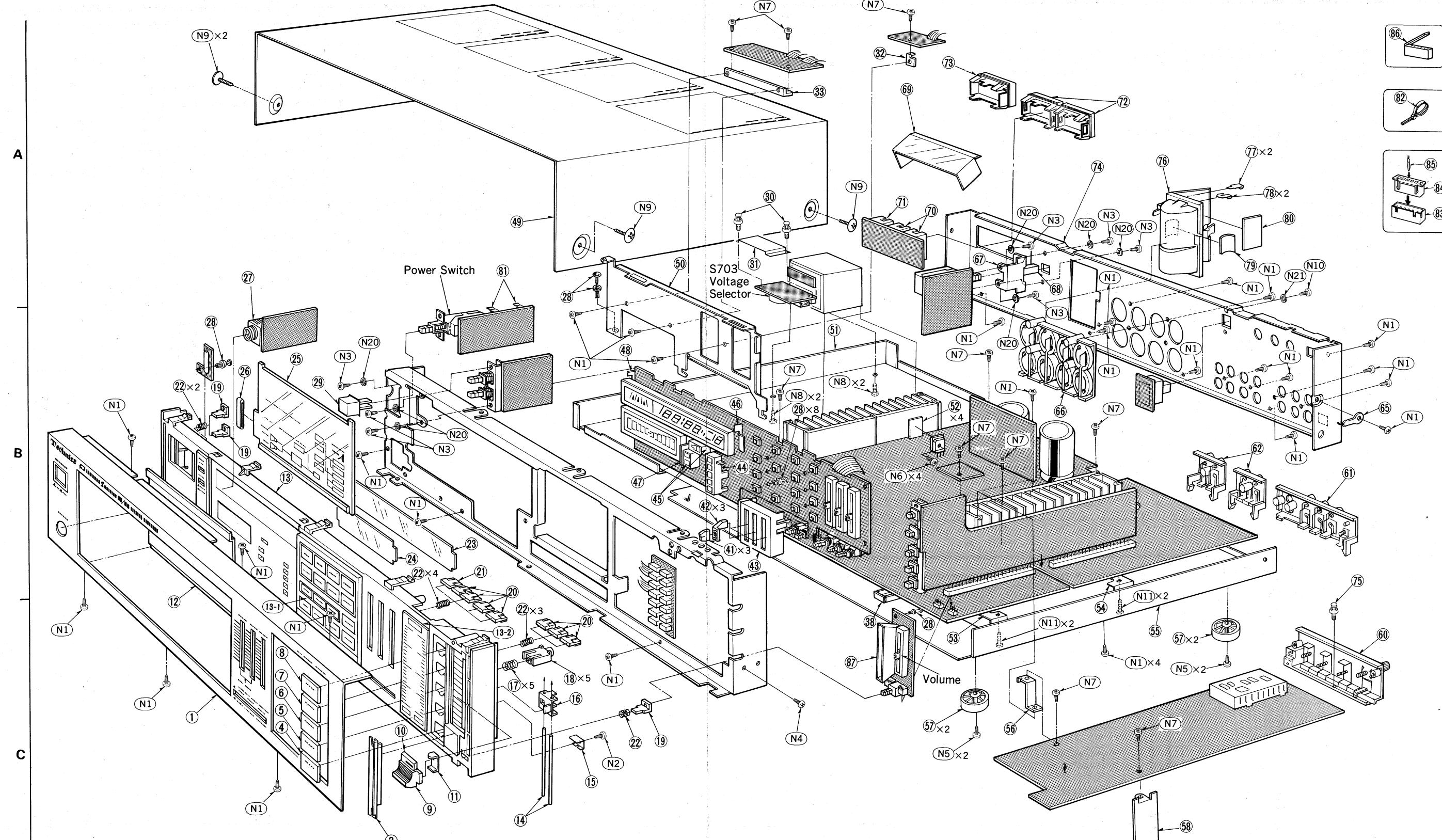
Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
<b>INTEGRATED CIRCUITS</b>								
IC71 IC101	AN7062 SVI <sub>μ</sub> PC1018C	Voltage Amp. FM IF & AM Converter	D603~ 606 D621~ 624 D616, 706~ 709, ▲ 713	20A90 MA162A SVD1SR35200	Switching Switching Rectifier	VR504	EWANF5X05G15	Balance Control, 100kΩ (G)
IC102 IC301 IC401 IC501, 802 IC502, 803, 804 IC503~ 505	SVI <sub>μ</sub> PC1167C2 SVI <sub>μ</sub> PC1161C3 AN655BF AN6554~ M SVINJ4559DSM SVIBA6148	FM Det MPX Equalizer Operation Amp. Fiat Amp. Power Meter (L, R) Stereoplex Power Ind	D701~ 704	SVDS3V40	Rectifier (Product Part No. is SVDS3V20)	VR601, 602	EVNK6AA00B52	ICQ Control Adj. 500Ω (B)
IC781, 782 IC801 IC901 IC902 IC904	AN6882 MN1404STE SVID1707G517 <sub>μ</sub> PB553AC AN6873N	ICQ Controller PLL Controller Pre-Scaler FL Drive	D712 D714, 926 D780 D781~ 794	MA4330L MA4062~ M MA1160L SVDAY5533K1M	33V, Zener 6.2V, Zener 16V, Zener L.E.D Peak	<b>VARIABLE CAPACITOR</b>		
<b>TRANSISTORS</b>			D795~ 798	MA162A	Power Meter Switching (Product Part No. is SVD152473)	CT201	ECRHA010A11	AM Antenna, Trimmer
Q71, 72 Q101	2SA1123~ R 2SC1675L1 2SC1815~ Y	Voltage Amp. FM IF Amp. IF Selector, FM/ AM Station Det, FM/AM Selector, Regulator AGC, AM AGC, AM Station Det, AFC Muting, ICQ, Regulator Switching	D911 D923 D927 D951~ 958	MA162A MA4075M MA162A LN846RP	Switching 7.5V, Zener Switching L.E.D	<b>FRONT END</b>		
Q102, 106, 107, 113, 201, 301, 303, 304, 601, 602, 705, 803~807	2SA1015Y	IF Selector, FM/ AM Selector, Muting Control, Regulator ICQ Control, Pre Drive	<b>THERMAL DETECTOR</b>			PS801	SRPBG47101	60°C (140°F) Sensor
Q103, 104, 109, 111, 305, 702, 906		IF Selector, FM/ AM Selector, Muting Control, Regulator ICQ Control, Pre Drive	<b>THERMISTERS</b>			TH601, 602	RRT104	100kΩ
Q603~ 606		2SC2631~ R	<b>FLUORESCENT DISPLAY TUBES</b>					
Q607, 608 Q609, 610		2SA1123~ R 2SC2592~ R	L201 L202 [PA, PE] only L203 L204 L601, 602 L801	SLQZ10G1~ D SLQZ10G1~ D SLA2B1~ P SL02B7~ P SLQY07G~ 30 SLQX101~ 3M	Choke Choke AM Antenna AM OSC Choke Choke	FL	SAD8MT17ZB3	Digital Frequency Display
Q611, 612		2SA1112~ R	<b>POWER METER &amp; STEREOPLEX DISPLAY</b>			FL	SADBG247Z	Power Meter & Stereoplex Display
Q613, 614 Q615, 616		2SC3280~ R 2SA1301~ R 2SD762~ R	<b>RELAY</b>					
Q701, 704 Q703, 707		2SA684~ RNC 2SC1383 2SD762~ R	T101 T102 T201 T202 T701	SLI4C541~ Z SLI4C543~ Z SLI2C127~ M SLI2C413 SLT5Q141	FM IFT FM IFT AM IFT AM IFT Power Source	RLY601	SSY126	Speaker Protection (Product parts No is SSY124)
Q706 Q781		2SC1845~ E	<b>COMPONENT COMBINATIONS</b>					
Q801, 802, 810, 811 Q809		2SA992E	<b>CERAMIC FILTERS</b>			Z601, 602	ERF3GBKR22N	0.22Ω (x 2)
Q901, 902		2SC1815Y	CF101	SVFE107MM~ A SVFE107MM~ D	FM, 10.7MHz (Red) FM, 10.65MHz (Black)	Z902	EXFP731MW	330pF (x 7)
Q909, 911 Q910, 912	2SD636 2SB641	Buffer Buffer	CF102, 103	SVFE107MZ2~ A SVFE107MZ2~ D	FM, 10.7MHz (Red) FM, 10.65MHz (Black)	Z903	EXBP87103K	10kΩ (x 7)
<b>DIODES</b>			CF104	SVFE107ML~ A SVFE107ML~ D	FM, 10.7MHz (Red) FM, 10.65MHz (Black)	Z904	EXBP85104K	100kΩ (x 5)
<b>CRYSTAL</b>			CF201	(Use pair ranks as same as CF101, 102, 103 and 104)		<b>LAMPS</b>		
<b>VARIABLE RESISTORS</b>			X901	SVQ43U452~ D	4.5MHz, Counter OSC	PL1, 3	XAMR74S17	Volume Ind.
D104, 105, 204, 301, 303, 305 607~ 610, 901~ 904, 908, 909, 913~ 922, 930, 949	MA165	Switching	VR201	EVN58AA00B54	Muting ON Level Adj. 50kΩ (B)	PL2	XAMS6Q17~ 1	Power Ind.
D601, 602, 611~ 614	MA27W~ A	Switching	VR301	EVN75AA00B53	VCO Adj. 5kΩ (B)	<b>FUSES</b>		
D201	SVDKV1236Z	Tuning (AM Variable Capacitor)	VR302	EVN58AA00B55	Separation Adj. 500kΩ (B)	F1	XBA2C50TR0	250V, T 5A
D203 D615, 710, 925 D617, 618, 801~ 806	20A90 MA4160M MA167	16V, Zener Switching	VR501	EWAPAAAX05B54	Volume Control, 50kΩ (B)	F2	XBA2C25TR0	250V, T 2.5A
<b>SWITCHES</b>			VR502, 503	EWANA6X05C15	Tone Control, 100kΩ (C)	S1~ 15	SSG13	FM/AM Preset Tuning, Tuning
<b>VARISTORS</b>						S2~ 1~ 2~ 5	SSH556	Input Selector
<b>INDUCTORS</b>						S16	SSH1164	Mode Selector
<b>TRANSFORMERS</b>						S17	SSS43	FM/AM Allocation
<b>COILS</b>						S23, 30, 31	SSH1035	Tape Dubbing
<b>TRANSFORMERS</b>						S24, 25	SSH1033	Stereoplex
<b>COILS</b>						S27~ 29	SSH1031	Tape Monitor
<b>TRANSFORMERS</b>						S31, 32	SSH2047	Subsonic Filter,
<b>COILS</b>						S701 S702	▲ SSH1057~ 1 SSH1173	High Filter
<b>TRANSFORMERS</b>						S703	▲ ESE37219	Speaker Selector
<b>COILS</b>								

5. The parenthesized number in the column of description stand for the quantity per set.

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
<b>CABINET and CHASSIS PARTS</b>								
1 1	○ SGWA850-SP ◎ SGWA850-KC	Front Panel Ass'y Front Panel Ass'y	(1) (1)	32 33 38	SUW2013-1 SUW2851 SUW2839	Bracket, P.C.B Bracket, P.C.B Bracket, P.C.B	(1) (1) (1)	85 SJT783 Terminal (2)
3 3	○ SGX7669 ◎ SGX7669-1	Ornament Ornament	(1) (1)	41	○ SBD97	Knob, Bass, Treble, Balance	(3)	86 SJS5327 Socket (3 Pin) (2)
4 5 6 7 8	SBC5730-T SBC573N-T SBC5730M-T SBC573H-T SBC573G-T	Button, TV/AUX3 Button, Video/AUX2 Button, CD/AUX1 Button, Tuner Button, Phono	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	41 42	◎ SBD97-1 SBZ9018	Knob, Bass, Treble, Balance Connection Rod, Tone, Balance	(3) (3)	86 SJS5421 Socket (4 Pin) (3)
9 9	○ SBD96 ◎ SBD96-1	Knob, Volume Knob, Volume	(1) (1)	43 43	○ SGX7668 ◎ SGX7668-1	Ornament Ornament	(1) (1)	86 SJS5519 Socket (5 Pin) (1)
10 11 12	SBE295A SHRS274 SGU412	Holder, Volume Spacer, Volume Transparent Plate	(1) (1) (1)	44 45 46 47	SMP374 SMP375 SMN1916-1 SMN1916	Holder, LED Holder, LED Holder, FL Holder, FL	(1) (2) (1) (1)	86 SJS5627 Socket (6 Pin) (1)
13	○ SGXA850-SP	Grille, Sub Panel Ass'y	(1)	48	SMN1915	Holder, FL	(1)	87 SDH566 Reflector Plate (1)
13 13	◎ SGXA850-KC	Grille, Sub Panel Ass'y	(1)	49 49	○ SKC1130S1A ◎ SKC1130BB1	Cabinet Cabinet	(1) (1)	<b>SCREWS</b>
13-1 13-1	○ SGK1845-1A ◎ SGK1845-1B	Sheet Sheet	(1) (1)	50 51	SMC1148 SML139-2	Shield Plate Bracket, Power Transformer	(1) (1) (1)	N1 XTBS3+8BFZ1 Tapping with Detent, $\oplus 3 \times 8$ (30)
13-2 13-2	○ SGU413-1A ◎ SGU413-1B	Indication Plate Indication Plate	(1) (1)	52 53	SMX767 SUW2840	Insulation Sheet	(4)	N2 XTB3+8G Tapping, $\oplus 3 \times 8$ (1)
14 15	SUG185 SUW2849	Connection Rod Bracket, Connection	(2)	54 55 56	SUW2841 SKUA850-SP SUW2854	Bracket Bottom Board Ass'y Bracket	(1) (1) (1)	N3 XSN3+6S $\oplus 3 \times 6$ (9)
16 17	SHR9731 SUS191-1	Rod Holder, Volume	(1) (1)	57 58	SKL249 SUW2837	Foot Bracket	(4) (1)	N4 XTS3+8B Tapping, $\oplus 3 \times 8$ (1)
18	SHR9724	Spring, Input Selector	(5)	59	SJF4419-6	Terminal Board, Antenna	(1)	N5 XTW3+10H Tapping, $\oplus 3 \times 10$ (4)
19	○ SBC483-6T	Button	(5)	60	SJF4059-14N SJF3057N RJT202B SJF4815-1	Terminal Board, Input Terminal Board, Tape Terminal	(1) (2) (1)	N6 XTW3+12J Tapping, $\oplus 3 \times 12$ (4)
19	◎ SBC483-8T	Holder, Input Selector	(5)	61 62 65 66	SJF3057N RJT202B SJF4815-1	Terminal Board, Speaker	(1)	N7 XTW3+8H Tapping, $\oplus 3 \times 8$ (7)
20 21 22	SBC565-3 SBC565-4 SUS257	Button Button, Stereoplex Spring, Button	(7) (1) (11)	67 68 69 70 71	SUW2848-2 SBC527 SMX515 △ SJS9232B △ SJS9231B	Bracket Terminal Board, Speaker Insulation Plate Socket, AC Outlet Socket, AC Inlet	(1) (1) (1) (2) (1)	N8 XTB4+8F Tapping, $\oplus 4 \times 8$ (4)
23 23	○ SDU197-1 ◎ SDU197	Filter Filter	(1) (1)	72 73 74	SJS9232A SJS9231A SGPA850-SP	Cover, AC Outlet Cover, AC Inlet Rear Panel Ass'y	(2) (1) (1)	<b>WASHERS</b>
24 24	○ SDU247 ◎ SDU247-1	Filter Filter	(1) (1)	75 76 77 78	SHR401-1 SJB3005-1 SJC7 SJC9	Lock Pin Battery Case Terminal	(2) (1) (2)	N9 XSN26+5FZ $\oplus 2.6 \times 5$ (2)
25 25	○ SDL86C ◎ SDL86D	Indication Plate Indication Plate	(1) (1)	79 80 81 82	SGK1569-1 SQX4779 SJT347 SHR301	Label Label Holder, Fuse Clamper	(1) (1) (4) (4)	N10 XTB3+10BFZ Tapping, $\oplus 3 \times 10$ (4)
26	SHG436	Rubber, Indication Plate	(1)	83	SJT3213	Post (2 Pin)	(2)	N11 XSN3+12S $\oplus 3 \times 12$ (2)
27	SJJ71B	Jack, Headphones	(1)	84	SJS5215	Socket (2 Pin)	(1)	N13 XWA3B $\phi 3$ (2)
28	SHR415	Lock Pin	(12)					N14 XTB3+8BFZ Tapping, $\oplus 3 \times 8$ (6)
29	SBC627	Button, Power Switch	(1)					
30	SHR415	Rock Pin	(2)					
31	SMX611-1	Shield Plate	(1)					
<b>ACCESSORIES</b>								
A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9	△ SJA168 SSA267-1 SQX4885-3 SJP9215 SSA902 SQX4849-1 SMA231 SMA233-1 XTN3+10AFZ	AC Cord Cord, FM Antenna Label Cord, TV Connection AM Loop Antenna Label Holder (B) Holder (A) Screw, Loop Antenna Holder	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (2)	<b>NUT</b>				
A10 A10 [PA, PE] A10 [PC]	SQF12128 SQF12129	Instruction Book Instruction Book	(1) (1)	<b>PACKING PARTS</b>				
P1 P1	○ SPP701 ◎ SPP723	Polyethylene Bag Polyethylene Bag	(1) (1)					
P2 P3 P4 P5	SPS4451 SPS4452 SPG5045 SGK1413	Pad, Left Side Pad, Right Side Carton Box Label	(1) (1) (1) (2)					

# SA-850 SA-850

## ■ EXPLODED VIEW



A	27	81 49	28	50	31 30 33	32 71 70	69	67	73 72	68	74	76	77	78	80	82 86 85 84 83
B	22 28 19 26 19 13 25 29	24 22	23 21	20	48 47 45	42 41	46 44 43 28	51	87	38	28 57	53	56	54	55 58 57	59
C	12 1 13-1 8 7 6 5 4	3 10 9 11	13-2 17	14 22	18	16 20 15 22 19	87	38	28 57	53	56	54	55 58 57	59	75 60	61 65