

Service Manual

ST-C01

FM/AM Stereo Tuner

ST-C01

(M), (MC)



* The model ST-C01(M) is available in America only.
 * The model ST-C01(MC) is available in Canada only.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

FM TUNER SECTION

Frequency range	88 ~ 108 MHz
Antenna terminals	300 ohms (balanced), 75 ohms (unbalanced)
Sensitivity	10.8 dBf 1.9μV (IHF '58)
50 dB quieting sensitivity	
MONO	17.0 dBf 3.9μV (IHF '58)
STEREO	38.3 dBf 45μV (IHF '58)
Total harmonic distortion	
MONO	100 Hz 0.1% 1 kHz 0.1% 6 kHz 0.15%
STEREO	100 Hz 0.25% 1 kHz 0.15% 6 kHz 0.25%
S/N	MONO 75 dB STEREO 70 dB
Frequency response	20Hz ~ 15 kHz, +0.5 dB, -1.5 dB
Alternate channel selectivity	75 dB
Capture ratio	1.0 dB
Image rejection at 98 MHz	50 dB

Specifications are subject to change without notice for further improvement.

AM TUNER SECTION

Frequency range	525 ~ 1605 kHz
Sensitivity	30μV, 250μV/m
Selectivity	30 dB
Image rejection at 1000 kHz	50 dB
IF rejection at 1000 kHz	40 dB

GENERAL

Output voltage	0.5V
Power consumption	8W
Power supply	AC 60Hz, 120V
Dimensions (W x H x D)	297 x 49 x 255 mm (11 1/16 x 1 15/16 x 10 1/2) inch
Weight	2.9 kg (6.4 lb.)

Weights and dimensions shown are approximate.

CONTENTS

LOCATION OF CONTROLS	2	BLOCK DIAGRAM OF IC'S	8
TO REMOVE PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	3	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD WIRING VIEW	9 ~ 10
BLOCK DIAGRAM	3	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	11 ~ 12
TROUBLESHOOTING OF TUNING INDICATOR	4	ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS	13
DIAL CORD INSTALLATION GUIDE	4	ALIGNMENT POINTS	14
TECHNICAL GUIDE	5 ~ 7	REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST (Electric Parts)	15 ~ 16
TERMINAL GUIDE OF TRANSISTORS AND IC'S	8	REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST AND EXPLODED VIEW	17 ~ 18
		ACCESSORIES	19
		PACKINGS	19

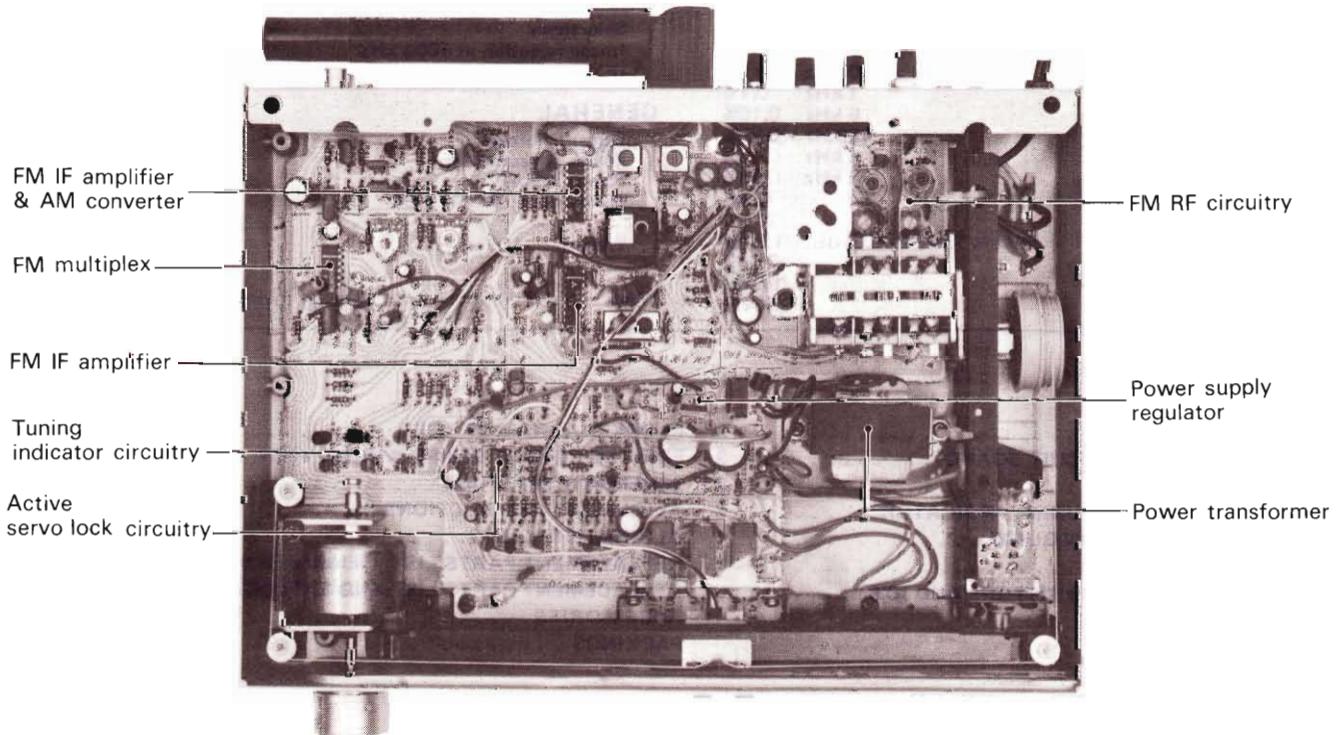
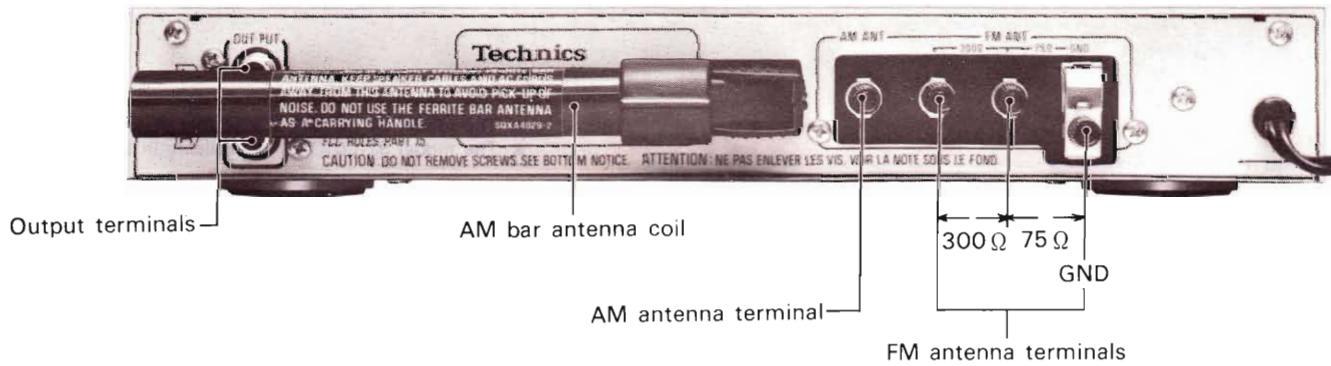
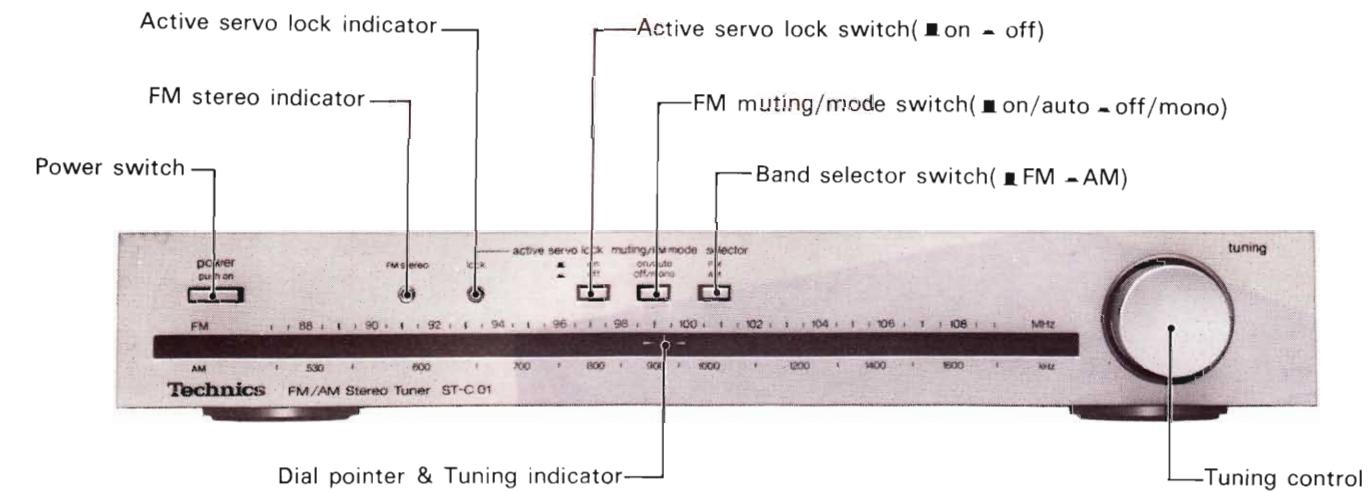
Technics

Panasonic Company
 Division of Matsushita Electric
 Corporation of America
 One Panasonic Way, Secaucus,
 New Jersey 07094

Panasonic Hawaii, Inc
 320 Waikamilo Road, Honolulu,
 Hawaii 96817

Matsushita Electric of Canada Ltd.
 5770 Ambler Drive,
 Mississauga, Ontario L4W 2K9

■ LOCATION OF CONTROLS



■ TO REMOVE PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

1. Remove the bottom board from the set.
2. Loosen the tuning knob setscrew with a hexagonal wrench and then pull out the knob. (fig. 1)
3. Remove the 5 setscrews (① ~ ⑤ in fig. 2) used to secure the printed circuit board on the cabinet.
4. Remove the 2 setscrews (⑥, ⑦ in fig. 3) used to fasten the rear plate.

5. Pull the printed circuit board backwards along with the rear panel. Then the printed circuit board can be removed from the cabinet.
6. When installing the printed circuit board, reverse the procedure 1 ~ 5.

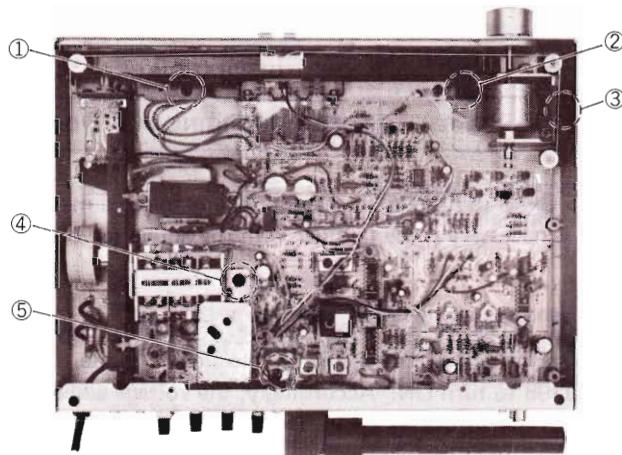


Fig. 2

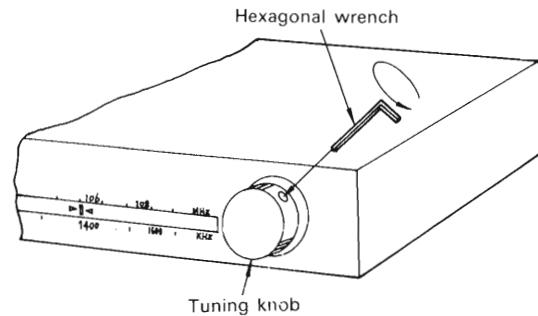


Fig. 1

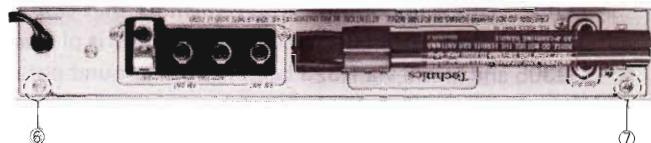
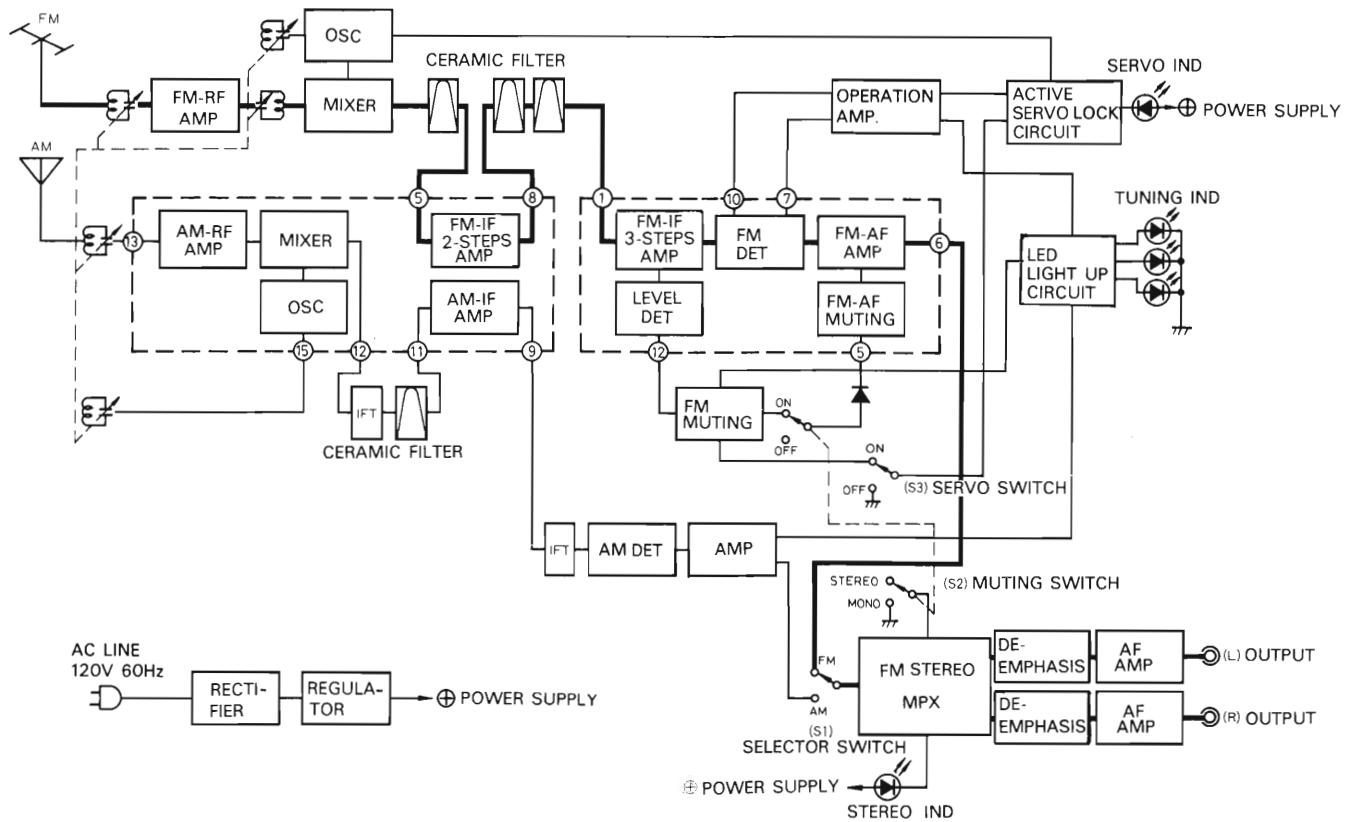


Fig. 3

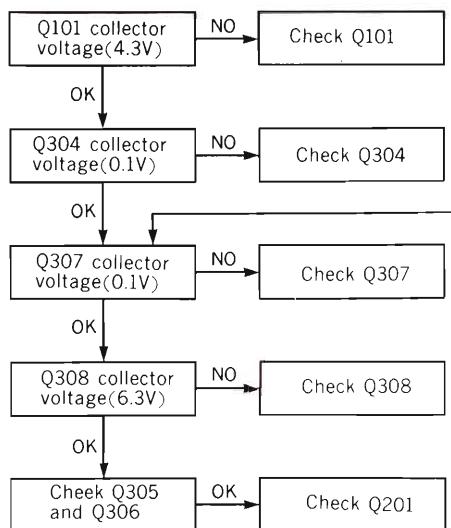
■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



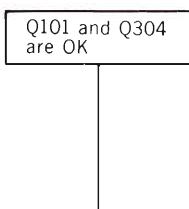
■ TROUBLESHOOTING OF TUNING INDICATOR

1. The tuning LED(Light Emitting Diode) doesn't go out with stereo signal received.

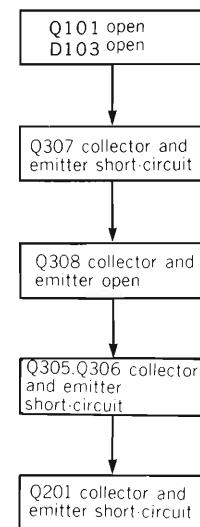
● LED doesn't go out with servo lock "ON"



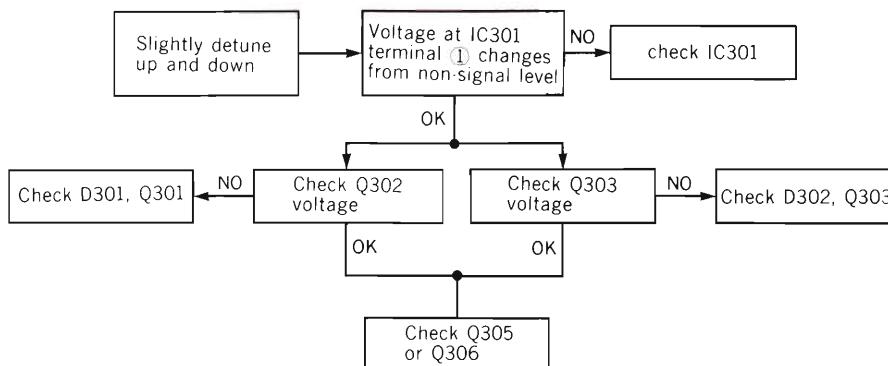
● LED doesn't go out with servo lock "OFF"



2. The tuning LED doesn't light up in no signal mode.

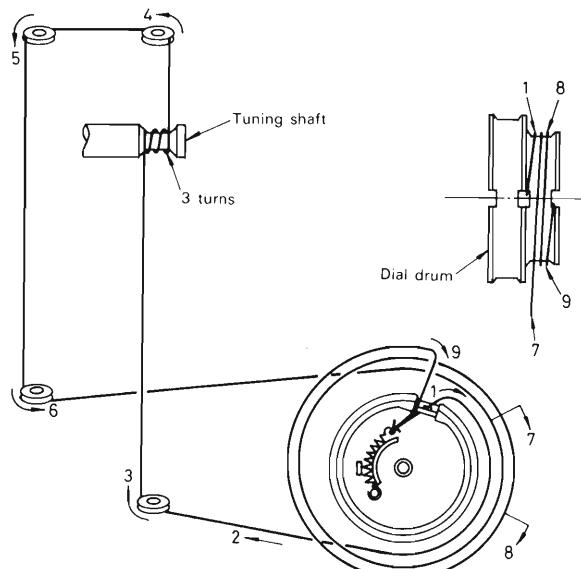


3. Only one tuning LED goes out with stereo signal received.



■ DIAL CORD INSTALLATION GUIDE

- For threading a fresh cord, proceed as follows.
- Prepare a fresh cord more than 130 cm (51-1/4") in length.
 - Bring the variable capacitor into a state where the drum is completely turned to the right (maximum capacity and lowest frequency for the variable capacitor).
 - Direct the cord in the order from 1 to 9.
 - Stretch the cord in such a tension as the spring length is elongated by 1.5 times that of the original state.
 - Fix the knot of the cord with the bond.



■ TECHNICAL GUIDE

(A) ACTIVE SERVO LOCK CIRCUIT

This circuit is designed to maintain the exact tuning point even in case of frequency drift in the set or at the broadcasting station.

It watches the S curve of the FM IF detector and shifts the voltage to its original level if it is deflected from the reference voltage thus keeping the set in optimum "Tuned" condition at all times.

1. No signal reception mode

IC301 is dual operational amplifier plus voltage amplifier.

A reference voltage of about 5.6V is applied from terminal ⑩ of IC102 to terminal ⑤ of IC301. The IF detector output voltage is fed from terminal ⑦ of IC102 to terminals ⑥ and ③ of IC301. (Since this unit is a quadrature detection type, the output voltage at terminal ⑦ is about 5.6V in "No signal" and "Exact tuned" condition.)

IC301 detects the difference between the detector output voltage and the reference voltage to obtain an amplified difference voltage at terminal ⑦ of IC301.

This voltage controls Q309 which is turned off in the "Exact tuned" and in the "No signal" mode. (Reference voltage and detector output voltage are the same.)

Q101 located near IC102 is a switching transistor to operate in accordance with the FM-IF signal level.

It is ON in the "No signal" mode as its base potential is high at that time, and it turns OFF only, when the input level of the FM-IF signal reaches a certain level.

With the active servo lock switch "ON", and Q101 "ON", both the collector voltage of Q101 and the base voltage of Q307 are 0V (ground potential), while Q307 is OFF.

Consequently, Q308 is ON, Q311 is OFF and Q310 is ON, and voltage is being applied to the variable capacity diode D1 as in Fig. 5.

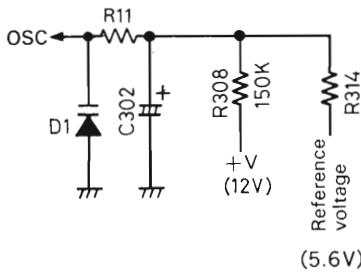
2. Signal reception mode

As explained above, Q101 turns OFF when a signal is received, causing the collector voltage to rise. D103 is reverse-biased and current stops to flow. In other words, the base of Q307 is electrically disconnected from the collector of Q101.

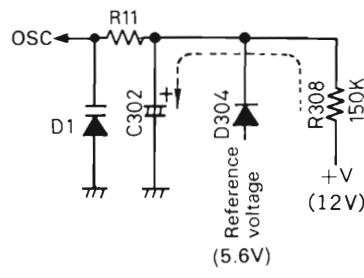
This causes C301 to be charged through R303. About 2 or 3 seconds later, Q307 turns ON and the servo lock circuit starts to operate.

Then, servo lock indicator D305 light up.

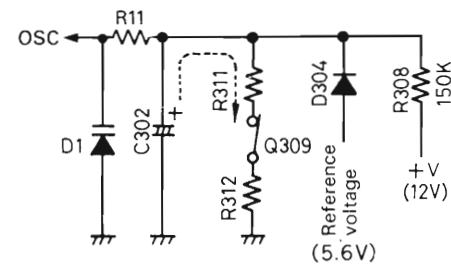
When Q307 is ON, then Q308 is OFF, Q311 is ON and Q310 is OFF and a constant voltage is applied to D1 as shown in Fig. 6.



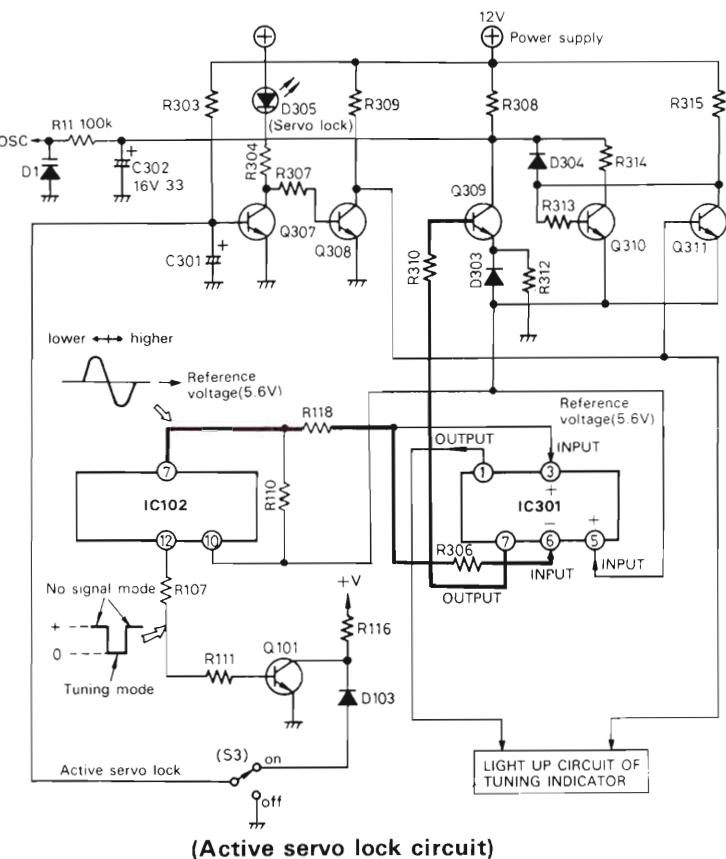
(No signal mode)
Fig. 5



(Exact tuning &
deviation to lower frequency)
Fig. 6



(Deviation to higher frequency)
Fig. 7



(Active servo lock circuit)

Fig. 4

3. Deviation to higher frequency

If the frequency is deflected upward, the FM-IF detector output voltage (voltage at IC102 terminal ⑦) drops, while the output voltage at terminal ⑦ of IC301 rises above the reference voltage (5.6V). Then Q309 turns ON, resulting in the circuit as shown in Fig. 7. The voltage across D1 drops, causing the capacity to increase and the frequency of the local oscillator circuit to become lower, thus shifting the frequency back to the correct tuning point.

4. Deviation to lower frequency

If the frequency is deflected to the lower side, the if detector voltage goes up, dropping the output voltage at terminal ⑦ of IC301 below the reference level and Q309 turns OFF. C302 starts to charge up (see fig. 6). The voltage across D1 increases, capacity of D1 decreases, which causes the oscillator frequency to go up to the correct tuning point.

MODE \	Q101	Q307	Q308	Q311	Q310	Q309	C302	D1 (CAPACITY)
NO SIGNAL	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	FULLY CHARGED	CONSTANT
EXACT TUNING	OFF	AFTER 3 SEC ON	AFTER 3 SEC OFF	AFTER 3 SEC ON	AFTER 3 SEC OFF	OFF	FULLY CHARGED	CONSTANT
FREQUENCY IS HIGHER	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	DISCHARGING	↑ UP
FREQUENCY IS LOWER	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	CHARGING	↓ DOWN

(B) TUNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT

This circuit is designed to activate the arrow shaped indicator LED'S (▶◀) in place of conventionally employed meters. Since the circuit is interlocked with the active servo lock circuit, it is necessary to be familiar with the active servo lock circuit.

1. No signal mode

As explained in section (A)-1 "Active servo lock circuit", Q101 is ON in "no signal" mode. Therefore Q304 is OFF. This is important. Also remember that Q307 in the active servo lock circuit is OFF in "no signal" mode.

At that time, the collector voltage of Q307 is plus and it causes Q308 to turn ON. Accordingly, the voltage added to Q305 and Q306 via R323 becomes 0V (ground potential), and both transistors are OFF. That is, all tuning indicators are showing. (▶◀)

2. Exact tuning

The output voltage from terminal ① of IC301 (see fig. 8) is applied to point A, causing Q301 and Q303 to turn ON. Q302 turns ON when Q301 is turned ON. Also, in exact tuning mode Q101 is OFF as previously explained.

When Q101 is OFF, Q304 is ON, and accordingly, the collectors of Q303 and Q302 drop to 0V (ground potential), and the arrow tuning indicators go out and only the pointer indicator remains illuminated. (■)

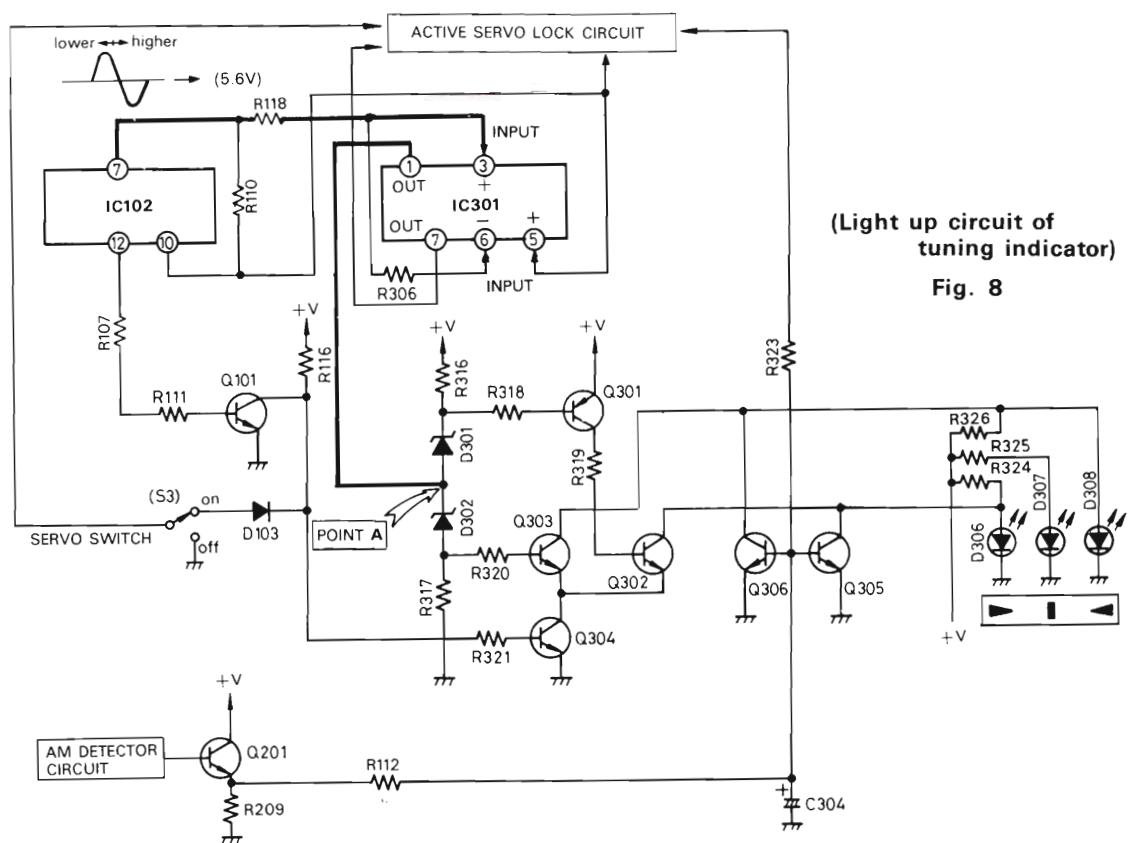


Fig. 8

3. Deviation to lower frequency

The voltage at terminal ① of IC301, that is, the voltage at point A increases. D301 loses its Zener effect and Q301 turns OFF as it is not biased. When Q301 is OFF, Q302 is OFF, too.

Therefore, the ▶ shaped indicator D306 lights up.

When the voltage at point A rises, the Zener effect of D302 becomes greater, and then Q303 is kept biased and turned ON. Accordingly, the ◀-mark LED (D308) goes out as its anode is of ground potential. That means you have to turn the dial in the direction of the ▶-mark (higher frequency side).

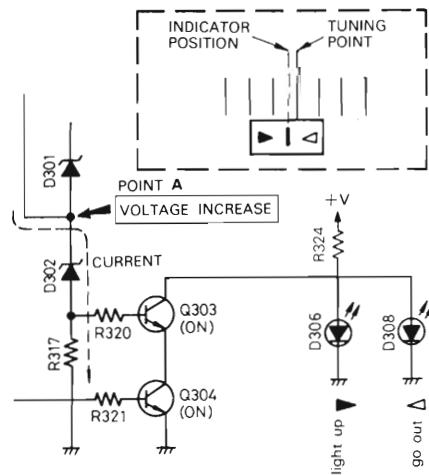
4. Deviation to higher frequency

This time, the voltage at point A drops, D302 loses its Zener effect and Q301 turns OFF. Conversely the Zener effect of D301 increases causing Q301 to be biased and Q301 turns ON. Subsequently, Q302 turns ON. Then, the ▶-mark LED goes out, while the ◀-mark LED lights up. That means you have to turn the dial in the direction of the ◀-mark (lower frequency side).

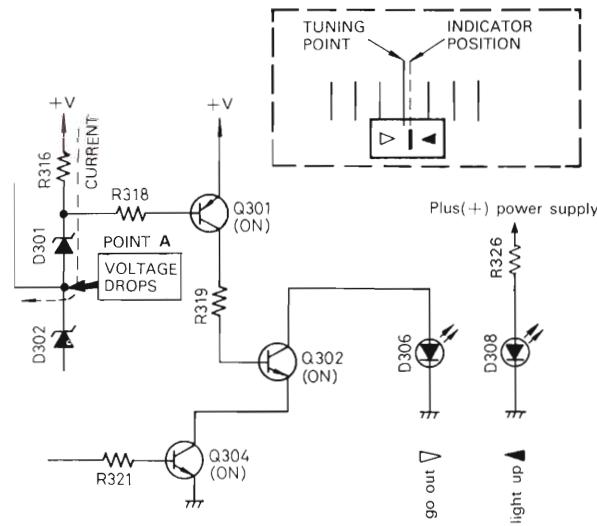
5. AM reception

With no signal received, the emitter voltage of Q201 is low, then Q305 and Q306 is not biased, so the arrow mark LED lights up.

When the detection voltage rises with AM tuned, the emitter voltage of Q201 increases, therefore the bias applied to Q305 and Q306 also becomes greater. In complete tuning condition, Q305 and Q306 turn ON and both of the arrow mark LED's go out.



(Deviation to lower frequency)
Fig. 9



(Deviation to higher frequency)
Fig. 10

MODE	Q101	Q301	Q302	Q303	Q304	Q305	Q306	TUNING INDICATOR	SERVO INDICATOR
NO SIGNAL	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	▶◀	
EXACT TUNING	OFF	AFTER 3 SEC ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF		LIGHT UP
FREQUENCY IS LOWER	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	▶	
FREQUENCY IS HIGHER	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	◀	
A. M.	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON		

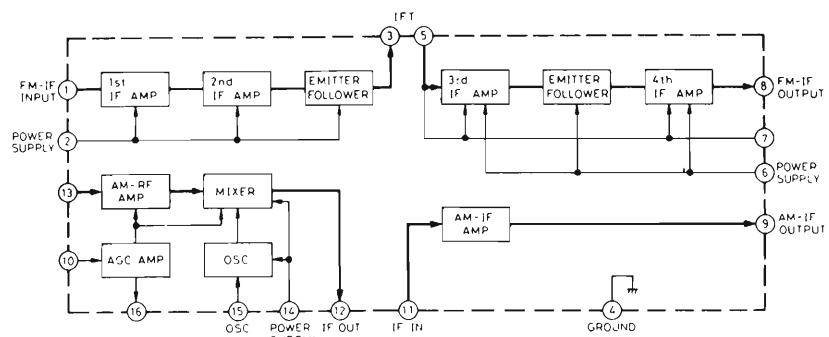
■ TERMINAL GUIDE OF TRANSISTORS AND IC'S

AN217, AN377, AN363N IC101, 102, 401	SVIFS7812C IC501	2SC1674 , 2SC1675 2SC945 , 2SA733 Q2,3,101,201,301~311, 401,402
SVI μ PC4558C IC301	2SK49 Q1	E C B Source Drain

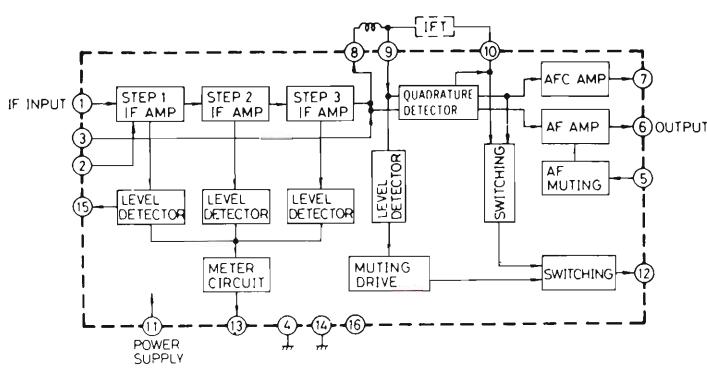
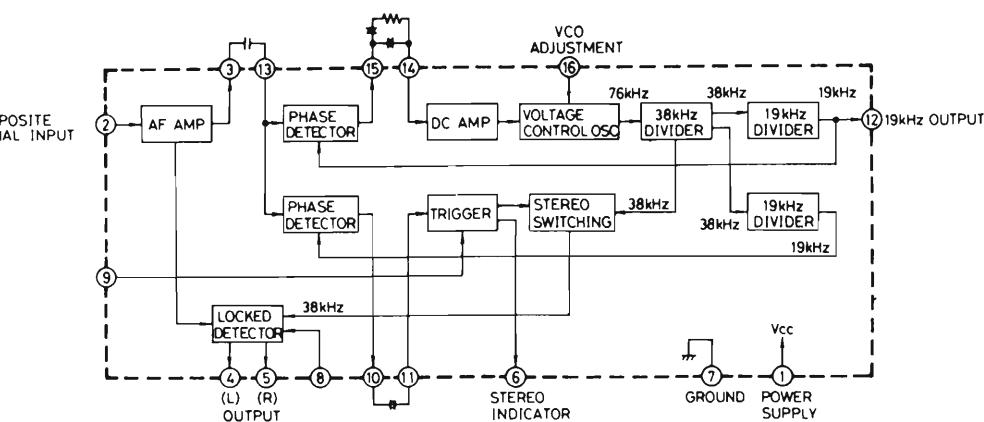
■ BLOCK DIAGRAM OF IC'S

- This is the basic block diagram of the inside circuit of IC. In an actual circuit, there may be sometimes idle terminals or some different functions other than the basic circuit.

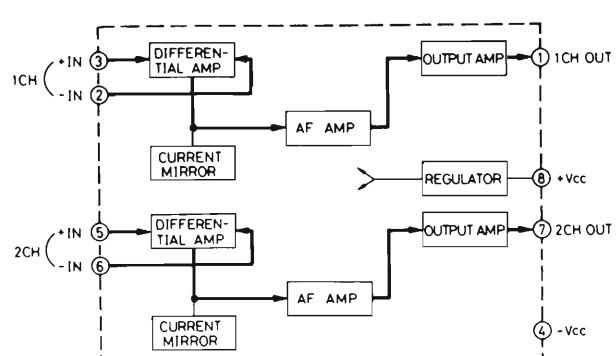
**IC101 (AN217)
FM IF Amplifier &
AM Converter**



**IC401 (AN363)
FM Multiplex**



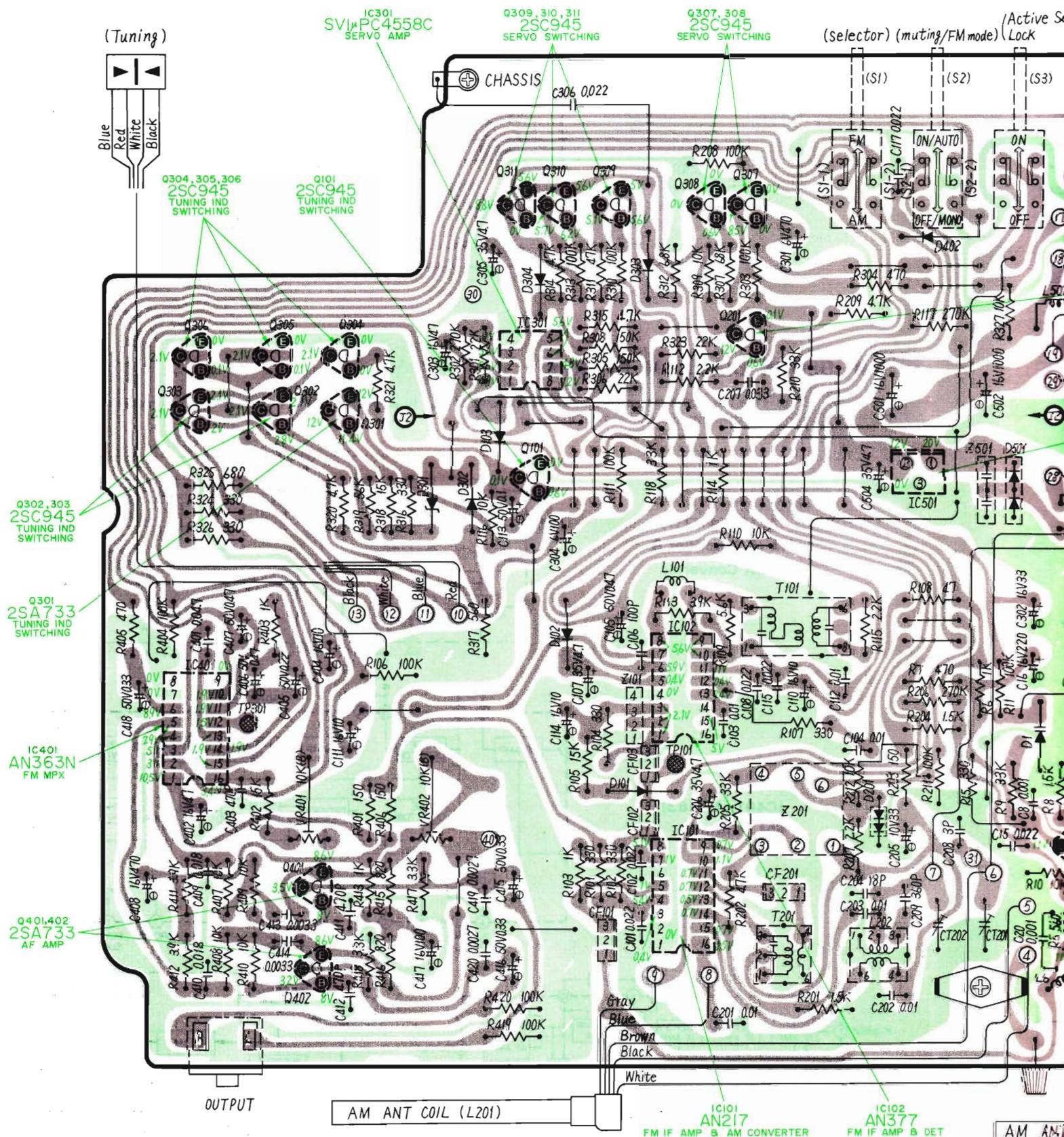
**IC102 (AN377)
FM IF Amplifier & Detector**



**IC301 (SVIUPC4558C)
DC Amplifier**

■ PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD WIRING VIEW

Earth(Ground) Lines



● Notes of shematic diagram

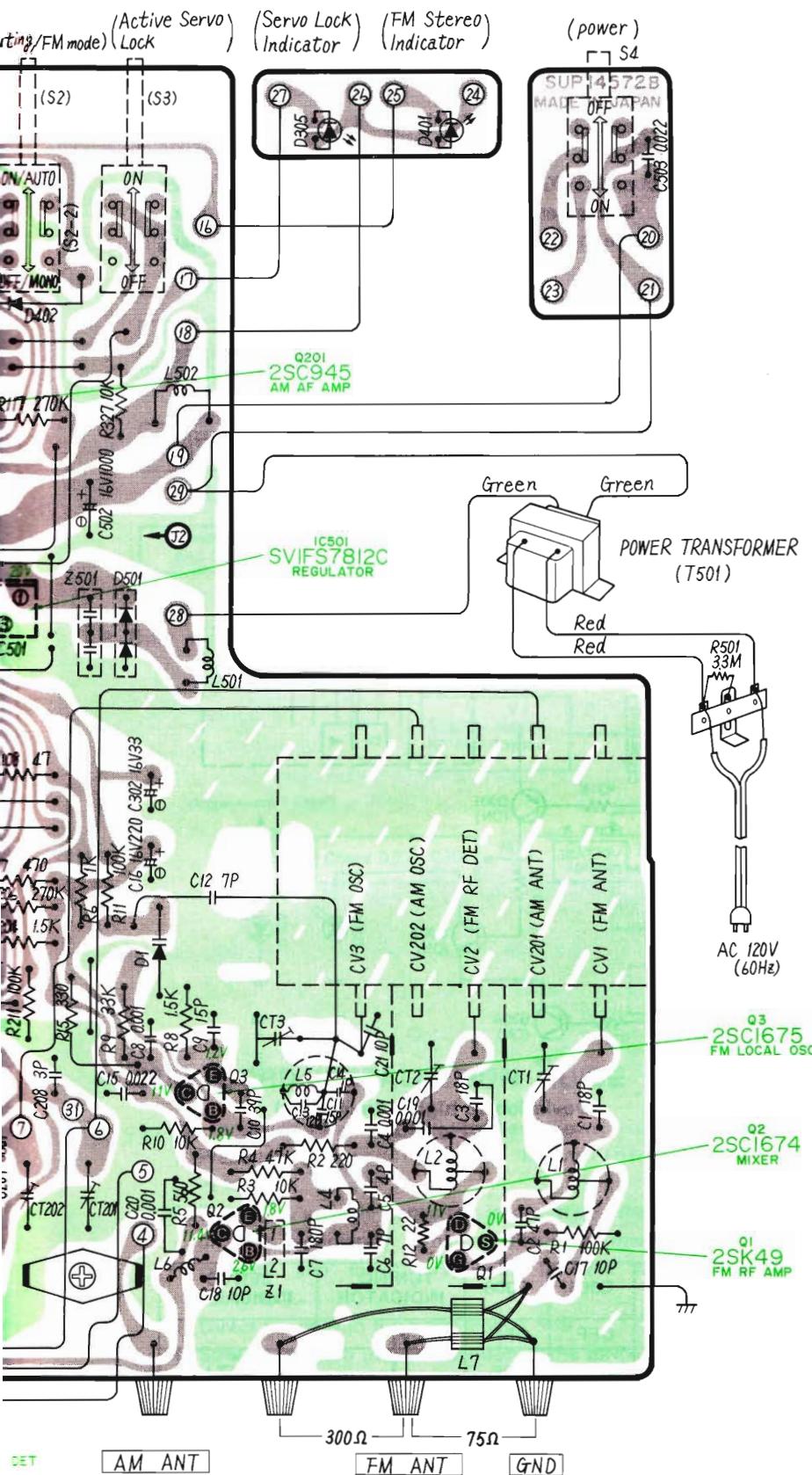
- * This schematic diagram may be modified at any time with the development of new technology.

Notes:

1. S1-1 ~ S1-2 : Selector switch in "FM" position.
2. S2-1, S2-2 : FM muting/mode switch in "on/auto" position.
3. S3 : Active servo lock switch in "on" position.
4. S4 : Power source switch in "off" position.
5. Indicated voltage are the standard values for the unit measured by the DC electronic circuit tester (high-impedance) with the chassis taken as standard. Therefore, there may exist some errors in the voltage values, depending on the internal impedance of the DC circuit tester.
- Figures in stand for DC voltage in FM no-signal mode.
- Figures in stand for DC voltage in AM mode.
- Figures in stand for DC voltage in FM stereo signal reception mode.
- Figures in stand for DC voltage in servo lock circuit operation.
6. Signal lines → FM → AM → AF
7. To represent transistors Q is used instead of TR. (Ex. TR1 → Q1)

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

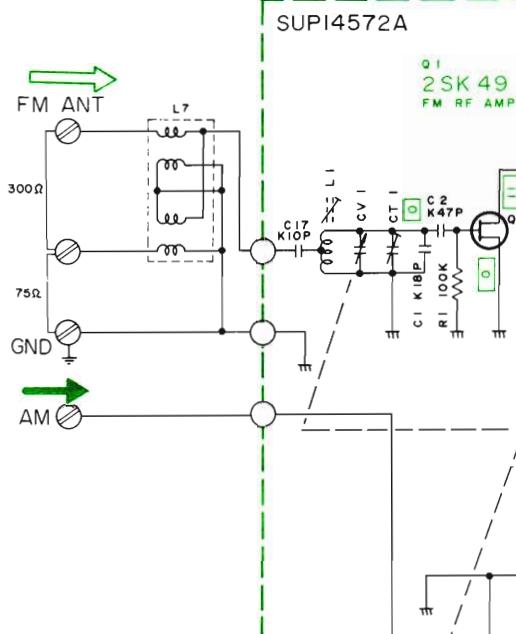
THE SHADED AREA ON THIS SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM INCORPORATES SPECIAL FEATURES IMPORTANT FOR SAFETY.
WHEN SERVICING IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT ONLY MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFIED PARTS BE USED FOR THE CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN THE SHADED AREAS OF THE SCHEMATIC.



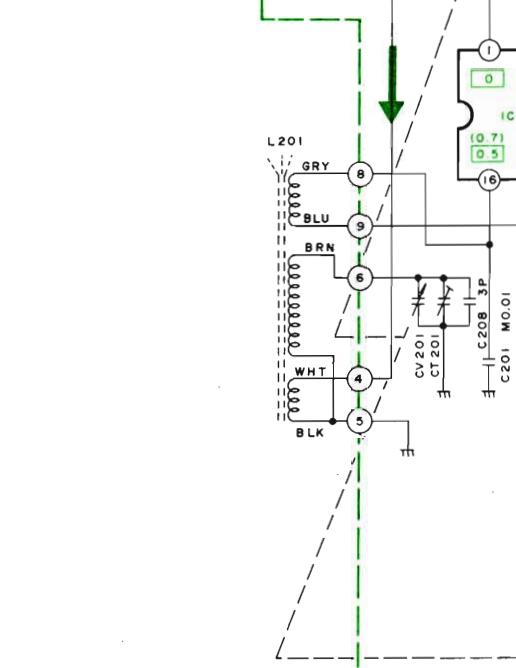
■ SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

1 2 3 4 5

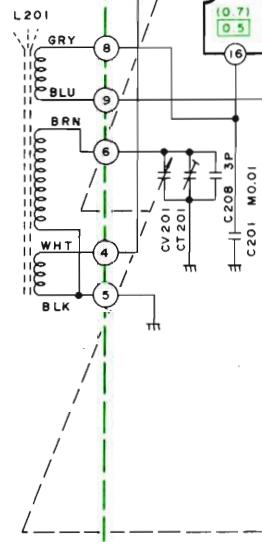
A



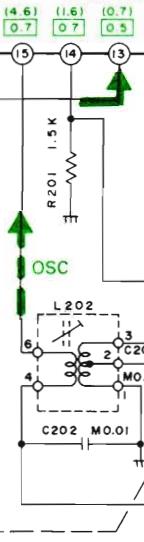
B



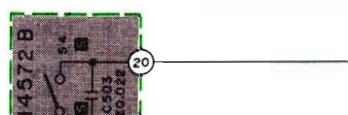
C



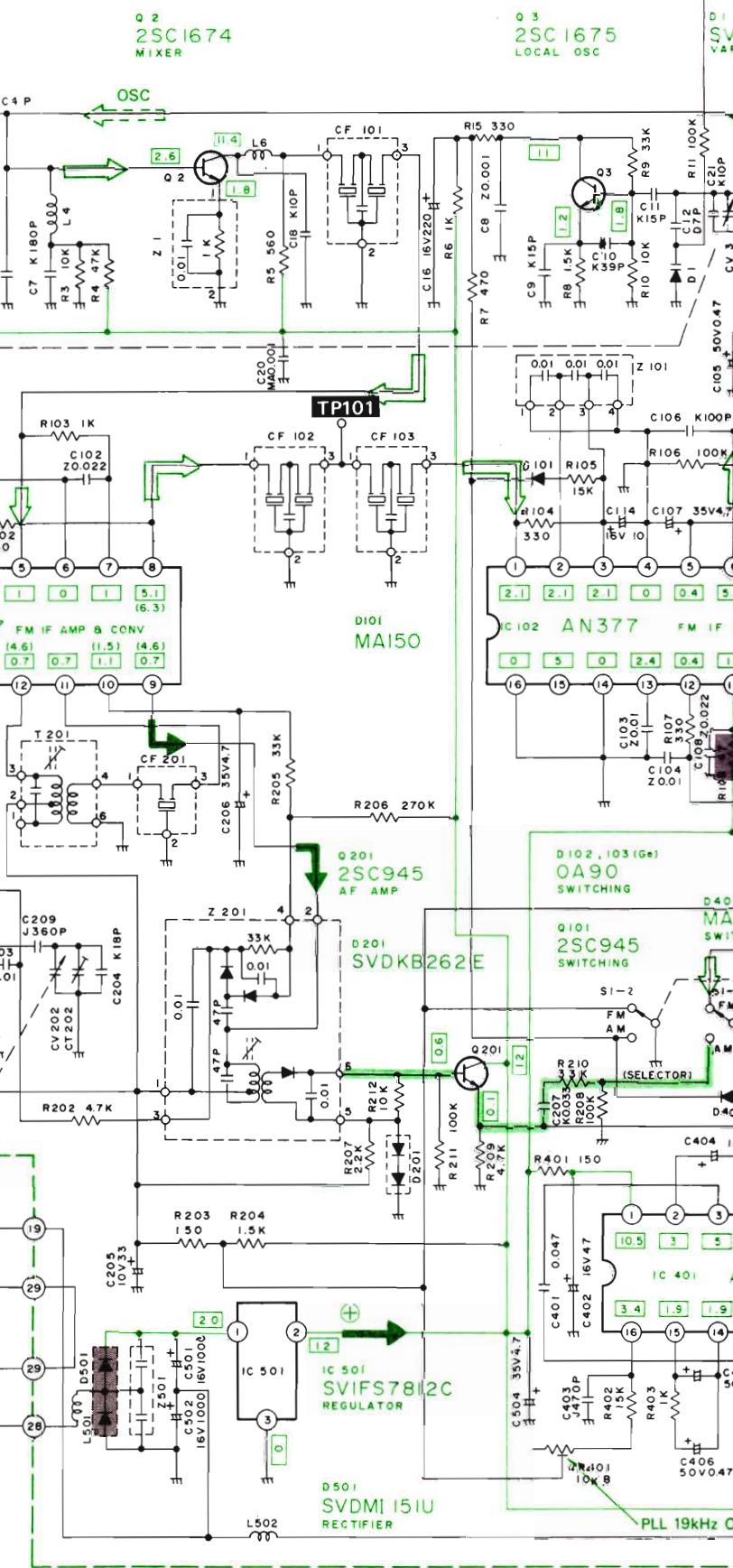
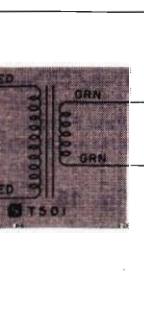
D

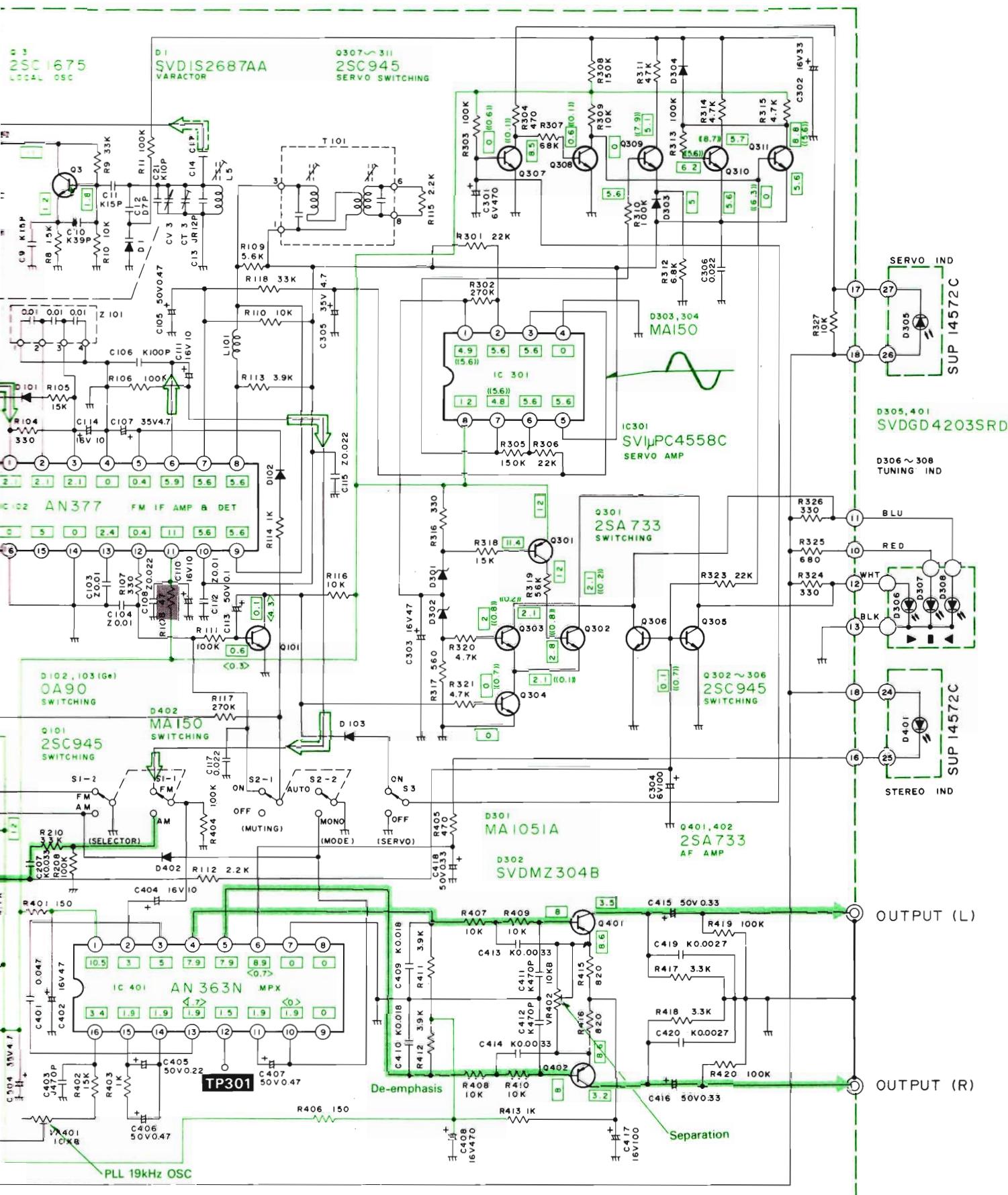


E



F





■ ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Notes:

1. Band selector switch..... { AM (AM Alignment)
FM (FM Alignment)
2. FM muting & mode switch off/mono
3. Active servo lock switch..... off
4. Maintain line voltage at 120 volts.
5. 300Ω FM dummy antenna Refer to fig. 11

6. Output of signal generator should be no higher than necessary to obtain an output reading.
7. Adjust the antenna coil (L201) position by using a screwdriver so that it is at approximately 25 degrees to the rear panel.

AM/FM SIGNAL GENERATOR						CONNECTION	FREQUENCY	DIAL SETTING	INDICATOR (VTVM, SCOPE or DISTORTION METER)	ADJUSTMENT POINTS	REMARKS							
AM ALIGNMENT																		
1	High side through 0.001μF to AM antenna trimmer terminal.(point (A)). Common to chassis.	450kHz (30% Mod.) with 400 Hz	Point of non-interference	Connect AC VTVM or scope to "OUTPUT" terminals.	T201 (1st IFT) Z201 (2nd IFT)					Adjust for maximum output.								
2	Fashion loop of several turns of wire and radiate signal into loop of tuner.	600kHz (30% Mod.) with 400Hz	600kHz	Connect AC VTVM or scope to "OUTPUT" terminals.	L202 (OSC Coil) L201 (ANT Coil)					Adjust for maximum output, adjust ferrite core of L201 by screwdriver.								
3	Fashion loop of several turns of wire and radiate signal into loop of tuner.	1500kHz (30% Mod.) with 400Hz	1500kHz	Connect AC VTVM or scope to "OUTPUT" terminal.	CT202 (OSC Trimmer) CT201 (ANT Trimmer)					Adjust for maximum output. Repeat steps (2) and (3).								
FM IF ALIGNMENT																		
4	No-Signal	Point of non-interference	Connect DC VTVM to R110 resistor. (Refer to fig. 12)	T101 (DISCRI IFT) A						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •FM muting/mode switch to "on/auto" position. •Adjust T101 (A) core so that voltage measured in signal mode is 0V in 300mV range. 								
FM RF ALIGNMENT																		
5	Connect to FM 300Ω antenna terminal through 300Ω FM dummy antenna.	90MHz (100% Mod.) with 400Hz) weak input	90MHz	Connect scope to "OUTPUT" terminal.	L5 (OSC Coil) L2 (RF DET Coil) L1 (ANT Coil)					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Add weak input so that noise is included in the output wave form. •Make the adjustment so that the output wave form is vertically symmetrical. (Fig. 13) •Repeat the steps 5 and 6 until the frequency correctly matches the dial scale. 								
6		106MHz (100% Mod. with 400Hz) weak input	106MHz	Connect scope to "OUTPUT" terminal.	CT3 (OSC Trimmer) CT2 (RF DET Trimmer) CT1 (ANT Trimmer)													
FM MONO DISTORTION ALIGNMENT																		
7	Connect to FM 300Ω antenna terminal through 300Ω FM dummy antenna.	100MHz (100% Mod. with 400Hz) Apply 60dB (1mV) to tuner	100MHz	Connect distortion meter to "OUTPUT" terminals.	T101 (DISCRI IFT) A T101 (DISCRI IFT) B					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Set the FM muting/mode switch to "on/auto" and then check step 4 in no signal mode. •If it is deflected, re-adjust A (primary side) of T101. •Adjust T101 (B) core so that distortion of right and left channels are minimized. 								
FM MPX PILOT ALIGNMENT																		
Using a frequency counter					Using alternate system													
8	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 100MHz Non-modulated mono signal applied (60dB) tuner. 2 FM muting/mode switch to "on" 3 Connect frequency counter to TP301 through resistor (100kΩ). 4 Adjust VR401 to 19kHz ±30Hz. 					<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Apply stereo signal from generator or stereo station to tuner. 2 Adjust VR401 until stereo indicator lights up. Cement arm of VR401 as shown in fig. 14. 												
SEPARATION ALIGNMENT																		
PREPARATIONS						ADJUSTING PROCEDURE												
9	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Add 100MHz, 1kHz, 30% pilot 10% modulation, 60dB stereo signal to the tuner. 2. Connect AC VTVM or scope to "OUTPUT" terminal through low pass filter. Refer to fig. 15 						<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Set the FM muting/mode switch to "on/auto" and then adjust the tuning so that only tuning indicator b (fig. 16) lights up. 2 Adjust VR402 so that R output is minimized when stereo modulator is in L (Lch. modulation) mode and that L output is minimized in R mode. 											

■ ALIGNMENT POINTS

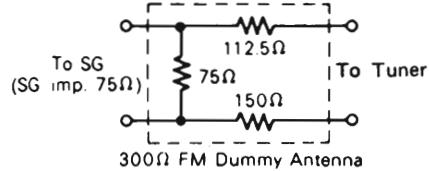
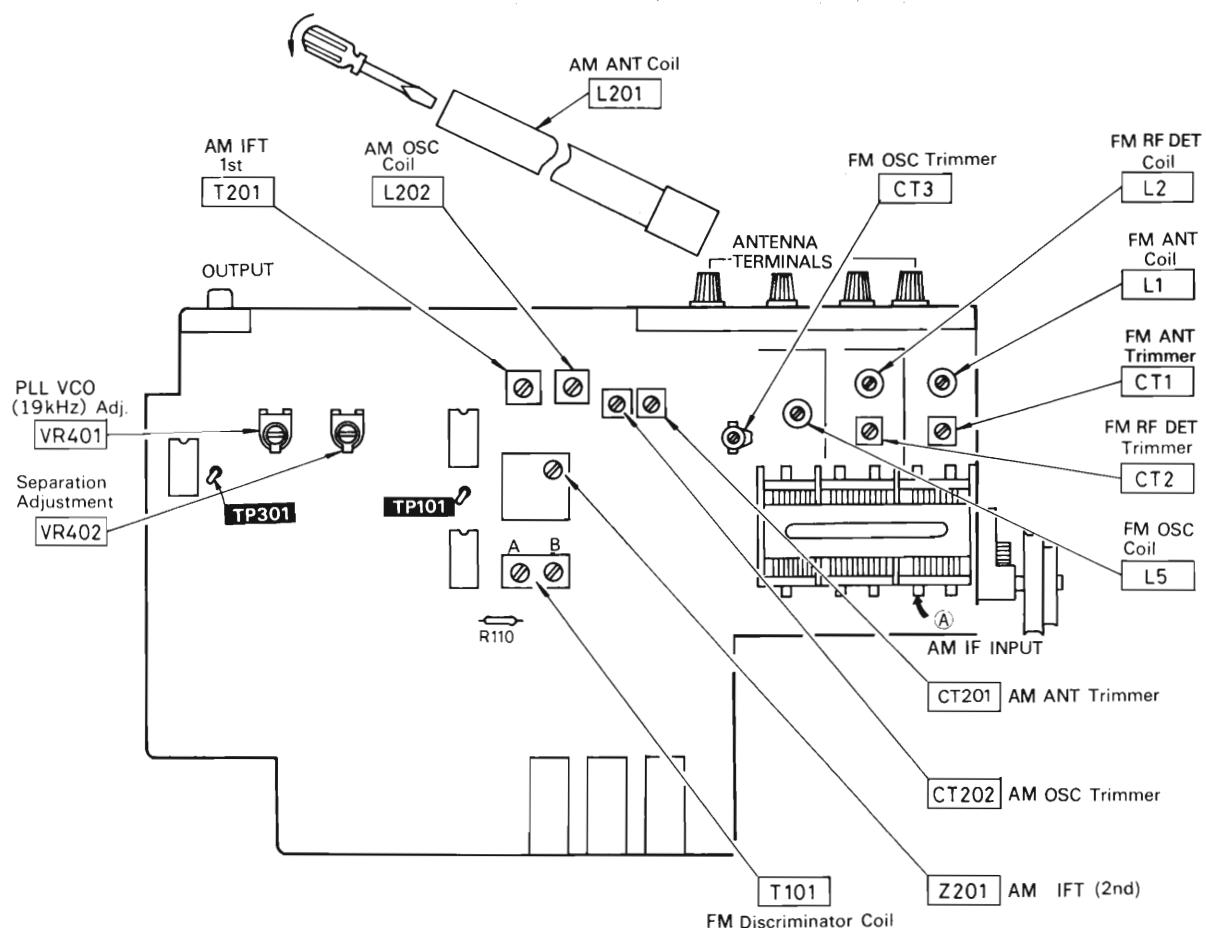


Fig. 11

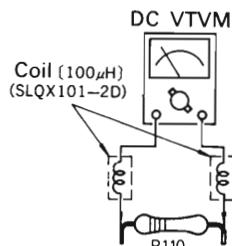


Fig. 12

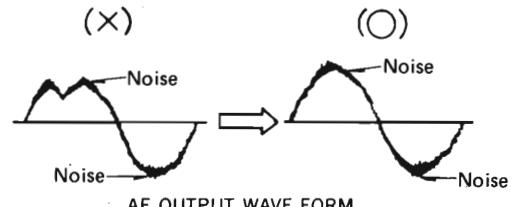
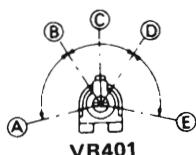


Fig. 13



A - B, D - E: Stereo OFF Position.
B - D: Stereo ON Position (Indicator Lighting).
C: Adjust Point of Pilot Circuit.

Fig. 14

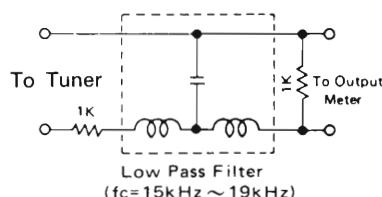


Fig. 15



TUNING INDICATOR

Fig. 16

■ REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST Electric Parts

Important Safety Notice

Components identified by shaded area have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components use only manufacturer's specified parts.

NOTE: Part numbers are indicated on most mechanical parts.
Please use this part number for parts orders.

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS		
IC101	AN217P-BB	IC. FM IF Amplifier & AM Converter
IC102	AN377N	IC. FM IF Amplifier
IC301	SVIUPC4558C	IC. DC Amplifier (Active servo lock)
IC401	AN363N	IC. FM Multiplex
IC501	SVIFS7812C	IC. Voltage Stabilizer
TRANSISTORS		
Q1	2SK49-H1	Transistor, FM RF Amplifier (FET)
Q2	2SC1674-M	Transistor, FM Mixer
Q3	2SC1675-L1	Transistor, FM Local Oscillator
Q101, 201, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311 Q301, 401, 402	2SC945-P2	Transistor, Muting, AM Buffer, Switching, & Servo Lock Circuitry (Use in ranks P1, P2 or R)
	2SA733-P1	Transistor, Switching & AF Amplifier
DIODES		
D1	SVD1S2687AA	Diode, Variable Capacitance
D101, 303, 304, 402	MA150	Diode, Switching & Active Servo Lock
D102, 103	OA90	Diode, Muting Switching
D201	SVDFKB262E	Diode, AM AGC
D301	MA1051A	Diode, Zener 5.1V
D302	SVDMZ304B	Diode, Zener 4V
D305, 401	SVDDG4203SRD	Light Emitting Diode, Servo Lock & Stereo
D501	SVDMI151U	Rectifier
COILS and TRANSFORMERS		
L1	SLD4P25-P	Coil, FM RF Detector, 1st
L2	SLD4P21-P	Coil, FM RF Detector, 2nd
L4, 6, 501	RLQY15G5-Y	Coil, Choke
L5	SLO4P55-P	Coil, FM Oscillator
L7	SLAA4W1-3	Coil, FM Balun Antenna
L101	SLQW180-1K	Coil, Choke
L201	SLF2C17	Coil, AM Antenna
L202	SLO2C9-P	Coil, AM Oscillator
L502	SLQX101-2D	Coil, Choke
T101	SLI4D513-Z	Transformer, FM Discriminator
T201	SLI2C125-P	Transformer, AM IF
T501 (M) only	SLT5J69	Transformer, Power Source
T501 (MC) only	SLT5J93	Transformer, Power Source

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description
CERAMIC FILTERS		
CF101, 102	SVFE107MM-A SVFE107MM-B SVFE107MM-C	Ceramic Filter, FM 10.7MHz, Red Ceramic Filter, FM 10.67MHz, Blue Ceramic Filter, FM 10.73MHz, Orange
CF103	SVFE107ML-A SVFE107ML-B SVFE107ML-C	Ceramic Filter, FM 10.7MHz, Red Ceramic Filter, FM 10.67MHz, Blue Ceramic Filter, FM 10.73MHz, Orange (Use in pair ranks, as same as CF101, 102 and CF103.)
CF201	SVFSU450B	Ceramic Filter, AM 450kHz
COMPONENT COMBINATIONS		
Z1 Z101 Z201 Z501	EXR103PI02C EXF3SL04C SLI9F101-Z EXPFS203ZS	Component Combination, 1kΩ/0.01μF Component Combination, 0.01μF(X3) Component Combination, AM IFT & Detector Component Combination, 0.01μF (X2)
VARIABLE RESISTORS		
VR401 VR402	EVTS3MA00B14 EVLS3AA00B14	PLL VCO 19kHz Adjustment Separation Adjustment
VARIABLE CAPACITORS		
CV1, 2, 3, 201, 202 CT1, 2, 201, 202 CT3	ECV5MD34X72G SVCTY121B269 ECV1ZW06X32E	Tuning Gang, FM/AM Ceramic Trimmer Ceramic Trimmer
SWITCHES		
S1, 2, 3 S4	SSH359 SSH97	Switch, Servo Lock, Muting & Selector Switch, Power Source
(M) is available in America only. (MC) is available in Canada only.		

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description
RESISTORS		
R1	ERD25TJ104	Carbon, 100kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R2	ERD25TJ221	Carbon, 220Ω, 1/4W, ±5%
R3	ERD25TJ103	Carbon, 10kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R4	ERD25TJ473	Carbon, 47kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R5	ERD25TJ561	Carbon, 560Ω, 1/4W, ±5%
R6	ERD25TJ102	Carbon, 1kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R7	ERD25TJ471	Carbon, 470Ω, 1/4W, ±5%
R8	ERD25TJ152	Carbon, 1.5kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R9	ERD25TJ333	Carbon, 33kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R10	ERD25TJ103	Carbon, 10kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R11	ERD25TJ104	Carbon, 100kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R12	ERD25TJ220	Carbon, 22Ω, 1/4W, ±5%
R15	ERD25TJ331	Carbon, 330Ω, 1/4W, ±5%
R101, 102	ERD25TJ331	Carbon, 330Ω, 1/4W, ±5%
R103	ERD25TJ102	Carbon, 1kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R104	ERD25TJ331	Carbon, 330Ω, 1/4W, ±5%
R105	ERD25TJ153	Carbon, 15kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R106	ERD25TJ104	Carbon, 100kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R107	ERD25TJ331	Carbon, 330Ω, 1/4W, ±5%
R108	ERD113547U	Carbon, 17Ω, 1/8W, ±5%

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description
R109	ERD25TJ562	Carbon, 5.6kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R110	ERD25TJ103	Carbon, 10kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R111	ERD25TJ104	Carbon, 100kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R112	ERD25TJ222	Carbon, 2.2kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R113	ERD25TJ392	Carbon, 3.9kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R114	ERD25TJ102	Carbon, 1kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R115	ERD25TJ222	Carbon, 2.2kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R116	ERD25TJ103	Carbon, 10kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R117	ERD25TJ274	Carbon, 270kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R118	ERD25TJ333	Carbon, 33kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R201	ERD25TJ152	Carbon, 1.5kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R202	ERD25TJ472	Carbon, 4.7kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R203	ERD25TJ151	Carbon, 150Ω, 1/4W, ±5%
R204	ERD25TJ152	Carbon, 1.5kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R205	ERD25TJ333	Carbon, 33kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R206	ERD25TJ274	Carbon, 270kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R207	ERD25TJ222	Carbon, 2.2kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R208	ERD25TJ104	Carbon, 100kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R209	ERD25TJ472	Carbon, 4.7kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%
R210	ERD25TJ333	Carbon, 33kΩ, 1/4W, ±5%

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description
R211	ERD25TJ104	Carbon. 100kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R320. 321	ERD25TJ472	Carbon. 4.7kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R212	ERD25TJ103	Carbon. 10kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R323	ERD25TJ223	Carbon. 22kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R301	ERD25TJ223	Carbon. 22kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R324	ERD25TJ331	Carbon. 330Ω. 1/4W. ±5%
R302	ERD25TJ274	Carbon. 270kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R325	ERD25TJ681	Carbon. 680Ω. 1/4W. ±5%
R303	ERD25TJ104	Carbon. 100kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R326	ERD25TJ331	Carbon. 330Ω. 1/4W. ±5%
R304	ERD25TJ471	Carbon. 470Ω. 1/4W. ±5%	R327	ERD25TJ103	Carbon. 10kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R305	ERD25TJ154	Carbon. 150kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R401	ERD25TJ151	Carbon. 150Ω. 1/4W. ±5%
R306	ERD25TJ223	Carbon. 22kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R402	ERD25TJ153	Carbon. 15kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R307	ERD25TJ683	Carbon. 68kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R403	ERD25TJ102	Carbon. 1kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R308	ERD25TJ154	Carbon. 150kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R404	ERD25TJ104	Carbon. 100kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R309	ERD25TJ103	Carbon. 10kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R405	ERD25TJ471	Carbon. 470Ω. 1/4W. ±5%
R310	ERD25TJ104	Carbon. 100kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R406	ERD25TJ151	Carbon. 150Ω. 1/4W. ±5%
R311	ERD25TJ473	Carbon. 47kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R407. 408	ERD25TJ103	Carbon. 10kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R312	ERD25TJ682	Carbon. 6.8kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R409. 410	ERD25TJ103	Carbon. 10kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R313	ERD25TJ104	Carbon. 100kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R411. 412	ERD25TJ392	Carbon. 3.9kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R314, 315	ERD25TJ472	Carbon. 4.7kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R413	ERD25TJ102	Carbon. 1kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R316	ERD25TJ331	Carbon. 330Ω. 1/4W. ±5%	R415. 416	ERD25TJ821	Carbon. 820Ω. 1/4W. ±5%
R317	ERD25TJ561	Carbon. 560Ω. 1/4W. ±5%	R417. 418	ERD25TJ332	Carbon. 3.3kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R318	ERD25TJ153	Carbon. 15kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R419. 420	ERD25TJ104	Carbon. 100kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%
R319	ERD25TJ563	Carbon. 56kΩ. 1/4W. ±5%	R501	ERC12GK335	Solid. 3.3MΩ. 1/2W. ±10%

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description
CAPACITORS					
C1	ECCD1H180KC	Ceramic. 18pF. 50V. ±10%	C203	ECKD1H103MD	Ceramic. 0.01μF. 50V. ±20%
C2	ECCD1H470KC	Ceramic. 47pF. 50V. ±10%	C204	ECCD1H180KC	Ceramic. 18pF. 50V. ±10%
C3	ECCD1H180KC	Ceramic. 18pF. 50V. ±10%	C205	ECEA1CS330	Electrolytic. 33μF. 16V
C4	ECKD1H102MDA	Ceramic. 0.001μF. 50V. ±20%	C206	ECEA1JS4R7	Electrolytic. 4.7μF. 63V
C5	ECCD1H040CC	Ceramic. 4pF. 50V. ±0.25pF	C207	EQM1H333KZ	Polyester. 0.033μF. 50V. ±10%
C6	ECCD1H070DC	Ceramic. 7pF. 50V. ±0.5pF	C208	ECCD1H030CC	Ceramic. 3pF. 50V. ±0.25pF
C7	ECCD1H181K	Ceramic. 180pF. 50V. ±10%	C209	EQCS136IJZ	Polystyrene. 360pF. 125V. ±5%
C8	ECKD1H102ZF	Ceramic. 0.001μF. 50V. ±20%	C301	ECEA0JS471	Electrolytic. 470μF. 6.3V
C9	ECCD1H150KC	Ceramic. 15pF. 50V. ±10%	C302	ECEA1CS330	Electrolytic. 33μF. 16V
C10	ECCD1H390KC	Ceramic. 39pF. 50V. ±10%	C303	ECEA1ES470	Electrolytic. 47μF. 25V
C12	ECCD1H070DC	Ceramic. 7pF. 50V. ±0.5pF	C304	ECEA1AS101	Electrolytic. 100μF. 10V
C15	ECQM1H223KZ	Polyester. 0.022μF. 50V. ±10%	C305	ECEA1JS4R7	Electrolytic. 4.7μF. 63V
C16	ECEA1CS221	Electrolytic. 220μF. 16V	C306	ECKD1H223ZF	Ceramic. 0.022μF. 50V. ±20%
C17, 18	ECCD1H100KC	Ceramic. 10pF. 50V. ±10%	C401	ECQM1H473KZ	Polyester. 0.047μF. 50V. ±10%
C19, 20	ECKD1H102MDA	Ceramic. 0.001μF. 50V. ±20%	C402	ECEA1ES470	Electrolytic. 47μF. 25V
C21	ECCD1H100KC	Ceramic. 10pF. 50V. ±10%	C403	EQCS147IJZ	Polystyrene. 470pF. 125V. ±5%
C101	ECQM1H223KZ	Polyester. 0.022μF. 50V. ±10%	C404	ECEA1HS100	Electrolytic. 10μF. 50V
C102	ECKD1H223ZF	Ceramic. 0.022μF. 50V. ±20%	C405	ECEA50ZR22R	Electrolytic. 0.22μF. 50V
C103, 104	ECKD1H103ZF	Ceramic. 0.01μF. 50V. ±20%	C406	ECEA50ZR47	Electrolytic. 0.47μF. 50V
C105	ECEA50ZR47	Electrolytic. 0.47μF. 50V.	C407	ECEA50MR47S	Electrolytic. 0.47μF. 50V
C106	ECCD1H101K	Ceramic. 100pF. 50V. ±10%	C408	ECEA1CS471	Electrolytic. 470μF. 16V
C107	ECEA1JS4R7	Electrolytic. 4.7μF. 63V	C409. 410	ECQM1H183KZ	Polyester. 0.018μF. 50V. ±10%
C108	ECKD1H223ZF	Ceramic. 0.022μF. 50V. ±20%	C411. 412	ECKD1H471KB	Ceramic. 470pF. 50V. ±10%
C110, 111	ECEA1HS100	Electrolytic. 10μF. 50V	C413. 414	ECQM1H332KZ	Polyester. 0.0033μF. 50V. ±10%
C112	ECKD1H103ZF	Ceramic. 0.01μF. 50V. ±20%	C415. 416	ECEA50ZR33R	Electrolytic. 0.33μF. 50V
C113	ECEA50ZR1	Electrolytic. 0.1μF. 50V	C417	ECEA1ES101	Electrolytic. 100μF. 25V
C114	ECEA1HS100	Electrolytic. 10μF. 50V	C418	ECEA50ZR33R	Electrolytic. 0.33μF. 50V
C115	ECKD1H223ZF	Ceramic. 0.022μF. 50V. ±20%	C419. 420	ECQM1H272KZ	Polyester. 0.0027μF. 50V. ±10%
C117	ECKD1H223ZF	Ceramic. 0.022μF. 50V. ±20%	C501. 502	ECEA1CS102	Electrolytic. 1000μF. 16V
C201, 202	ECKD1H103MD	Ceramic. 0.01μF. 50V. ±20%	C503	ECKD1H223ZF	Ceramic. 0.022μF. 50V. ±20%
			C504	ECEA1JS4R7	Electrolytic. 4.7μF. 63V

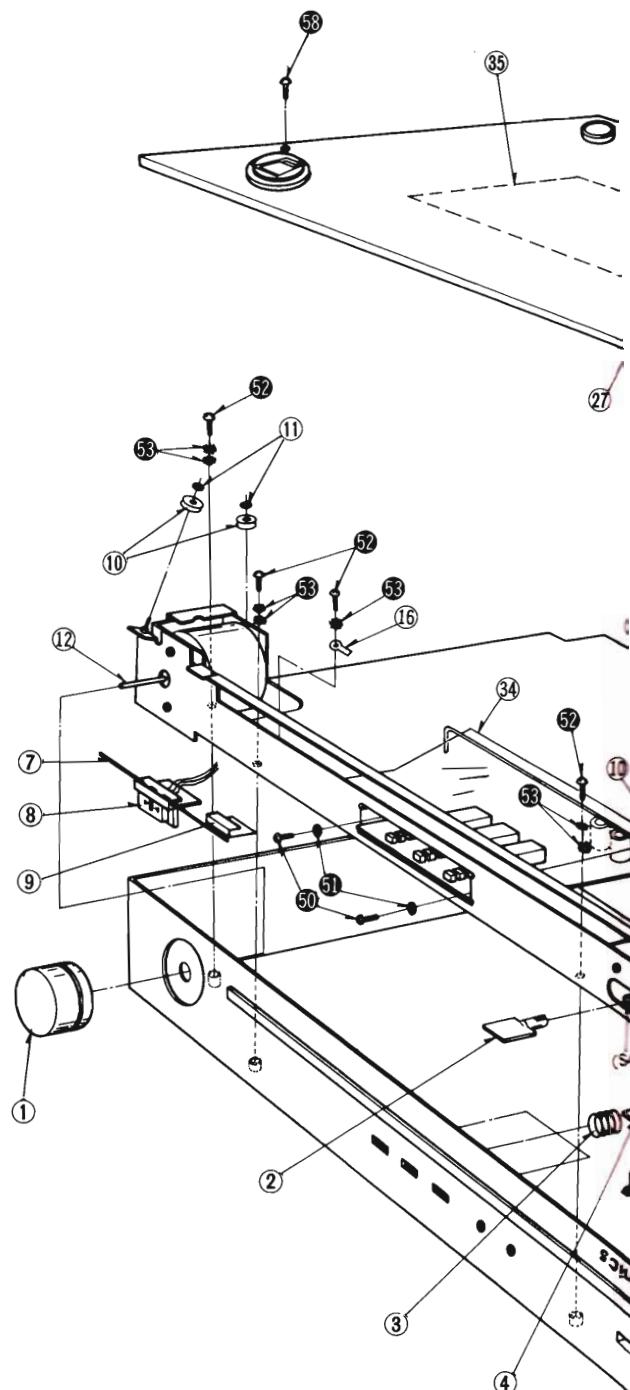
■ REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST AND EXPLODED VIEW

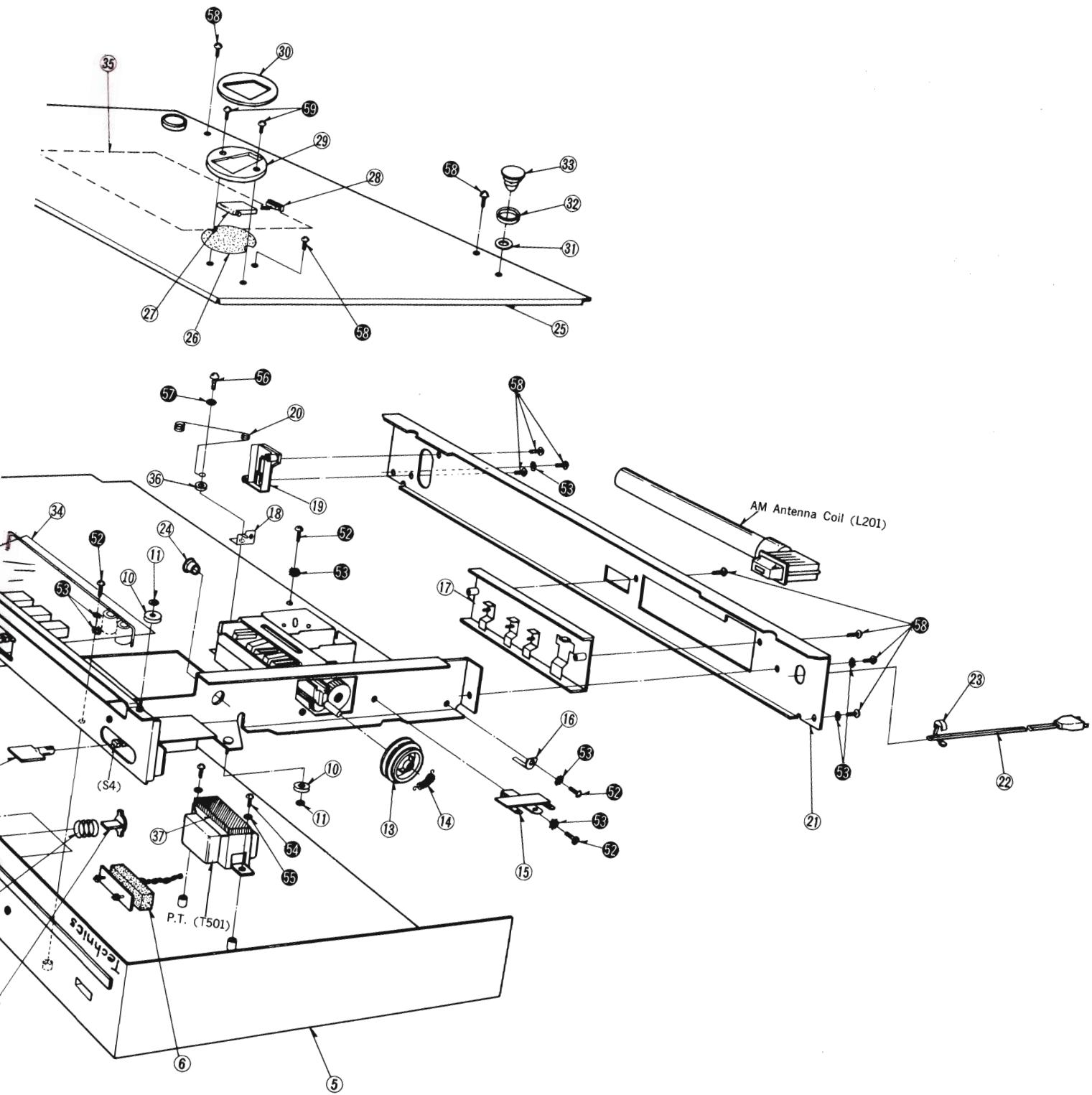
Important Safety Notice

Components identified by shaded area have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components use only manufacturer's specified parts.

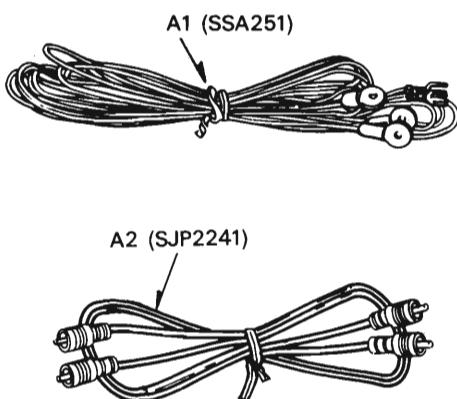
NOTE: Part numbers are indicated on most mechanical parts.
Please use this part number for parts orders.

Ref. No.		Part No.	Part Name & Description
CABINET and CHASSIS PARTS			
1		SBN779	Knob, Tuning Control (with M'tg Screw)
2		SBC207-1	Button, Power Switch
3		SUS123-1	Spring, Push Switches Button
4		SBC205-1	Button, Push Switches
5		SGWTC01M	Panel, Front Ass'y (with Cabinet)
6		SHR9431	Cushion, Stereo & Servo Lock Indicators
7		SDZ051-2	Cord, Dial 130cm (51-1/4")
8		SWV5-1	Pointer, Dial (with Tuning Indicator)
9		SHP31-1	Paper, Pointer Slide
10		RDR20-3	Pulley, Dial Cord
11		RNW150-2	Washer, Pulley Lock
12		SDT8051	Shaft, Tuning Ass'y (with Flywheel)
13		SDD9021	Drum, Tuning Gang
14		SDSA4121	Spring, Dial Cord
15		RJR4B	Terminal Strip, 2P
16		RJT202B	Lug, Earth
17		SJF4419-1	Terminal, Antenna
18		SMV125-1	Lug, Tuning Gang Earth
19		SJF3225A	Terminal, Output
20		SUS149	Spring, Pointer Lead Wire
21		SGP1430B	Rear Panel
22		RJA9YA	AC Cord, Power Source
23		RHR111	Bushing, AC Cord
24		RHR110	Bushing, P.T. Secondary Lead Wire
25		SKU7290	Bottom Board
26		SHS2411	Fiber, Front Side Feet
27		SKX259	Stand Foot, Front Side
28		SHG1493	Rubber Cushion, Stand Feet
29		SKL217	Foot, Front Side
30		SHG1485	Rubber Cushion, Front Feet
31		SHR5013	Washer, Rear Side Feet
32		SGX803	Ring, Rear Side Feet
33		SHG1487	Foot, Rear Side
34		SHR9441-1	Cover, Transparency
35		SHR5015-1	Sheet, Dial Pointer Protection
36		SNWA351	Washer, Tuning Gang M'tg Lug
37		SHG6025	Rubber, Power Transformer Spacer
SCREWS and WASHERS			
50		XSN3+8S	Screw, Push Switches M'tg
51		XWA3B	Washer, Spring
52		XTB3+8BFZ	Screw, P.C.B. & Earth Lug M'tg
53		XWC3B	Washer
54		XTN3+8B	Screw, Power Transformer M'tg
55		XWG3	Washer
56		XTN3+8BFZ	Screw, Spring M'tg
57		XWG3FZ	Washer
58		XTB3+8BFN	Screw, Bottom Board & Rear Panel M'tg
59		XSS3+6S	Screw, Feet M'tg



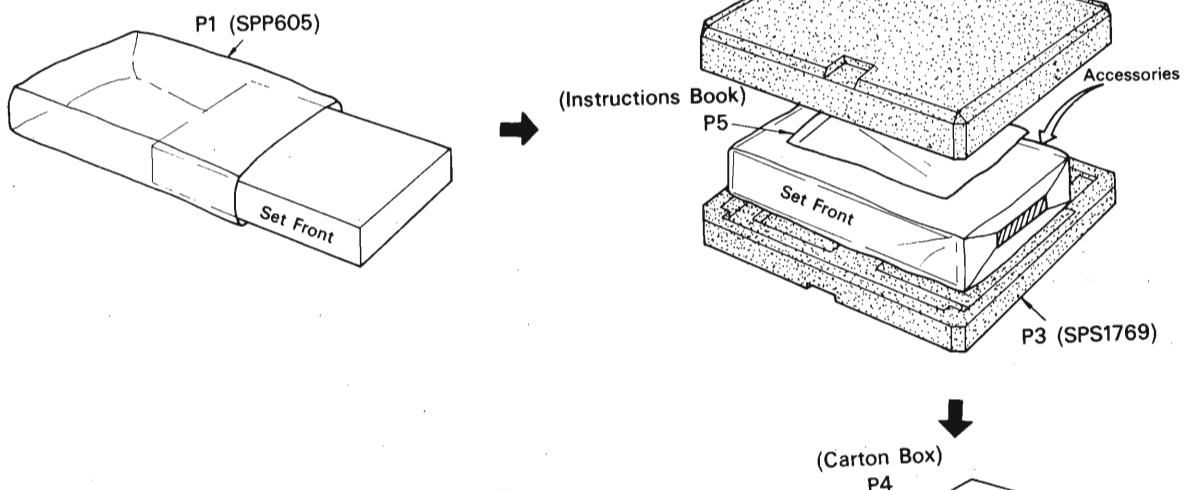


■ ACCESSORIES

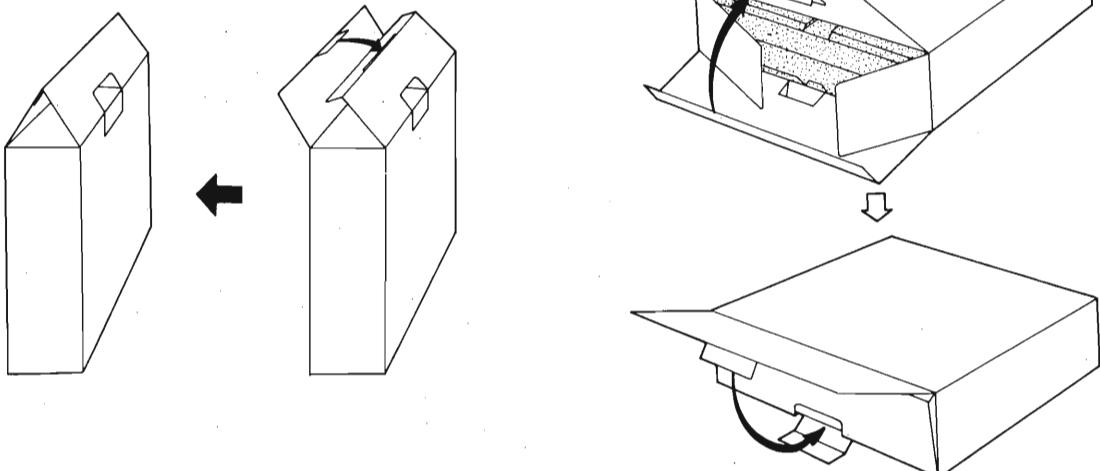


Ref. No.		Part No.	Part Name & Description
ACCESSORIES			
A1		SSA251	Cord, FM Indoor Antenna
A2		SJP2241	Cord, Connection
PACKING PARTS			
P1		SPP605	Polyethylene Bag
P2		SPS1771-1	Pad, Upper Side
P3		SPS1769	Pad, Lower Side
P4 [M]only		SPG1885	Carton Box
P4 [MC]only		SPG1887	Carton Box
P5 [M]only		SQF10101	Instructions Book, Printed Matter
P5 [MC]only		SQF10103	Instructions Book, Printed Matter

■ PACKINGS



How to assemble the carrying handle.



ST-C01