

Service Manual

Computer Drive New Class A
Stereo Integrated Amplifier

Amplifier

SU-V7X



SPECIFICATIONS

(DIN 45 500)

■ MAIN AMPLIFIER SECTION (Input Signal: EXT. INPUT)

1 kHz continuous power output both channels driven	2 × 100W (4Ω) 2 × 100W (8Ω)
40 Hz~16 kHz continuous power output both channels driven	2 × 100W (4Ω) 2 × 100W (8Ω)
20 Hz~20 kHz continuous power output both channels driven	2 × 100W (4Ω) 2 × 100W (8Ω)
Total harmonic distortion rated power at 20 Hz~20 kHz	0.007% (4Ω) 0.003% (8Ω)
rated power at 40 Hz~16 kHz	0.007% (4Ω) 0.003% (8Ω)
rated power at 1 kHz	0.0015% (4Ω) 0.001% (8Ω)
half power at 20 Hz~20 kHz	0.002% (8Ω)
half power at 1 kHz	0.001% (8Ω)
Intermodulation distortion rated power at 250 Hz: 8 kHz=4:1, 8Ω	0.01%
rated power at 60 Hz: 7 kHz=4:1, SMPTE, 8Ω	0.007%
Power bandwidth both channels driven, -3 dB	5 Hz~70 kHz (4Ω, 0.03%) 5 Hz~70 kHz (8Ω, 0.02%)
Residual hum and noise	0.5 mV
Damping factor	40 (4Ω), 80 (8Ω)
Headphones output level and impedance	670 mV/330Ω
Load impedance MAIN or REMOTE	4Ω~16Ω
MAIN and REMOTE	8Ω~16Ω

Color

(K).....Black Type

Color	Areas
(K)	[D]Scandinavia
(K)	[EF]France
(K)	[Ei]Italy
(K)	[EW]Switzerland
(K)	[EK]United Kingdom
(K)	[EH]Holland
(K)	[EGA]F. R. Germany
(K)	[EB]Belgium
(K)	[XA]Southeast, Asia, Oceania, Africa, Middle Near East and Central South America
(K)	[XL]Australia

■ PRE AMPLIFIER SECTION

Input sensitivity and impedance

PHONO MM	2.5 mV/47kΩ
MC	170 μV/220Ω

TUNER, CD, TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 1/DA TAPE, TAPE 2/VCR	150 mV/18kΩ
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PHONO maximum input voltage (1 kHz, RMS)

MM	170 mV
MC	12 mV

S/N

rated power (4Ω)

PHONO MM	78 dB (IHF, A: 88 dB)
MC	72 dB (IHF, A: 72 dB (250 μV))

TUNER, CD, TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 1/DA TAPE, TAPE 2/VCR	93 dB (IHF, A: 102 dB)
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Frequency response	RIAA standard curve
PHONO	±0.2 dB (30 Hz~15 kHz)

TUNER, CD, TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 1/DA TAPE, TAPE 2/VCR	-3 dB (2 Hz~120 kHz) +0 dB, -0.1 dB (20 Hz~20 kHz)
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Tone controls

BASS	50 Hz, +10 dB~-10 dB
TREBLE	20 kHz, +10 dB~-10 dB

Turnover frequency	250 Hz, 500 Hz
BASS	2 kHz, 4 kHz

TREBLE	-20 dB
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Muting	20 Hz, -6 dB/oct.
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Subsonic filter	50 Hz, +9 dB
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Loudness control (volume at -30 dB)	50 Hz, +9 dB
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Output voltage and impedance	
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TAPE 1, 2, REC OUT	150 mV
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Channel balance, CD, AUX 1, 2	250 Hz~6,300 Hz
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Channel separation, CD, AUX 1, 2	1 kHz
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Channel separation, CD, AUX 1, 2	55 dB
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Technics

Matsushita Electric Trading Co., Ltd.
P.O. Box 288, Central Osaka Japan

■ VIDEO SECTION (TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 2/VCR)

Output voltage (at 1V input 75 ohms unbalanced) 1±0.1 Vp-p
Maximum input voltage 1.5 Vp-p
Input/output impedance 75 ohms unbalanced

Notes:
 • Total harmonic distortion is measured by the digital spectrum analyzer (H.P. 3045 system).

■ GENERAL

Power consumption	670W
Power supply	
For F.R. Germany	AC 50Hz/60Hz, 220V
For others	AC 50Hz/60Hz, 110V/127V/220V/240V
Dimensions (W×H×D)	430 × 147 × 392 mm (16-15/16" × 5-25/32" × 15-13/32")
Weight	13.5 kg (29.8 lb.)

- Specifications are subject to change without notice.
Weight and dimensions shown are approximate.

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■ SAFETY PRECAUTION

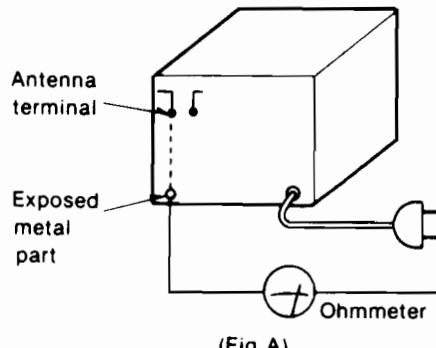
(the "safety precaution" is applied only in U.S.A.)

1. Before servicing, unplug the power cord to prevent an electric shock.
2. When replacing parts, use only manufacturer's recommended components for safety.
3. Check the condition of the power cord. Replace if wear or damage is evident.
4. After servicing, be sure to restore the lead dress, insulation barriers, insulation papers, shields, etc.
5. Before returning the serviced equipment to the customer, be sure to make the following insulation resistance test to prevent the customer from being exposed to a shock hazard.

• INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST

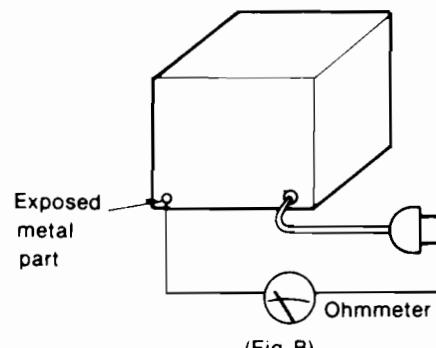
1. Unplug the power cord and short the two prongs of the plug with a jumper wire.
2. Turn on the power switch.
3. Measure the resistance value with ohmmeter between the jumpered AC plug and each exposed metal cabinet part, such as screwheads, antenna, control shafts, handle brackets, etc. Equipment with antenna terminals should read between 3MΩ and 5.2MΩ to all exposed parts. (Fig. A) Equipment without antenna terminals should read approximately infinity to all exposed parts. (Fig. B)

Note: Some exposed parts may be isolated from the chassis by design. These will read infinity.



(Fig. A)

Resistance = 3MΩ—5.2MΩ



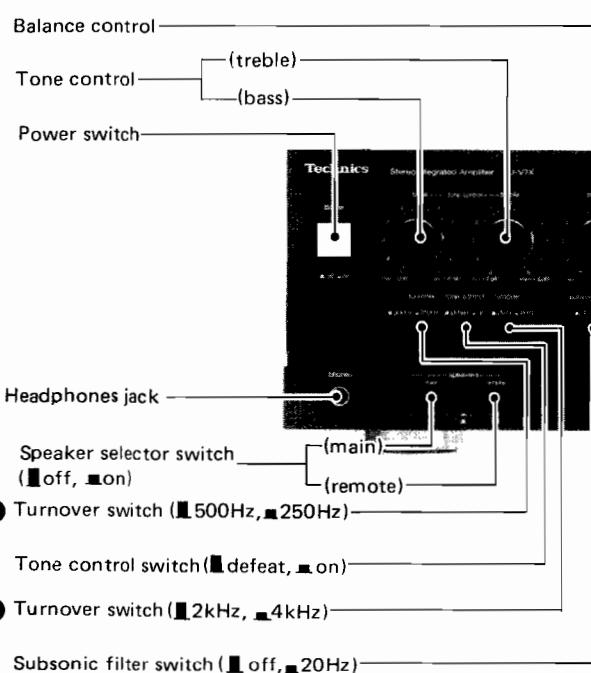
(Fig. B)

Resistance = Approx. ∞

4. If the measurement is outside the specified limits, there is a possibility of a shock hazard. The equipment should be repaired and rechecked before it is returned to the customer.

■ LOCATION OF CONTROLS

① Safety operation indicator



②

Turnover switch (500Hz, 250Hz)

Turnover switch (2kHz, 4kHz)

Subsonic filter switch (off, 20Hz)

Loudness switch (off, on)

Mode selector switch (stereo, mono)

Muting switch (0dB, -20dB)

Phono cartridge selector (MM, MC)

Volume

Recording output indicators

Video/aux 2 input terminal
Video

Video/aux 2 input selector (rear, front)
input indicators

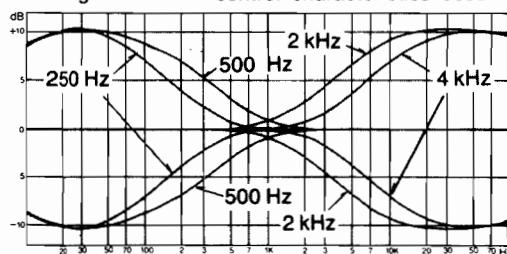
③ Source selector

④ Recording – mode selector

- ① When the power is switched ON, this indicator flashes for about 5 seconds, and then illuminates steadily when the unit is in the operation condition.

If an abnormal condition in the circuitry is detected, such as DC voltage appearing in the output, or a short-circuit of the positive (+) and negative (-) wires from the speaker terminals, the protection circuit functions and this indicator flashes rapidly. If this occurs, switch the power OFF, find the cause of the trouble and correct it, and then switch the power ON once again.

- ② These selectors are used to select the range within which changes of tone control characteristics occur.



- ③ This button can be used to switch the mode to the source to be heard (or watched) as selected by one of the source selectors, or to the source to be recorded.

When this button is pressed, the recording-mode indicator flashes, and, when one of the source selectors is pressed, the indicator illuminates steadily. If the indicator flashes, the flashing can be stopped by pressing this button once again.

When the recording-mode indicator is not illuminated:

If one of the source selectors is pressed, the program source to be heard or watched and the recording source will both be switched at the same time.

Note, however, that only the program source to be heard or watched will be switched, and the tape can be monitored during recording, if the "tape 1/DA tape" or "tape 2/VCR" source selector is pressed.

When the recording-mode indicator is flashing:

This is the mode for selection of the source you want to record. If one of the source selectors is pressed, only the recording program source will be switched.

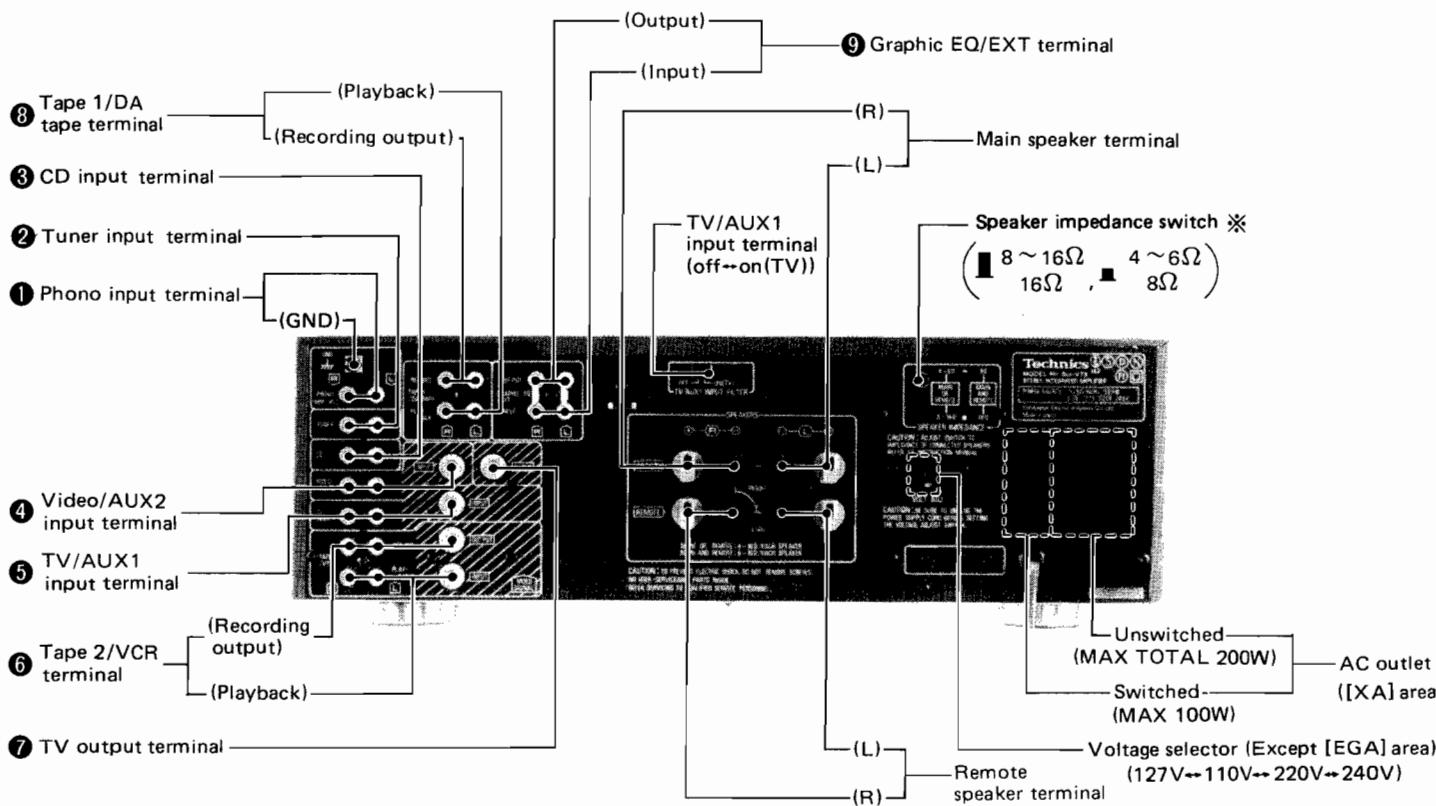
When the recording-mode indicator is illuminated:

This is the mode for listening to (or watching) one source while recording another source. If one of the source selectors is pressed, only the program source to be heard or watched will be switched.

- ④ These buttons have two functions:

When the recording-mode indicator is not flashing or not illuminated, these buttons are used to select the program source to be heard or watched. (The signal is available at the speaker terminals and headphones jack.)

When the recording-mode indicator is flashing, these buttons are used to select the program source to be recorded. (The signal is available at the REC OUT terminals.)



★ [EGA] area is provided without voltage selector.
 ★ Phono input capacitance is about 150pF.

* If only the main or the remote speaker system is used (4~16Ω):

4~6Ω (■—■):

For speaker impedance of 4~6Ω.

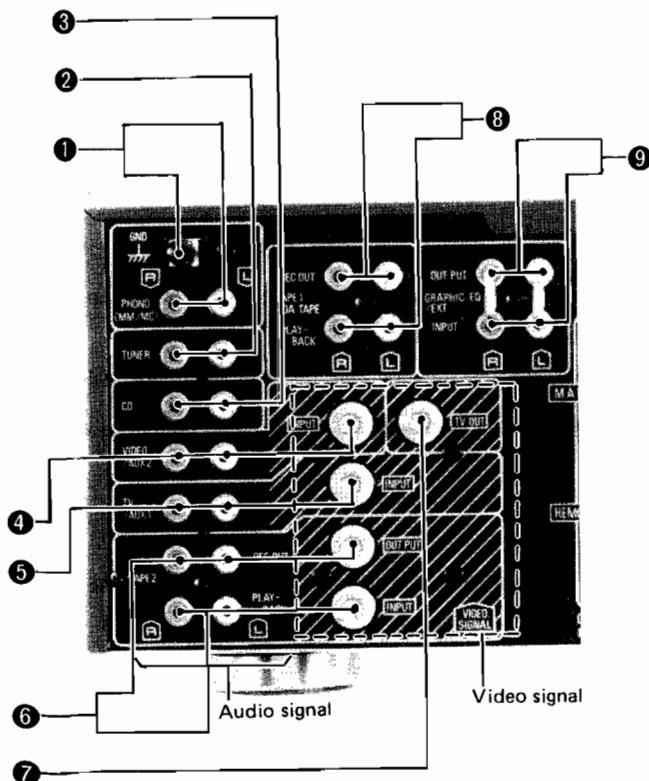
8~16Ω (■—■):

For speaker impedance of 8~16Ω.

* If both the main and remote speaker systems (8~16Ω each speaker) are used:

- 1) If the impedance of both systems is 16 ohms, set the speaker impedance selector to "16Ω".
- 2) If the impedance of both systems is 8 ohms, or one is 8 ohms and the other is 16 ohms, set the speaker impedance selector to "8Ω".

■ AUDIO AND VIDEO SIGNAL TERMINAL



■ OPERATION

Standard operating procedures

1 Power: "on" (■→■)

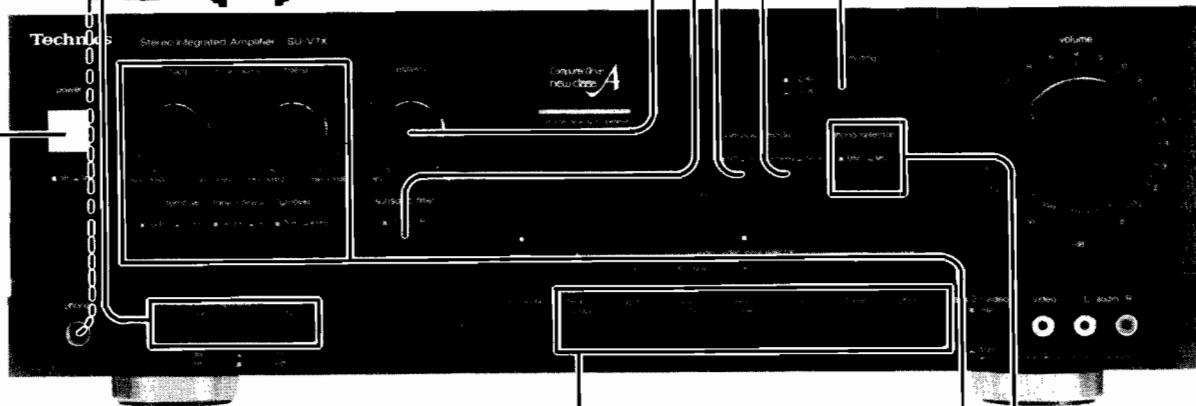
Be sure to reduce the volume level to a low ("∞→60") position before switching ON the power.

2 Select the speaker systems to be used.

If sound from speakers is not wanted, set the speaker selectors to the "off" position.

Headphones (option)
Plug type:
1/4-inch phone
plug, stereo type

Note: Set volume control to the minimum ("∞") position before connecting headphones.



3 Select the program source.

(The picture and sound can be switched at the same time.)

tape 1/DA tape:

Press this button to listen to a tape or a digital-audio processor.

tape 2/VCR:

Set to this position for playback from a VCR or tape deck.
aux 1/TV:

Press this button to watch a TV.

aux 2/video:

Press this button to watch a video disc player, etc., is connected to the "VIDEO/AUX 2" terminals (on the front or rear panel).

CD:

Press this button to listen to a compact-disc.

tuner:

Press this button to listen to radio broadcasts.

phono:

Press this button to listen to phono discs.

4 Operate each component.

(Refer to the operating instructions for the other equipment used.)

5 Adjust the volume level and the tone quality.

After disc play or radio broadcast, etc. has started

• Adjust left/right volume balance.

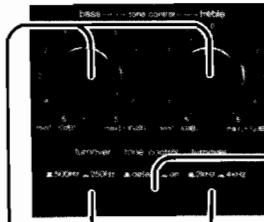
• Press inward to the "20 Hz" position to eliminate ultra-low-frequency noise (turntable motor "rumble", etc.).

• Press inward to the "on" position when listening to music at a low volume level (for compensation of the bass range).

• Press inward to the "mono" position to listen to sound monaurally (when adjusting left/right volume balance, etc.).

• Press inward to the "-20 dB" position to temporarily reduce the volume level or for more precise control of the volume level.

• Adjust the tone quality as desired.



① "on" (■→■)

If set to the "defeat" position, tone controls have no effect, and frequency response becomes flat.

② Select the tone range.

③ Adjust the tone quality.

Suggestions

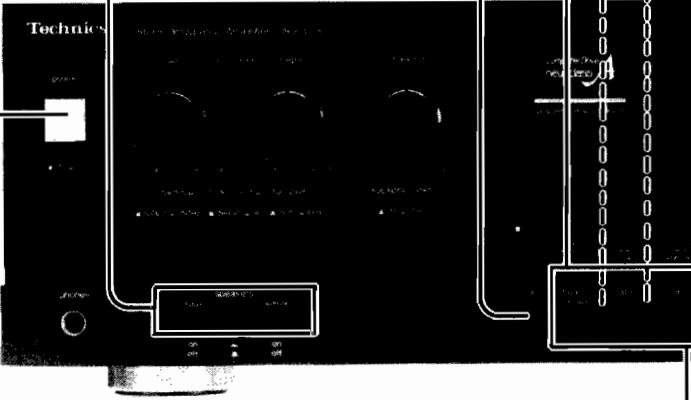
- If noise is very annoying while listening to an FM or AM broadcast, switch OFF the TV, compact-disc player and turntable.
- Switch OFF the TV power if noise is excessive while listening to an audio tape, compact disc or regular phonograph disc.
- If a striped pattern appears and makes viewing difficult, switch OFF the digital audio processor.

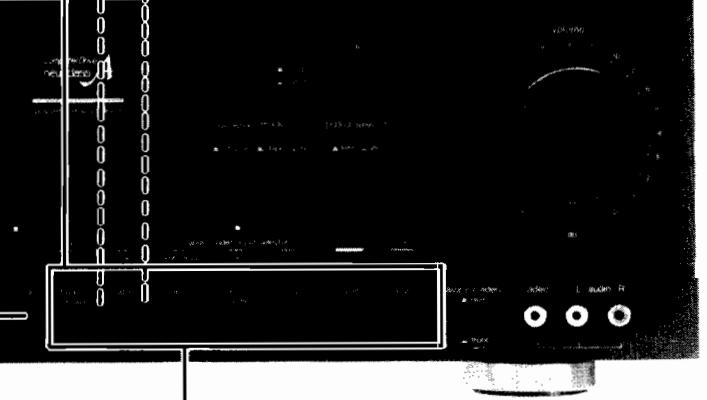
After use

After listening is finished, power switches of all equipment should be switched OFF.

RECORDING

With this unit, you can record an FM broadcast, etc. while watching TV, or record one sound source while listening to another. In addition, the "aux 2/video" terminals on the front panel can be used for easy audio or video tape editing.

- 1 Power: "on" (■→■)**
Be sure to reduce the volume level to a low ("∞→60") position before switching ON the power.
- 2 Select the speaker systems to be used.**


•Recording-mode selector
- 3 Press.**
The recording mode indicator will flash.
(Refer to note 1.)
- 4 Select the desired program source for recording.**
(The recording mode indicator and recording output signal indicator will illuminate.)
 - Press this button in order to record from a tape deck connected to the "TAPE 1/DA TAPE" terminals to a tape deck connected to the "TAPE 2/VCR" terminals.
 - Press this button in order to record from a tape deck connected to the "TAPE 2/VCR" terminals to a tape deck connected to the "TAPE 1/DA TAPE" terminals.
- 5 Begin recording.**
By using the controls on the tape deck, adjust the recording level. Then begin recording.

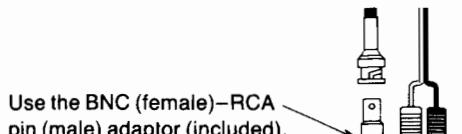
Tape-to-tape recording of video tapes

A copy of a video tape can be made by connecting a video deck for playback to the "aux 2/video" terminals on the front panel.

Note:

Follow these steps in addition to step 4 above.

- 1 Connect the VCR to be used for playback to the "aux 2/video" terminals on the front panel.**



Notes:

1. While a recording is in progress:
Do not press the recording-mode selector, because the recording will be interrupted and the recording source will be changed.
2. For timer recordings:
Be sure to check that the recording-mode indicator is illuminated steadily (not flashing).
Note that the recording might not be made if the recording-mode indicator is flashing.

- 2 Press.**
- 3 "front" (■→■)**

● Placement on top of other equipment

To accomodate equipment of different depths, use the additional feet (included) to support this unit.

Bottom of this unit  Rear



● If a TV is connected to this unit

● If speakers are placed near the television

Move the speakers away from the TV to a position where the picture is improved if the TV's picture color changes or distortion appears on the TV screen.

(This is not necessary, however, for shielded speakers.)

● If a turntable is placed near the TV

Place it on the right side of the TV.

TV magnetism might otherwise affect the record player's cartridge performance, causing interference noise.

■ PROTECTION CIRCUITRY

The protection circuitry may have operated if either of the following conditions is noticed:

- No sound is heard when the power is switched ON.
- Sound stops during a performance.

The function of this circuitry is to prevent circuitry damage if, for example, the positive and negative speaker connection wires are "shorted", or if speaker systems with an impedance less than the indicated rated impedance of this unit are used.

If this occurs, follow the procedure outlined below:

1. Switch OFF the power.
2. Determine the cause of the problem and correct it.
3. Switch ON the power once again.

Note:

When the protection circuitry functions, the unit will not operate unless the power is first switched OFF and then ON again.

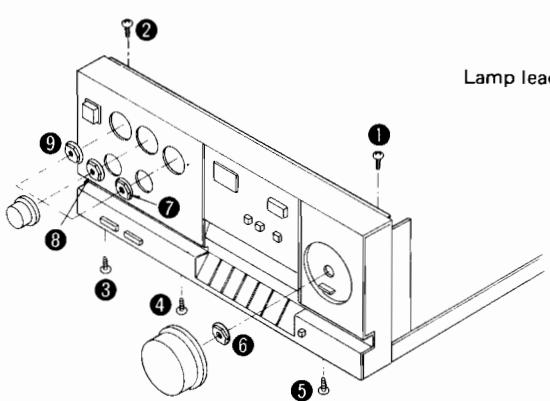
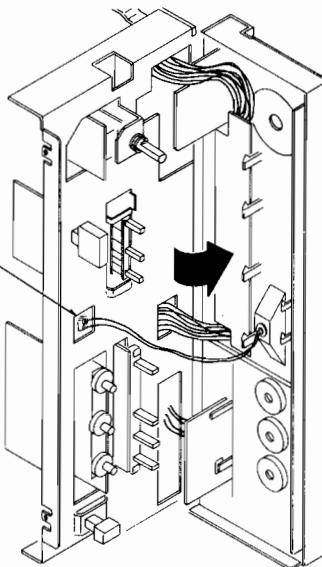
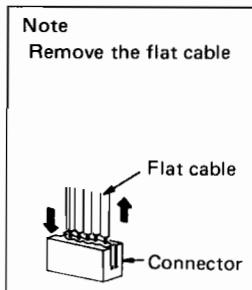
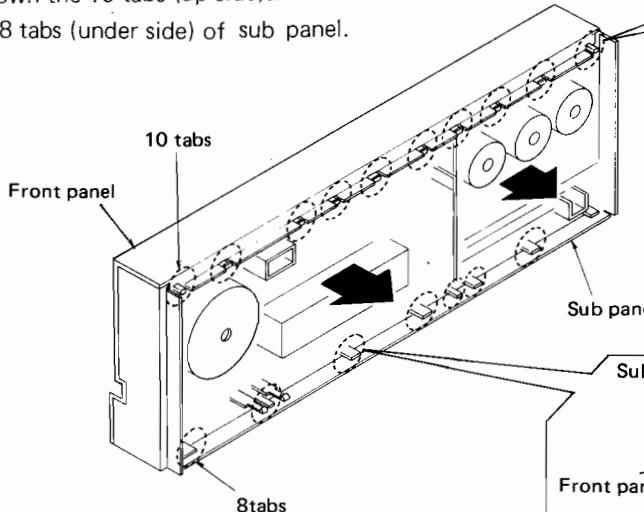
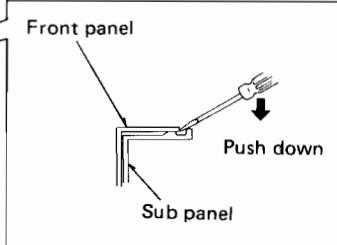
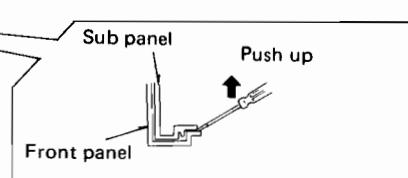
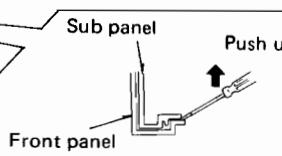
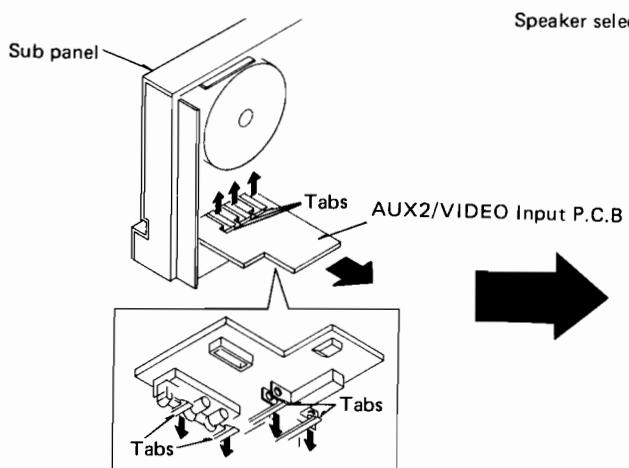
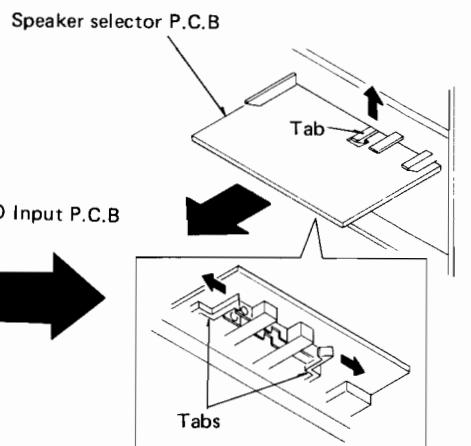
■ BEFORE REPAIR AND ADJUSTMENT

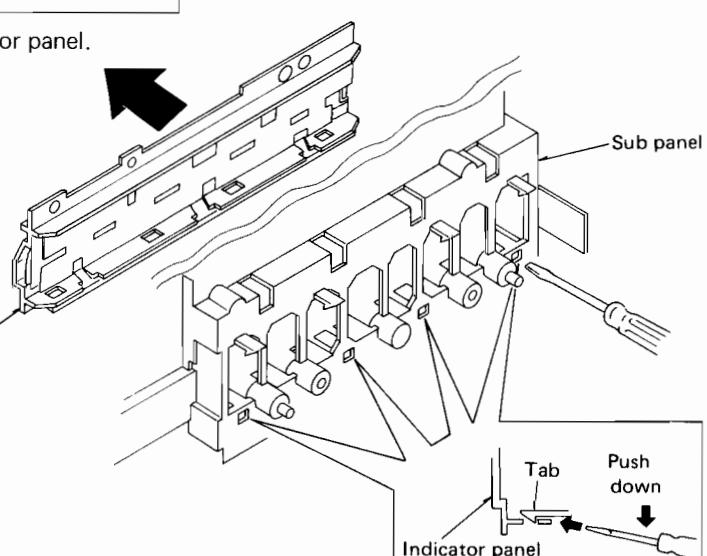
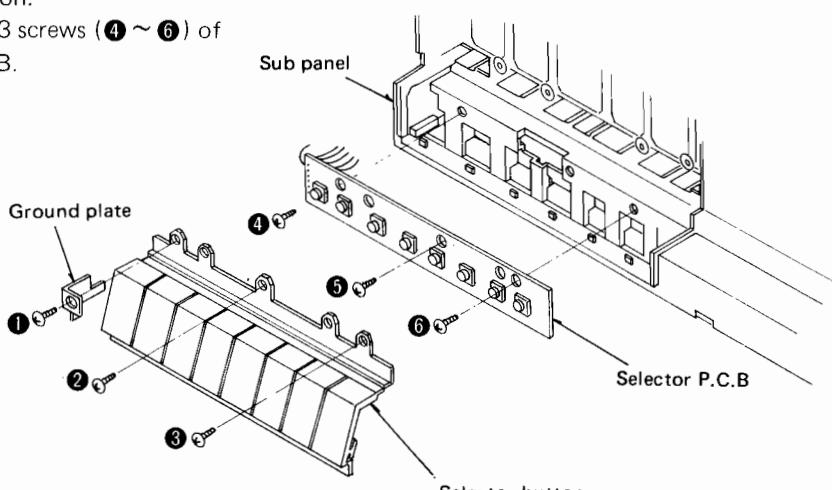
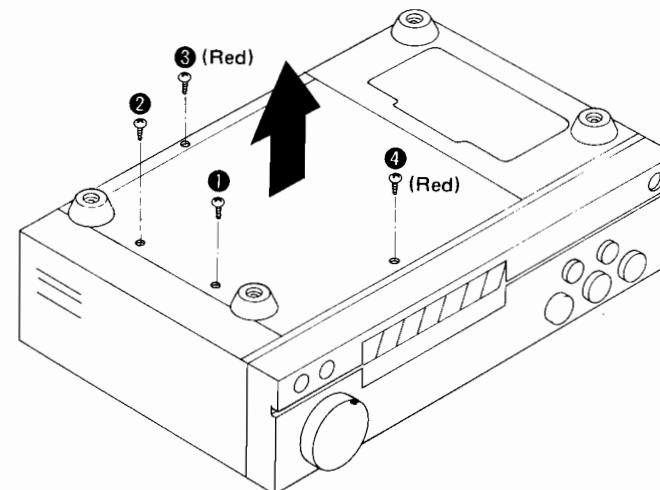
- (1) Turn off the power supply. Using a 10Ω , 5W resistor, shortcircuit both ends of power supply capacitors(C901~904, 5600 μ F) in order to discharge the voltage.
- (2) Before turning the power supply on, after completion of repair, slowly apply the primary voltage by using a power supply voltage controller to make sure that the consumed current at 50/60 Hz in NO SIGNAL mode should be shown below with respect to supply voltage 110V/127V/220V/240V.

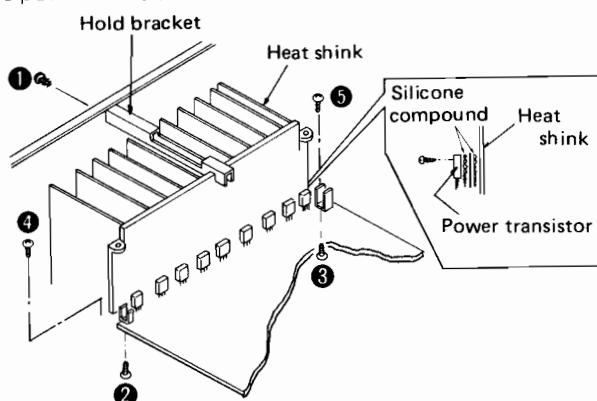
Power supply voltage	AC110V	AC127V	AC220V	AC240V
Consumed current 50/60Hz	220 ~ 640mA	210 ~ 580mA	115 ~ 320mA	105 ~ 290mA

■ DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

Ref. No. 1	How to remove the cabinet
Procedure 1	1. Remove the 7 screws (①~⑦)

Ref. No. 2	How to remove the front panel	2. Remove the front panel (refer to the arrow).
Procedure 1 → 2	1. Remove the 5 screws (① ~ ⑤) and 4 nuts (⑥ ~ ⑨).	
		 <p>Note Remove the flat cable</p>
		 <p>Pushing the connector and extract the flat cable</p>
Ref. No. 3	How to remove the sub panel	
Procedure 1 → 2 → 3	1. Push down the 10 tabs (up side) and Push up the 8 tabs (under side) of sub panel.	 
		 
Ref. No. 4	How to remove the AUX2/VIDEO P.C.B and speaker selector P.C.B	2. Pull the tab (up side) and 2 tabs (under side) of Speaker selector P.C.B.
Procedure 1 → 2 → 3 → 4	1. Pull the 3 tabs (up side) and 4 tabs (under side) of AUX2/VIDEO Input P.C.B.	 

Ref. No. 5	How to remove the indicator panel
Procedure 1→2→3→4→5	1. Release the 4 tabs of indicator panel.
	
Ref. No. 6	How to remove the selector button and selector P.C.B
Procedure 1→2→3→4→5→6	1. Remove the 3 screws (① ~ ③) of selector button. 2. Remove the 3 screws (④ ~ ⑥) of selector P.C.B.
	
Ref. No. 7	How to remove the bottom board
Procedure 7	1. Remove the 4 screws (① ~ ④).
	

Ref. No. 8	How to remove the power transistor	3. Remove the 2 screws (② ~ ⑤) of heat sink.
Procedure 1 → 7 → 8	<p>1. Remove the screws (①) of hold bracket. 2. Unsolder the power transistor.</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When mounting the power transistor, apply silicone compound (SZZOL15) to the rear side of power transistor. 	

■ FUNCTION OF TERMINAL (Icq Controller IC801 : MN1421STA)

Pin No.	Mark	Name of block	Description of terminal
1	Vss	Power supply input terminal	Ground
2	CO9	Output	It delivers Icq control signal through input port A (⑨) (thermal sensor) and input port B (⑪, ⑫) (signal sensor). [Output "H"]
3	CO8		
4	CO7		
5	CO6		
6	CO5		
7	AI3		
8	AI2		
9	AI1	Input	When 60°C (140°F) sensor of power amplifier operates, the input level becomes "L".
10	AI0	Input	Ground
11	BI3		Input level changes to "L" as effective output 2V signal sensor of power amplifier operates.
12	BI2		Input level changes to "L" as effective output 5V signal sensor of power amplifier operates.
13	BI1		
14	BI0		
15	EO0		
16	EO1		
17	EO2		
18	EO3	Output	Indicator "Computer drive auto operation" light up at "H" output.
19	TST	Test input terminal	Terminal for testing LSI (Grounded)
20	RST	Reset input terminal	All outputs are cleared or reset with input at "L" (It is connected to power supply circuit)
21	SNS0	Input	Not used in this unit
22	SNS1		Input level changes to "H" as power amplifier output short-circuit operates.

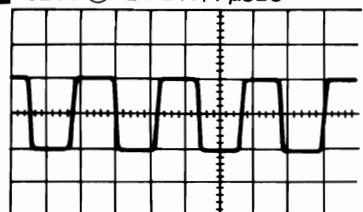
Pin No.	Mark	Name of block	Description of terminal
23	PRE HEAT	—	No used
24	DO1	—	Ground
25	DO2	—	
26	DO3	Output	Output relay turns ON with output at "H"
27	VDD	Power supply input terminal	Apply 5V.
28	OSC	OSC input terminal	Clock signal (about 300 kHz) can be obtained by internal oscillation circuit.

■ FUNCTION OF TERMINAL (Analog Function Control IC251 : μ PD7506C043)

Pin. No.	Symbol	Input/Output	Active	Description of terminal
1	P43	—	—	Not used in this unit.
2	x 2	—	—	Not used in this unit.
3	P03/x 1	Input	—	It detects the level of pin ⑤. Push (once) the "rec selector"  Selection of input selector 4.3V 0V
4	P20/PSTB	Output	H	Clock output port for analog switch. Clock signal output to IC201 pin ⑯ and IC202 pin ⑯ during data transmission. [Refer to A]
5	P21/PTOUT	Output	H	Indicator "rec selector" light up at "H". Push (once) the "rec selector"  Selection of input selector 4.3V 0V
6	P22	Output	H	Data output for analog switch. Data signal output to IC201 pin ⑯ and IC202 pin ⑯ . [Refer to A]
7	P23	Output	H	Strobe output port for analog switch. Strobe signal output to IC201 pin ⑯ and IC202 pin ⑯ during data transmission. [Refer to A]
8	P60	Output	H	Rec side indicator 3-bit output.
9	P61			Rec indicator drive signal output to IC253 pins ⑯ ~ ⑯ . [Refer to B]
10	P62			
11	P63	Input	H	Stop mode sensing input. With high pulse signal input, the stop command is executed and the mode is shifted to standby.  Power switch "OFF" 4.4V 0V
12	CL1	—	—	External clock oscillation frequency (400KHz) input port. [Refer to C]
13	CL2	—	—	Not used in this unit.
14	V _{DD}	—	—	Power supply input terminal. (Apply 4.4V)
15	RESET	Input	H	Input terminal for reset signal.  Power switch "ON" 4.3V 1V 0V Power switch "OFF" 0V 1V 0V
16	P10	Input	H	
17	P11			
18	P12			Input terminal for key return signal from external key matrix. [Refer to D]
19	P13	Output	H	
20	P50			
21	P51			Output terminal for key scan signal for external key matrix. (Output voltage is 4.3V)
22	P52			
23	P53	Output	H	Muting signal output during input switch or Rec switch operation.  Push the each input selector or muting switch. 4.3V 0V
24	P00	Input	—	Mode shifting port. [H = Function 1 mode L = Function 2 mode The input of this unit is "H" (4.9V) because the mode used is Function 1.]
25	P40	Output	H	
26	P41			
27	P42			Input side indicator 3-bit output. Input indicator drive signal to IC254 pins ⑯ ~ ⑯ . [Refer to E]
28	V _{SS}	—	—	Ground terminal.

C IC251 ⑫ 2V DIV/1 μSEC

- ① Push the rec selector switch. ("rec indicator" blinking)
- ② Push the each input selector switch.

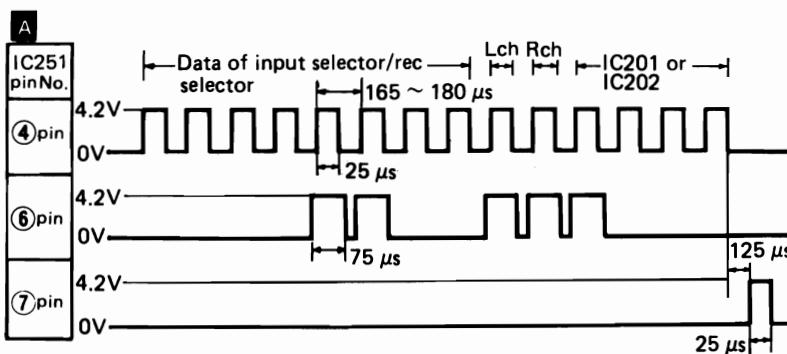


B L = 0V, H = 4.3V

B				L = 0V, H = 4.3V		
		Pin No. of IC251				
Input selector		(8)	(9)	(10)		
phono		L	H	L		
tuner		H	L	L		
CD		L	H	L		
video/aux		H	H	L		
tape 2		H	L	H		
tape 1/D/A tape		L	L	H		

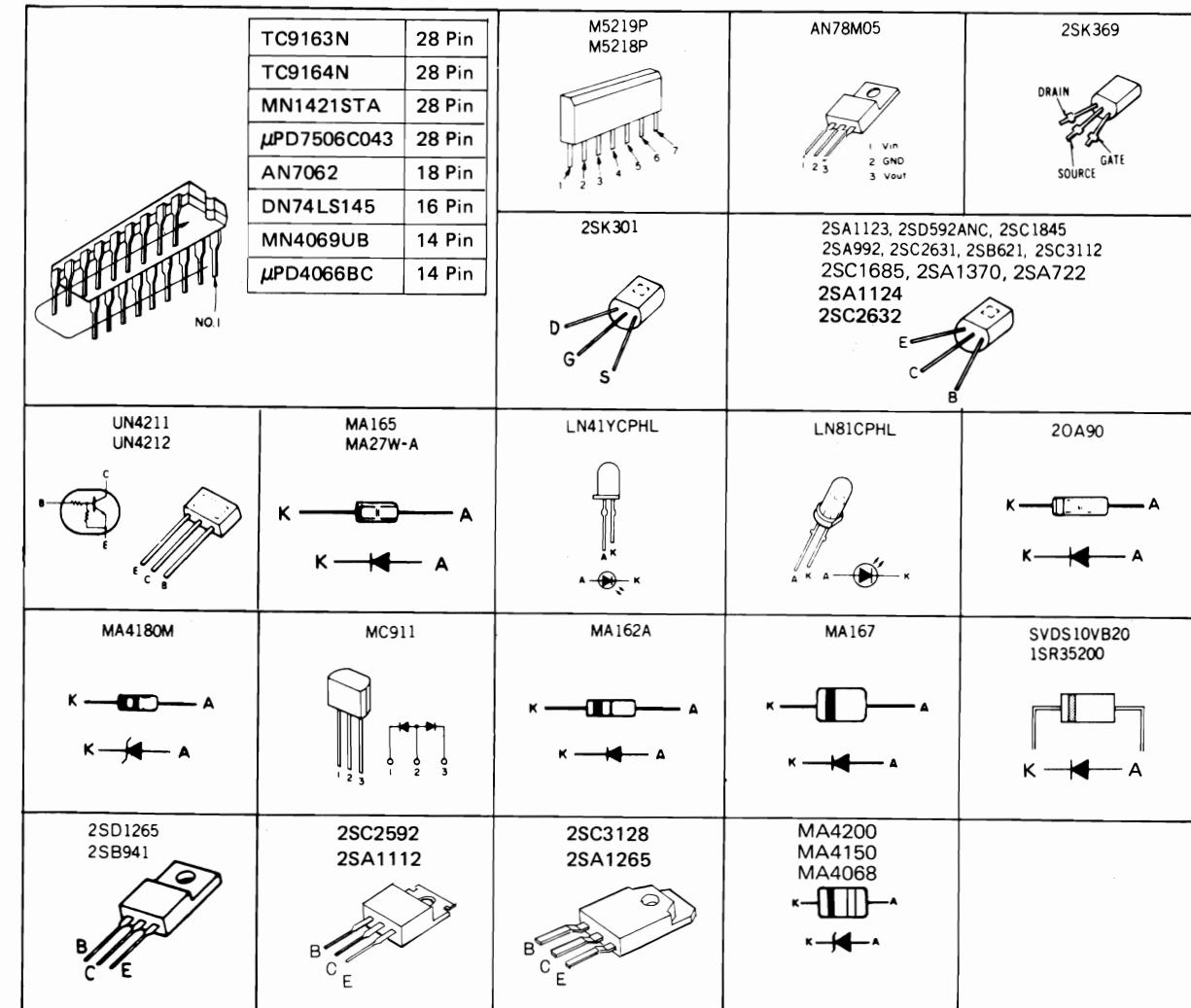
D $I = 0V$, $H = 4.3V$

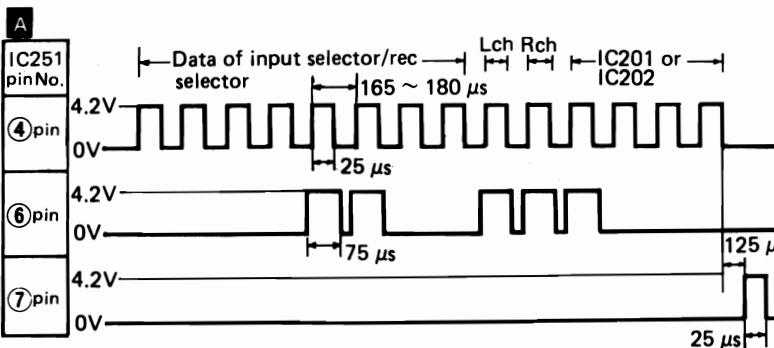
Pin No. of IC251		(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Input selector					
phono	L	L	L	H	
tuner	L	L	H	L	
CD	L	H	L	L	
video/aux	H	L	L	L	
tape 2	L	L	H	L	
tape 1/DA tape	L	L	L	H	
rec selector	H	L	L	L	



Pin No. of IC251	(25)	(26)	(27)
Input selector			
phono	L	L	L
tuner	H	L	L
CD	L	H	L
video/aux	H	H	L
tape 2	H	L	H
tape 1/DA tape	L	L	H
rec selector	L	L	L
muting	L	4.3V 0V	L

■ TERMINAL GUIDE OF TRANSISTORS, DIODES AND IC'S



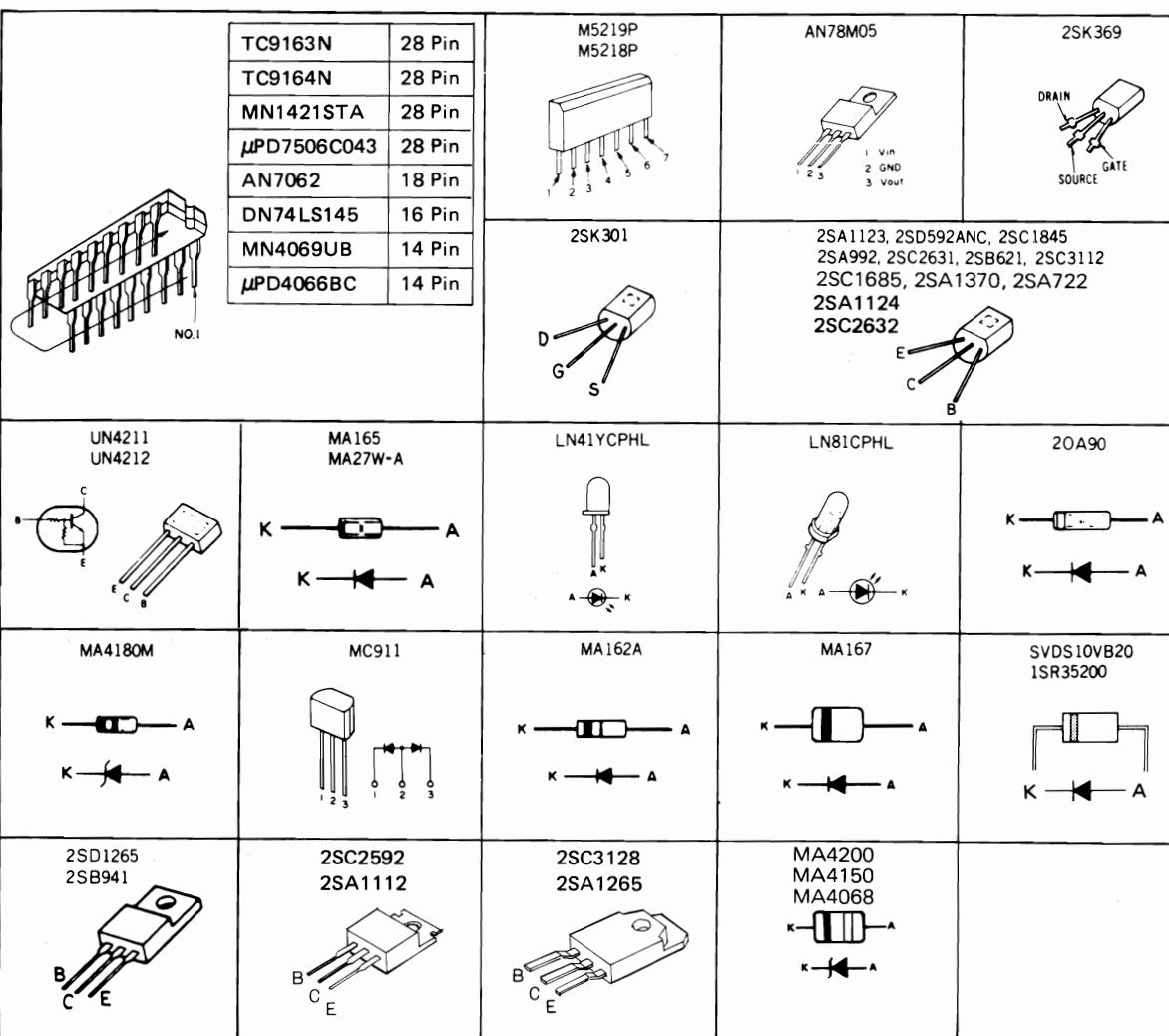


E

Pin No. of IC251	②⑤	⑥⑦	⑧⑨
Input selector	L	L	L
phono	H	L	L
tuner	L	H	L
CD	H	H	L
video/aux	H	L	H
tape 2	H	L	H
tape 1/DA tape	L	L	H
rec selector	L	L	L
muting	L	4.3V	L

CO43)

■ TERMINAL GUIDE OF TRANSISTORS, DIODES AND IC'S

action of input
4.3V selector
0V

mission.

action of input
1.3V selector
0V

mission.

4.4V
0V
switch "OFF".switch "OFF"
V
IV

e is 4.3V)

4.3V
0V
muting switch.

I

e is 4.3V)

4.3V
0V

muting switch.

0V, H = 4.3V

(10) (10)

L H

H L

L L

L L

H L

L H

L L

■ HOW TO REPLACE IC'S (Small outline type)

Replacing procedure				Cautions
1 Reduce the amount of solder on each pin of the integrated circuit by use of a solder sucker.	(Example) H-130 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recommended toolSpecial soldering iron *H605M and H-130. *H605E and H-130.
2 Melt the solder on the pin (one electrode) with the soldering iron.				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not touch the soldering iron to the area for a long time. It may otherwise cause removal of the print foil. When shifting the pin upward, do the job quickly while the solder is melting. If the solder is hard, it may cause removal or breakage of the print foil.
3 While the solder is melting, shift the pin upward by the soldering iron to remove it from the foil.				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When using a pencil type soldering iron. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Completely remove the solder from each IC pin by use of solder sucker. Raise each pin by means of an eyelet ear, hold the pliers then remove IC package from P.C.B.
4 Remove each pin from the foil according to the above-mentioned procedure.				

* Special soldering iron

(Refer to Technical Information, ORDER NO. GAD84125486T1)...For U.S.A. and Canada

(Refer to Technical Information, ORDER NO. GAD84115476T8)...For others

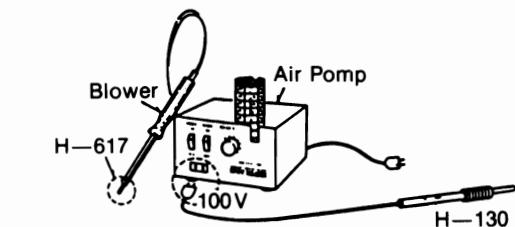
• H-605 Spot Heater (hot-air solder iron)

This device that uses hot air to melt solder was developed to remove Flat-Pakage ICs, RHCs and chip parts.

• H-605M (For 120V power source)

• H-605E (For 200V/220V/240V power source)

• H-617 Twin Nozzle (for spot heater)

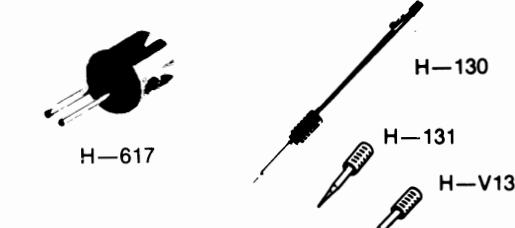
Special nozzle for the removal of RHCs and chip resistors.
(Nozzle diameter : 1.0 mm x 2)

• H-130 Slim Pencil Solder Iron

An ultrasmall ceramic heater solder iron is extremely handy for soldering chip parts, RHCs, ICs, etc., to high-density circuit boards.

Features:

- Rated power: 100V, 15W
- Max. temp.: 400°C
- Heater: ceramic (long life)
- Insulation resistance: 100MΩ
- Length: 178 mm
- Weight: 16 g (not including cord)

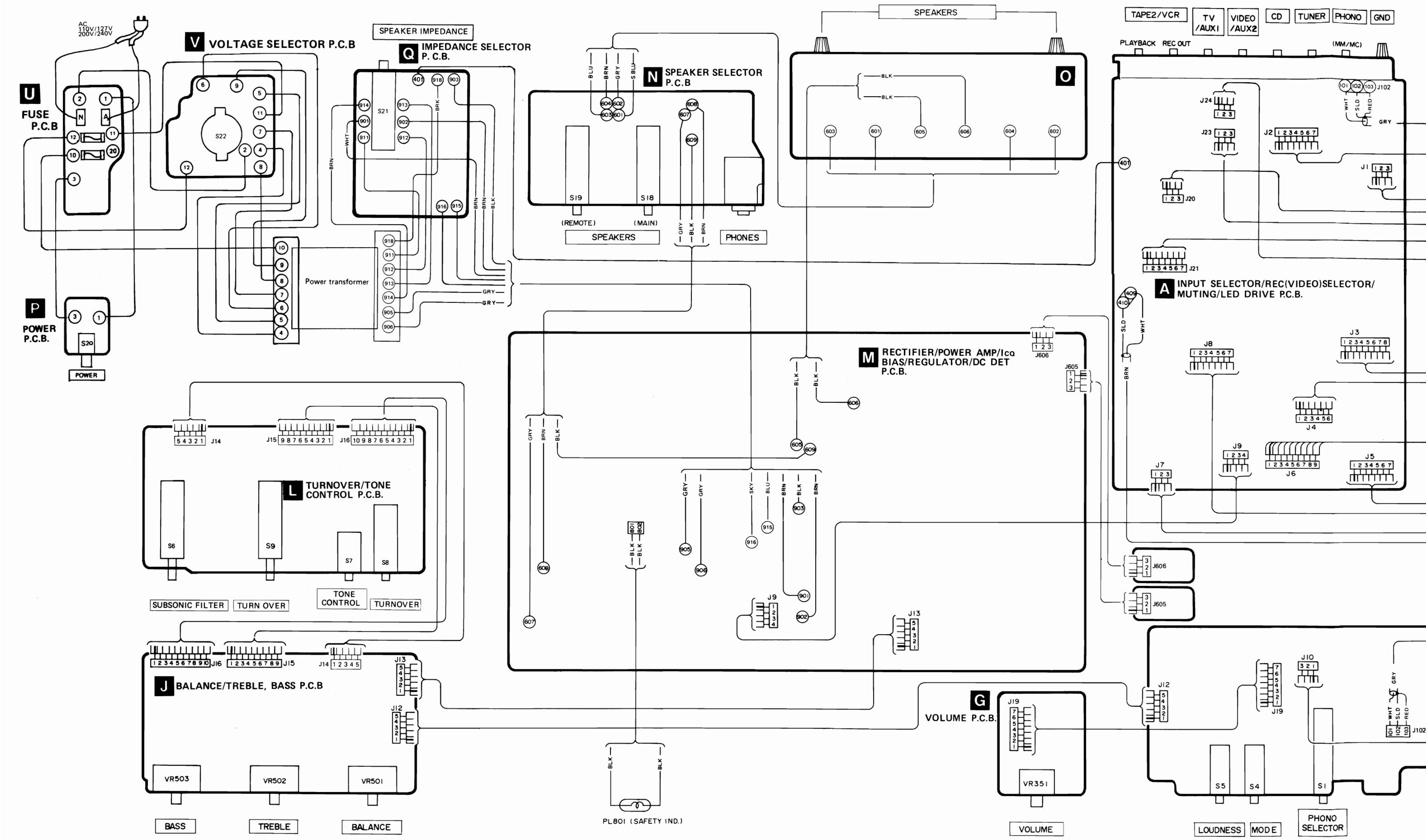


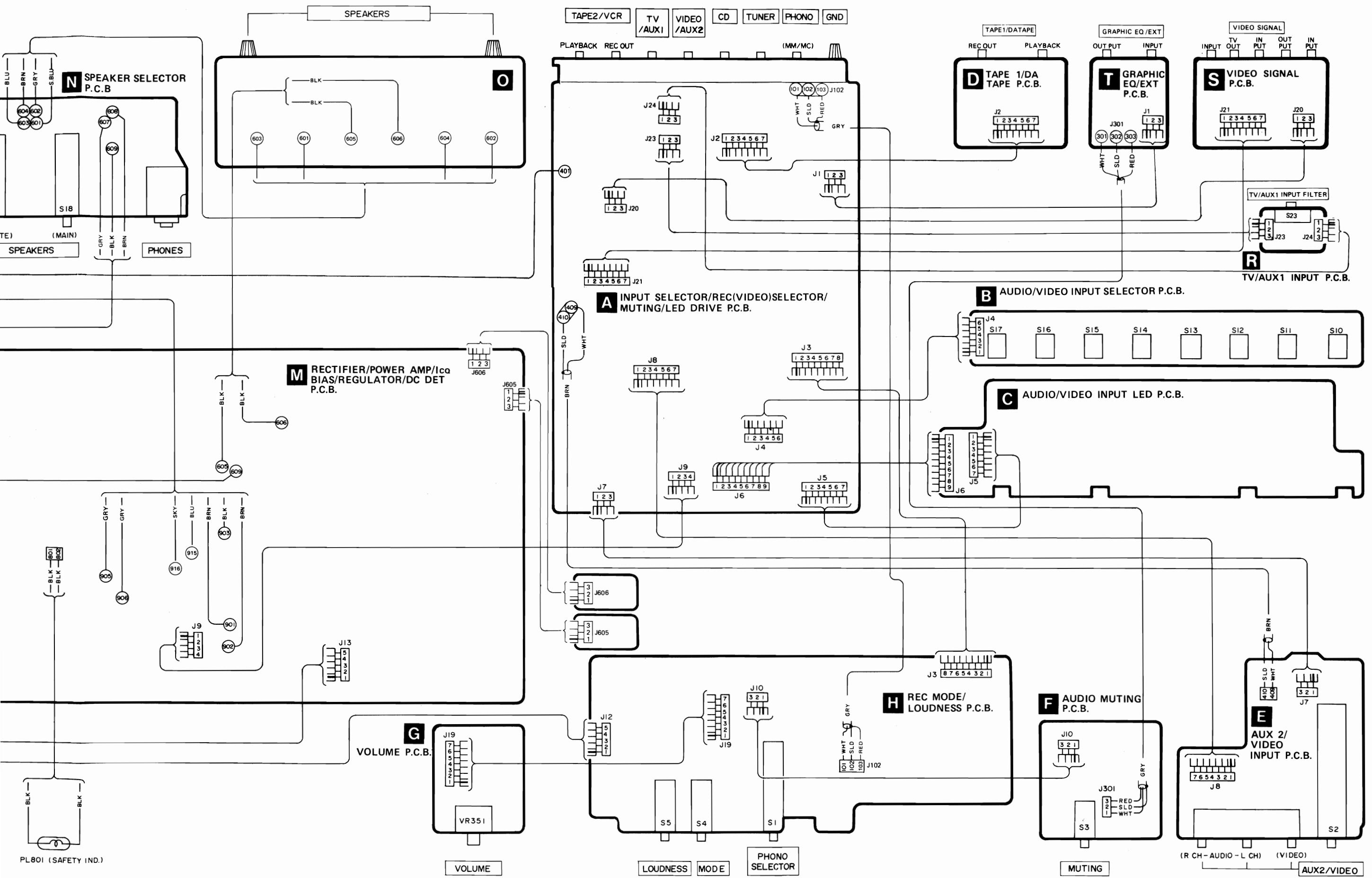
• H-131, H-V13 Cap Bits

Solder tip for the slim pencil Solder Iron and is composed of a bit holder and a corrosion resistance solder tip.
Permits changing of solder tips even while still hot.

- Solder tip: 0.3 mm

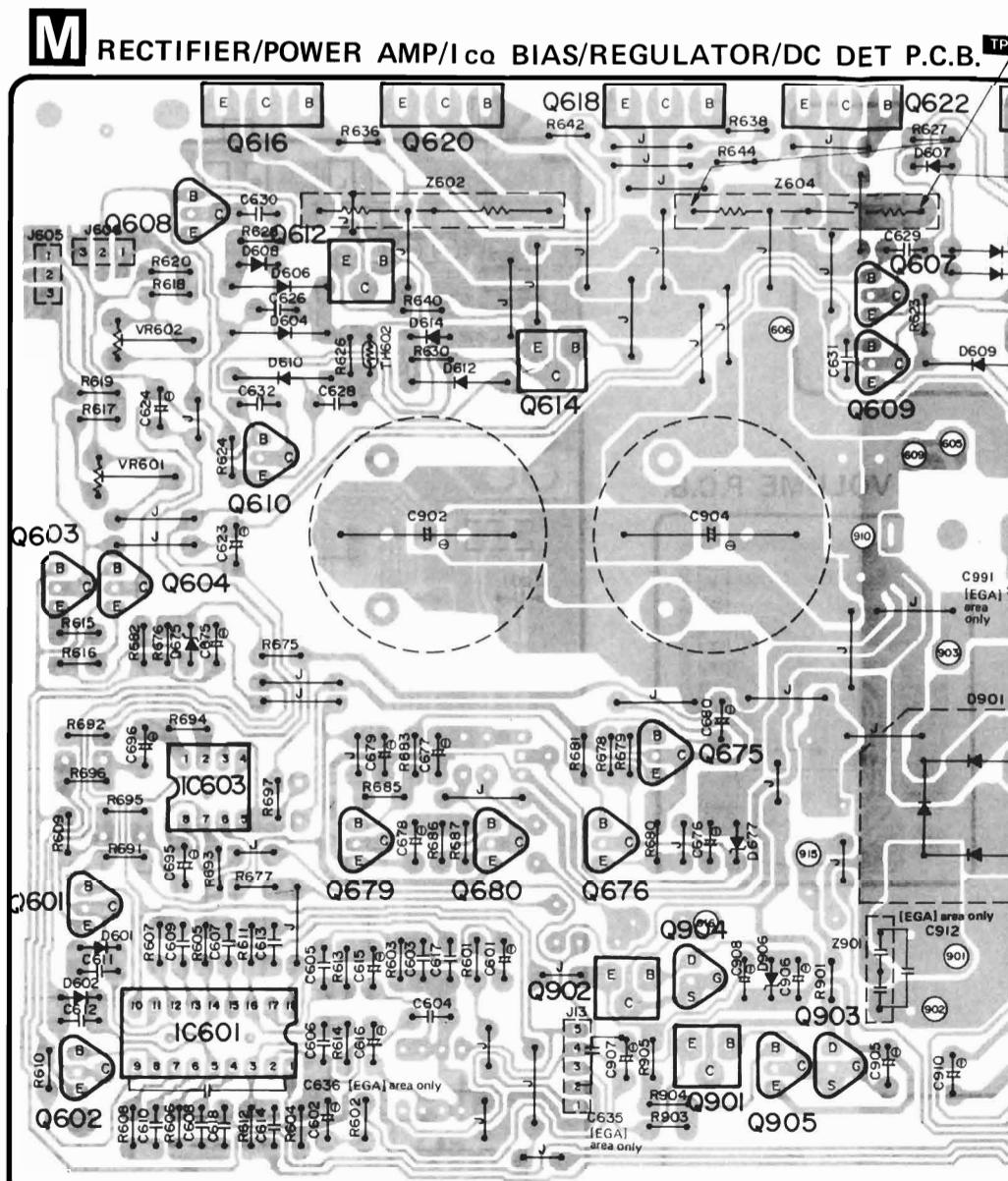
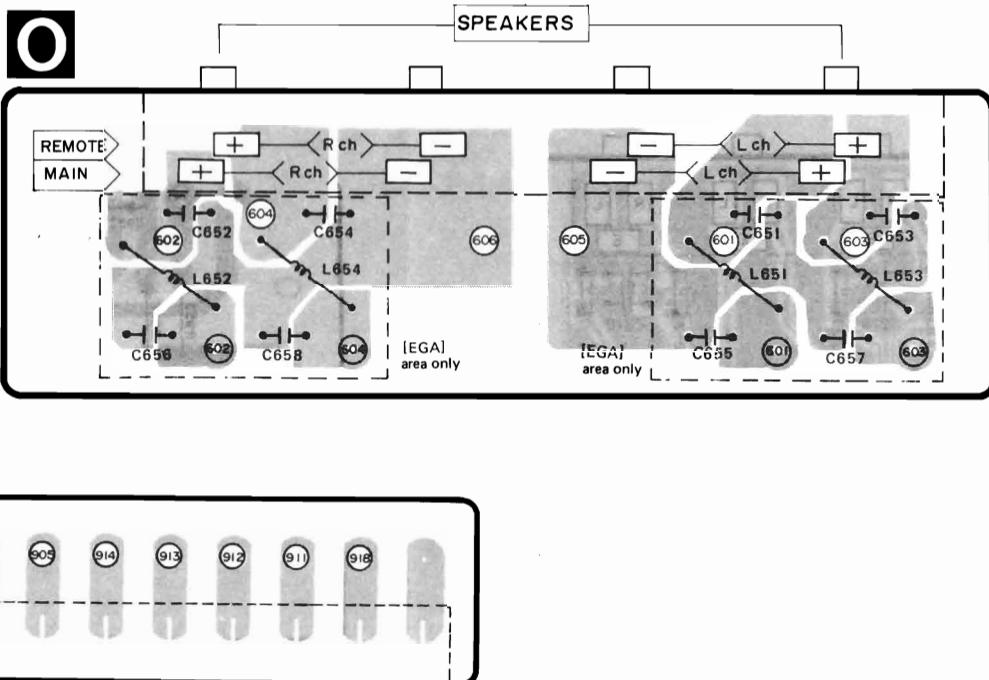
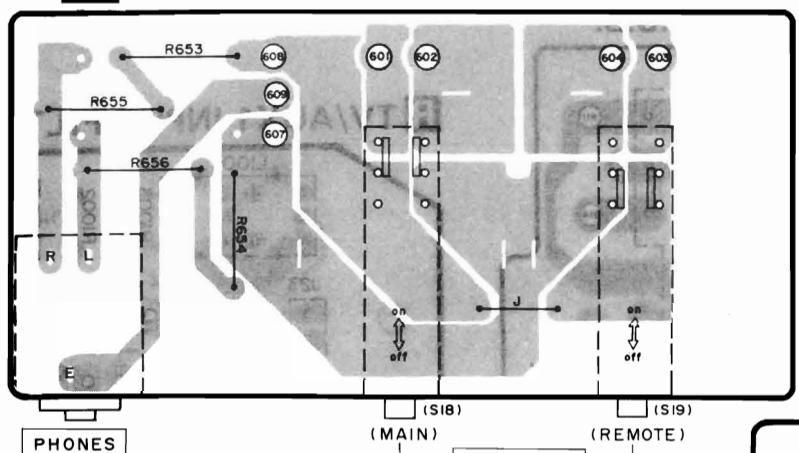
■ WIRING CONNECTION DIAGRAM



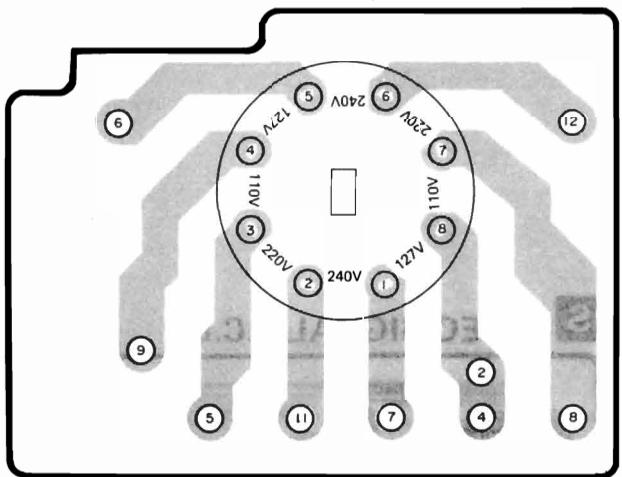


■ PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS

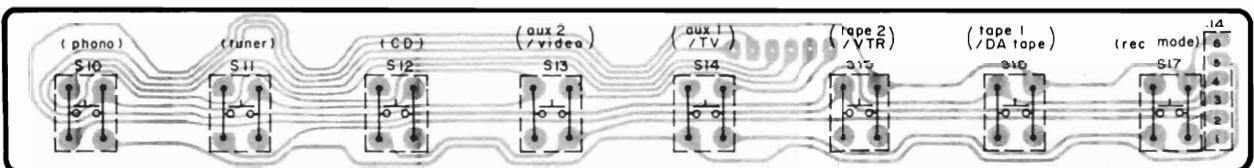
N SPEAKER SELECTOR P.C.B.



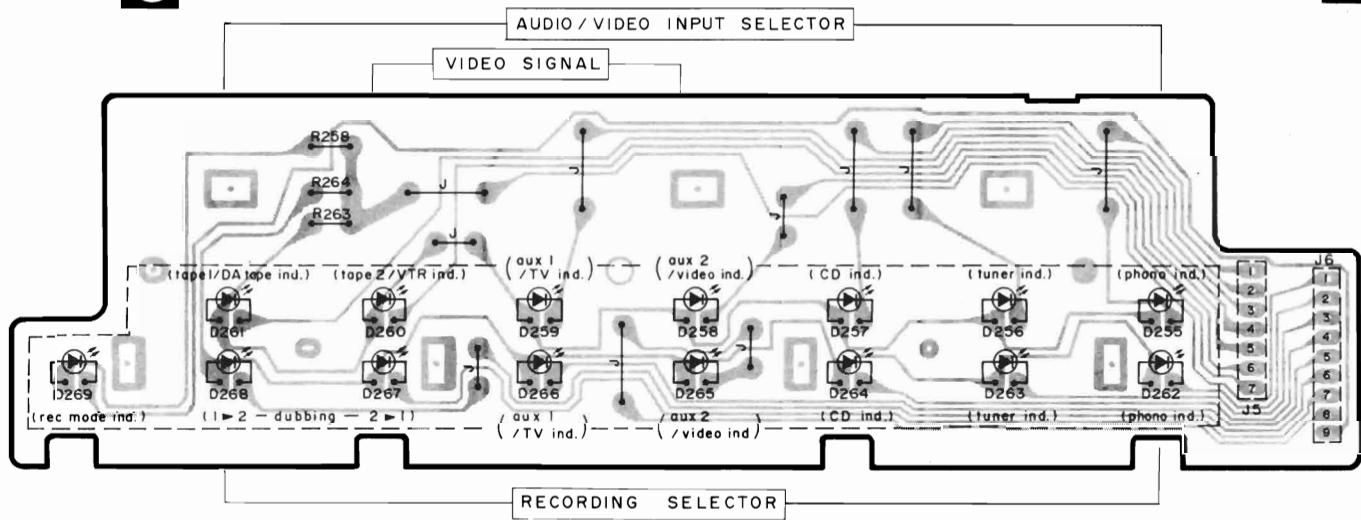
V VOLTAGE SELECTOR (S22)



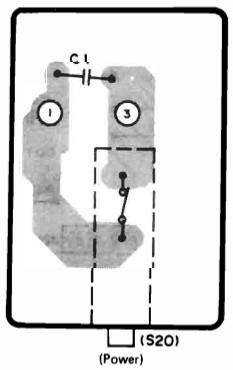
B AUDIO/VIDEO INPUT SELECTOR P.C.B.



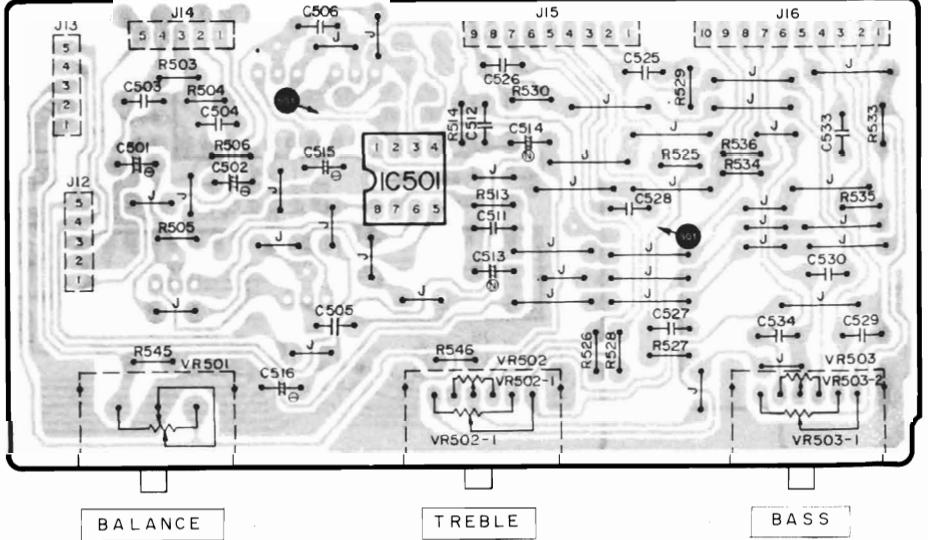
C AUDIO/VIDEO INPUT LED P.C.B.

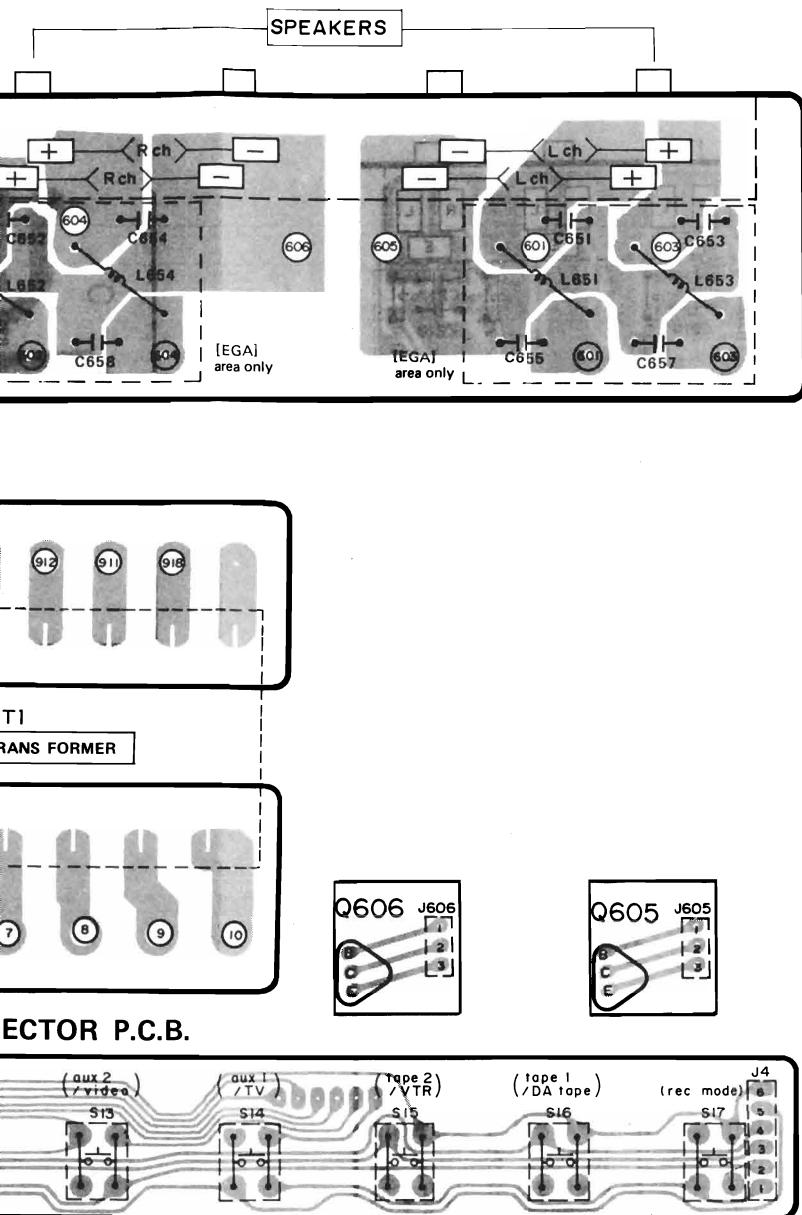


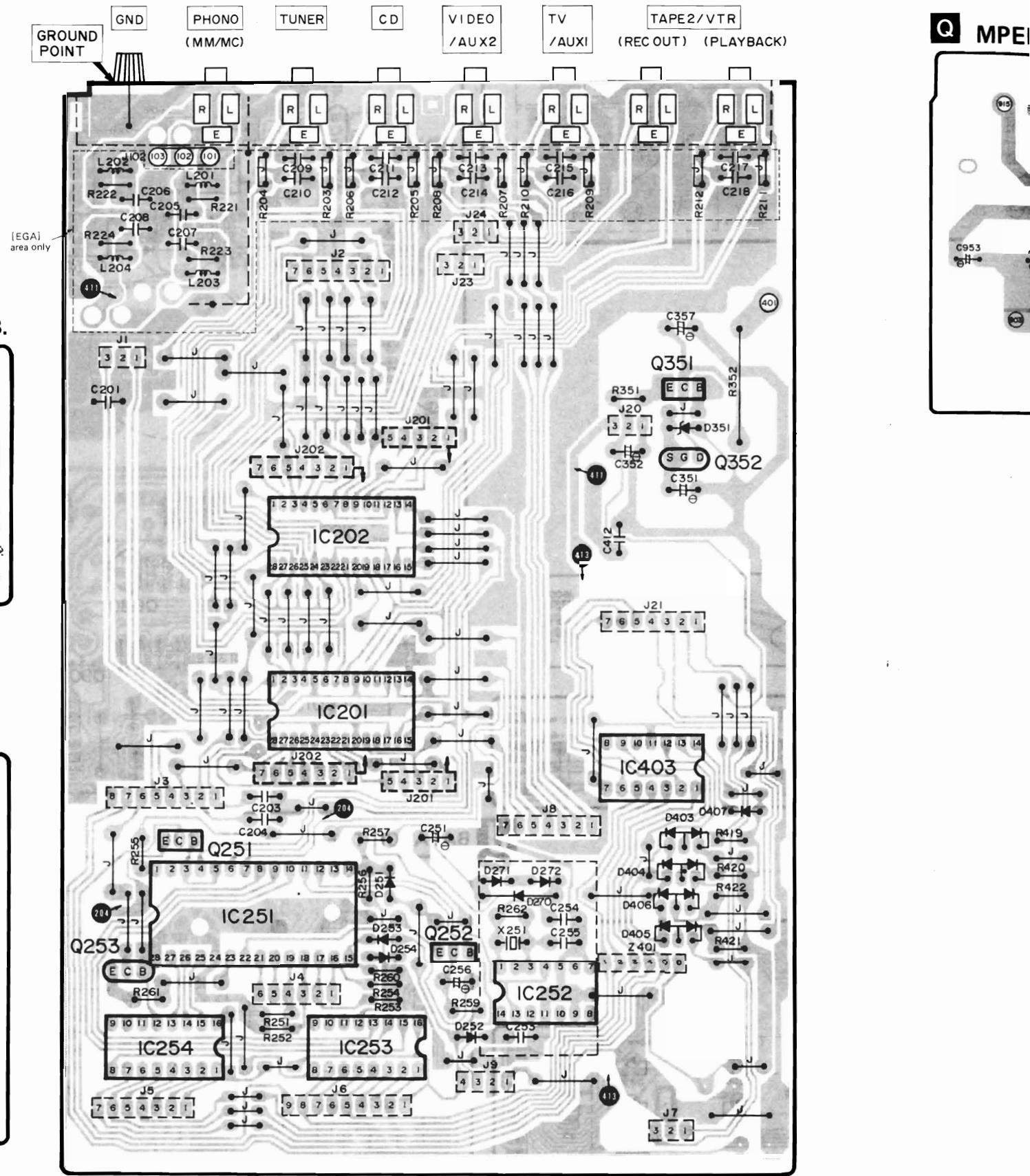
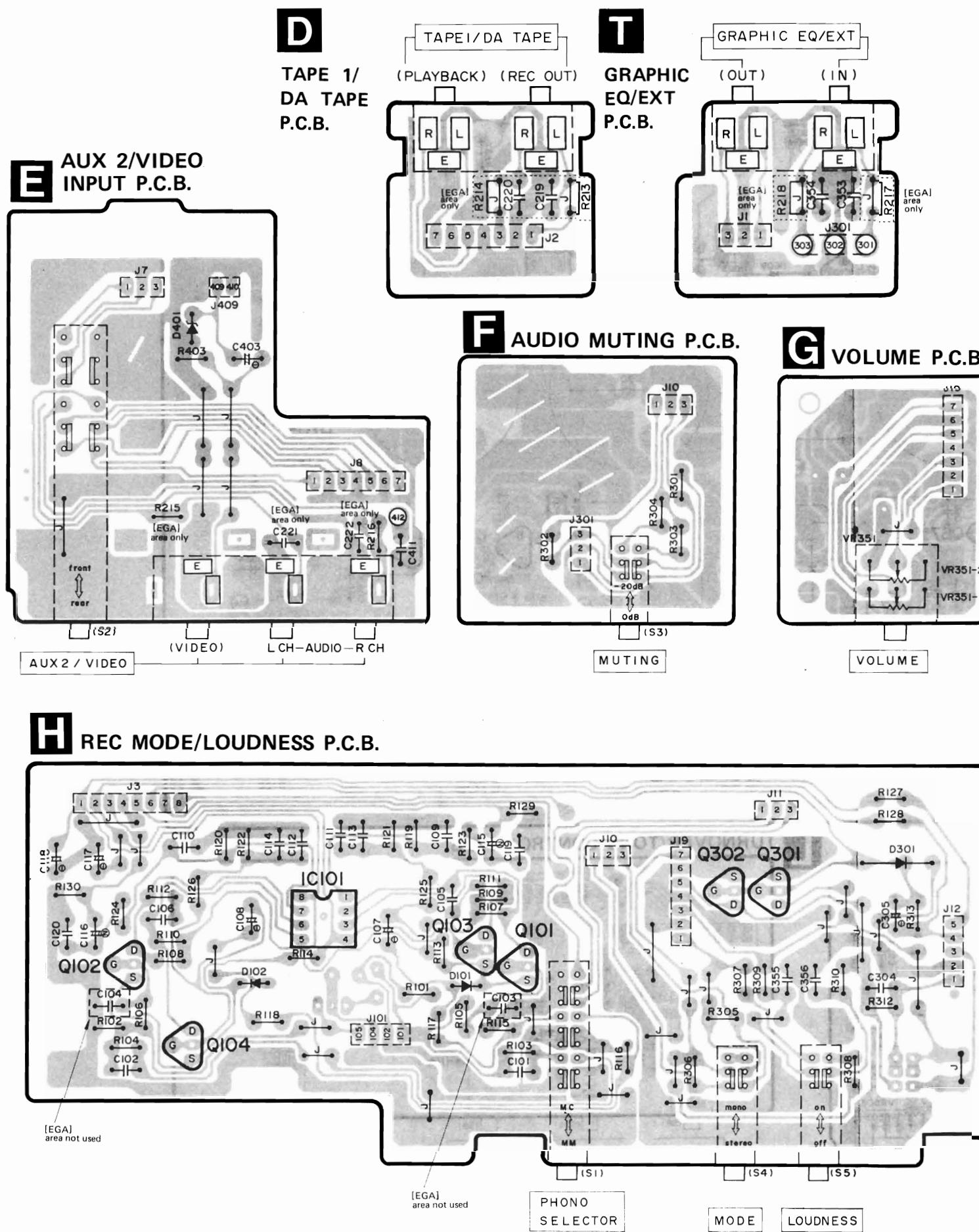
P POWER P.C.B.

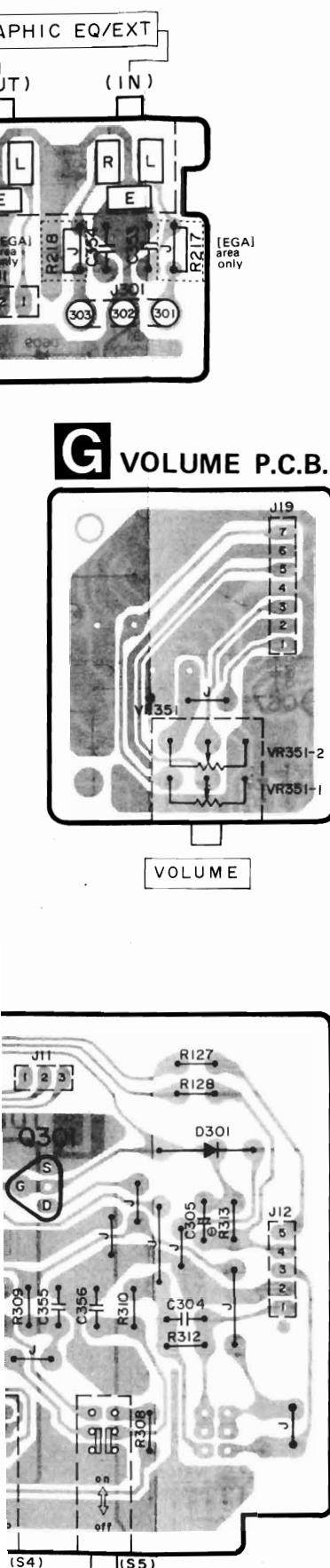


J BALANCE/TREBLE, BASS P.C.B.









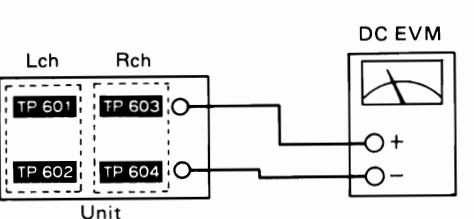
■ MEASUREMENT AND ADJUSTMENTS

Control positions and equipment used

- Volume knob ∞ (minimum)
 - Main speaker selector off
 - Remote speaker selector off
 - Recording selector aux 1/TV
 - Speaker impedance switch $8\Omega \sim 16\Omega / 16\Omega$
 - AC and DC electronic voltmeter (EVM)
 - Signal generator
 - Resistor (0.33Ω)

Idling (ICQ) Adjustment

1. Test equipment connection is shown in figure.
 2. Turn the ICQ control volume (VR601, VR602) counter-clockwise.
 3. After turning the power switch “on”, adjust **VR601** (left channel) and **VR602** (right channel) about **20mV** respectively as in Fig. 1.

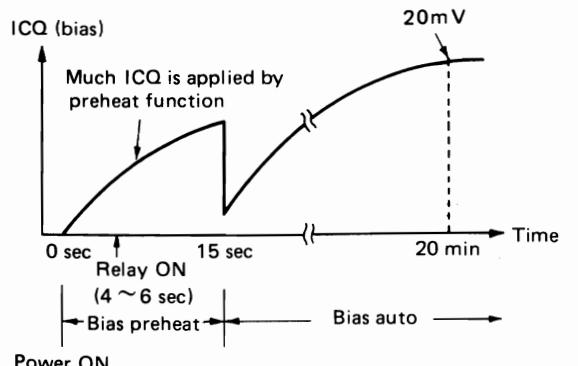
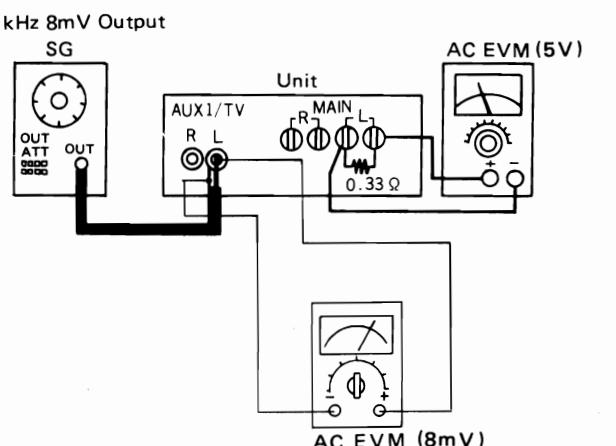


Overload detection circuit check

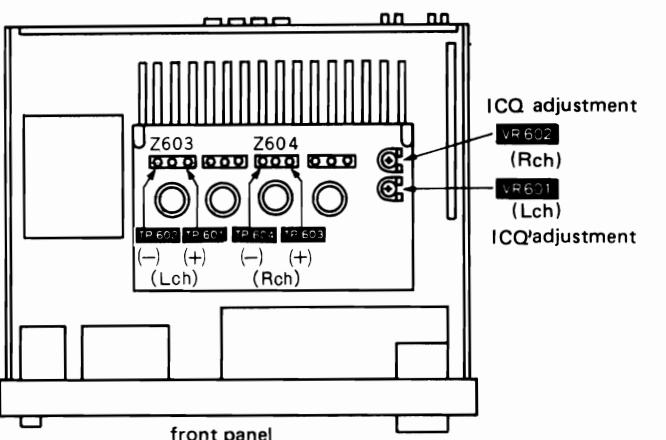
1. Test equipment connection is shown in figure
 2. Apply 1 kHz, 8 mV (output about 5 V) signal to the aux. input terminal (aux 1/TV).
 3. The speaker switch turned "off".
 4. Connect 0.33 Ω (about 1 W) resistor to main speaker terminal.
 5. With main speaker switch turned "on", make sure that
 - relay is "OFF" and
 - computer drive auto operation blinks.
 6. Also check the right (R) channel in the same manner as mentioned above.

(Note) When turning the relay on again, wait for a while after turning the power supply OFF.

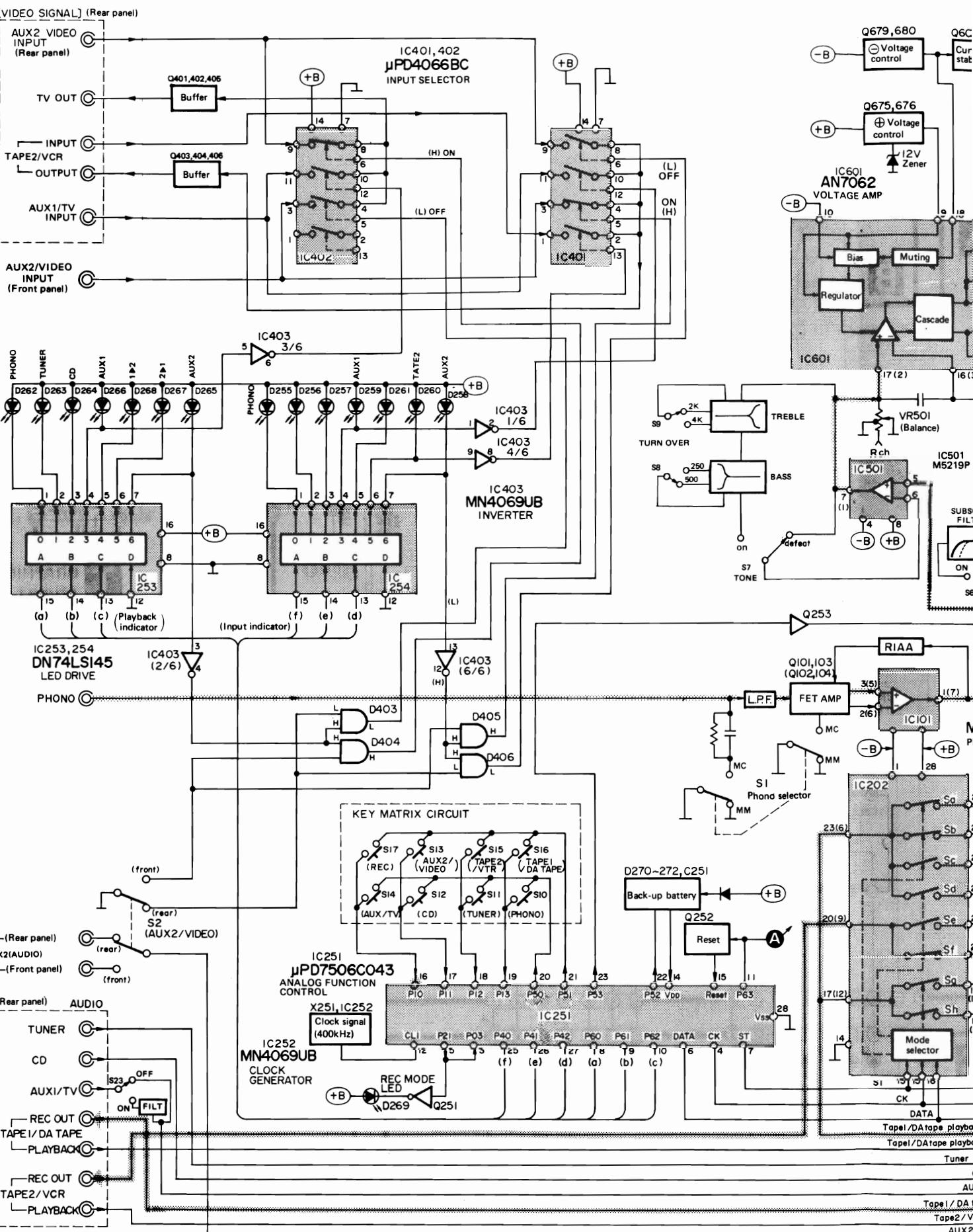
Otherwise, it will not be reset even if power is turned off and load are in normal conditions.



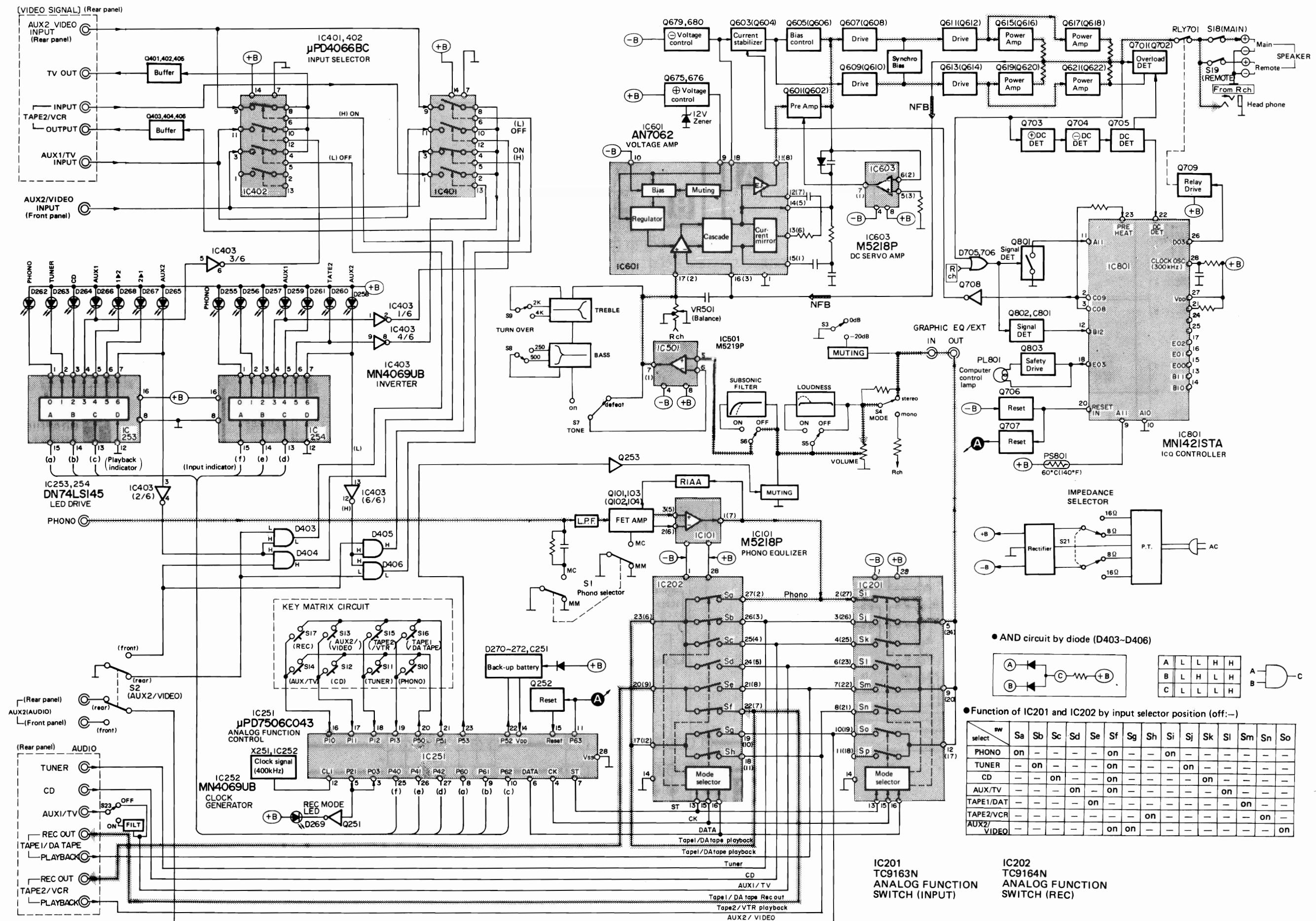
- Adjustment points

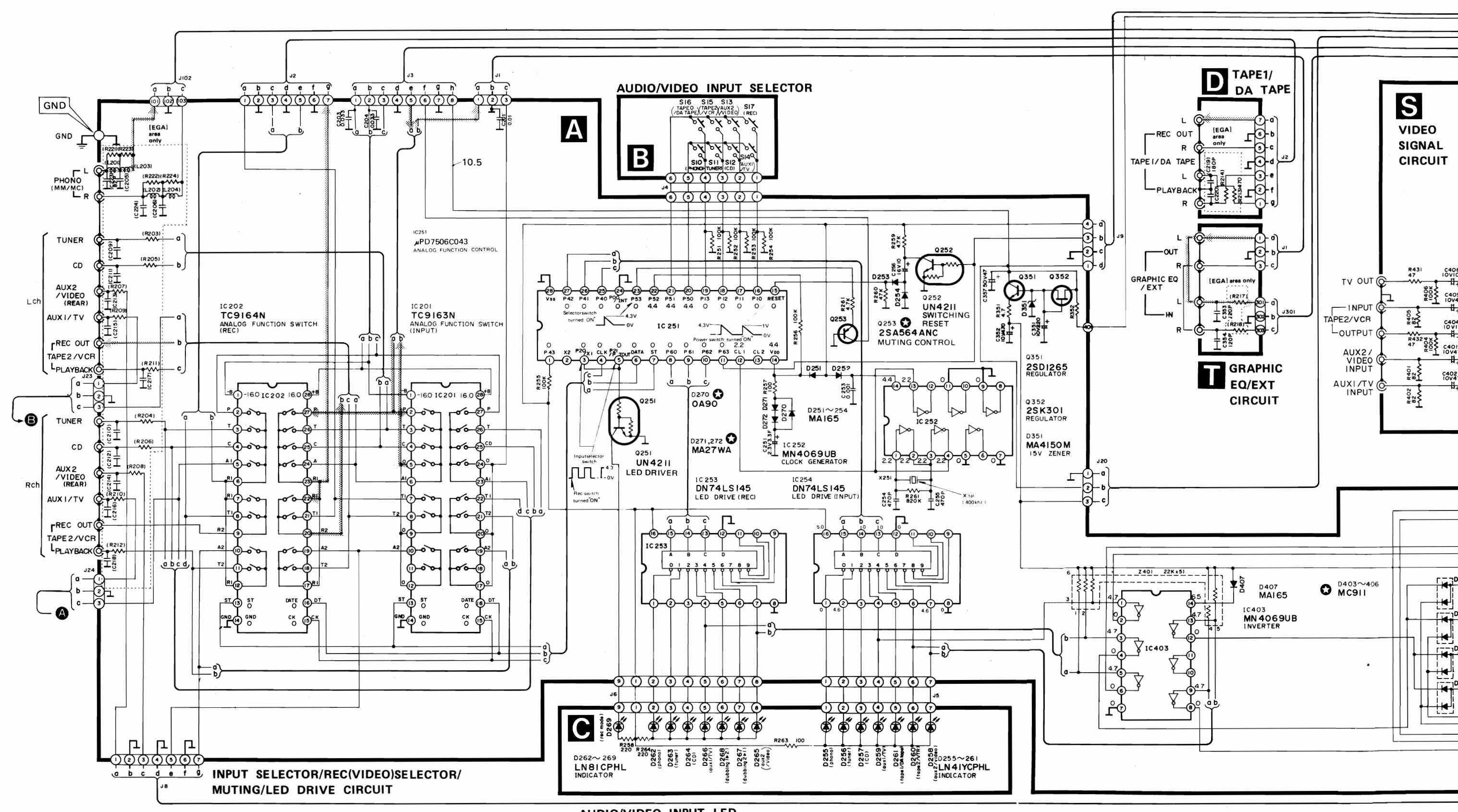


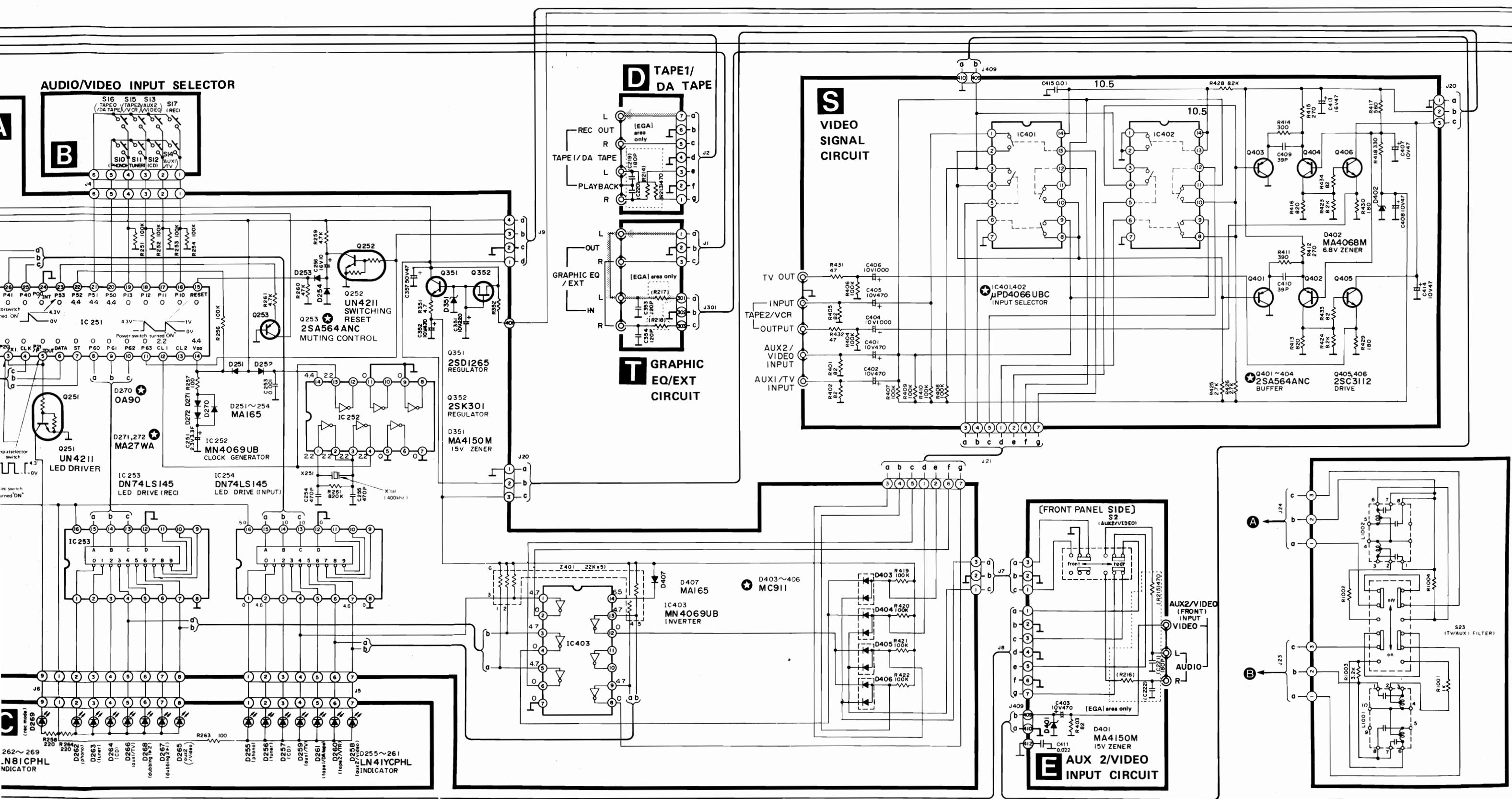
■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ BLOCK DIAGRAM

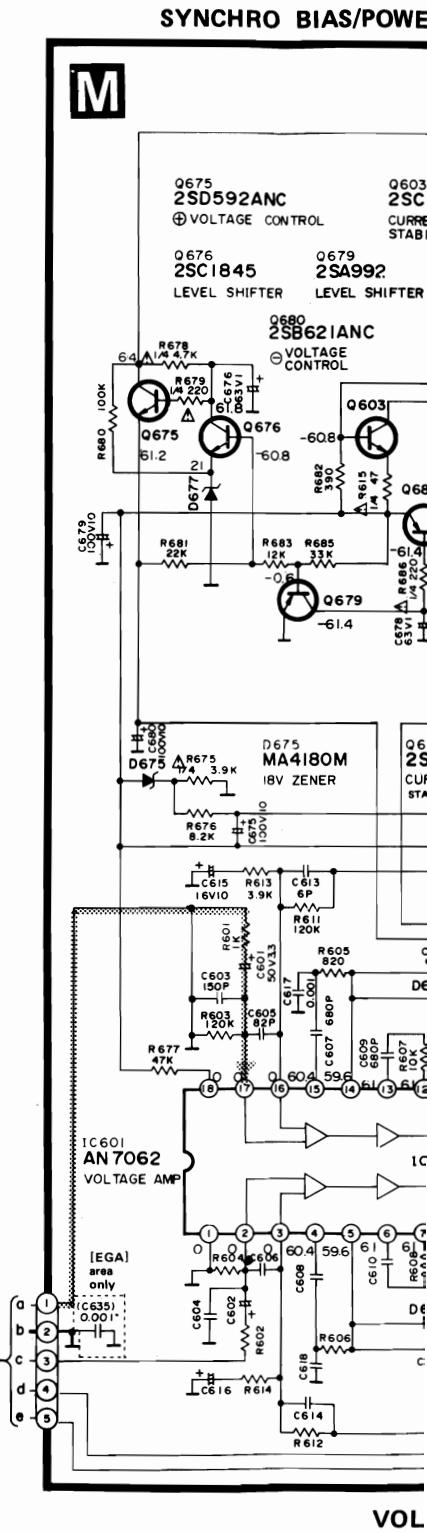
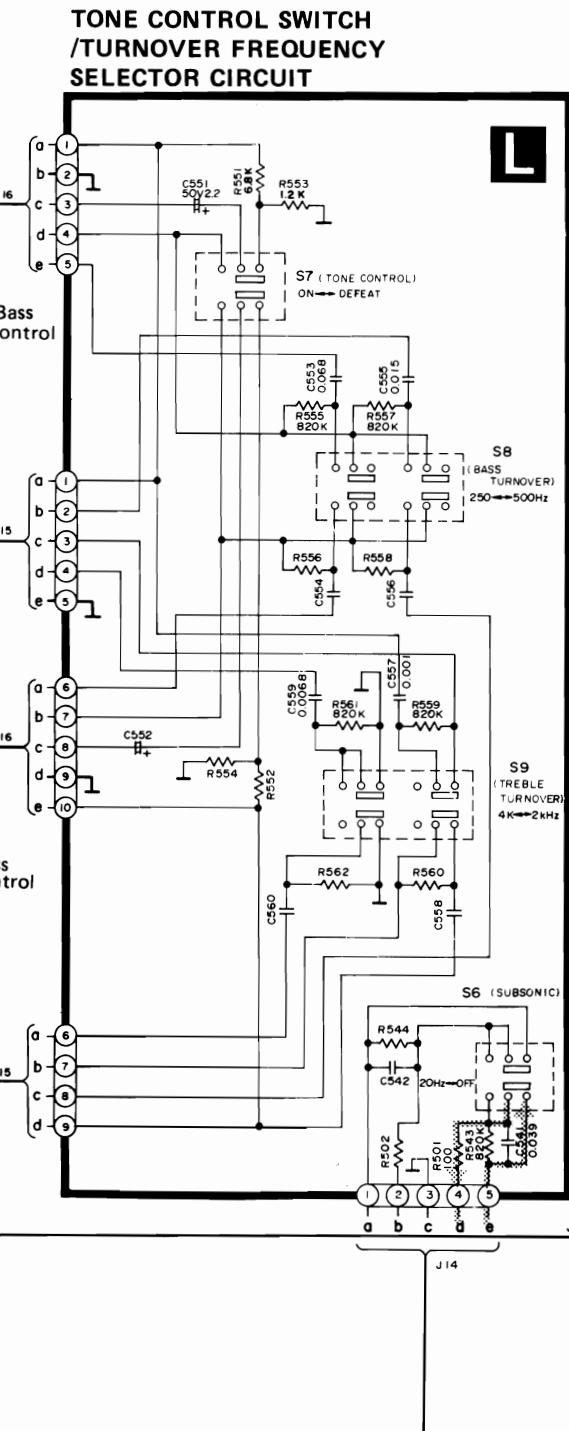
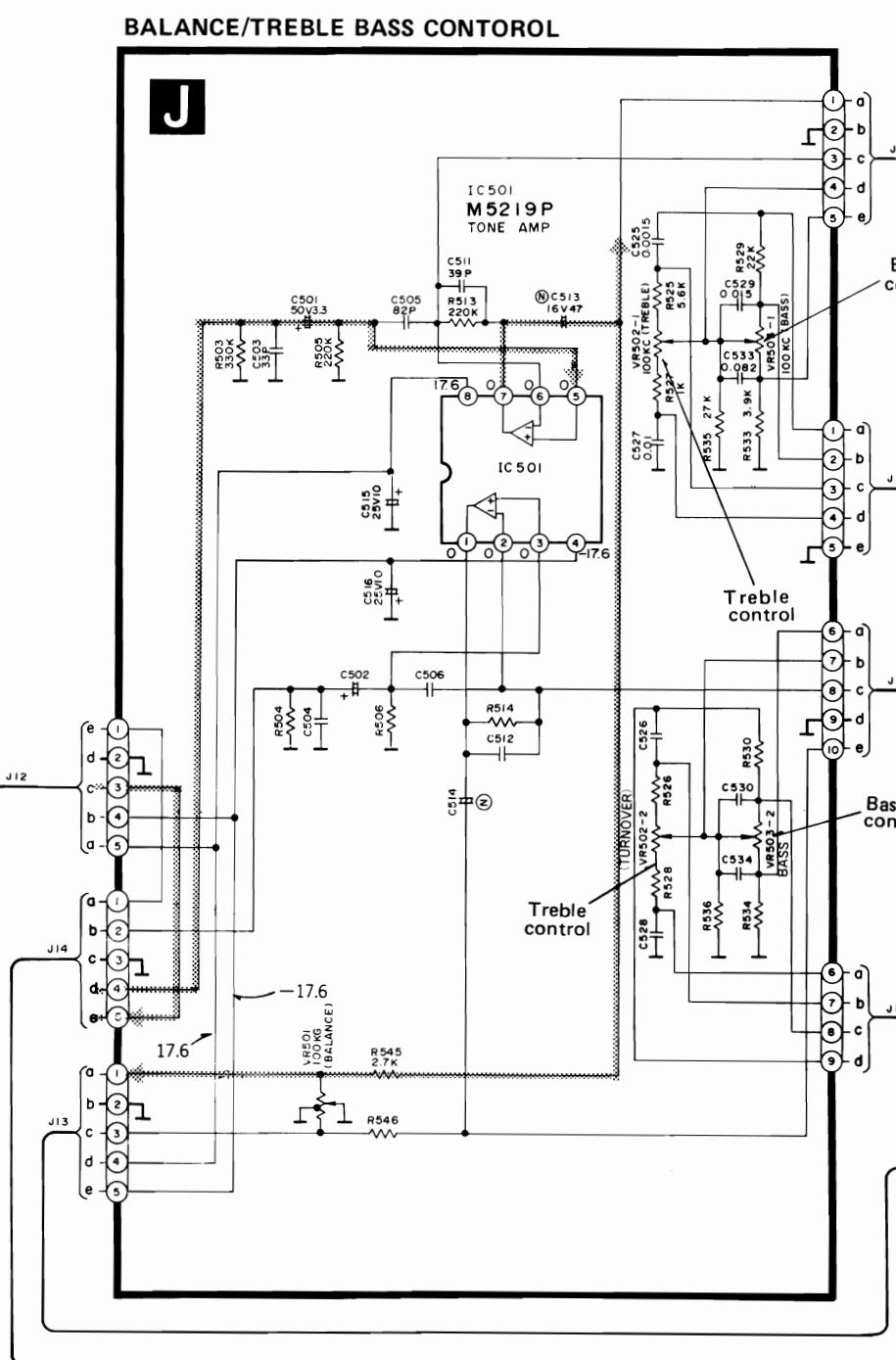
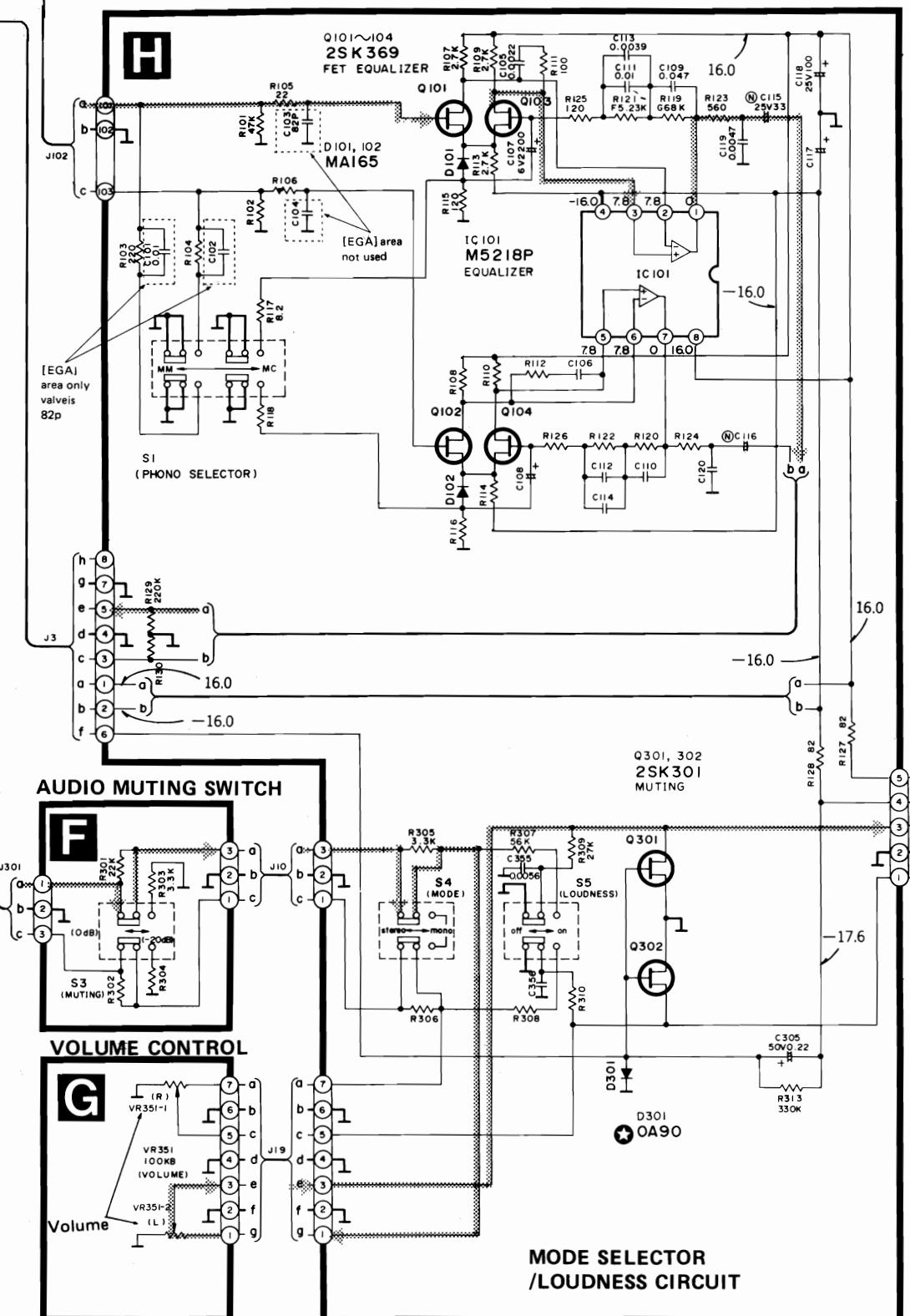




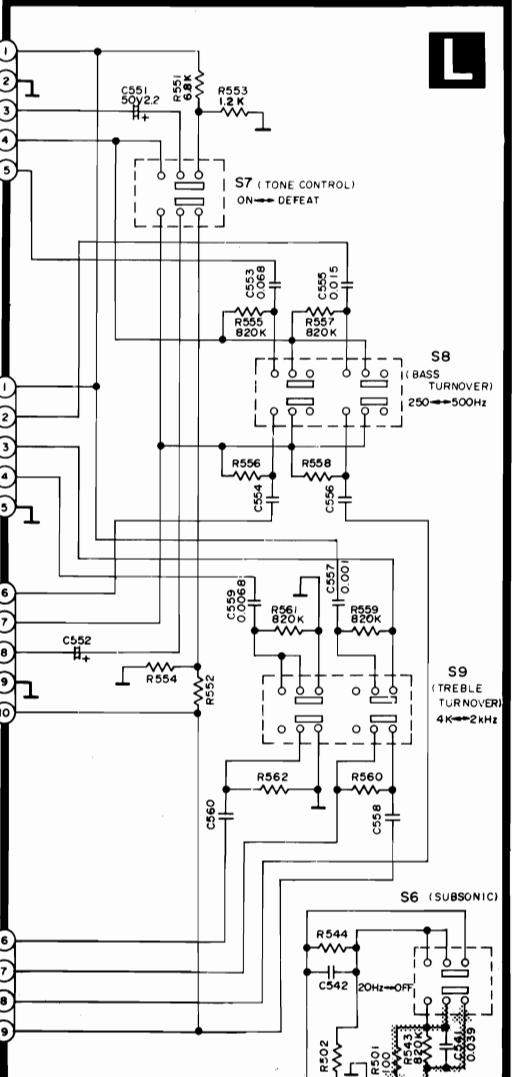


AUDIO/VIDEO INPUT LED

R TV/AUX1 INPUT CIRCUIT



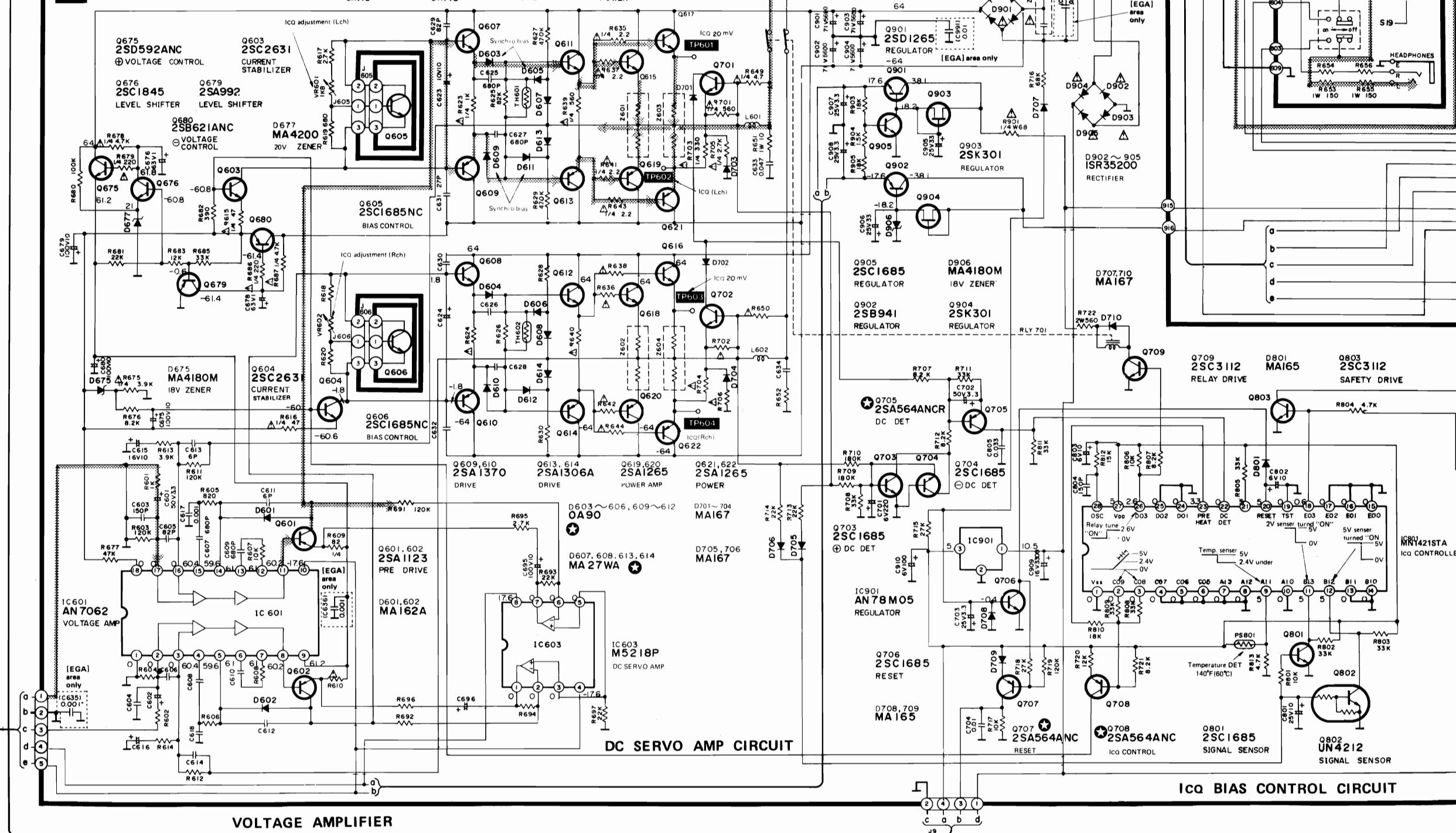
**TONE CONTROL SWITCH
/TURNOVER FREQUENCY
SELECTOR CIRCUIT**

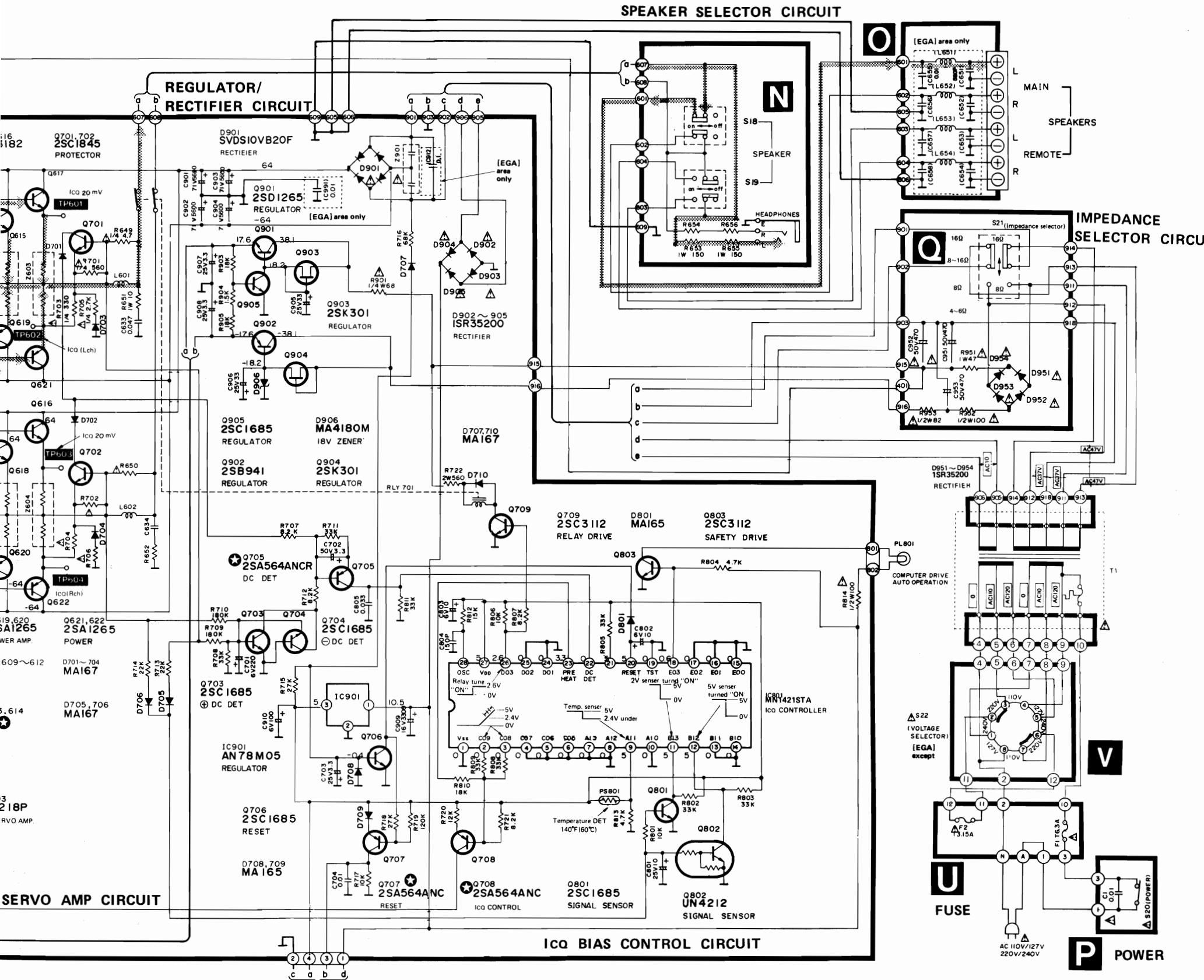


SYNCHRO BIAS/POWER AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT



1





■ SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

- The part No. of transistors, IC and diodes mentioned in the schematic diagram stand for production part No. Regarding the part No. with **△** mark, the production part No. are different from the replacement part No. Therefore, when placing an order for replacement part, please use the part No. in the replacement parts list.

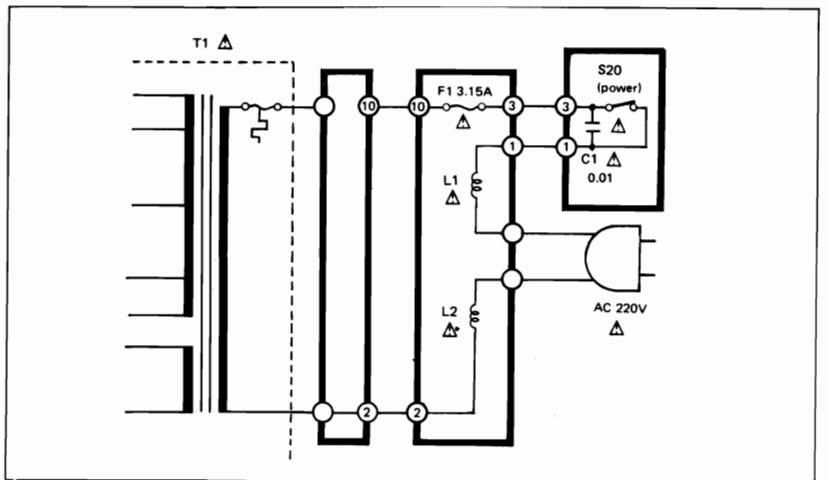
- S1:** Phono selection switch in "MM" position.
MM → MC
- S2:** AUX 2 / Video selection switch in "rear" position.
front → rear
- S3:** Muting switch in "off" position.
off → on (-20dB)
- S4:** Mode switch in "stereo" position.
stereo → mono
- S5:** Loudness switch in "off" position.
off → on
- S6:** Subsonic switch in "off" position.
off → -20Hz
- S7:** Tone control switch in "on" position.
tone on → defeat
- S8:** Bass turnover switch in "500Hz" position.
500Hz → 250Hz
- S9:** Treble turnover switch in "2kHz" position.
4kHz → 2kHz
- S10-S17:** Input selection switch
S10: Phono, **S11:** tuner, **S12:** CD,
S13: AUX 2 / Video, **S14:** AUX 1 / TV,
S15: TAPE 2 / VCR,
S16: TAPE 1 / DA TAPE, **S17:** REC mode
- S18:** Main speaker switch in "on" position.
on → off
- S19:** Remote speaker switch in "off" position.
on → off
- S20:** Power switch in "on" position.
- S21:** Impedance selection switch in "8~16Ω/16Ω" position.
4~6Ω → 8~16Ω
8Ω → 16Ω
- S22 (Except for [EGA] area):** Voltage selector switch "220V" position.
127V → 110V → 220V → 240V
- S23:** TV/AUX 1 input filter switch in "off" position.
off → on(TV)
- S24:** Indicated voltage values are the standard values for the unit measured by the DC electronic circuit tester (high-impedance) with the chassis taken as standard. Therefore, there may exist some errors in the voltage values, depending on the internal impedance of the DC circuit tester.
- S25:** Phono signal (Lch)
- S26:** Positive voltage lines or Negative voltage lines.
- S27:** Important safety notice:
Components identified by **△** mark have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components use only manufacturer's specified parts.

★Caution !

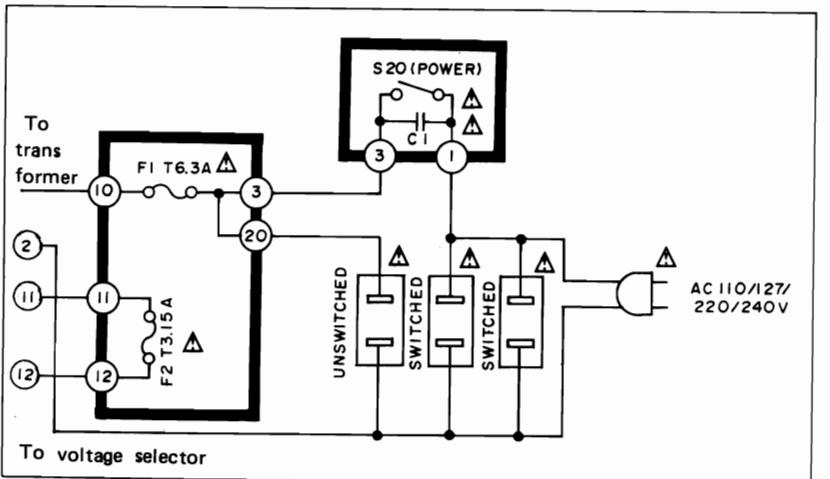
- IC and LSI are sensitive to static electricity.
- Secondary trouble can be prevented by taking care during repair.
- ★ Cover the parts boxes made of plastics with aluminum foil.
- ★ Ground the soldering iron.
- ★ Put a conductive mat on the work table.
- ★ Do not touch the legs of IC or LSI with the fingers directly.

CIRCUITS TO BE CHANGED AND THE AREA

[EGA] area



[XA] area



Ref. No.	Part No.	Value
C1	ECKDKC103PF2	0.01
C101,102	⑤ ECKD1H103ZF	0.01
C103,104	⑤ ECCD1H820K	82P
C105,106	⑤ ECQM1H222JZ	0.0022
C107,108	ECEAOJU222	2200
C109,110	⑤ ECQM1H473JZ	0.047
C111,112	⑤ ECQM1H103JZ	0.01
C113,114	⑤ ECQM1H392JZ	0.0039
C115,116	ECEA1HN3R3	3.3
C117,118	ECEAIEU101	100
C119,120	⑤ ECCD1H472JZ	0.0047
C201	⑤ ECKD1H103ZF	0.01
C201,204	⑤ ECKD1H333ZF	0.033
C205,206	ECCD1H820K	82P
[EGA] only		
C209,210	⑤ ECCD1H181K	180P
[EGA] only		
C211,212	⑤ ECCD1H181K	180P
[EGA] only		
C213,214	⑤ ECCD1H181K	180P
[EGA] only		

Ref. No.	Part No.	Value
C215,216	⑤ ECCD1H181K	180P
[EGA] only		
C217,218	⑤ ECCD1H181K	180P
[EGA] only		
C219,220	⑤ ECCD1H181K	180P
[EGA] only		
C221,222	⑤ ECCD1H181K	180P
[EGA] only		
C223,224	⑤ ECCD1H820K	82P
[EGA] only		
C251	ECCW2R3A3R3E	3.3F
C253	⑤ ECKD1H102MD	0.001
C254,255	⑤ ECKD1H471KB	470P
C256	ECEA1CU100	10
C305	⑤ ECEA50NRR2R	0.22
C351,352	ECEA1AU221	220
C353,354	⑤ ECCD1H121K	120P
C355,356	⑤ ECQM1H563JZ	0.056
C357	ECEA1HU470	47
C401,402	ECEAOJU471	470
C403	ECEAOJU471	470

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

Notes: 1. Part numbers are indicated on most mechanical parts.

Please use this part number for parts orders.

2. Important safety notice:

Components identified by Δ mark have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components use only manufacturer's specified parts.

3. Bracketed indications in Ref. No. columns specify the area. Parts without these indications can be used for all areas.

4. The "⑤" mark is service standard parts and may differ from production parts.

5. The unit of resistance is OHM (Ω).

$$K = 1000\Omega, M = 1000K\Omega$$

6. The unit of capacitance is MICROFARAD (μF).

$$P = 10^{-6} \mu F$$

7. The parenthesized numbers in the column of description stand for the quantity per set.

Resistor Type	Wattage	Tolerance
ERD: Carbon	10 : 1/BW	J : $\pm 5\%$
ERG: Metal Oxide	25 : 1/4W	G : $\pm 2\%$
ERC: Solid	2F : 1/4W	K : $\pm 10\%$
	S2 : 1/4W	
	S1 : 1/2W	
	12 : 1/2W	

Capacitor Type	Voltage		Tolerance
	ECEA Type	Other	
ECEA...N : Non-polar Electrolytic	2R3: 2.3V	05 : 50V DC	C : $\pm 0.25\mu F$
ECEA : Electrolytic	DC : 1H	: 50V DC	J : $\pm 5\%$
ECCD : Ceramic	OJ : 6.3V	1 : 125V DC	K : $\pm 10\%$
ECKD : Ceramic	1C : 16V	2H : 500V DC	Z : $+80\%, -20\%$
ECQV : Polyester	1E : 35V	KC : 400V AC	M : $\pm 20\%$
ECQP : Polypropylene	1H : 50V		
EECW : Liquid electrolyte double layer capacitor	50 : 50V		
ECKF : Ceramic	2A : 100V		

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS		
IC101	M5218P	Integrated Circuit
IC201	TC9163N	Integrated Circuit
IC202	TC9164N	Integrated Circuit
IC251	μ PD7506C043	Integrated Circuit
IC252,403	NN4069UB	Integrated Circuit
IC253,254	DN74LS145	Integrated Circuit
IC401,402	μ PD4066BC	Integrated Circuit
IC501	M5219P	Integrated Circuit
IC601	AN7062N	Integrated Circuit
IC603	M5218P	Integrated Circuit
IC801	NN1421STA	Integrated Circuit
IC901	AN78W05	Integrated Circuit
TRANSISTORS		
Q101~104	2SK369-GR	Transistor
Q251,252	UN4211	Transistor
Q253,705,	2SA722-S	(Product part is 2SA564)
707,708		
Q301,302,352	2SK301-S	Transistor
Q351	2SD1265-P	Transistor
Q405,406	2SC3112	Transistor
Q601,602	2SA1123-R	Transistor
Q603,604	2SC2631-R	Transistor
Q605,606	2SC1685-QNC	Transistor
Q607,608	2SC2632-R	Transistor
Q609,610	2SA1124-R	Transistor
Q611,612	2SC2592-R	Transistor
Q613,614	2SA1112-R	Transistor
Q615~618	2SC2182-R	Transistor
Q619~622	2SA1265R	Transistor
Q675	2SD592ANC-S	Transistor
Q676,701,702	2SC1845-E	Transistor
Q679	2SA992E	Transistor
Q680	2SB821A-R	Transistor
Q703,704,706,	2SC1685-QNC	Transistor
801,905		
COILS		
L1,[EGA] only	ELQ1	
L201~204	SLQ1	
[EGA] only		
L651~654	SLQ1	
[EGA] only		
L1001,1002	SLM1	
TRANSFORMER		
T1 [EGA]	Δ SLT1	
T1 [other]	Δ SLT1	
CRYSTAL		
X251	SVF1	
VARIABLE RESISTORS		
VR351	EWJ1	
Ref. No. Part No. Description		
CABINET and CHASSIS PARTS		
1	SGWUV7X-KW	Front Panel Ass'y (1)
2	SKU8990-5	Chassis
3	SKL295	Foot (4)
4	SBCUV10X-KW	Button Ass'y (1)
5	SGWUV10X-KW1	Ornament Door (1)
6	SGXUV10X-KW	Grille Ass'y (1)
7	SDU270	Filter (1)
8	SBM1192	Volume Button (1)
9	SBM1193	Knob (3)
10	SGXUV10X-KW1	Grille Ass'y (1)
11	SBC439-2	Speaker Button (2)
12	SJJ63B	Headphone Jack (1)
13	SDU268	Filter (1)
14	SPW388	Lamp Case (1)
15	SBC719-1	Button (8)
16	SJP3061-2N	Terminal Board (1)
17	SPW387-1	(Input) (1)
18	SBC708	Muting Button (1)
19	SHR9756	Rod,Muting Button (1)
20	SBC686	Power Button (1)
21	SBC719-1	Button (7)
22	SML107-12	Plate, (1)
23	SGE1729	Power Transformer Cap (1)
24	SUH575-5	Plate (1)
25	SHR9755	PCB Holder (1)
26	SUV2908	Plate (1)
27	SHG6352	Rubber (2)
28	SUV2909	Hold Plate,P.C.B. (2)
29	SJF4815-1	Terminal Board (1)
30	SUV2915	(Speaker) (1)
31	SJP3057N	Plate,Heat Sink (1)
32	SJP3059N	In/Output (1)
33	ECEA1CU100	Terminal Board (1)
34	ECEA1CU101	In/Output (1)
35	ECEA1CU102	Terminal Board (1)
36	ECEA1CU103	In/Output (1)
37	ECEA1CU104	Terminal Board (1)
38	ECEA1CU105	In/Output (1)
39	ECEA1CU106	Terminal Board (1)
40	ECEA1CU107	In/Output (1)
41	ECEA1CU108	Terminal Board (1)
42	ECEA1CU109	In/Output (1)
43	ECEA1CU110	Terminal Board (1)
44	ECEA1CU111	In/Output (1)
45	ECEA1CU112	Terminal Board (1)
46	ECEA1CU113	In/Output (1)
47	ECEA1CU114	Terminal Board (1)
48	ECEA1CU115	In/Output (1)
49	ECEA1CU116	Terminal Board (1)
50	ECEA1CU117	In/Output (1)
51	ECEA1CU118	Terminal Board (1)
52</td		

"S" mark is service standard parts and may differ
in production parts.
unit of resistance is OHM (Ω).
 $K = 1000\Omega$, $M = 1000K\Omega$
unit of capacitance is MICROFARAD (μF).
 $P = 10^{-6}\mu F$
parenthesized numbers in the column of descriptions stand for the quantity per set.

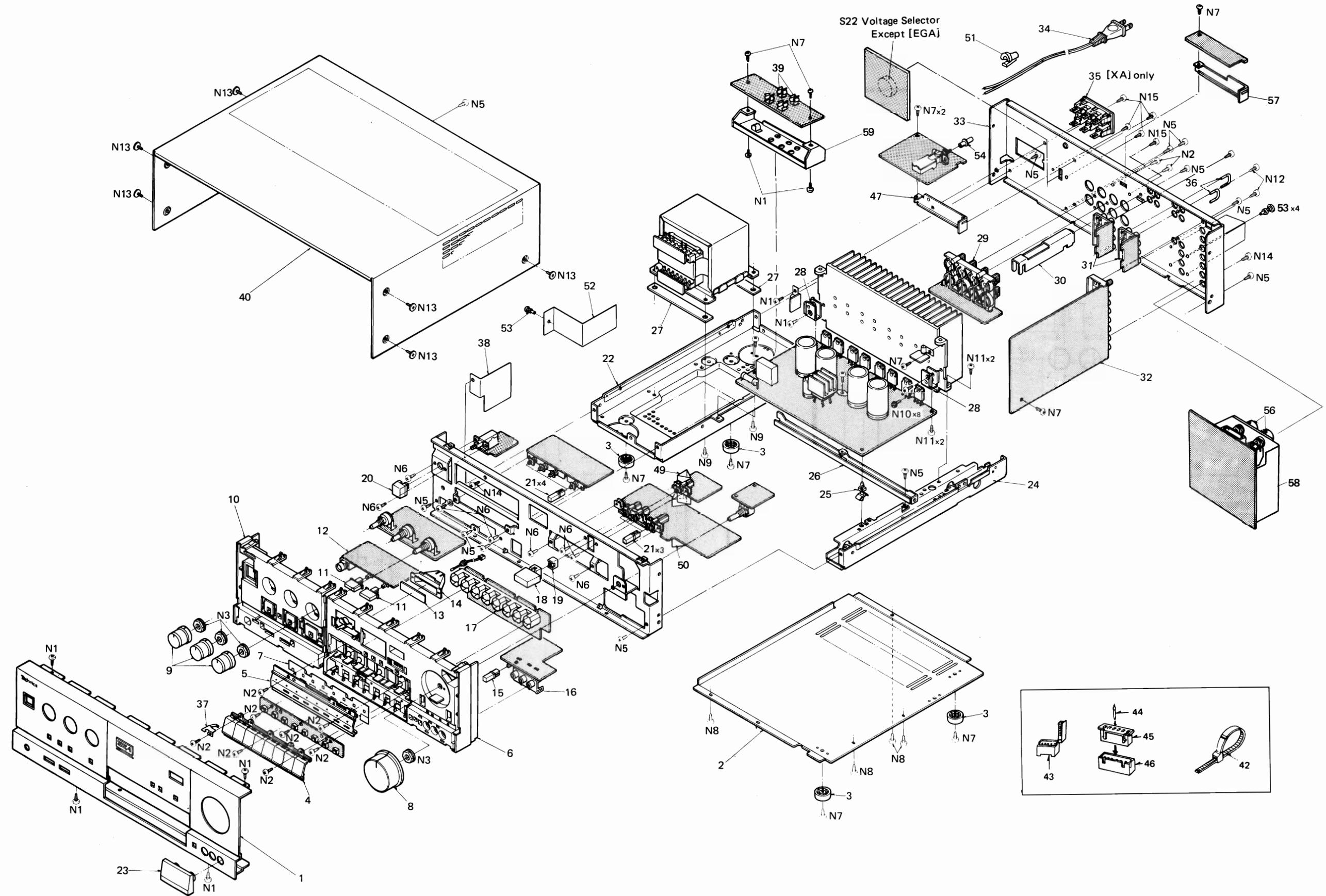
Sector Type	Voltage		Tolerance
	ECEA Type	Other	
Non-polar Electrolytic	2R3: 2.3V	05 : 50V DC	C : $\pm 0.25\mu F$
Electrolytic	DC	1H : 50V DC	J : $\pm 5\%$
Ceramic	OJ : 6.3V	1 : 125V DC	K : $\pm 10\%$
Ceramic	1C : 16V	2H : 500V DC	Z : $+80\%, -20\%$
Polyester	1E : 25V	KC : 400V AC	M : $\pm 20\%$
Polyester	1V : 35V		
Polypropylene	1H : 50V		
Liquid electrolyte double layer capacitor	50 : 50V		
Ceramic	25 : 25V		
	2A : 100V		

Part No.	Value	Ref. No.	Part No.	Value
ERDS2TJ102	1K	R705, 706	△ ERD25FJ272	2.7K
ERDS2TJ124	120K	R707	ERDS2TJ22	8.2K
ERDS2TJ821	820	R708	ERDS2TJ333	33K
ERDS2TJ103	10K	R709, 710	ERDS2TJ184	180K
△ ERD25FJ820	82	R711	ERDS2TJ333	33K
EROS2TKG1203	120K	R712	ERDS2TJ822	8.2K
ERDS2TJ392	3.9K	R713, 714	ERDS2TJ223	22K
△ ERD25FJ470	47	R715	ERDS2TJ273	27K
△ ERD25FJ272	2.7K	R716	ERDS2TJ683	68K
ERDS2TJ681	680	R717	ERDS2TJ103	10K
△ ERD25FJ102	1K	R718	ERDS2TJ273	27K
ERDS2TJ823	82K	R719	ERDS2TJ24	120K
ERDS2TJ474	470K	R720	ERDS2TJ23	12K
ERDS2TJ474	470K	R721	ERDS2TJ822	8.2K
△ ERD25FJ222	2.2	R722	ERG2ANJ681	680
△ ERD25FJ222	2.2	R801	ERDS2TJ333	33K
△ ERD25FJ581	560	R802, 803	ERDS2TJ333	33K
△ ERD25FJ282	2.2	R804	ERDS2TJ472	4.7K
△ ERD25FJ282	2.2	R805	ERDS2TJ333	33K
△ ERD25FJ477	4.7	R806	ERDS2TJ103	10K
△ ERG1ANJ100	10	R807	ERDS2TJ822	8.2K
△ ERG1ANJ151	150	R808, 809	ERDS2TJ333	33K
△ ERG1ANJ151	150	R810	ERDS2TJ183	18K
△ ERD25FJ392	3.9K	R811	ERDS2TJ333	33K
ERDS2TJ822	8.2K	R812	ERDS2TJ153	15K
ERDS2TJ473	4.7K	R813	ERDS2TJ472	4.7K
△ ERD25FJ472	4.7K	R814	ERDS1FJ20	22
△ ERD25FJ221	220	R901	ERD25FJ101	100
ERDS2TJ104	100K	R903	ERDS2TJ183	18K
ERDS2TJ223	22K	R904	ERDS2TJ152	1.5K
ERDS2TJ391	390	R905	ERDS2TJ183	18K
ERDS2TJ153	15K	R951 [EGA]	ERG1ANJ470	47
ERDS2TJ392	3.9K	R951 [other]	ERG1ANJ220	22
ERDS2TJ333	33K	R952	△ ERDS1FJ101	100
△ ERD25FJ472	4.7K	R953	ERDS1FJ820	82
ERDS2TJ124	120K	R954, 962	ERD2FCJ6R8	6.8
ERDS2TJ223	22K	R963, 964	ERD2FCJ6R8	6.8
ERDS2TJ273	27K	R965, 966	ERD2FCJ6R8	6.8
ERDS2TJ223	22K	R967	ERD2FCG470	47
△ ERD25FJ581	560	R1001, 1002	ERDS2TJ102	1K
△ ERD25FJ331	330	R1003, 1004	ERDS2TJ332	3.3K

Part No.	Value	Ref. No.	Part No.	Value
ECKD1H681KB	680P	C802, 803	ECAICU100	10
ECKD1H681KB	680P	C804	ECCD1H151K	150P
ECCD2H820K	82P	C805	ECKD1H333Z	0.033
ECCD2H720K	27P	C901, 902	ECECS71V562U	5600
ECEA1H73JZ	0.047	C903, 904	ECECS71V562U	5600
ECQW1H102MD	0.001	C905, 906	ECEA1EU330	33
ECKD2H102ZEM	0.001	C907, 908	ECEA1EU3R3	3.3
ECEA1EU3R3	3.3	C909	ECEAICU32	3300
ECEA1JU010	1	C910	ECEAOJU101	100
ECEA1JU010	1	C912 [EGA]	ECEDE2104MS	0.1
ECEA1JU010	1	C951, 952	ECEA1HU471	470
ECEA2AU100	10	C953	ECEA1HU471	470
ECEAOJU221	220	C991	△ ECKD1H103Z	0.01
ECEA1HU3R3	3.3	[EGA] only		
ECEA1EU3R3	3.3			
ECKD1H103Z	0.01			
ECEA1VU100	10			

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS								
IC101	H5218P	Integrated Circuit	T0709, 803	2SC3112	Transistor	VR502, 503	EWCXEA000C15	Variable Resistor
IC201	TC9183N	Integrated Circuit	Q802	UN4212	Transistor	VR601, 602	EVNK6AA00B13	100 Ω (C)
IC202	TC9184N	Integrated Circuit	Q901	2SD1265-P	Transistor			Resistor 1k Ω (B)
			Q902	2SB941-Q	Transistor			
			Q903, 904	2SK301-S	Transistor			
DIODES								
IC251	μ PD7508C043	Integrated Circuit	I101, 102,	WA165	Diode	Z401	EXBP85223K	Component Combination
			251~254, 407,			Z601~604	ERF3GBKR22N	Component Combination
			708, 709, 801			Z801 [EGA]	△ SXRFS203ZSM	Component Combination
			D255~281	LN41YCPHL	LED			
			D262~269	LN81ICPHL	LED			
			D270, 301	20A90	Diode			
TRANSISTORS								
Q101~104	2SK369-GR	Transistor	D271, 272	MA27W-A	Diode	Z801 [EGA]	△ SXRFS203ZSM	Component Combination
Q251, 252	UN4211	Transistor	D351, 401	MA4150M	Diode	TH601, 602	ERTD2ZHL103S	Thermister, 10k Ω
Q253, 705,	2SA722-S	Transistor	D402	MA4088M	Diode	RLY701	SSY126	Relay
707, 708	(Product part is 2SA564)		D403~406	MC911	Diode	PS801	SRPBG47101	Posistor
Q301, 302, 352	2SK301-S	Transistor	D601, 602	MA162A	Diode	PL	△ XAMS125500	Lamp
	2SD1265-P	Transistor	D607, 608, 613,	MA27W-A	Diode	FUSES		
			D675, 906	MA4180M	Diode	F1 [EK]	△ XBA2C63TB0	250V, 6.3A
			D677	MA4200M	Diode	F1 [EGA]	△ XBA2C31TR0	250V, 3.15A
			D701~707, 710	MA167	Diode	F1 [other]	△ XBA2C63TR0	250V, 6.3A
			D901	SVDS10VB20	Rectifier	F2 [EK]	△ XBA2C31TB0	250V, 3.15A
			D902~905,	ISR35200	Rectifier	F2 [EGA]	△ XBA2C31TR0	250V, 3.15A
			951~954					
COILS								
L1, 2 [EGA] only	△ ELQ050D15	Choke Coil	S1, 4, 5	SSH3079	Loudness			
L201~204	SLQW471-1P3	Choke Coil	S2	SSH1183	Aux			
[EGA] only			S3	SSH1184	Muting			
L601, 602	SLQY18G-10	Choke Coil	S6~9	SSH485	Tone			
L651~654	SLQY07G-30	Choke Coil	S10~17	SSG13	Input Selector			
L1001, 1002	SLW1Z37-P	Choke Coil	S18, 19	SSH2089				

■ EXPLODED VIEW



Computer Drive New Class A

Stereo Integrated Amplifier

SU-V7X

DEUTSCH

- This booklet contains the specifications and adjusting procedures for SU-V7X, written in German, French and Spanish.
- File this manual together with the SU-V7X service manual (Order No. HAD8507181C2).
- Das vorliegende Büchlein enthält die technische Daten und Justierverfahren für den SU-V7X in deutscher, französischer und spanischer Sprache.
- Bewahren Sie das Büchlein zusammen mit der Bedienungsanleitung für des SU-V7X auf (Bestell-Nr. HAD8507181C2).
- Cette brochure contient les spécifications et les procédures de mises au point pour le SU-V7X, écrites en allemand, en français et en espagnol.
- Classer ce manuel en même temps qu'avec le manuel de service du SU-V7X (N° d'ordre : HAD8507181C2).
- Este librito contiene la especificaciones y procedimientos de ajuste para SU-V7X, escritos en alemán, francés y español.
- Guardar este manual juntamente con el manual de servicio de SU-V7X (Pedido N° HAD8507181C2).

DEUTSCH

■ TECHNISCHE DATEN

(DIN 45 500)

■ ENDVERSTÄRKERTEIL (Eingangssignal: EXT INPUT)

Dauerton-Ausgangsleistung bei 1 kHz beide Kanäle ausgesteuert	2 × 100W (4 Ω) 2 × 100W (8 Ω)
--	----------------------------------

Dauerton-Ausgangsleistung bei 40 Hz ~ 16 kHz beide Kanäle ausgesteuert	2 × 100W (4 Ω) 2 × 100W (8 Ω)
---	----------------------------------

Dauerton-Ausgangsleistung bei 20 Hz ~ 20 kHz beide Kanäle ausgesteuert	2 × 100W (4 Ω) 2 × 100W (8 Ω)
---	----------------------------------

Gesamtklirrfaktor Nennleistung bei 20 Hz ~ 20 kHz	0,007% (4 Ω) 0,003% (8 Ω)
--	------------------------------

Nennleistung bei 40 Hz ~ 16 kHz	0,007% (4 Ω) 0,003% (8 Ω)
---------------------------------	------------------------------

Nennleistung bei 1 kHz	0,0015% (4 Ω) 0,001% (8 Ω)
------------------------	-------------------------------

halbe Nennleistung bei 20 Hz ~ 20 kHz	0,002% (8 Ω)
---------------------------------------	--------------

halbe Nennleistung bei 1 kHz	0,001% (8 Ω)
------------------------------	--------------

Intermodulationsfaktor Nennleistung bei 250 Hz: 8 kHz = 4:1, 8 Ω	0,01%
---	-------

Nennleistung bei 60 Hz: 7 kHz = 4:1, nach SMPTE, 8 Ω	0,007%
--	--------

Leistungsbandbreite beide Kanäle ausgesteuert bei -3 dB	5 Hz ~ 70 kHz (4 Ω, 0,03%) 5 Hz ~ 70 kHz (8 Ω, 0,02%)
--	--

Restbrumm und Geräusch	0,5 mV
------------------------	--------

Dämpfungsfaktor	40 (4 Ω), 80 (8 Ω)
-----------------	--------------------

Kopfhörerpegel und -impedanz	670 mV/330 Ω
------------------------------	--------------

Lautsprecherimpedanz MAIN oder REMOTE	4 Ω ~ 16 Ω
--	------------

MAIN und REMOTE	8 Ω ~ 16 Ω
-----------------	------------

■ VORVERSTÄRKERTEIL

Eingangsempfindlichkeit und -impedanz

Phono - magnetisch (PHONO MM)	2,5 mV/47 kΩ
Phono - dynamisch (PHONO MC)	170 μV/220 Ω
Tuner, CD, TV/AUX 1, Video/AUX 2, Tape 1/Digitaltonband, Tape 2/VCR	150 mV/18 kΩ

Maximale TA-Eingangsspannung (1 kHz, eff.)

Magnetisch (MM)	170 mV
Dynamisch (MC)	12 mV

Geräuschspannungsabstand

Nennleistung (4 Ω)	78 dB (88 dB nach IHF, A)
--------------------	---------------------------

Phono - magnetisch (PHONO MM)

72 dB (72 dB nach IHF, A (250 μV))

Tuner, CD, TV/AUX 1, Video/AUX 2,

Tape 1/Digitaltonband, Tape 2/VCR

Frequenzgang	93 dB (102 dB nach IHF, A)
--------------	----------------------------

Phono

RIAA-Standardkurve,

±0,2 dB (30 Hz ~ 15 kHz)

Tuner, CD, TV/AUX 1, Video/AUX 2,

Tape 1/Digitaltonband, Tape 2/VCR

	-3 dB (2 Hz ~ 120 kHz)
--	------------------------

+0 dB, -0,1 dB (20 Hz ~ 20 kHz)

Klangregler

Baßregler (BASS)

50 Hz, +10 dB ~ -10 dB

Höhenregler (TREBLE)

20 kHz, +10 dB ~ -10 dB

Übergangs frequenz

Baßregler (BASS)

250 Hz, 500 Hz

Höhenregler (TREBLE)

2 kHz, 4 kHz

Tondämpfung

-20 dB

Tiefenfilter

20 Hz, -6 dB/Okt.

Gehörrichtige Lautstärkekorrektur (Loudness)

(bei -30 dB Ausgangsleistung)

50 Hz, +9 dB

Ausgangsspannung und -impedanz	
Tape 1/2 Aufnahme (TAPE 1, 2, REC OUT)	150 mV
Kanalabweichung (CD, Aux 1, 2)	250 Hz ~ 6300 Hz
Übersprechdämpfung (CD, Aux 1, 2)	1 kHz
	±1 dB
	55 dB

■ VIDEOTEIL (TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 2/VCR)

Ausgangsspannung	
(Eingang 1 V, 75 Ω unsymmetrisch)	1 ± 0,1 Vss
Maximale Eingangsspannung	1,5 Vss
Eingangs/Ausgangsimpedanz	75 Ω unsymmetrisch

■ ALLGEMEINE DATEN

Leistungsaufnahme	580 W
Netzspannung	Wechselstrom 50 Hz/60 Hz, 220 V
Abmessungen (B×H×T)	430 × 147 × 385 mm
Gewicht	11 kg

Bemerkung:

Der Gesamtklirrfaktor wurde mit einem digitalen Rauschspektrometer (Anlage H.P. 3045) gemessen.
(Die technischen Daten können infolge von Verbesserungen ohne Ankündigung geändert werden.)

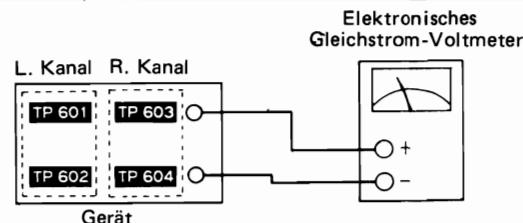
■ MESSUNGEN UND JUSTIERUNGEN

Einstellungen der Bedienelemente und zu verwendende Geräte

- Lautstärkeregler ∞
- Hauptlautsprecher-Wahlschalter off
- Nebenlautsprecher-Wahlschalter off
- Aufnahme-Wahlschalter aux 1/TV
- Lautsprecherimpedanz-Schalter 16Ω
- Elektronisches Wechsel- und Gleichstrom-Voltmeter
- Meßsender
- Widerstand (0,33Ω)

Leerlauf-(ICQ)-Justierung

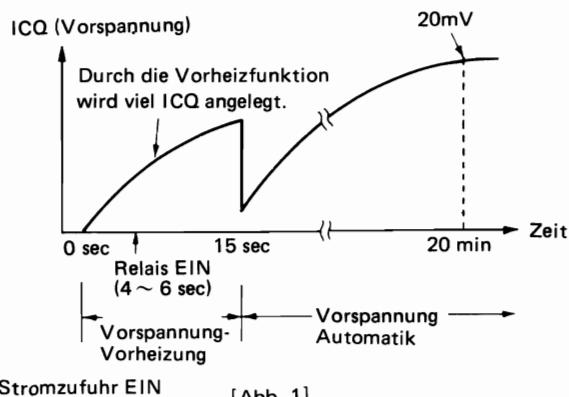
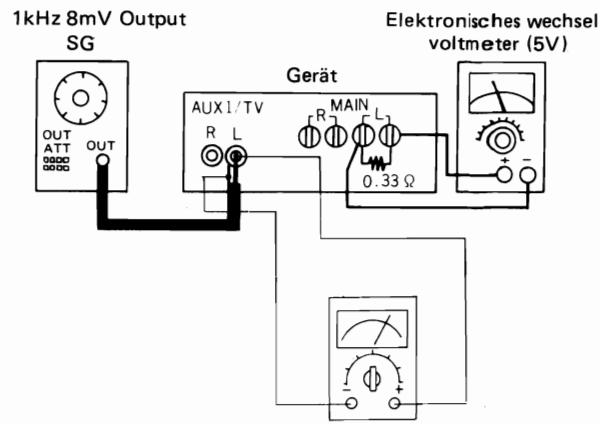
1. Der Testaufbau ist in der Zeichnung gezeigt.
2. Die ICQ-Volumenregler (VR601, VR602) entgegen dem Uhrzeigersinn drehen.
3. Nach Einschalten des Netzschatzers **VR601** (linker Kanal) und **VR602** (rechter Kanal) auf je ca. **20mV** justieren, wie in Abb. 1.



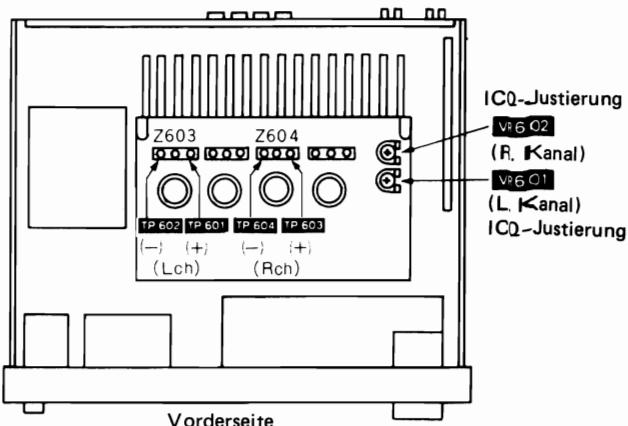
Prüfung der Überlast Detektorschaltung

1. Der Testaufbau ist in der Zeichnung gezeigt.
2. Ein Signal von 1kHz, 8mV (Ausgang ca. 5V) an den Aux.-Eingangsanschluß (aux 1/TV).
3. Den Lautsprecherschalter auf "off" stellen.
4. Einen 0,33Ω-Widerstand (ca. 1W) an den Hauptlautsprecheranschluß anschließen.
5. Bei eingeschaltetem Hauptlautsprecherschalter überprüfen, daß
 - { das Relais ausgeschaltet ist und
 - { die Anzeige "Computer Drive Auto Operation" blinkt.
6. Den rechten (R.) Kanal auf dieselbe vorstehend beschriebene Weise überprüfen.

(Anmerkung) Wenn das Relais wieder eingeschaltet wird, ist ein Moment zu warten, nachdem die Stromversorgung ausgeschaltet worden ist. Andernfalls wird es nicht zurückgestellt, selbst wenn die Schaltung und Last in normalem Zustand sind.



• Zu justierende Punkte



FRANÇAIS

CARACTÉRISTIQUES

(DIN 45 500)

SECTION AMPLIFICATEUR PRINCIPAL

(signal d'entrée: EXT INPUT)

Puissance de sortie continue à 1 kHz les deux canaux en circuit	2 × 100W (4Ω) 2 × 100W (8Ω)
Puissance de sortie continue de 40 Hz~16 kHz, les deux canaux en circuit	2 × 100W (4Ω) 2 × 100W (8Ω)
Puissance de sortie continue de 20 Hz~20 kHz, les deux canaux en circuit	2 × 100W (4Ω) 2 × 100W (8Ω)
Distorsion harmonique totale à puissance nominale (20 Hz~20 kHz)	0,007% (4Ω) 0,003% (8Ω)
à puissance nominale (40 Hz~16 kHz)	0,007% (4Ω) 0,003% (8Ω)
à puissance nominale (1 kHz)	0,0015% (4Ω) 0,001% (8Ω)
à demi-puissance (20 Hz~20 kHz)	0,002% (8Ω)
à demi-puissance (1 kHz)	0,001% (8Ω)
Distorsion d'intermodulation	
à puissance nominale à 250 Hz: 8 kHz=4:1, 8Ω	0,01%
à puissance nominale à 60 Hz: 7 kHz=4:1, SMPTE, 8Ω	
	0,007%

Réponse de fréquences

les deux canaux en circuit, -3 dB	5 Hz~70 kHz (4Ω, 0,03%) 5 Hz~70 kHz (8Ω, 0,02%)
Bruit et ronflement résiduels	0,5 mV

Coefficient d'amortissement 40 (4Ω), 80 (8Ω)

Niveau de sortie des casques et impédance 670 mV/330Ω

Impédance de charge 4Ω~16Ω

PRINCIPALE ou AUXILIAIRE (MAIN or REMOTE) 4Ω~16Ω

PRINCIPALE et AUXILIAIRE (MAIN and REMOTE) 8Ω~16Ω

SECTION PRE-AMPLIFICATEUR

Sensibilité et impédance d'entrée

PHONO, AIMANT MOBILE (PHONO MM) 2,5 mV/47kΩ

PHONO, BOBINE MOBILE (PHONO MC) 170 µV/220Ω

SYNTONISEUR, DISQUE COMPACTO,
TV/AUX 1, VIDEO /AUX 2, BANDE 1/DIGITALE,
BANDE 2/VCR (TUNER, CD, TV/AUX 1,
VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 1/DA TAPE, TAPE 2/VCR)

150 mV/18kΩ

PHONO (tension d'entrée maximum, 1 kHz RMS)

AIMANT MOBILE (MM) 170 mV

BOBINE MOBILE (MC) 12 mV

Signal/Bruit

à puissance nominale (4Ω)

PHONO, AIMANT MOBILE (PHONO MM) 78 dB (88 dB, IHF, A)

(Sujet à changement sans préavis)

PHONO, BOBINE MOBILE (PHONO MC)

72 dB (72 dB, IHF, A (250 µV))

SYNTONISEUR, DISQUE COMPACTO, TV/AUX 1, VIDEO /AUX 2, BANDE 1/DIGITALE, BANDE 2/VCR (TUNER, CD, TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 1/DA TAPE, TAPE 2/VCR)

93 dB (102 dB, IHF, A:)

Réponse de fréquence

PHONO

Courbe nominale RIAA
±0,2 dB (30 Hz~15 kHz)

SYNTONISEUR, DISQUE COMPACTO, TV/AUX 1, VIDEO /AUX 2, BANDE 1/DIGITALE, BANDE 2/VCR (TUNER, CD, TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 1/DA TAPE, TAPE 2/VCR)

-3 dB (2 Hz~120 kHz)
+0 dB, -0,1 dB (20 Hz~20 kHz)

Réglage de la tonalité

BASSES (BASS)

50 Hz, +10 dB~-10 dB

AIGUS (TREBLE)

20 kHz, +10 dB~-10 dB

Fréquence de renversement

BASSES (BASS)

250 Hz, 500 Hz

AIGUS (TREBLE)

2 kHz, 4 kHz

Réglage silencieux

Filtre subsonique

-20 dB

Compensateur physiologique (volume à -30 dB)

50 Hz, +9 dB

Tension de sortie et impédance

SORTIE ENREGISTREMENT/BANDE 1, 2 (TAPE 1, 2, REC OUT)

150 mV

Equilibrage des canaux, CD, AUX 1, 2

250 Hz~6 300 Hz

±1 dB

Séparation des canaux, CD, AUX 1, 2

1 kHz

55 dB

SECTION VIDEO

(TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 2/VCR)

Tension de sortie (pour une entrée de 1V

sous 75 ohms, non compensée)

1±0,1 Vp-p

Tension d'entrée max.

1,5 Vp-p

Impédance entrée/sortie

75 ohms, non compensée

DIVERS

Consommation

580W

Alimentation

CA 50 Hz/60 Hz, 110V/127V/220V/240V

Dimensions (L×H×Pr)

430 × 147 × 385 mm

Poids

11 kg

Remarque:

- La Société NATIONAL-PANASONIC-FRANCE, importateur du matériel MATSUSHITA-ELECTRIC déclare que cet appareil est conforme aux prescriptions de la directive 76/889/C.E.E. (arrêté 14 Janvier 1980).
- On mesure la distorsion harmonique totale au moyen d'un analyseur de spectre digital (Système H.P. 3045).

(Sujet à changement sans préavis)

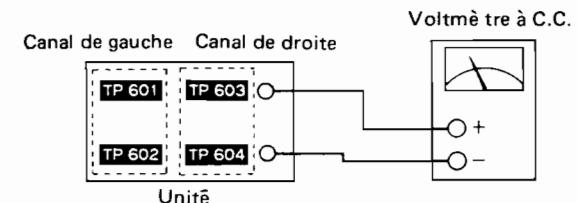
MESURAGES ET RÉGLAGES

Positions de réglage et équipement utilisé

- Bouton du volume ∞
- Sélecteur du haut-parleur principal hors circuit
- Sélecteur du haut-parleur auxiliaire hors circuit
- Sélecteur d'enregistrement auxil. 1/TV
- Sélecteur d'impédance des enceintes 16Ω
- Voltmètres électroniques à C.A. et à C.C. (EVM).
- Générateur de signaux
- Résistance (0,33Ω)

Réglage du temps mort (ICQ)

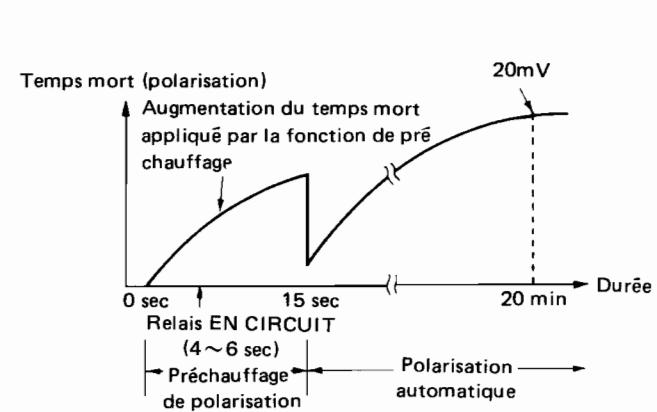
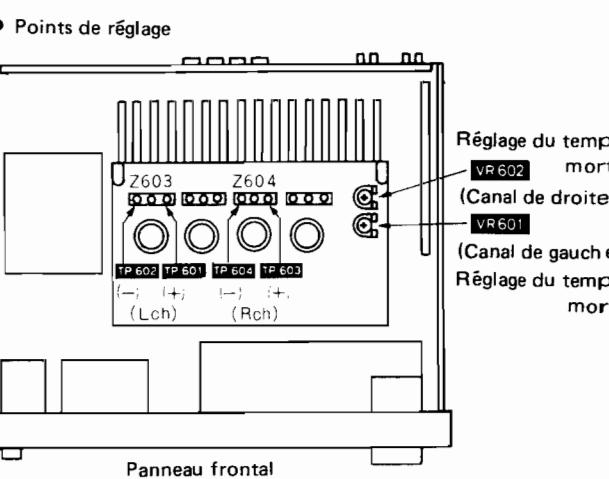
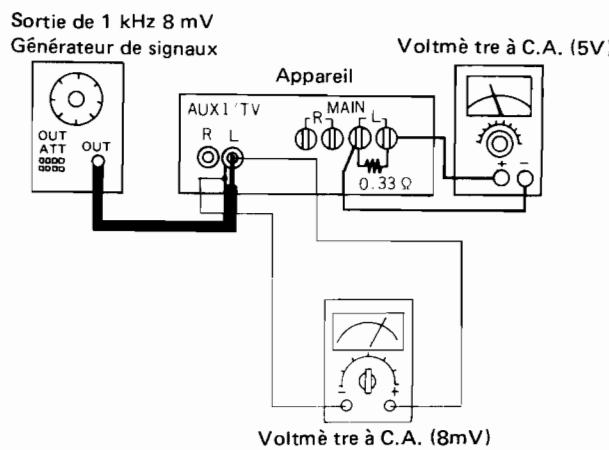
- Raccordement de l'équipement d'essai, comme il est montré sur la figure.
- tourner le volume de contrôle de ICQ (VR601, VR602) dans sens inverse des aiguilles d'une montre.
- Après avoir tourné l'interrupteur d'alimentation sur "on" (mise en marche), régler respectivement VR601 (canal de gauche) et VR602 (canal de droite) sur environ 20mV, comme il est montré à la Fig. 1.



Vérification du circuit de détection de surcharge

- Raccordement de l'équipement d'essai, comme il est montré sur la figure.
- Appliquer un signal de 1 kHz, 8 mV (sortie d'environ 5 V) à la borne d'entrée auxil. 1. (aux. 1/TV).
- Commutateur du haut-parleur réglé sur "off" (hors circuit).
- Raccorder une résistance de 0,33Ω (environ 1 W) à la borne du haut-parleur principal.
- Avec le commutateur du haut-parleur principal tourné sur "on" (en circuit), s'assurer que :
 - le relais est "HORS CIRCUIT" ("OFF") et que
 - la commande automatique d'impulsions par ordinateur clignote.
- Vérifier aussi le canal de droite (R) de la même manière que celle mentionnée ci-dessus.

(Nota) Lorsqu'on remet en marche le relais, attendre un moment avant de mettre HORS CIRCUIT l'alimentation en courant. Sans quoi, elle ne pourra pas se réenclencher, même lorsque le circuit et la charge sont dans des conditions normales.



Mise EN MARCHE [Fig. 1]

ESPAÑOL

■ ESPECIFICACIONES

(DIN 45 500)

■ SECCION AMPLIFICADOR PRINCIPAL
(Señal de entrada: EXT INPUT)

Potencia continua de 1 kHz en ambos canales	2 × 100W (4Ω) 2 × 100W (8Ω)
Potencia continua de 40 Hz~16 kHz en ambos canales	2 × 100W (4Ω) 2 × 100W (8Ω)
Potencia continua de 20 Hz~20 kHz en ambos canales	2 × 100W (4Ω) 2 × 100W (8Ω)
Distorsión armónica total	
potencia de régimen a 20 Hz~20 kHz	0,007% (4Ω) 0,003% (8Ω)
potencia de régimen a 40 Hz~16 kHz	0,007% (4Ω) 0,003% (8Ω)
potencia de régimen a 1 kHz	0,0015% (4Ω) 0,001% (8Ω)
mitad de potencia a 20 Hz~20 kHz	0,002% (8Ω)
mitad de potencia a 1 kHz	0,001% (8Ω)
Distorsión por intermodulación	
potencia de régimen a 250 Hz: 8 kHz=4:1, 8Ω	0,01%
potencia de régimen a 60 Hz: 7 kHz=4:1, SMPTE, 8Ω	0,007%
Ancho de banda de potencia con ambos canales, -3 dB	5 Hz~70 kHz (4Ω, 0,03%) 5 Hz~70 kHz (8Ω, 0,02%)
Zumbido residual y ruido	0,5 mV
Factor de amortiguamiento	40 (4Ω), 80 (8Ω)
Impedancia y nivel de salida de los auriculares	670 mV/330Ω
Impedancia de carga	
MAIN o REMOTE	4Ω~16Ω
MAIN y REMOTE	8Ω~16Ω

■ SECCION DEL PREAMPLIFICADOR

Sensibilidad e impedancia de entrada	
TOCADISC. I. M. (PHONO MM)	2,5 mV/47kΩ
TOCADISC. B. M. (PHONO MC)	170 μV/220Ω
SINTON., DISCO COMPACTO, TV/AUX. 1, VIDEO/AUX. 2, GRAB. 1/DIGITAL, GRAB. 2/VCR (TUNER, CD, TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 1/DA TAPE, TAPE 2/VCR)	150 mV/18kΩ
Voltaje máximo de entrada de PHONO (1 kHz, RMS)	170 mV
I. M. (MM)	12 mV
B. M. (MC)	
Relación de señal a ruido	
potencia de régimen (4Ω)	
TOCADISC. I. M. (PHONO MM)	78 dB (88 dB, IHF, A)

TOCADISC. B. M. (PHONO MC)	72 dB (72 dB, IHF, A (250 μV))
SINTON., DISCO COMPACTO, TV/AUX. 1, VIDEO/AUX. 2, GRAB. 1/DIGITAL, GRAB. 2/VCR (TUNER, CD, TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 1/DA TAPE, TAPE 2/VCR)	93 dB (102 dB, IHF, A)
Respuesta de frecuencia TOCADISC. (PHONO)	curva RIAA estándar ±0,2 dB (30 Hz~15 kHz)
SINTON., DISCO COMPACTO, TV/AUX. 1, VIDEO/AUX. 2, GRAB. 1/DIGITAL, GRAB. 2/VCR (TUNER, CD, TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 1/DA TAPE, TAPE 2/VCR)	-3 dB (2 Hz~120 kHz) +0 dB, -0,1 dB (20 Hz~20 kHz)
Controles de tono	
BAJOS (BASS)	50 Hz, +10 dB~-10 dB
AGUDOS (TREBLE)	20 kHz, +10 dB~-10 dB
Frecuencia de transición	
BAJOS (BASS)	250 Hz, 500 Hz
AGUDOS (TREBLE)	2 kHz, 4 kHz
Silenciamiento	-20 dB
Filtro subsónico	20 Hz, -6 dB/oct.
Control de sonoridad (volumen a -30 dB)	50 Hz, +9 dB
Voltaje e impedancia de salida	
GRAB. 1, 2, SAL. GRAB.(TAPE 1, 2, REC OUT)	150 mV
Equilibrio de canales, CD, AUX 1, 2	250 Hz~6 300 Hz ±1 dB
Separación de canales, CD, AUX 1, 2	1 kHz 55 dB

■ SECCION DE VIDEO
(TV/AUX 1, VIDEO/AUX 2, TAPE 2/VCR)

Voltaje de salida (con una entrada de 1V, 75 ohmios desequilibrado)	1±0,1Vp-p
Voltaje de entrada máximo	1,5 Vp-p
Impedancia de entrada/salida	75 ohmios desequilibrado

■ GENERAL

Consumo de energía	580W
Alimentación de energía	CA 50 Hz/60 Hz, 110V/127V/220V/240V
Dimensiones (An.×Al.×Prof.)	430 × 147 × 385 mm
Peso	11 kg

Nota:

La distorsión armónica total se mide con el analizador de espectro digital (sistema H.P. 3045).

(Esta especificaciones están sujetas a cualquier cambio sin previo aviso.)

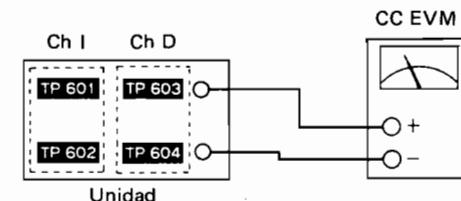
■ MEDICIONES Y AJUSTE

Posiciones de control y equipo usado

- Perilla de volumen ∞
- Selector de altavoz principal off (desconectado)
- Selector de altavoz remoto off
- Selector de grabación aux. 1/TV
- Selector de impedancia de altavoces 16Ω
- Voltímetro electrónico de CA y CC (EVM)
- Generador de señales
- Resistor (0,33Ω)

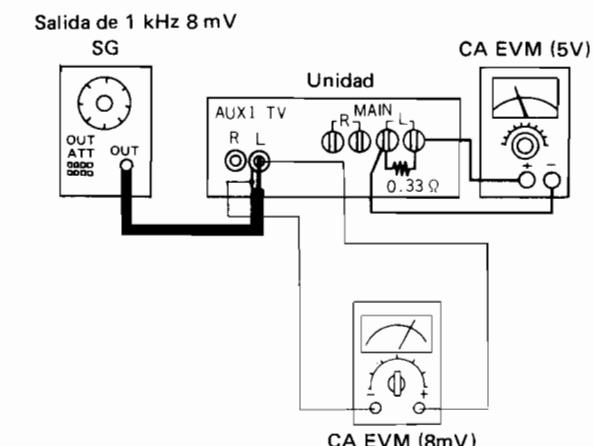
Ajuste de marcha en vacío (ICQ)

1. La conexión de equipo de prueba se muestra en la figura.
2. Girar el volumen de control ICQ (VR601, VR602) a la izquierda.
3. Despues de prender el interruptor de alimentación, ajustar VR601 (canal izquierdo) y VR602 (canal derecho) unos 20mV, respectivamente, como en la Fig. 1.



Comprobación de circuito detector de sobrecarga

1. La conexión de equipo de prueba se muestra en la figura.
2. Aplicar señal de 1 kHz, 8 mV (salida unos 5 V) al terminal de entrada aux. (aux. 1/TV).
3. El interruptor de altavoz desconectado.
4. Conectar resistor de 0,33 (aprox. 1 W) al terminal de altavoz principal.
5. Con interruptor de altavoz principal conectado, asegurarse de que:
 - relé está en "OFF" y
 - operación auto. de accionamiento de computador parpadea.
6. También comprobar el canal derecho (D) de la misma manera que mencionado arriba.



(Nota) Al conectar de nuevo el relé, esperar un rato después de desconectar el suministro de alimentación. De lo contrario, no se responderá aun cuando el circuito y la carga estén en condiciones normales.

● Puntos de ajuste

