

Western Electric Company

No. 143-A AMPLIFIER

The Western Electric 143A Amplifier is a high quality, medium gain power amplifier, intended as a basic amplifier for public address sound distribution systems and wired program service. It has two high impedance input connections controlled by a master volume control; and the chassis has provisions for the addition of pre-amplifiers and apparatus units for various input combinations.

Typical Characteristics

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| <u>Frequency response</u> | ± 1 db 50 to 15,000 cycles. |
| <u>Output Noise</u> | -30 dbm |
| <u>Harmonic Distortion</u> | See Output Power |
| <u>Source Impedance</u> | 0 to 250,000 ohms |
| <u>Load Impedance</u> | 1.5 to 170 ohms |
| <u>Low speaker Line</u> | 70 volts |
| <u>Gain</u> | 52 db from 600 ohm source |
| <u>Gain Control</u> | Continuously variable |
| <u>Output Power</u> | 75 watts as supplied with Western Electric 350B Tubes in the output stage, with less than 5% distortion over the range of 50 to 7500 cycles. 50 watts, 5% distortion, 50 to 7500 cycles when reconnected for 6L6 Tubes in the output stage. |

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| | |
|---------------------|--|
| <u>Power Supply</u> | 105 to 125 volts, 60 cycles. 335 watts maximum (3 amperes). Fused with thermal cut out fuse. |
| <u>Mounting</u> | Either surface or rack mounting. |
| <u>Dimensions</u> | 12-1/4" x 19" x 8-1/2" |
| <u>Finish</u> | Light gray |

Vacuum Tubes

The 143A Amplifier requires the following vacuum tubes which should be inserted in the sockets as designated by the markings on the chassis.

| <u>Quantity</u> | <u>Western Electric</u> | <u>Commercial Receiver Type</u> |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 4 | | 6SN7GT |
| 4 | 350B | 6L6 |
| 2 | | 5R4GY |

These tubes are not supplied with the amplifier and, if desired, must be ordered separately.

Caution

Power should never be applied to the 143A Amplifier unless tube V11 is in the socket. Failure to observe this precaution will result in damage to the output vacuum tubes and to the amplifier components.

(For information on the use of the 350B or the 6L6 tubes, see the section on "Output Power").

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ON-OFF Switch

The ON-OFF Switch is located on a control plate at the center of the front edge of the chassis. This switch must be in the OFF position when changing tubes or making any connections to the amplifier.

Volume Control

The volume control is a continuously adjustable 0.5 megohm potentiometer which is located on the control plate to the left of the ON-OFF switch.

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

External connections to the amplifier are made to terminal strips which are recessed at the front edge of the chassis. Holes are provided at the ends of the chassis to permit entrance of the external wiring. The recessed terminal strips are protected by screw fastened cover plates which can be removed when making connections. These should be replaced before power is applied to the amplifier.

Power Connections

| | |
|-----------|--|
| 21 and 22 | 105-125 volt, 60 cycle alternating current. |
| | The maximum power required is 335 watts. |
| | As supplied, the amplifier is connected for line voltages averaging between 115 and 125. |
| | If the line voltage averages between 105 and 115 volts, the BK-RD wire from Transformer T2 should be removed from terminal 22, and taped, to prevent accidental contact with |

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any other part of the amplifier. The BK-YEL wire, which will be found taped, should be connected to terminal 22.

Input Connections

9 and 11 These are high impedance input connections.
10 and 11 Both are parallel connections with separate isolation resistors between connections. The input impedance is approximately 750,000 ohms.

It is recommended that, as a general rule, the connections between the amplifier input source and the 143A Amplifier input terminals be shielded, and the shield connected to the amplifier ground. This permits greater flexibility of output circuit wiring and will reduce noise picked up by the input leads.

Output Connections

Output connections should be made in accordance with the following table:

| <u>Nominal Load Impedance</u> | <u>Working Range of Load Impedance</u> | <u>Strap Terminals</u> | <u>Output Connections</u> |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 170 | 125 to 250 ohms | 14-15,16-17,18-19 | 13 and 20 |
| 66.7 | 50 to 100 ohms | -- | 19 and 20 |
| 24 | 18 to 36 ohms | 14-15,16-17 | 13 and 18 |
| 12 | 9 to 18 ohms | 13-15,14-16-17 | 15 and 18 |
| 8 | 6 to 12 ohms | 14-15 | 13 and 16 |
| 4 | 3 to 6 ohms | -- | 17 and 18 |
| 2 | 1.5 to 3 ohms | 13-15,14-16 | 13 and 16 |

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FOR 70 VOLT LOUDSPEAKER DISTRIBUTION LINE CONNECTIONS

| <u>Power Output Condition</u> | <u>Strap Terminals</u> | <u>Output Connections</u> |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 50 watts | 18-19 | 17 and 20 |
| 75 watts | -- | 19 and 20 |

Auxiliary Connections

| <u>Terminals</u> | <u>Circuits</u> |
|------------------|--|
| 25 | +300 volts d-c for plate supply of auxiliary amplifier. |
| 26 | Negative high voltage terminal |
| 27 and 28 | Heater supply, 6.3 volts a-c. The center tap of this heater supply voltage is connected internally to a part of the 143A at a potential of approximately -75 volts with respect to ground. This bias voltage is beneficial in reducing noise generated within a low level pre-amplifier vacuum tube. |

Ground

Terminal 26 should be connected to a good building ground.

Output Power

The amplifier as supplied is connected for use with Western Electric 350B Vacuum Tubes in the output stage, and will supply an output of 75 watts of program power, with less than 5% distortion over the frequency range of 50 to 7500 cycles.

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TYPICAL CUSTOMER'S APPARATUS LIST

Desig. No.

Catalog Description Apparatus

Allen-Bradley Co. Resistors or Equivalent

| | |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| R1,R2,R9,R18,R19 | Type EB .24 meg. $\pm 5\%$ |
| R3,R11 | Type EB 2400 ohms $\pm 5\%$ |
| R5 | Type EB .1 meg. $\pm 5\%$ |
| R6 | Type EB .51 meg. $\pm 5\%$ |
| R7 | Type EB 1500 ohms $\pm 5\%$ |
| R12 | Type EB .47 meg. $\pm 5\%$ |
| R13 | Type EB 2.2 meg. $\pm 5\%$ |
| R14 | Type EB 39,000 ohms $\pm 5\%$ |
| R15 | Type EB 15,000 ohms $\pm 5\%$ |
| R17 | Type EB 51,000 ohms $\pm 5\%$ |
| R20,R21 | Type EB 20,000 ohms $\pm 5\%$ |
| R4,R10,R16 | Type EB .1 meg. $\pm 10\%$ |
| R8 | Type GB 51,000 ohms $\pm 5\%$ |
| R22,R24,R28,R30 | Type EB 100 ohms $\pm 10\%$ |
| R26,R27 | Type EB 180 ohms $\pm 10\%$ |
| R23,R25,R29,R31 | Type HB 27 ohms $\pm 10\%$ |
| R32 | Type HB 10,000 ohms $\pm 10\%$ |
| R33 | Type EB 12,000 ohms $\pm 5\%$ |
| R34 | Type EB 2000 ohms $\pm 5\%$ |
| R35 | Type EB 5100 ohms $\pm 5\%$ |
| R38,R39 | Type GB .1 meg. $\pm 10\%$ |
| R40 | Type EB 1000 ohms $\pm 10\%$ |

International Resistance Co. Resistors or Equivalent

| | |
|-------|---|
| R37 | Type MW 4 20,000 ohms $\pm 10\%$ |
| R36.1 | Type MW 4 5000 ohms $\pm 10\%$ 4.5 watts) |
| R36.2 | Type MW 4 1500 ohms $\pm 10\%$ 1.2 watts) 7800 ohms $\pm 10\%$ Total |
| R36.3 | Type MW 4 1300 ohms $\pm 10\%$.8 watt) |

Cornell-Dubilier Condensers

| | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| C1,C2,C4,C5,C7,C8 | Type TVC-6S5-6 .05 mf $\pm 10\%$ |
| C6 | Type 5W .00027 mf $\pm 10\%$ |

Sprague Electric Co. Condensers

| | |
|--------|--|
| C9,C15 | Type Dee Electrolytic 10 mf 150V 5/8 x 1-5/8 Tubular with insulating cover |
| C10 | Type DEW Electrolytic 40 mf 475V 1-3/8 x 2-3/4 with insulating washer, mounting nut and lockwasher |
| C11 | Type DEW Electrolytic 30 mf 475V; 30 mf 475V. 1-3/8 x 4-1/4 maximum with insulating washer, mounting nut & lockwasher |
| C12 | Type DEW Electrolytic 30 mf 300V; 80 mf 450V. 1-3/8 x 4-3/4 maximum with insulating washer, mounting nut & lockwasher |
| C13 | Type DEW Electrolytic 80 mf 300V 1-3/8 x 3-1/4 maximum with insulating washer, insulating cover, mounting nut and lockwasher |

