# ServiceManual 

Quartz Synthesizer FM/AM Stereo Tuner

(E), (EG), (XA), (XE), (EB), (XGH), (XGF)

(E), (EG), (XA), (XGH)


* The models ST-8055 (E, EG) and ST-8055K (E, EG) are available in Scandinavia and European only.
* The models ST-8055 (XA) and ST-8055K (XA) are available in Asia, Latin America, Middle East and Africa only.
* The model ST-8055 (XE) is available in United Kingdom only.
* The model ST-8055 (EB) is available in Belgium only.
* The models ST-8055 (XGH) and ST-8055K (XGH) are available in Holland only.
* The model ST-8055 (XGF) is available in France only.


## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications are subject to change without notice for further improvement.
[DIN 45 500]

FM TUNER SECTION


AM TUNER SECTION
Frequency range*
$531 \sim 1602 \mathrm{kHz}$
Sensitivity ( $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N} 20 \mathrm{~dB}$ )
Selectivity ( $\pm 9 \mathrm{kHz}$ )
0 5 , 350
55 dB
50 dB
IF rejection at 1000 kHz
GENERAL

| Output voltage | $0.3 \mathrm{~V}(0.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IHF})$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Power consumption | 12 W |

Power consumption
Batteries for memory back-up (optional)
Power supply ( $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )
Dimensions (W x H x D)
three "AA" size batteries DC 4.5 V
$110 \mathrm{~V} / 120 \mathrm{~V} / 220 \mathrm{~V} / 240 \mathrm{~V}$
(16-15/16" $\left.\times 2-3 / 32 " \times 9-7 / 16^{\prime \prime}\right)$

Note:
For some countries, this unit is equipped with an FM/AM frequency-interval selector. The specifications shown above are correct with this switch set to the "FM $50 \mathrm{kHz} / A M 9 \mathrm{kHz}$ position. If it is set to the "FM $200 \mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{AM} 10 \mathrm{kHz}$ " position, however, the FM frequency range becomes $88.1 \sim 107.9 \mathrm{MHz}$, and the AM frequency range becomes $530 \sim 1610 \mathrm{kHz}$.

## TECHNISCHE DATEN

[DIN 45 500]

## UKW-TUNERTEIL

Frequenzgang* $\quad 87,50 \sim 108,00 \mathrm{MHz}$

Empfindlichkeit
30 dB Rauschabstand 26 dB Rauschabstand 20 dB Rauschabstand 46 dB Rauschabstand


MW-TUNERTEIL

Frequenzgang*
Empfindlichkeit ( 20 dB Rauschabstand) Selektivität ( $\pm \mathbf{9 k H z}$ )
Spiegelfrequenz-Selektion bei 1000 kHz
ZF-Festigkeit bei 1000 kHz
$531 \sim 1602 \mathrm{kHz}$ $30 \mu \mathrm{~V}, 350 \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$

55 dB
45 dB
50 dB

## ALLGEMEINE DATEN

| Ausgangssapannung |
| :--- | ---: |
| Leistungsaufnahme |$\quad 0,3 \mathrm{~V}(0,6 \mathrm{~V}$, nach IHF)

Leistungsaufnahme
12 W
Batterien für den Speicher (Sonderzubehör) drei Batterien "AA" $(4,5 \mathrm{~V})$
Netzspannung ( $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) $110 \mathrm{~V} / 120 \mathrm{~V} / 220 \mathrm{~V} / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ Abmessungen ( $\mathbf{B \times H \times T}$ ) $430 \times 53 \times 240 \mathrm{~mm}$
Gewicht
$2,8 \mathrm{~kg}$

## *Bemerkung:

In einigen Ländern ist dieses Gerät mit einem UKW/MW. Intervallgrößenwähler ausgestattet. Die obenstehenden Angaben gelten, wenn der Schalter auf "FM $50 \mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{AM} 9 \mathrm{kHz}$ " steht. Wenn er aber in der Position "FM $200 \mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{AM} 10 \mathrm{kHz}$ " steht, ändert sich der UKW-Wellenbereich zu $88.1 \sim 107.9 \mathrm{MHz}$ und der MW-Wellenbereich zu $530 \sim 1610 \mathrm{kHz}$.

## CARACTERISTIQUES TECHNIQUES

Sujet à changement sans préaris.
[DIN 45 500]

## PARTIE TUNER FM

Gamme de fréquence* Impédance d'antenne Sensibilité

Signal/bruit 30 dB
Signal/bruit 26 dB
Signal/bruit 20 dB
IHF Sensibilité pour S/B 46 dB
Distorsion harmonique total
$87,50 \sim 108,00 \mathrm{MHz}$ $300 \Omega$ (symétrique) $75 \Omega$ (asymétrique) $1.9 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ (IHF utilisable) $1,9 \mu \vee(300 \Omega), 1,3 \mu \vee(75 \Omega)$ $1,7 \mu \vee(300 \Omega), 1,2 \mu \vee(75 \Omega)$ $1,5 \mu \vee(300 \Omega), 0,9 \mu \vee(75 \Omega)$ $25 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ (75 1 $25 \mu \mathrm{~V}(75 \Omega)$ STEREO $0,3 \%$ MONO $\quad 69 \mathrm{~dB}$ (IHF: 75 dB ) STEREO 65 dB (IHF: 70 dB )
Réponse de fréquence $\quad 20 \mathrm{~Hz} \sim 15 \mathrm{kHz},+0,5 \mathrm{~dB} \sim-1,5 \mathrm{~dB}$
Sélectivité en canaux alternés $( \pm 400 \mathrm{kHz})$
75 dB
Taux de capture $\quad 1,0 \mathrm{~dB}$
Réjection de fréquence image à $98 \mathrm{MHz} \quad 65 \mathrm{~dB}$
Réjection FI à 98 MHz
Réjection de réception non sélective à 98 MHz 100 dB

Suppression AM 00 dB

Speparation stéréophonique $\quad \mathbf{1} \mathbf{k H z} 45 \mathrm{~dB}, \quad \mathbf{1 0 k H z} 55 \mathrm{~dB}$
Courant porteur de dispersion
$19 \mathrm{kHz}-35 \mathrm{~dB}(-37 \mathrm{~dB}, \mathrm{IHF})$ $38 \mathrm{kHz}-48 \mathrm{~dB}(-50 \mathrm{~dB}, \mathrm{IHF})$
$1,2 \mu \mathrm{~V}$
180 kHz
1000 kHz
$\pm 1,0 \mathrm{~dB}$

## PARTIE TUNER AM

Gamme de fréquence
$531 \sim 1602 \mathrm{kHz}$
Sensibilité (Rapport S/B 20 dB)
Sélectivité ( $\pm 9 \mathrm{kHz}$ ) $30 \mu \mathrm{~V}, 350 \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$

Réjection de fréquence image à $1000 \mathbf{~ k H z}$
45 dB
Réjection FI à 1000 kHz
50 dB
GENERALITES

| Tention de sortie | 0,3 V (0,6 V' IHF$)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Consommation | 12 W |
| Piles pour préservation des mémoires (en option) |  |
|  | es de type AA (C.C.: $4,5 \mathrm{~V}$ ) |
| Alimentation ( $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | $110 \mathrm{~V} / 120 \mathrm{~V} / 220 \mathrm{~V} / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Dimensions ( $\mathrm{L} \times \mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{Pr}$ ) | $430 \times 53 \times 240 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Poids |  |

*Nota:
Cet appareil est doté, pour certains pays, d'un sélecteur d'intervalle de fréquence $\mathrm{FM} / \mathrm{AM}$. Les spécifications- indiquées ci-dessus sont applicables si ce sélecteur est sur la position "FM $50 \mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{AM} 9 \mathrm{kHz}$ ". S'il est sur la position "FM $200 \mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{AM}$ 10 kHz ", les gammes de fréquence FM et $A M$ deviennent respectivement $88,1 \sim 107,9 \mathrm{MHz}$ et $530 \sim 1610 \mathrm{kHz}$

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## LOCATION OF CONTROLS



* This photo shows only the products for (XA).
* The product for other destinations except (XA) is not equipped with AM allocation switch.



## ST-8055/K

## HOW TO REMOVE THE CHASSIS

1. Detach the cabinet by removing the 4 setscrews (1)~ (4) in fig. 1)
2. Sliding it toward (A) direction and lifting it upward as shown in fig. 1.
3. Remove the 6 setscrews on the front panel (5) ~ (10) in fig. 2)
4. Remove the front panel from chassis.
5. Remove the 2 setscrews ( (12), (13) in fig. 3) and the latch ( (11) in fig. 3) used to secure the antenna terminal and output terminal.
6. Unsolder sield cord from rear panel.
7. Remove the 3 setscrews ( (14) ~ (16) in fig. 4) of the printed circuit board.
8. The frequency indication plate is fixed on the cahssis as shown in Fig. 5. So, push the indication plate a little forwards and lift it up.
Then it can be removed from the chassis. (See Fig. 6.)

Next, set up the printed circuit board while being careful of the leads. (Arrow Bin Fig. 4)
9. After completion of the repair, assemble the parts by reversing the procedure $1 \sim 8$.


[Fig. 5]

[Fig. 6]

## ALIGNMENT POINTS


(×)
[Fig. 9]
(Abb. 3)


[Fig. 11]
(Abb.5)

Notes:

1. Band selector switch . . . . . . . . . . . $\{$ AM (AM alignment)

FM (FM Alignment)
2. FM muting \& mode switch . . . . . . off/mono
3. Maintain line voltage at rated voltage
4. $300 \Omega$ FM dummy antenna . . . . . . . . Refer to fig. 7

| AM/FM SIGNAL GENERATOR |  | FREQUENCYSETTING | INDICATOR (VTVM or SCOPE) | ADJUSTMENT POINTS | REMARKS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CONNECTION | FREQUENCY |  |  |  |  |
| AM ALIGNMENT |  |  |  |  |  |
| High side to TP4 terminal. <br> Common to chassis. | 450 kHz (30\% Mod. with 400 Hz ) | Point of non-inter-ference | Connect AC VTVM or scope to "OUTPUT" terminals. | T201 (1st IFT) <br> T202 (2nd IFT) | Adjust for maximum output. |
| Fashion loop of several turns of wire and radiate signal into loop of tuner | 531 kHz (30\% Mod. with 400 Hz ) | 531 kHz | Connect DC VTVM to TP201 terminal. | L202 (OSC Coil) | Adjust L202 to $1.0 \pm 0.05 \mathrm{~V}$. |
| Fashion loop of several turns of wire and radiate signal into loop of tuner | 612 kHz (30\% Mod. with 400 Hz ) | 612 kHz | Connect AC VTVM or scope to "OUTPUT" terminal. | L201 (ANT Coil) | Adjust for maximum output. Adjust ferrite core of L201 by screw driver. |
| Fashion loop of several turns of wire and radiate signal into loop of tuner | 1503 kHz (30\% Mod. with 400 Hz ) | 1503 kHz | Connect AC VTVM or scope to "OUTPUT" terminal. | CT201 (ANT Trimmer) | Adjust for maximum output <br> Repeat steps (3) and (4). |

5. Output of signla generator should be on higher than necessary to obtain an output reading.
6. Adjust the antenna coil (L201) position by using a screwdriver so that it is at approximately 25 degrees to the rear panel.
tuner

FM IF ALIGNMENT

|  |  | No-Signal |  | Point of non- <br> inter-ference | Connect DC VTVM to <br> TP103, TP105 terminals <br> (Refer to fig. 8) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | T101 |
| :--- |
| (DISCRI IFT) A |

1. FM muting/mode switch "on/auto" position
2. Adjust T101 (A) core so that voltage measured in signal mode is 0 V in 300 mV range.

## Adjust L7 (OSC Coil)

 to 3.0 V1. Add weak input so that noise is included in the output wave form.
2. Make the adjustment so that the output wave form is vertically symmetrical. Refer to fig. 9
3. Repeat the steps (7) and (8)

FM MONO DISTORTION ALIGNMENT

Connect to FM $300 \Omega$ antenna terminal through $300 \Omega \mathrm{FM}$ dummy antenna.

Connect distortion meter to "OUTPUT" terminals.

T102
(DISCRI IFT) B

1. Set the FM muting/ mode switch to "on/auto" and then check step (5) in no signal mode.
2. If it is deflected, readjust of T101.
3. Adjust T102 (B) core so that distortion of right and left channels are minimized.

FM MUTING LEVEL ALIGNMENT

Apply $16 \mathrm{~dB}(6.3 \mu \mathrm{~V})$ to tuner

Connect to FM $300 \Omega$ antenna terminal through $300 \Omega \mathrm{FM}$
100.10 MHz (100\% Mod. with 400 Hz )

1. Set the muting/FM mode switch to "off/ mono" and then tune in 100.10 MHz .
2. With the muting/FM mode switch set to "on/auto", adjust VR401 so that the output is given with muting condition released.

## USING A FREQUENCY COUNTER

1. 100.10 MHz Non-modulated mono signal applied to set
2. FM muting/mode switch to "on/auto"
3. Connect frequency counter to TP301 through resistor ( $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ).
4. Adjust VR301 to $19 \mathrm{kHz}, \pm 30 \mathrm{~Hz}$.

| FM SIGNAL GENERATOR |  | FREQUENCY SETTING | INDICATOR | ADJUSTMENT POINTS | REMARKS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CONNECTION | FREQUENCY |  |  |  |  |
| SEPARATION ALIGNMENT |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connect to FM $300 \Omega$ antenna terminal through $300 \Omega \mathrm{FM}$ dummy antenna. | 100.10 MHz <br> ( $1 \mathrm{kHz} 30 \%$, <br> Pilot 10\% modulation 60 dB stereo signal) | 100.10 MHz | Connect AC VTVM to output terminal ( $L$ or R) through low pass filter (Refer to fig. 11) | VR302 (Separation Alignment) | 1. Set the FM muting/ mode switch to "on/ auto" , and then tuin in 100.10 MHz . <br> 2. Adjust VR302 so that R output is minimized when stereo modulator is in L (Lch. modulation) mode and that $L$ output is minimized in R mode. |

## USING ALTERNATE SYSTEM

1. Apply stereo signal from generator or stereo station to tuner.
2. Adjust VR301 until stereo indicator lights up. Cement arm of VR301 as shown in fig. 10.

## ANWEISUNGEN FÜR ABGLIEICHUNG

(Für Deutschland)
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{l}\text { Anmerkungen: } \\
\text { 1. Bereichsschalter. . . . . . . . . . }\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { AM (MW Abgleich) } \\
\text { FM (UKW Abgleich) }\end{array}
$$\right. <br>

2. FM Muting/Mode Schalter off/mono\end{array}\right\}\)| 3. Netzspannung auf ihren Sollwert halten. |
| :--- |
| 4. UKW-Kunstantenne, 300 ohm. . Vgl Abb. 1. |

5. Der Ausgang des Meßsenders darf nicht höher sein als unbedingt notwendig für eine gute Ablesung.
6. Nittels eines Schraubenziehers die Stellung der Antennenspule (L201) so einstellen, daß, sie gegen die Rückenplatte einen Winkel von ca. $25^{\circ}$ macht.

| MW/UKW MESSENDER |  | FREQUENZ STELLUNG DES TUNER | ANZEIGEGEIRÄT <br> (Röhrenvoltmeter oder <br> Oszillograph ozw. <br> Klirrfaktor-Meßgerät) | ABGLEICHSPUNKTE | BEMERKUNGEN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANSCHLUSS | FREQUENZ |  |  |  |  |
| MW-ABGLEICH |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hohe Seite zur <br> Klemme TP4 <br> Kaltes Ende an Masse | $\begin{aligned} & 450 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \text { ( } 400 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & \text { Modulat. . } \\ & 30 \% \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Kein Empfang | Wechselstrom Röhrenvoltmeter oder Oszillograph über den Ausgang. "OUTPUT" schließen | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T201 (1. IFT) } \\ & \text { T202 (2. IFT) } \end{aligned}$ | Auf max. Ausgang abgleichen. |
| Das Meßsendersignal induktiv in den Tuner speisen. <br> Hierzu behelfsmäßig eine Rahmenantenne fertigen und an den Eingang schließen. | $\begin{aligned} & 531 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \text { (400Hz } \\ & \text { Modulat., } \\ & 30 \% \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 531 kHz | Elektronisches GS- <br> Voltmeter an Klemmen <br> TP201 anschließen. | L202 (Osc. Spule) | L202 auf $1.0 \pm 0,05 \mathrm{~V}$ justieren. |
| Das Meßsendersignal induktiv in den. Tuner speisen. <br> Hierzu behelfsmäßig eine Rahmenantenne fertigen und an den Eingang schließen. | $\begin{aligned} & 612 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \text { (400Hz } \\ & \text { Modulat., } \\ & 30 \% \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 612 kHz | Wechselstrom Röhrenvoltmeter oder Oszillograph über den Ausgang "OUTPUT" scheißen. | L201 (Ant. Spule) | Auf max. Ausgang abgleichen. Den Ferritkern von L201 mit einem Schraubendreher justieren. |
| Das Meßsendersignal induktiv in den Tuner speisen. <br> Hierzu behelfsmäßig eine Rahmenantenne fertigen und an den Eingang schließen. | $\begin{aligned} & 1503 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \text { (400Hz} \\ & \text { Modulat., } \\ & 30 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 1503 kHz | Wechselstrom Röhrenvoltmeter oder Oszillograph über den Ausgang "OUTPUT" scheißen. | CT201 <br> (Ant. Trimmer) | Auf max. Ausgang abgleichen. Schritt (3) und (4) sing zu wiederholen. |
| UKW-ZF-ABGLEICH |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Kein Signal | Kein Empfang | Elektronisches (GS. Voltmeter an Klemmen TP103 und TP105 anschließen. (Vgl Abb. 2) | T101 (Diskriminator (FT) A | 1. FM muting/mode-Schalter auf "on/auto". <br> 2. Den Kern von T101 (A) so justieren, daß die gemessene Spannung im signallosen Modus OV im 300 mV Bereich beträgt. |
| UKW-HF-ABGLEICH |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Kein Signal | 87.50 MHz | Elektronisches GSVoltmeter an Klemme TP1 anschließen. | L7 (OSC Spule) | L7 (OSC-Spule) auf 3,0V justieren. |


| MW/UKW MESSENDER |  |  | FREQUENZ STELLUNG DES TUNER | ANZEIGEGEIRÄT <br> (Röhrenvoltmeter oder <br> Oszillograph ozw. <br> Klirrfaktor-Meßgerät) | ABGLEICHS. PUNKTE | BEMERKUNGEN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ANSCHLUSS | FREQUENZ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Meßsender über eine Kunstantenne an den UKW-Antenneneingang schließen | $\begin{aligned} & 90,10 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \text { (400Hz } \\ & \text { Modulat., } \\ & 100 \% \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 90.10 MHz | Oszillograph über den Ausgang "OUTPUT" schließen. | L3 (1. Det, Spule) <br> L5 (2. Det. Spule) <br> L1 (Ant. Spule) <br> T1 (UKW IFT) | 1. Einen schwachen Eingang geben, bei den Geräusch in der Ausgangswellenform enthalten wird. <br> 2. So einstellen, daß die Ausgangswellenform |
| 8 | Meßsender über eine Kunstantenne an den UKW-Antenneneingang schließen. | $\begin{aligned} & 106.10 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \text { (400Hz } \\ & \text { Modulat., } \\ & 100 \% \end{aligned}$ | 106.10 MHz | Oszillograph über den Ausgang "OUTPUT" schließen. | CT1 1Osc. Trimmer) | vertikal symmetrisch wird. (Abb 3) <br> 3. Die Einstellung von (7) und (8) wiederhoten, bis die Frequenz mit der Skala übereinstimmt. |
| ABGLEICH AUF MIN. VERZERRUNG IN STELLUNG UKW-MONO |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Meßsender über eine Kunstantenne an den UKW-Antenneneingang schließen | $\begin{aligned} & 100.10 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \text { (400Hz } \\ & \text { Modulat., } \\ & 100 \% \\ & 60 \mathrm{~dB} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | $100.10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | Klirrfaktor-Meßbrücke über den Ausgang "OUTPUT" schließen. | T102 (Diskriminator FT) B | 1. FM muting/mode-Schalter auf "on/auto" stellen dann in signalloser Mode den Schritt (5) feststellen. <br> 2. Wenn Abweichung vorliegt. A (primäre Seite) von T101 wieder einstellen. <br> 3. T102 (B) Kern für minimale Verzerrung der rechten und linken Kanäle justieren. |
| UKW-MUTING-ABGLEICH |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | Meßsender über eine Kunstantenne an den UKW-Antenneneingang schließen. Meßsender auf 16 dB ( 6.3 V ) einstellen. | $\begin{aligned} & 100.10 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \text { (400Hz } \\ & \text { Modulat., } \\ & \text { 100\%) } \end{aligned}$ | 100.10 MHz |  | VR401 <br> (UKW-Muting) | 1. Den muting/FM mode Schalter auf "OFF/MONO", und auf 100.10 MHz abstimmen. <br> 2. Muting/FM mode SchaIter auf "ON/AUTO" stellen, VR401 so einstellen, daß der Ausgang unter Bewirken der Dämpfung gegeben wird. |
| UKW-STEREO-DEKODER-ABGLEICH |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unter Verwendung eines Zählers |  |  |  | Alternativ-Meßmethode |  |  |
| 1. Unmoduliertes Mono-Signal 100.10 MHz in das Gerät speisen. <br> 1. Stereosignal entweder von einem Stereogenerator. <br> 2. FM muting/mode-Schalter auf "on/auto" stellen. oder einem Sender einspeisen. <br> 3. Zähler über einen Widerstand $100 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ an TP301 schließen. <br> 2. VR301 so einstellen, bis die Stereolampe auf leuchtet. <br> 4. VR301 auf $19 \mathrm{kHz} \pm 30 \mathrm{~Hz}$ einstellen. Schleifer von VR301 sichern, wie in Abb. 4 gezeigt. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| KANALTRENNUNG-ABGLEICH |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Meßsender über eine Kunstantenne an den UKW-Antenneneingang schließen. | 100.10 MHz <br> Das Gerät auf 100 MHz , $1 \mathrm{kHz} 30 \%$, Pilot 10\% Modulation 60 dB Stereosignal einstellen. | 100.10 MHz | Wechselstrom-Röhrenvoltmeter oder Oszillograph durch Tiefpaß filter ( $\mathrm{fc}=15 \sim 19 \mathrm{kHz}$ ) an Ausgangsanschlüsse des Gerötes anschließen ( Vgl Abb. 5) | VR302 <br> (KanaltrennungAbgleich) | 1. FM-Muting/mode Schalter auf "ON/ AUTO stellen und abstimmen. <br> 2. VR302 auf minimale Anzeige des R-Ausgangs bei Stereo-modulator in L-(L-Kanalmodulation) Modus, und auf minimale Anzeige des L-Ausgangs in R-Modus abgleichen. |

## INSTRUCTIONS D'ALIGNEMENT

## FRANÇAIS

Notes:

1. Sèlecteur de gamme. .
\{ AM (Alignement AM) ( FM (Alignement FM)
2. Commutateur de silencieux/mode. .......... off/mono
3. Conservel la tension du secteur à la tension nominale.
4. Antenne fictive $\mathrm{FM} 300 \Omega$
5. Le signal du générateur ne doit pas être plus élevé qu'i n'est nécessaire à obtenir une lecture en sortie.
6. Régler la position de la bobine (L201) de l'antenne en utilisant un tournevis de telle sorte qu'alle soit environ à 25 degrés de la plaque arriére.

| AM/FM GENERATEUR |  |  | AIGUILLE <br> SUR <br> LE <br> FREQUENCE | INDICATEUR IVOLTMETRE ELECTRONIQUE OSCILLOSCOPE OU DISTORSIONMETRE) | POINTS DE REGLAGE | OBSERVATIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | BRANCHEMENT | FREQUENCE |  |  |  |  |
|  | ALIGNEMENT AM |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Côté supérieur à la borne TP4. Commun an shâssls | $\begin{aligned} & 450 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \text { (modulè à } \\ & 30 \% \text { par } \\ & 400 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Point sans signal | C.A. voltmètre électronique ou oscilloscope sur prise de sortie de I'appareil. | T201 (1 transfo FI) T202 (2 transfor FI) | Réglez au maximum de signal de sortie. |
| 2 | Faire une boucle de quelgues tours et rayonner le signal dans le cadre du l'ampli-tuner. | $\begin{aligned} & 531 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \text { (modulé à } \\ & 30 \% \text { par } \\ & 400 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 531 kHz | Brancher le voltmétre électronique á C.C. aux bornes TP201. | L202 (bobine OSC) | Régler la L202 à $1.0 \pm 0.05 \mathrm{~V}$. |


| 3 | Faire une boucle de quelgues tours et rayonner le signal dans le cadre du l'ampli-tuner | 612 kHz (modulè à 30\% per 400 Hz ) | 612 kHz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Faire une boucle de quelgues tours et rayonner le signal dans le cadre du l'ampli-tuner | 1503 kHz (modulé à $30 \%$ per 400 Hz ) | 1503 kHz |

Réglez au maximum de signal de sortie. Régler le noyau ferrite de L201 à l'aide d'un tournevis.
Réglez au maximum de signal de sortie.
Recommencez les étapes (2) et (3).

## ALIGNEMENT FI-FM



| Sans signal | Point sans <br> signal |
| :--- | :--- |

## Brancher le voltmètre

 électronique à C.C. aux bornes TP103 et TP105.
## ALIGNEMENT RF-FM

|  | Réglez au maximum de signal <br> de sortie. Régler le noyau <br> ferrite de L201 à !'aide <br> d'un tournevis. |
| :--- | :--- |
| CT201 |  |
| (trimmer ANT) | Réglez au maximum de signal <br> de sortie. <br> Recommencez les étapes (2) et <br> (3). |

1. Commutateur de silencieux sur "on/auto".
2. Régler le noyau T101 (A) de telle sorte que le voltage mesuré dans le mode sans signal, soti de OV dans la gamme des 300 mV .

6

> Branchez sur la prise d'antenne FM à travers une antenne fictive FM.
106.10 MHz (modulé à 100\% par 400 Hz )

Branchez sur la prise
d'antenne FM à travers d antenne FM a travers
une antenne fictive FM.
100.10 MHz
(modulé
$100 \%$ pa
400 Hz ,
60dB)
100.10 MHz
(modulé à
100\% par 400 Hz )

Branchez sur la prise d'antenne FM à travers une antenne fictive FM, Niveau de sortie du générateur 16dB ( 6.3 V ).

## REGLAGE DE LA DISTORSION FM EN MONO

| 106.10 MHz | Distorsiomètre sur prise <br> de sortie du tuner | T102 (Transfo FI <br> discri.) B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 100.10 MHz |  |  |

1. Placer la commutateur Sourdine FM/Mode sur "on/auto" et vérifier l'étape 4 dans un mode sans signal.
2. S'il est déplacé, re-régler $A$ (côté primaire) de T101.
3. Régler le noyou T102 (B) de telle sorte que la distorsion des canaux droit et gauche soit la plus faible.
4. Régler le commutateur de mode/réglage silencieux FM sur la position "OFF/MODE et accorder sur 100.10 MHz .
5. Avec te commutateur de mode/réglage silencieux FM réglé sur la position "ON/ AUTO", régler le VR401 de telle sorte que la sortie fournie avec le réglage silencieux en position déclenchée.

## ALIGNEMENT DU PILOTE MULTIPLEX FM

## Avec un fréquencemétre

1. Signal mono $100,10 \mathrm{MHz}$ non modulé appliqué à l'aṕpariel.
2. Commutateur de silencieux sur "on/auto"
3. Branchez le fréquencemètre sur TP301 à travers une résistance de $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
4. Régler VR301 sur $19 \mathrm{kHz} \pm 30 \mathrm{~Hz}$.

Par un outre système

1. Appliquez à l'appareil un sinal stéréo provenant d'un générateur ou de la réception d'un émetteur.
2. Régler VR301 jusqu à ce que l'indicateur de stéréophonic s'allume. Collez le curseur de VR301 comme indiqué sur la fig. 10.

| AM/FM GENERATEUR |  | AIGUILLE <br> SUR <br> LE <br> FREQUENCE | INDICATEUR IVOLT. METRE ELECTRONIQUE OSCILLOSCOPE OU DISTORSIONMETRE) | POINTS DE REGLAGE | OBSERVATIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BRANCHEMENT | FREQUENCE |  |  |  |  |
| REGLAGE DE LA SEPARATION DES CANAUX |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branchez sur la prise d'antenne FM à traves une antenne fictive FM | 100.10 MHz <br> Ajouter <br> 100 MHz , <br> 1 kHz , <br> Modulation, <br> pilote 10\%, <br> signal stéréo <br> phonique <br> 60 dB , à <br> láppareill. | 100.10 MHz | Brancher un voltmètre électronique C.A. ou un oscilloscope aux bornes de sortie, par l'intermédiaire du filtre passe-bas ( $\mathrm{fc}=15 \sim 19 \mathrm{kHz}$ ). (Voir fig. 11) | VR302 | 1. Placer le commutateur de mode/réglage silencieux FM sur "ON/FM AUTO" et accorder sur 100.10 MHz <br> 2. Régler VR302 de telle sorte que la sortie droite soit minimale quand la commande d'accord stéréophonique est dans le mode gauche (modulation du canal gauche) et que la sortie gauche soit minimale dan mode droit. |



## BLOCK DIAGRAM OF IC

- This is the basic block diagram of the inside circuit of IC. In an actual circuit, there may be sometimes idle terminals or some different functions other than the basic circuit.


IC101 (AN278) FM IF Amplifier


IC102 (AN7001ST) AM Converter, FM IF Amplifier, FM Detector \& Stereo Decoder (MPX)

## - TERMINAL GUIDE OF TRANSISTORS \& IC

| ${ }^{\text {AN278 }}$ | AN70015T |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| An6821 | MN16005s |
| MYyYyYyYy |  |
| MN6142, MN1203 <br> SVITC5067BP | 35k74 |
|  | ? |
| SviM56517P | ${ }_{20} 250793{ }^{\text {chen }}$ |
|  |  |

## PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD WIRING



## WIRING VIEW




## REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST (Electric Parts)

NOTES: 1. Part numbers are indicated on most mechanical parts Please use this part number for parts orders
2. $\Delta$ indicates that only parts specified by the manufacturer be used for safety.
3. (E) and (EG) are available in Scandinavia and European only (XA) is available in Asia, Latin America, Middle East and Africa only.
$(E B)$ is available in Belgium only.
(XE) is available in United Kingdom only.
( XGH ) is available in Holland only.
(XGF) is available in France only.


| Ref. No. |  | Part No. | Part Name \& Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COILS and TRANSFORMERS |  |  |  |
| L1 L2, 501 L3 L4 L5 L6 L7 L101 L102, 203, 204 L103 L201 L202 L301 L701 T1 T101 T102 T201 T202 T701 | $\triangle$ | SLA4N17 <br> RLQY25S2 <br> SLQAN40G-1 <br> SLD4P35-P <br> SLD4P37-P <br> ELQ5A77 <br> SLO4P67-P <br> SLQ×180-2 <br> SLQX101-3M <br> RLQY15G5-Y <br> SLF2D51 <br> SLO2C13-P <br> SLQX393-1Z <br> SLQ $\times 101-20$ <br> SLI4C109 <br> SLI4C515-1 <br> SLI4C517-1 <br> SLI2C127 <br> SLI2C413 <br> SLT51113-W | Coil, FM Antenna <br> Coil. Choke <br> Coil, Choke <br> Coil, FM RF Detector (1st) <br> Coil, FM RF Detector (2nd) <br> Coil, Choke <br> Coit, FM Local Oscillator <br> Coil, Choke <br> Coil, Choke <br> Coil, Choke <br> Coil, AM Ferrite Core Antenna <br> Coil, AM Local Oscillator <br> Coil, Choke <br> Coil, Choke <br> Transformer, FM IF <br> Transformer, FM IF <br> Transformer, Discriminator <br> Transformer, AM IF <br> Transformer, AM IF <br> Transformer, Power Source |
| CERAMIC FILTERS |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CF 101, 102, } 103 \\ & \text { CF201 } \end{aligned}$ |  | SVFE $107 \mathrm{MM}-\mathrm{A}$ SVFSFP450HT | Ceramic Filter, 10.7 MHz (Red) Ceramic Filter, AM 450 kHz |
| VARIABLE RESISTORS |  |  |  |
| VR301 <br> VR302 <br> VR401 |  | EVLS3AA00B24 <br> EVLS3AA00B54 | PLL MPX VCO Adjustment, $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (B) Separation Adjustment, $20 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (B) FM Muting Level Adjustment, $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (B) |
| FUSE |  |  |  |
| F1 | $\triangle$ | XBA2CO6TRO | Fuse, T630mA (250V) |
| CRYSTAL |  |  |  |
| $\times 501$ |  | SVQ43U11521 | Crystal, 11.520 MHz |
| COMPONENT COMBINATIONS |  |  |  |
| Z1 Z2 Z101 Z601 Z602 Z651, 652,653 Z701, 702 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EXRP102Z223C } \\ & \text { EXRP103P102C } \\ & \text { EXF3SL04C } \\ & \text { EXBP87562K } \\ & \text { EXBP84473K } \\ & \text { EXBP87104K } \\ & \text { EXRFS203ZS } \end{aligned}$ | Component Combination, $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega \& 0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ <br> Component Combination, $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \& 0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ <br> Component Combination, $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}(\mathrm{X} 3)$ <br> Component Combination, $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega(\mathrm{X} 7)$ <br> Component Combination, $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega(\times 4)$ <br> Component Combination, $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega(\mathrm{X} 7)$ <br> Component Combination, $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}(\times 2)$ |
| VARIABLE CAPACITORS |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CT1 } \\ & \text { CT201 } \end{aligned}$ |  | ECV1ZW06X32E <br> SVCTV1218269 | Trimmer, Local Oscillator Trimmer, AM Antenna |
| SWITCHES |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { S } 1,2 \\ & \text { S3~12 } \\ & \text { S13 } \\ & \text { S } 14[X A] \text { only } \\ & \text { S } 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\triangle$ | SSH267 <br> SSG1 <br> SSH119 <br> ESD14116 <br> ESE372 | Switch, Selector \& FM Muting/Mode Switch, Manual Scan, Memory Write \& Channel Preset <br> Switch, Power <br> Switch, FM/AM Allacation <br> Switch, Voltage Adjuster |
| DISPLAY PANEL |  |  |  |
| FL |  | SAD7MT09ZA | Display Panel, Indication |


| Ref．No． | Part No． | Part Name \＆Description |  |  |  | Ref．No． <br> R415 <br> R416 <br> R417， 418 | ．Part No． <br> ERD25TJ273 <br> ERD25FJ272 <br> ERD25TJ223 | Part Name \＆Description |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RESISTORS |  |  |  |  |  | R415 R416 <br> R417， 418 |  | Carbon． Carbon， Carbon． | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \\ & 2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \\ & 22 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | 1／4W， $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 5 \% \\ & \pm 5 \% \\ & \pm 5 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| R1． 2 | ERD25TJI04 | Carbon， | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R3 | ERD25TJ683 | Carbon， | $68 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |  |  <br> ERD25TJ273 <br> ERD25FJ272 <br> ERD25TJ223 |  |  |  |  |
| R4 | ERD25FJ101 | Carbon， | $100 \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R419 | ERD25FJ332 <br> ERO25CKF 1602 <br> ERD25FJ182 | Carbon， Metal Film． Carbon， | $3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R5， 6 | ERD25TJ104 | Carbon， | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R420 |  |  | $16 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 1 \%$ |
| R7 | ERD25FJ103 | Carbon， | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W ， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R421 |  |  | $1.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R8 | ERD25TJ473 | Carbon， | $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R422 | ERD25FJ182 <br> ERD25FJ562 | Carbon， Carbon． | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ． | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R9 | ERD25TJ104 | Carbon， | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R423， 424 | ERD25TJ223 | Carbon， Carbon． | $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W． | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R10 | ERD25FJ472 | Carbon， | $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R425 | ERD25FJ 222 <br> ERD25FJ272 | Carbon， Carbon， | $2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R11 | ERD25TJ393 | Carbon， | $39 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R426 |  |  | $2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W． | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R12 | ERD25FJ102 | Carbon， | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | ＋5\％ | R427 |  |  | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | R428 | ERD25TJ331 | Carbon， | $330 \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R13 | ERD25FJ182 | Carbon， | $1.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1／4W， | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 5 \% \\ & \pm 5 \% \end{aligned}$ | R429， 430 | ERD25TJ684 | Carbon． | $680 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R14 R15 | ERD25TJ104 | Carbon， Carbon， | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, | $\pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R15 R16 | ERD25TJ183 | Carbon， Carbon， | $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega 2$ $220 \Omega$, | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, | $\pm 5 \%$ | R431 R439 | ERD25FJ332 | Carbon， | $3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, $330 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R16 R17 | ERD25TJ223 | Carbon， | $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R R 501 |  |  | $39 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ． | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R18 | ERD25FJ272 | Carbon． | $2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ． | $\pm 5 \%$ | R502 | ERD25FJ272 | Carbon， | $2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R19 | ERD25FJ681 | Carbon， | $680 \Omega$ ． | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R503 |  | Carbon， | $8.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R101 | ERD25FJ271 | Carbon， | $270 \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | 45\％ | R504 | ERD25FJ822 | Carbon， | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R102 | ERD25FJ151 | Carbon． | $150 \Omega$. | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R505 |  | Carbon， | 150及， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| A103， 104 | ERD25FJ331 | Carbon， | $330 \Omega$, | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R506 |  | Carbon， | $470 \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $R 507$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ERD25FJ471 } \\ & \text { ERD25TJ153 } \end{aligned}$ | Carbon， Carbon， | $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R105 | ERD25FJ391 | Carbon， | 390』， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R508 | ERD25FJ562 |  | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R106 | ERD25TJ123 | Carbon， | $12 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R107 | ERD25FJ103 | Carbon， | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ． | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R509 |  | Carbon． | $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R108 | ERO25CKF3001 | Metal Film， | $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ． | $\pm 1 \%$ | R510 |  | Carbon， | $560 \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R109 | ERD25FJ332 | Carbon， | $3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ $+5 \%$ | R511 | ERD25FJ561 | Carbon， | 4．7k $\Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R110 R111 | ERD25FJ100 | Carbon， | $10 \Omega$, $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ $\pm 5 \%$ | R512 R513 | ERD25TJ154 | Carbon， | $150 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R201， 202 | ERD25TJ104 | Carbon， | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R514 | ERD25FJ122 | Carbon， | $1.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R203， 204 | ERD25TJ473 | Carbon． | $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R515 | ERD25FJ272 | Carbon， | $2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R205 | ERD25FJ103 | Carbon． | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R516 | ERD25TJ563 | Carbon， | $56 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | R517 |  | Carbon， | $150 \Omega$ ， | 1／4W W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R206 | ERD25FJ562 | Carbon， | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W． | $\pm 5 \%$ | R518， 519 | ERD25FJ103 | Carbon， | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R207 | ERD25TJ563 | Carbon， | $56 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R208 | ERD25TJ183 | Carbon， | $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R520 | ERD25TJ153 | Carbon． | $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R209 | ERD25FJ122 | Carbon， | $1.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R521 | ERD25FJ151 | Carbon， | 150及． | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R210 | ERD25FJ681 | Carbon， | $680 \Omega$. | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R522 | ERD25FJ330 | Carbon， | $33 \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R211 | ERD25FJ221 | Carbon． | 2202， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R523 | ERD25FJ331 | Carbon， | 330』． | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R212 | ERD25FJ391 | Carbon． | 390』， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R524 | ERD25TJ473 | Carbon， | $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R213 | ERD25TJ183 | Carbon， | $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega 2$. | 1／4W． | $\pm 5 \%$ | R525 | ERD25FJ103 | Carbon， | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R214 | ERD25FJ182 | Carbon， | $1.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R601 | ERD25FJ332 | Carbon， | $3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R215， 216 | ERD25FJ221 | Carbon． | 220， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R602， 603 | ERD25FJ562 | Carbon， | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | R604 | ERD25FJ562 | Carbon． | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R217 | ERD25FJ103 | Carbon． | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R605 | ERD25TJ473 | Carbon． | $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R218 | ERD25FJ822 | Carbon． | $8.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ． | $\pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R219 | ERD25FJ221 | Carbon． | 2208， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R606 | ERD25FJ472 | Carbon， | $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R220 | ERD25FJ332 | Carbon． | $3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R607 | ERD25FJ562 | Carbon， | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ． | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R221 | ERD25FJ562 | Carbon． | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W． | $\pm 5 \%$ | R608 | ERD25FJ472 | Carbon， | $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R301 | ERD25FJ682 | Carbon， | $6.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | $R 609$ | ERD25FJ391 | Carbon． | $390 \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R302 | ERD25FJ103 | Cartuon， | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ． | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R610， 611 | ERD25FJ330 | Carbon， | $33 \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R303，304 | ERD25FJ102 | Carbon． | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R612 | ERD25TJ104 | Carbon， | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R305 | ERD25TJ333 | Carbon， | $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | ＋5\％ | R651， 652 | ERD25TJ333 | Carton， | $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| A306， 307 | ERD25FJ392 | Carbon． | $3.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ． | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ． | $\pm 5 \%$ | R653 R654 | ERD25TJ104 | Carbon， Carbon， | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R308， 309 | ERD25FJ472 | Carbon． | $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ． | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R655 | ERD25TJ104 | Carbon， | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ． | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R310． 311 | ERD25FJ103 | Carbon， | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R701 | ERD50FJ100 | Carbon， Carbon， | $10 \Omega$. | 1／2W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R312， 313 | ERD25FJ103 | Carbon， | 10 kS ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R702 |  |  | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R314， 315 | ERD25F J472 | Carbon． | 4.7 k 52 ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |  | ERD25FJ102 | Carbon， |  |  |  |
| R316， 317 R318， 319 | ERD25FJ681 | Carbon， | $680 \Omega$, $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $1 / 4 W$ W， $1 / 4 W$ | $\pm 5 \%$ | R703 | ERD25FJ101 | Carbon， | $100 \Omega$, | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R318，319 R402 | ERD25TJ104 | Carbon， Carbon． | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， 33 k ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, | $\pm 5 \%$ | $R 704$ $R 705$ | ERD25FJ102 | Carbon， Carbon， | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, $100 \Omega$, | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$, | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R403． 404 | ERD25TJ273 | Carbon． | 27kS， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R706 | ERD25FJ100 | Carbon， | $10 \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R405 | ERD25TJ333 | Carbon， | $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R707 | ERD25FJ272 | Carbon， | $2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ． | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R406， 407 | ERD25TJ473 | Carbon． | $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R708 | ERD25FJ681 | Carbon． | $680 \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | R709 | ERD25FJ222 | Carbon， | $2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R408 | ERD25TJ183 | Carbon， | $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega 2$. | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R710 | ERD25TJ154 | Carbon， | $150 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R409 | ERD25FJ103 | Carbon． | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R410 | ERD25FJ332 | Carbon． | $3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | ＋5\％ | R711 | ERD25TJ684 | Carbon， | $680 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R411 | ERD25FJ102 | Carbon， | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R712 | ERD25TJ153 | Carbon， | $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R412 | ERD25TJ562 | Carbon， | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ． | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R713 | ERD25TJ474 | Carbon， | $470 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R413 | ERD25FJ472 | Carbon， | $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R714 | ERD25FJ332 | Carbon， | $3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ， | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| R414 | ERD25TJ331 | Carbon， | 33022. | 1／4W， | $\pm 5 \%$ | R715 | ERD25FJ100 | Carbon， | $10 \Omega$ ， | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ ， | $\pm 5 \%$ |


| Ref. No. | Part No. | Part Name \& Description |  |  |  | Ref. No. |  | Part No. | Part Name \& Description |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CAPACITORS |  |  |  |  |  | C223 <br> C301 <br> C302 <br> C303 <br> C304 <br> C305 <br> C306 <br> C307, 308 <br> C309, 310 <br> C311, 312 <br> C313, 314 | ECKD1H103MD <br> ECQS1 102JZ <br> ECEA50Z1 <br> ECEA50ZR1 <br> ECQM1H182JZ <br> ECEA50Z1 <br> ECEA1ES220 <br> ECQM1H223KZ <br> ECQM1H272KZ <br> ECKD1H331KB <br> ECQM1H222KZ |  | Ceramic. | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} \text {, }$ |  |  |
| Cl | ECCD1H220KC | Ceramic, | 22 pF . | 50 V , | $\pm 10 \%$ |  |  |  | Polystyrene, | $0.001{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{F}$. |  |  |
| C2 | ECCD1H220KC | Ceramic. | 22 pF , | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ |  |  |  | Electrolytic, | ${ }_{1} \mu \mathrm{~F}$, ${ }^{\text {L }}$ | $50 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| C3 | ECCDIHO5OCC | Ceramic, | 5 p F | 50 V . | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ |  |  |  | Electrolytic, | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V |  |
| C4 | ECKD1H102MD | Ceramic, | 0.001 | 50 V . | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ |  |  |  | Polyester, | $0.0018 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | , 50 V . | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| C6 | ECCD1H040CC | Ceramic. | 4pF | 50 V . | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ |  |  |  | Electrolytic, | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V |  |
| C7 | ECCD1H070CC |  | 7 pF , | , | $\pm{ }^{ \pm}$) 250 p |  |  |  | Electrolytic. | $22 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 25 V |  |
| C8 | ECKD1H102MD | Ceramic, | $0.001 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V , | 25p |  |  |  | Polyester, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ |
| c9 | ECBT1HR22K | Ceramic, | 0.22 pF , | 50 V . | $\pm$ |  |  |  | Polyester, | $0.0027 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | . 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ |
| C10 | ECKD1H102MD | Ceramic. | $0.001 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V . | $\pm 20 \%$ |  |  |  | Ceramic, Polyester, | 330 pF , <br> $0.0022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 50 V . <br> 50 V . | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 10 \% \\ & \pm 10 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| C11 | ECCDIHOTOCC | Ceramic. | 7 pF , | 50 V , | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ | C315, 316 |  | ECEA50ZR33 | Electrolytic, |  | 50 V . |  |
| C12 | ECCDIH040CC | Ceramic. | 4 pF , | 50 V , | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ | C401 |  | ECQM1H153KZ | Polyester, | $0.015 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{13}$ | ECCDIHO50CC | Ceramic, | 5 pF , | 50 V , | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ | C402 |  | ECKD1H1032F | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, -20\% |
| C 14 | ECCD1H181K | Ceramic. | 180pF, | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ | C404 | $\triangle$ | ECEA16N 10 | Non-polar Elec | ctrolytic, 10 | O $\mu \mathrm{F}, 16$ |  |
| C15 | ECCDIHO20CC | Ceramic, | 2 pF , | 50 V . | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ | C405 |  | ECEA1CS 330 | Electrolytic. | $33 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 16 V |  |
| C17 | ECKD1H102MD | Ceramic, | $0.001 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V , | $\pm 20 \%$ | C406 |  | ECEA50Z1 | Electrolytic, | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V |  |
| C18 | ECKD1H103MD | Ceramic. | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | $\pm 20 \%$ | C407, 408 |  | ECQM1H473KZ | Polyester, | $0.047 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V , | $\pm 10 \%$ |
| C19 | ECCDIHO5OCC | Ceramic, | 5 pF , | 50 V . | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ | C501 |  | ECCD1H220KC | Ceramic, | 22 pF . | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ |
| C 20 | ECCDIH390KC | Ceramic, | 39 pF , | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ | C502 |  | ECKD1H1032F | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, -20\% |
| C21 | ECCDIH100KC | Ceramic. | 10pF. | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ | C504 |  | ECKD1H103ZF | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V , | +80, -20\% |
| C22 | ECKD1H102ZF | Ceramic, | $0.001 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, $-20 \%$ | C505 |  | ECCDIH101K | Ceramic, |  |  |  |
| C23 | ECCD1H070DC | Ceramic, | 7 pF , | 50 V . | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{pF}$ | ${ }^{\text {c } 506}$ |  | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, $-20 \%$ |
| C 24 | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80,-20\% | C507 |  | ECCD1H060CC | Ceramic, |  | 50 V . | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ |
| C25 | ECCD1H070CC | Ceramic, | 7pF. | 50 V . | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ | C508 |  | ECKD1H2232F | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V . | +80, -20\% |
| $\mathrm{C}_{26}$ | ECKD1H1032F | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, -20\% | C509 |  | ECKD1H103ZF | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, -20\% |
| $\mathrm{C}_{2} 27$ | ECKD1H1032F | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, -20\% | C510, 511 |  | ECCD1H330JC | Ceramic, | 33 pF . | 50 V . | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| C28 | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, $-20 \%$ | C512 |  | ECCD1H101K | Ceramic, | 100pF. | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ |
| C29 | ECKD1H103ZF | Ceramic. | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V , | +80, $-20 \%$ | C513 |  | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, $-20 \%$ |
| C30 | ECCDIH100KC | Ceramic, | 10pF. | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ | C514 |  | ECEA1AS101 | Electrolytic, | $100 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 10 V |  |
| C101, 102 | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V , | +80, $-20 \%$ | C515 |  | ECQM1H223KZ | Polyester. | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V , | $\pm 10 \%$ |
| C103, 104 | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, $-20 \%$ | C516 |  | ECEA50M2R2R | Electrolytic, | $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V |  |
| $\mathrm{Cl}^{105}$ | ECEA5023R3 | Electrolytic, | $3.3 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, |  |  | C517 |  | ECQM 1 H823KZ | Polyester, | $0.082 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ |
| $\mathrm{Cl}^{106}$ | ECEA1HS100 | Electrolytic, | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V |  | C518 |  | ECQM1H273KZ | Polyester, | $0.027 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V , | $\pm 10 \%$ |
| ${ }_{\text {C107, }} \mathrm{Cl} 108$ | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V 50 V | +80, $-2.0 \%$ | C519 |  | ECQM1H822KZ | Polyester, | $0.0082 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | . 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ |
| C109 C110 | ECEA50ZR47 | Electrolytic, | $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V |  | C520 |  | ECKD1H1032F | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, -20\% |
| c110 C111 | ECEA1ES220 | Electrolytic, | $22 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 25 V |  | C521 |  | ECEA1HS470 | Electroiytic. | $47 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V |  |
| C112 | ECEA1Cs331 | Ceramic, | 3020 3 F, |  | , -20\% | ${ }^{\text {C522 }}$ |  | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V . | +80, $-20 \%$ |
| C113, 114 | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, -20\% | C523 C601 |  | ECKD1H102ZF | Ceramic, | ${ }_{47 \mu \mathrm{~F}}^{0.001 \mu \mathrm{~F}}$ | 50 V, 10 V | +80, -20\% |
| C201 | ECQM1H223KZ | Polyester, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ | C602 |  | ECKD1H102ZF | Ceramic, | $0.001 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, $-20 \%$ |
| C202 | ECQM1H473KZ | Polyester, | $0.047 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V , | $\pm 10 \%$ | C603 |  | ECEA1AS221 | Electrolytic, | $220 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. |  |  |
| C203 | ECCD1H050CC | Ceramic, | 5 pF . | 50 V . | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ | C606 |  | ECEA1JS4R7 | Electrolytic, | $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 63 V |  |
| C204 | ECQS 1241 JZ | Polystyrene, | 240 pF , | 125 V . |  | C607 |  | ECEA1AS221 | Electrolytic, | $220 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 10 V |  |
| C205. 206 | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, -20\% | C608 |  | ECEA1JS4R7 | Electrolytic, | $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 63 V |  |
| C207 | ECQM1H472KZ | Polyester, | $0.0047 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ | C701, 702 |  | ECEA1CS 102 | Electrolytic, | $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 16 V |  |
| C208 | ECCD1H390KC | Ceramic, | 39 pF , | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ | C703 |  | ECKD1H1032F | Ceramic. | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, $-20 \%$ |
| C209 | ECKD1H103ZF | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, -20\% | C704 |  | ECEA1CS330 | Electrolytic, | $33 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 16 V |  |
| C210 | ECQM1H223KZ | Polyester, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | $\pm 10 \%$ | C705 |  | ECEA1VS 102 | Electrolytic, | $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 35 V |  |
| C211 | ECKD1H2232F | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, -20\% | c706 |  | ECEA1CS331 | Electrolytic, | $330 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 16 V |  |
| C212 | ECQM1H122JZ | Polyester, | $0.0012 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . |  | C707 |  | ECKDIH103ZF | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V , | +80, -20\% |
| C213 | ECKD1H103MD | Ceramic, ! | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V , | $\pm 20 \%$ | C708 |  | ECEA1VS330 | Electrolytic, | $33 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 35 V |  |
| C214 | ECEATHS100 | Electrolytic, | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. |  |  | C709 |  | ECEA1VS 101 | Electrolytic, | 100 F F, | 35 V |  |
| C215 | ECCDIH560KC | Ceramic. | 56 pF . |  |  | C710 |  | ECEA1JS330 | Electrolytic, | $33 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 63 V |  |
| C216, 217 | ECKD1H223ZF | Ceramic. | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V , | +80, -20\% | C711 |  | ECEA1JS4R7 | Electrolytic, | $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 63 V |  |
| C218 | ECEA502R1 | Electrolytic, | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V |  | C712 |  | ECEA 1 HS 100 | Electrolytic, | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V |  |
| C 219 | ECKDIH2232F | Ceramic, | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V . | +80, -20\% | C713 |  | ECKD1H103ZF | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, | 50 V . | +80, $-20 \%$ |
| C220 | ECKD1H103MD | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V . | $\pm \begin{aligned} & \pm 20 \% \\ & +10 \%\end{aligned}$ | C714, 715 |  | ECKDKC103PF | Ceramic, | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} .40$ | $00 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$, | +100, $-0 \%$ |
| C221 | ECCD1H121K | Ceramic, | 120 pF , | 50 V , | $\pm 10 \%$ | C716 |  | ECEA50Z3R3 | Electrolytic, | $3.3 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 35 V |  |
| C222 | ECEA5021 | Electrolytic. | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 50 V |  | C717. 718 |  | ECEA1CS330 | Electrolytic, | $33 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. | 16 V |  |

## Schematic Diagram <br> Model ST-8055/ST-8055K

## Notes:

1. S1-1~S1-6: Band selector switch in "FM" position.
2. S2-1~S2-3: FM-AM muting/FM mode selector in "on/auto" position
3. S3: Manual tuning (down) switch
4. S4: Manual tuning (UP) switch.
5. S5: Memory write switch.
6. S6~S12: Preset-tuning switch.
7. S13: Power source switch in "on" position.
8. S14: FM-AM allocation switch ([XA] only)
9. S15: Voltage adjuster switch in " $\mathbf{2 4 0 V}$ " position.
(1) $110 \leftrightarrow$ (2) $120 \leftrightarrow$ (3) $220 \leftrightarrow$ (4) 240
10. Indicated voltage values are the standard values for the unit measured by the DC electronic circuit tester (high impedance) with the chassis taken as standard. Therefore, there may exist some errors in the voltage values, depending on the internal impedance of the DC circuit tester.
$\square$ Voltage during FM monaural or non-signal reception,
Voltage in AM mode, $<>$ Voltage during FM stereo reception.
$\lrcorner$ Voltage during muting circuit operation

(With muting switch set to ON, a bias is applied to the switching transistor of muting circuit so that the output comes out in case of over 18 dB antenna input and is grounded when the input is less than 17 dB .)
11. $\triangle$ indicates that only parts specified by the manufacuturer be used for safety.
12. Signal lines $\square F M \Longrightarrow A M \longrightarrow A F$

## Shorting Switch

This unit uses a shorting switch. As illustrated bel In the circuit diagram, the shaded area represents the


sillustrated below, the circuit is shorted to the next circuit without being opened.
ea represents the common terminal.




Product for [ $X A$ 〕 only.



$$
B B B .0 O_{0}
$$

$\square$



## EXPLODED VIEW



## REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST (Cabinet, Chassis \& Packing Parts)

NOTES: 1. Part numbers are indicated on most mechanical parts Please use this part number for parts orders
2. $\Delta$ indicates that only parts specified by the manufacturer be used for safety.
3. (E) and (EG) are available in Scandinavia and European only.
(XA) is available in Asia, Latin America, Middle East and Africa only.
( $X E$ ) is available in United Kingdom only.
(XGH) is available in Holland only.
( $X G F$ ) is available in France only.


| Ref. No. | Part No. | Part Name \& Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SCREWS and WASHERS |  |  |
| 60 51 52 63 59 63 56 67 63 59 <br> 60) <br> (61) <br> (62) $[X A]$ only <br> 63 [XA] only | $\begin{aligned} & \text { XTB3+8BFZ } \\ & \text { XTB3+8BFN } \\ & \text { XWE3 } \\ & \text { XTB3+8BFZ } \\ & \text { XTB3+8BFN } \\ & \text { XNG3ES } \\ & \text { XWC3B } \\ & \text { XSN3+8BVS } \\ & \text { XTB3+16BFZ } \\ & \text { XTB4+8BFN } \\ & \\ & \text { XTB3+10BFN } \\ & \text { XTB3+8BFZ } \\ & \text { XSN3+6BVS } \\ & \text { XWA3BFZ } \end{aligned}$ | Screw, Front Panel M'tg <br> Screw, Bracket <br> Washer, Bracket Screw <br> Screw, Main P.C.B. M'tg <br> Screw, Power Fuse P.C.B. M'tg <br> Nut, Ground Lug M'tg <br> Washer, Ground Lug <br> Screw, Ground Lug <br> Screw, Voltage Adjustment M'tg <br> Screw, Cabinet <br> Screw, Foot M'tg <br> Screw, FM/AM Antenna Terminal M'tg <br> Screw, FM/AM Allocation Switch M'tg <br> Washer, FM/AM Allocation Switch |
| ACCESSORIES |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & A 1 \\ & \text { A2 } \\ & \text { A3 } \\ & \text { A4 }[X A] \text { only } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SJP2129-5 } \\ & \text { SKL235 } \\ & \text { SSA267 } \\ & \text { SJP5213-1 } \end{aligned}$ | Cord, Connection Shield Foot <br> Cord, FM Indoor Antenna Plug Adaptor, Power Source |
| PACKING PARTS |  |  |
| P1 <br> P2 <br> P3 <br> P4 <br> P4 [XGF] only P5 | SPP637 <br> SPS2295 <br> SPS2297 <br> SPG2265 <br> SPG2267 <br> SQF 10243 | Polyethylene Bag <br> Pad, Left and Right Side <br> Pad, Top Side <br> Carton Box <br> Carton Box Instructions Book, Printed Matter |

## CHANGE OF PARTS LIST

## ST-8055K (E), (EG), (XGH), (XA)

NOTES: 1. This parts list included only the changes of the model ST-8055 parts list.
2. (E) and (EG) are available in Scandinavia and European only.
(XA) is available in Asia, Latin America, Middle East and Africa only.
(XGH) is available in Holland only.

| Ref. No. | Change of Part No. |  | Part Name \& Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ST-8055 | - ST-8055K |  |
|  | CABINET and CHASSIS PARTS |  |  |
| 1 | SGWT8055D | SGWT8055KD | Panel, Front Ass'y |
| 2 | SUS185 | Deletion | --------------- |
| 4 | SBC197-2 | SBC197-3 | Button, Power, Selector and FM AM Muting/FM Mode Switch |
| 19 | SKCT8055D | SKCT8055KD | Cabinet, Ass'y |
| 23 | SGPT8055E | SGP1710-1B [E] | Chassis |
|  | SGP1710-1A [E] only | SGPT8055KD [EG, XGH] | Chassis, SGP 1710-1B with Name Plate (SGT20850) |
|  | SGPT8055 X [XA] only | SGPT8055KX [XA] | Chassis, SGP1710-2A with Name Plate (SGT20850) |
| SCREWS and WASHERS |  |  |  |
| (5) | XTB3+8BFN | Deletion | ---------------- |
| 69 | XTB4 +8 BFN | XTB4+8BFZ | Screw, Cabinet |
| PACKING PARTS |  |  |  |
| P4 | SPG2265 | SPG2271 | Carton Box |
|  | SPG2267 |  |  |

